

Primaries with eleven transparent white spots, upon which an ordinary lens shows regular rows of small black scales—the spots, as follows: Near the end of the cell (apparently open) are two spots, separated by the cellular fold and extending to the enclosing veins (subdorsal and median)—the upper one twice as large as the lower and prolonged backward superiorly in one or two teeth—the lower one subtriangular in shape; above and in line with these two, in cell 10, is a small elongated spot—the smallest on the wing, while beneath them and in range, in cell 2, extending from vein 2 to vein 3, is the largest spot on the wing, enlarged superiorly and excavated inwardly. Outside of this discal band of four spots, are seven others, bordered by dark brown, and arranged in an irregular curve, as follows: in cells 9, 8 and 7, three costo-apical spots, oblique to the costa; outside of these, in cell 6, a spot; in cell 5, still nearer the margin, another; in cell 4, a little farther removed from the margin, another—these last three subtriangular in shape; in cell 3, extending from vein to vein, a subquadrate spot, placed farther from the margin, about equidistant with the lower costo-apical spot; these seven spots, commencing at the costa and omitting the fifth, show a regular increase in size. Outside of these transparent spots, is a series of obscure dark brown intranervular subterminal spots which merge into the dark brown shade of the margin. Inside of these spots, the wing shows by oblique light a purplish reflection approaching a grape bloom but more vivid, with the exception of the internal margin and two brown bands of the color of the outer margin and posterior wings; the bands extend from the subcostal to the internal vein; the outer and broader embraces the discal band of transparent spots in its outer margin, and the other crosses the median vein at its intersection by vein 2; a brown shade rests also on the base of the wing.

Secondaries traversed at about their outer third by a narrow obscure brown band, inside of which the wing is dark brown; outside of this band, the subterminal series of brown spots of the primaries is continued.

Beneath, the purplish reflection of the upper surface appears only at the tip of the wing—the median and basal portions being dark brown, concolorous with the secondaries inside of the paler brown band; the obscure intranervular brown spots of the upper surface are repeated, and continued on the secondaries; the transparent spots are without the lines of brown scales.