Notes of Canadian Cases.

O.B. Div.

The report was read and received, and ordered to be considered, and adopted.

Resolved unanimously that, in the opinion of Convocation, no special Acts should be passed authorizing calls to the Bar or admission to practise as a solicitor, but all calls and admissions should be authorized by Convocation, under the authority of the general law and under such general regulations as may be prescribed, and that the Legal Education Committee be appointed a committee to confer with the Attorney-General on the subject of this resolution.

The letters respecting a gentleman practising without authority were read, and ordered that they be referred to the Discipline Committee to make the usual

enquiries and report.

Mr. Murray, pursuant to notice, moved as follows:

That the secretary be directed to place in the book case, for students, one copy of those books which are on the curriculum for the law examinations for degrees at the universities of Toronto and Trinity College, of which there are two or more copies in the library. The Library Committee to decide as to the books to be so placed and as to the length of time to be allowed for their perusal.

Ordered that the motion be referred to the Library Committee for consideration

and report.

Mr. Hudspeth gave notice of a motion, for the first Tuesday of next Term with reference to Term Lunches.

Convocation adjourned.

J. K. KERR,

Chairman of Committee of Journals of Convocation.

NOTES OF CANADIAN CASES.

PUBLISHED IN ADVANCE BY ORDER OF THE LAW SOCIETY.

QUEENS BENCH DIVISION.

Hagarty, C.J.]

| Jan. 22.

REGINA V. HOWARD.

Municipal by-laws—Fire limits—Repairing wooden buildings—Ultra vires.

A city corporation passed a by-law under R. S. O. ch. 174, sec. 467, s.-s. 6, which defined fire limits, within which buildings were to be of incombustible material, the roofs to be of certain metals, or slate, or shingles laid in mortar not less than half an inch thick, and no roof of any building already erected within the fire limits was to be relaid or recovered except with one of the enumerated materials. The defendant was convicted of a breach of this by-law, for having laid new shingles on his wooden house within the fire limits, without laying them in mortar. The house had been standing for many years before the by-law was passed.

Held, that the by-law was ultra vires, in so far as it referred to existing buildings or ordinary repairs or changes thereof, not being additions thereto.

Clement, for defendant. MacKelcan, Q.C., contra.

Wilson, C.J.]

[January.

IN RE MACKENZIE AND THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BRANTFORD.

Municipal council—Public Health Act—Powers thereunder—By-law—Validity of—Delegation of powers.

The members of the council of any municipality are Health Officers of the municipality by virtue of the Public Health Act, R. S. Och. 190, and as such they may enforce the provisions of secs. 3 to 7 of that Act without by-law, but if they delegate their powers to a committee, they must do so by municipal