ment was ardent, but never got the better of his instructed and disciplined judgment, and whenever or however employed, he ever adopted the most judicious means for attaining ends that were always honorable. In the sick room, he was a model of patience and kindness, his intuitive perceptions, guiding a pure benevolence, never failed to inspire confidence, and thus he belonged to that class of physicians whose very presence affords Nature a sensible relief."

You do well, citizens of St. Louis, and members of our profession, to cherish the memory of William Beaumont. you honored and rewarded him, and there is no reproach against you of neglected merit and talents unrecognized. The profession of the northern part of the State of Michigan has honored itself in erecting a monument to his memory near the scene of his disinterested labors in the cause of humanity and science. His name is linked with one of your educational institutions, and joined with that of a distinguished laborer in another field of practice. But he has a far higher honor than any you can give him here—the honor that can only come when the man and the opportunity meet—and match. Beaumont is the pioneer physiologist of this country, the first to make an important and enduring contribution to this science. His work remains a model of patient, persevering investigation, experiment, and research, and the highest praise we can give him is to say that he lived up to and fulfilled the ideals with which he set out and which he expressed when he said: "Truth, like beauty, when 'unadorned, is adorned the most,' and, in prosecuting these experiments and enquiries, I believe I have been guided by its light."

APPENDIX A.

The Beaumont papers in the possession of his daughter, Mrs. Keim, of St. Louis, consist of (1) interesting certificates from his preceptors, Dr. Pomeroy and Dr. Chandler, the license from the Third Medical Society of Vermont, the commissions in the U. S. Army, several certificates of honorary membership in societies, and the parchment of the M.D. degree conferred upon him, honoris causa, by the Columbian University of Washington, 1833; (2) a journal containing his experiences in the War of 1812, from which I give an extract, a journal of his trip to Fort Mackinac; a journal containing the reports of many cases, among them that of St. Martin (in addition there is a protocol of the case in loose folio sheets); a journal of the experiments, and a commonplace book of receipts and jottings; (3) an extensive correspondence relating to St. Martin and the book, and many rough drafts of sections of the book; (4) a large mass of personal cor-