

XANTHONIA, Baly.

Here belong two Canadian species. They are small beetles with broad elytra and narrower thorax, as in *Adoxus*, the upper surface finely pubescent. Dr. Horn separates them thus:—

Punctures of elytra very confused, with a feeble seriate tendency towards the sides; elytra usually dull ochreous with piceous spots, but sometimes entirely fulvous. .12 in. *decemnotata*, Say.

Punctures of elytra much finer and arranged in regular series, but slightly confused near the suture; colour usually pale fulvous, varying through brown or piceous, not spotted:

.12 in. *villosula*, Mels.

With the last species is united *X. Stevensii*, Baly.

GRAPHOPS, Lec.

Small species of more than usually cylindrical form and metallic green or coppery colours. The prothorax is rugose, at least on the sides, and the elytra pubescent with rather large striæ composed of distant punctures. The two species from the region under consideration are:—

Larger (.16 in.). Prothorax punctured, rugose at sides *pubescens*, Mels.

Smaller (.10 in.). Prothorax rugosely punctured over the whole disk *curtipennis*, Mels.

METACHROMA, Lec.

Contains species which resemble in form the well-known *Typophorus*, but with post-ocular lobes. Two are found in Eastern Canada.

Posterior femora simple; thorax densely punctate, somewhat strigose; usually black, elytra sometimes with a humeral and apical spot (occasionally united along the margin) dull red. Legs pale in Northern specimens. .12-.14 in. *quercatum*, Fabr.

Posterior femora with a small tooth on lower edge about one-third from the knee; thorax scarcely at all punctate; colour variable, from entirely pale through forms with black thorax, suture and elytral spots to those completely black excepting the legs. .13-.18 in. *dubiosum*, Say.

COLASPIS, Fabr.

Here belongs *C. brunnea*, Fabr. (*suilla* of the Society's List), a pale brownish or yellowish beetle, of oblong-oval form, the elytra costate, the