the arms and legs digested off, and having the appearance of having been dead for at least two weeks. The point I wish to make is this: the fetus was dead for say at least two weeks, during which time there was certainly no increase in the size of the uterus. If the vomiting were reflex, some improvement should have been noted following the diminished tension upon the uterine muscular fibres, and through them upon the nerve ending; but, as a matter of fact, her symptoms became worse. Her vomiting increased, and her general condition became rapidly alarming after the death of the fetus and its commencing decomposition.

Reports of Societies

TORONTO CLINICAL SOCIETY.

On account of the regular meeting night falling on the night of New Year's, the January meeting was held on the evening of the third day. Dr. J. F. W. Ross, the president, occupied the chair, and the following Fellows were present: King, Rudolf, Wishart, Ross, Hamilton, Meyers, Elliott, Trow, Silverthorn, Peters, Fotheringham, Chambers. Visitor : Dr. McGillivray, Whitby.

Dr. Hamilton moved, seconded by Dr. King, that the sum of \$25.00 be donated to the Ontario Medical Library Association. Carried.

LOOSE CARTILAGES FROM THE KNEE-JOINT.

Dr. George A. Peters showed these specimens, and reported one case. The patient was a young man twenty-two years of age, with a good family history. Nine years ago, while playing hockey, he was struck on the knee. He complained of weakness in the joint for two years. He was serving on a training-ship, and was then incapacitated. The condition was accompanied by considerable pain. The foreign body could be felt quite readily, though it would disappear under the patella. This had existed now for seven years. It was removed under cocaine anesthesia. The incision was made at the upper aspect of the joint, about one unch and a half above the upper border of the patella, cutting through the quadriceps extensor. The little body obtained was cartilaginous on one surface, but the opposite aspect bony.

CASE OF FOREIGN BODY IN THE ESOPHAGUS.

Dr. Peters presented the patient, a young man of about thirty, and the foreign body, a dental plate containing one tooth which