

The Great Sale of Sample Boots Continues Today at Simpson's

No Phone Orders

No C.O.D. Orders



The greatest boot sale we have held this year was held on Saturday. Thousands of people were fitted out with high-grade boots for dollars less than such boots usually sell at. But the quantity we had was so large that we have enough left to continue this wonderful sale today (Monday). The result is these big opportunities:

The Sample Lines of Hartt's Famous Boots for Men---"Gold Bond" and "Gold Medal" Brands on Sale Here Today---Sample Sizes Only Per Pair \$5.45

The lowest-priced boot made by Hartt's this season retails at \$8.00, and as from that they range upward, so every pair must be at least an \$8.00 value, and as samples are always perfect, these boots at \$5.45 constitute one of the record sale events of the season. Sizes are 6, 7 and 7 1/2 only. Most styles and shapes and leathers shown in high-grade boots for fall are included. We could tell a long story about these boots, but they tell their own story. Do not miss this opportunity of getting high-grade boots at such a low price. The earlier you come the better selection you will find. Sale price today **5.45**

The Finest Boots We Have Ever Sold at This Price---"Queen Quality" Samples and "Seconds" of the Better Grades at \$4.95

Fall novelty sample boots, and boots that have become slightly soiled or scratched in the factory. The imperfections are in most instances very difficult to find even when deliberately looked for, but the experienced eye of the factory inspector caught them. As \$6.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00 boots must be absolutely perfect, they were thrown out as "seconds." Grey, champagne, wine, Havana brown, tan, white, black and combinations in all the high-grade leathers and cloths; 9, 10 and 12-inch tops; sizes 2 1/2 to 8. These beautiful boots will be on sale today, and we would remind you that selection will be best early in the day. Pair **4.95**

We Cannot Accept Phone or C.O.D. Orders for Either of the Above Sale Items.

The Robert SIMPSON Company Limited

GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS TO SUPPRESS PACIFISTS

Sends National Guard to Compel Chicago's Mayor to Obey.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The people's council of America for democracy and terms of peace was formally inaugurated at a public meeting under protection of the police here late this afternoon. The session, which was broken up by the police yesterday under orders from Governor Lowden, was given full protection today on instructions from Mayor William Hale Thompson to Chief of Police Schuetler.

Four companies of the National Guard left Springfield at 4.15 this afternoon for Chicago with orders from Governor Lowden to stop any meeting of the people's council of America for democracy and terms of peace.

French Deputy Favors Allies

Paris, Sept. 2.—Frederic Brunet, deputy from the Seine district, announces the intention of submitting an interpellation in the chamber of deputies demanding that France answer Pope Benedict's peace note in the spirit of President Wilson's reply. "I find President Wilson's answer perfect," said the deputy, "and I wish to see it counterbalanced by all the allied governments."

RUMANIANS REPULSE SEVERAL FOE ATTACKS

Battle Still Proceeds North of Ireshi—Quiet in Mountains.

London, Sept. 1.—The official statement issued from the Rumanian war office dated Thursday, as received here, reads: "Between the Dniester and the Dofana valley there was no action of importance. Between the Dofana and the Oltuz several enemy attacks were repulsed. In the sector north of Ireshi fighting is proceeding. On the remainder of the front to the Black Sea there have been artillery bombardments and patrol activity."

FRENCH CABINET CRISIS.

Paris, Sept. 2.—Most of the Saturday evening newspapers forecast the reorganization of the French cabinet in consequence of the retirement of M. Malvy, minister of the interior. M. Malvy's successor probably will be announced Monday or Tuesday at a cabinet meeting which is to take place as soon as members now absent can return to Paris. They include Leon Bourgeois, who is touring the reconquered districts, and Fernand David, who is at his home in the provinces.

REACHES PORT AFTER BEING REPORTED SUNK

American Schooner Roscollan Turns Up After Having Been Listed as Submarine.

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 2.—The American schooner Roscollan, reported sunk July 10, by a German submarine, arrived here today. Through a misunderstanding the American consul at Plymouth misinterpreted a message notifying him that a British patrol boat had rescued the vessel. As nothing further had been heard, the owners of the schooner believed she had been sent to the bottom with all hands. Albert H. Miller, commander of the vessel, on reaching port sent a telegram to his wife in Pascagoula, Miss. She had been mourning his death. Capt. Miller witnessed the destruction by a German submarine of the American barkentine Hildegarde, the day the vessel was reported sunk. He said that a dead calm prevented the Hildegarde from escaping, and his crew took to the boats, believing his ship would meet the same fate. British patrol boats attracted by gunfire from the submarine were too light to tow the Roscollan out of range, but forced the submarine to submerge. They then wirelessed for a patrol of larger capacity and towed the Roscollan to safety.

NEW EVIDENCE, BUT MYSTERY UNSOLVED

Medical Testimony in MacRobbie Inquest Brings Out Some Interesting Points.

NOT AN ACCIDENT

Inquiry Into Death of Hamilton Physician Will Be Continued Tonight.

Hamilton, Monday, Sept. 2.—Sensational medical testimony by Dr. Langs and Dr. Parry, who conducted the post-mortem and examined the body of the late Dr. MacRobbie, died as the result of concussion of the skull, which in their opinion could not have been sustained through an accident and must have been caused by two impacts, and the fact that the stains on the piece of molding found near the head were blood spots, featured the third hearing held Saturday night. Six witnesses were called, but beyond the fact that the well-known physician did not die as the result of an accident, very little light was thrown on the mystery.

The medical testimony, along with the evidence submitted by the other witnesses, took up so much time that Crown Attorney Washington, after a consultation with M. D. O'Reilly, K.C., counsel for Joseph McAniff, and C. W. Bell, counsel for Harry Smith and Walter Scott, asked for an adjournment until tonight. This was agreed to by the coroner, Dr. McNichol.

The witnesses called. Mrs. Harry Smith, wife of one of the men being held as a material witness, was the first to be put in the box. She was followed by Dr. Langs, Dr. Parry, Constable Thomas, who was on the Caroline street, where the night of the tragedy, William Parrie, the architect who drew the plans of the room in which the body was found, and Detective Harry Smith, who has been investigating the case.

Among the exhibits included as part of the evidence was the seat of a buggy, the wheels of which were stained with blood, a number of hats, a coat belonging to Smith and several empty bottles.

Mrs. Smith stated that she did not know Dr. MacRobbie. On the day of the tragedy she was home until 1 o'clock, when she went to the office to do some work. Arriving there she found Smith, who had been home in the morning, asleep upstairs. She worked there until 11 o'clock, at which time McAniff came in. Later he and Smith left together.

Dr. Langs' Statement. Dr. Langs stated that he had been called on the Sunday night in question about 12.40, by Bell, who had told him there had been a serious case at the Crescent Oil Company, and that a man was dying. Bell came for him in the car. "I met two men, one of whom told me that Dr. MacRobbie had been recognized the doctor. His face was livid as he was dying for want of air. I tried artificial respiration but it was only when I worked that any signs of movement by the heart could be detected.

Dr. Langs' description of the position of the body tallied with that given by previous witnesses. In regard to the position of the head from the hair, he stated that it was about half an inch from it. Considerable discussion was also given to the blood stains that were scattered around the room. Dr. Langs stated that there were two large pools, one at the head and the other to the right of the body. "Where about the spots?" asked the coroner. "Could they have been caused by drips from Amsellette's hands when he stood up after lifting the head?" "I think they could."

HAMILTON DEATHS DURING WEEK-END

Grim Reaper Takes Five Citizens Saturday and Sunday, Including Soldier.

OTHER NEWS NOTES

Knights of Pythias Hold Picnic Saturday—Methodist Ministers Begin Pastorate.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 2.—Lily Myrtle Smith, daughter of Lewis Smith, succumbed to a lingering illness Saturday afternoon at the family residence, 286 West Hunter street, aged 28 years. She formerly resided in Rochester, N.Y. Her father and three sisters survive.

Harry Bellis, a Greek, died Saturday and was 19 years of age. Lillian Elizabeth, second daughter of George and Mrs. Spera, 141 Balsam avenue, died Saturday afternoon after a brief illness, aged 8 years.

News of the death in a military hospital in Toronto today of Sergt.-Major Robert G. Coote was heard with deep regret here. He was a member of the Irish Guards and served as sergeant-major and drill instructor of the 88th machine gun and 205th (Tiger) Battalion. He was president of the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association and had recently been appointed drill instructor of the collegiate institute.

Mrs. James Cummings, widow of James Cummings, a former mayor and chairman of the board of education of this city, died today at her home, 1100 St. George street. She had lived here for sixty years. She leaves two sons, Dr. R. E. Cummings of this city and two daughters, Misses Alice and Louise Cummings.

His attempt to prevent striking a jitney at the corner of Cannon and John streets Saturday afternoon brought disaster to the motor car of John Beagle of New Gallis, Pa. Beagle turned the steering wheel of his machine around too quickly, and striking the curb at the northwest corner, the rear wheel on the left side was completely broken off.

The four Hamilton lodges of the Order of the Knights of Pythias picnicked Saturday afternoon in the driving park, Dundas, Hamilton and Dundas riding cars carried the members and their friends in goodly numbers to the valley town, where a delightful afternoon was spent. A good program of games was run.

Rev. Robert J. Renslow, who has spent the past three months among the Indians of the Hudson Bay region and among the Eskimos, has returned to the city, and today was in his own parish in the Church of the Ascension.

Two new Methodist ministers in this city—Rev. William Spaulding, D.D., once minister of the Metropolitan Church, Toronto, and Rev. Frank M. Wootton—assumed charge of their local pastorate today, preaching able sermons in the morning and evening.

PETROGRAD REPORTS FIRE

Petrograd, Sept. 1.—Several thousand persons and reported to have been killed and injured in the fire which swept the City of Kazan, on the Kasan river, early this morning. The fire burned for 36 hours, driving most of the population outside the city.

The loss of Riga would not necessarily imperil Petrograd, for the Russian capital is 360 miles away. The Russians have often evacuated the town and only the mere shell remains. The enemy, however, by effecting his surprise crossing, is striving to get behind and cut off the Russian armies on a 20-mile section or so of front, so that they will not only lose their artillery, but their personnel, thus creating a big gap in the line preparatory to the rolling of it up. The aim of the enemy, in brief, is to inflict a military disaster of the first magnitude. The situation, however, is not yet lost, for the Russian system is to hold the front with a thin veil of scouts and to keep in readiness large masses of men at convenient distances for counter-offensives. The German naval demonstration against the Gulf of Riga had, perhaps, attracted the bulk of the Russian concentration towards the shore of the gulf to repel an expected landing.

A British mosquito squadron paid a surprise visit to the coast of Jutland and dispersed the fleet of armed German trawlers engaged in sweeping up the mines to permit the submarines to pass out to sea. Four German trawlers, in the confusion, ran ashore, riddled with shells, while the rest, after sending up hurried calls for aid, made off southward. A German light naval squadron with airplanes, which came up, engaged the British apparently at long range, and one seaplane at least was destroyed. The enemy has become quite bold in his mine-sweeping, in the belief that his zeppelin scouts would give ample warning. They failed him, however, on this occasion. More than 100 German seamen landed on the Danish coast.

The Germans made another air raid against the coast of Kent last night. It is probable that the enemy intended to destroy another section of London, but the British anti-aircraft defence held his machines at the shore. The military reason for attacking London from the air is that it is the British imperial base of military operations. One of the first principles of warfare is to have a secure base, adequately fortified against attack. It is considered highly necessary for the sake of preserving the morale of the nation behind the army that the base of operations should remain secure.

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WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

THE Germans, in a new attempt against Riga, have thrown forces across the Dvina River, at a point southwest of the town, compelling the Russians at the Uxull Bridgehead hurriedly to retreat to avoid being taken in the rear and cut off. Early attacks of the Russians to drive back the enemy, who turned his front/northward, have not succeeded, and the operation is developing into a big engagement. The fact that the enemy was able to force this stream leads to the suspicion of carelessness or treachery on the Russian side.

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The British, in Flanders, the still impeded by bad weather, have managed to conduct aerial operations against points behind the German lines and to fight and bring down some more German machines. The enemy attempted raids northwest of Lens and at La Basse, but the British repulsed him, so that he found out nothing about the dispositions of British troops, one of his objects in raiding. Sir Douglas Haig reports that in August the British took 7279 prisoners and that since the morning of July 31 they have taken 10,997 prisoners.

The intensity of the battle has considerably diminished on the Italian front, and it looks as if another pause for further preparations will ensue. The great peril of the Austrians has compelled the enemy to use German troops to resist the Italian advance, not improbably because the Polish levies first hurried up betrayed great uneasiness. The Italians have shown increased activity on the Carso and in the Brestovizza Valley, where they have further advanced. They are retaining the captured trenches on Monte San Gabriel against strong counter-attacks. They have also re-occupied vacated positions at a height of about 3500 metres, or 11,000 feet, in the Stelvio region.

Paris, Sept. 2.—An official statement issued tonight, says: "Eastern theatre, Sept. 1.—Between the Vardar and Lake Doiran, the British troops have carried out several surprise attacks in the course of which they took about ten prisoners. East of Dobropolis, the fighting was with varying results. Around the positions conquered on August 30 by the Serbians, northeast of Monastir, and at the Cerna Bend, there has been a violent artillery action."

"Eastern theatre, Aug. 30.—A new enemy attack against Srks at Lapa (Vardar sector), preceded by powerful artillery action, was repulsed. During the night a counter-attack by our troops drove the Bulgarians out of the last trench elements, where they had maintained themselves."

"August 31.—A violent artillery action occurred at the Cerna Bend on the Serbian front and in the region of Doiran. A surprise attack enabled the Italians to bring back twenty thousand prisoners, one of them an officer. Greek troops made a successful raid in the region of Mowina, on the right bank of the Vardar, between the ages of 15 and 18, rallied together and marched uptown to the house of Hon. Albert Sevigny on St. Crille street. On their arrival they threw stones at his house, but were routed by the police and beat a hasty retreat. Little or no damage was done. It is said the anti-conscriptionists have decided to hold their meeting later in the week."

Quebec, Sept. 2.—The anti-conscription meeting called at 8 o'clock tonight at Jacques Cartier, Market Square, did not take place due to the agreement in the ranks of the anti-conscriptionists. A crowd of about 300 people gathered at the square, and when it became known no meeting would be held, about 300 boys, between the ages of 15 and 18, rallied together and marched uptown to the house of Hon. Albert Sevigny on St. Crille street. On their arrival they threw stones at his house, but were routed by the police and beat a hasty retreat. Little or no damage was done. It is said the anti-conscriptionists have decided to hold their meeting later in the week."

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