The passages in the New Testament which seem to have the most direct reference to the sulject are these-Romans XII; $3,4$. It will be difficult in give to these words any fair interpretation that will not imply the sunction of capital punishment. Those who are at all acguainted with the nature of Roman law will sce that this is the rase. Mathew Y. 22-The words of the Satiour in this instance have been supposed to refer to the future punishment. According to this interpretation, if a person were angry without canse, or if he employed contemptuous words toward his brotier, he would be in danger of punishment here, but if he should say to his brother "Thou Fool" he would be in danger of everlasting punishment in hell fire. Very different was the meaning of the all-wise and infinitely good Son of Gord. The word in the original that is here translated hell fire is Geclunn, the name given to a part of the valley of Himnon below the brow of Mount Moriah, where the offal of the city, the carcisses of animals, and the borlies of crimmals were burned. Jesus was warning against giving the reins to temper and passion and that he who did this was in danger of conmitting crime that would bring upon him the worst penalties man could intict. So far as this may have amy bearing upon the topie, it certainly implies the sanction of eapital punishment.
The subject may be discussed upon the grome of expediency Society should be organized and governed upon Bentham's fundamental principle of promoting the greatest happiness or welfare of the greatest number. The question should therefore take this shape: Which is best for sociely as a whole-the intliction of capital punishment for murder, or the substitution for it of imprisonment for life? Which of these two will be the greatest terror to evil-doers, the most effectual restraint upon the assassin, and the most perfect protection of the lives of women and children, the peaceable and inoffensive in society? Will the scoundrel who contemplates murder to facilitate or hide other srime, will the highwayman, remembering that dead men tell no tales, will the burglar, breaking into the house at night, with a knife between his teeth and a brace of revolvers at his belt, be deterred most by the fear of the hangman's rope or by the anticipation of ineprisonment for life in a gaol with the chance of essape and the possibility of a commutation of his sentence? They know but little of

