in Zachariah, 11 and 12, instead of Jeremiah. Again, in Hebrews, 11 and 21 we have these words, "By faith Jacob when dying worshipped, leaning on the top of his staff." In Genesis, 47 and 31 the words read "Israel bowed himself upon the bed's head." How is it that "bed's head" in the Old Testament is made to read "top of his stiff" in the New? Is there any sign of "mixing" here? Then again Luke in Acts 7 and 6 cills "400 years" what Paul in Galatians 3 and 17 calls "430 years." Luke records in Acts 7 and 16 that Stephen said that Jacob and our fathers were buried in "Shechem." In Gensis 25 and 10 we are told that Abraham was buried in the "Cave of Machpelah." In Genesis 49 and 31, that Jacob buried Isaac there also. Joshua 24 and 32 it is recorded that Joseph was buried in "Shechem," but it is not stated in this passage or elsewhere in the Old Testament that Joseph's brethren were buried there as Stephen states. In Acts 7 and 16 it is recorded that Abraham bought this tomb in Shechem. La Genesis 33 and 18 it is declared that Jacob bought it. Which is right? Mr. Sherlock having settled to his satisfaction that Scripture is infallible, and "expresses the mind of God," will please turn his attention to the above and harmonize them with his theory. He might also harmonize the three stories of the purification of the temple by Jesusalso of the three stories regarding Abraham and Isaac's wives recorded in Genesis 12. 20 and 16 chaps. He can possibly harmonize the infallible record given in 1st Kings 15 and 14 where it says, "The high places were not taken away," with 2nd Chronicles 14 and 2 where it says the "high places were taken away," and 2nd Chronicles 17 and 16 where it again says the "high places were taken away."

If Mr. Sherlock is honest and we believe he is, let him discuss the passages that bear on the "immaculate conception" the only ones that I even hinted the possibility of the disciples getting "mixed" about.

At the same time I agree with Dr. Schoff when he says "Although very serious

in a historical point of view," these immaculate conception passages are of "no account for the argument in hand," and with Professor Bect, an English Wesleyan, when he says speaking of discrepancies, "They have no bearing upon the more important matter in hand."

In anything we may say about the story of the immaculate conception we don't find fault without suggesting a remedy. We believe that the Holy Ghost power that Jesus obtained at His baptism at Jordan to be as efficacious as if he had obtained the same power by birth. We believe that in this matter of baptism by the Holy Ghost, we are "as he was." That when rightly understood, we care not whether men believe Jesus' power was obtained at His baptism or at his birth. The main thing we are solicitous about is that the Holy Ghost or as Rev. Mr. Truax puts it "Divine Guidance," was the secret of Jesus' power. That it was by the Holy Ghost, whether obtained at His baptism or at His birth, that Jesus did what he did, and all that was vouchsafed to Jesus is guranteed to us.

If all that Mr. Sherlock cares for is to be sustained by documents and that is "his Father's business" to him, he must not claim to be in harmony with the Canada Holiness Association, if he is not aggressive against. error wherever it exists, and at the same time without hurling epithets, give me all the liberty that he lays claim to. Neither must he imitate the churches in the matter of "promptly expelling."

In his comparison between himself and Queen Victoria, as I lay claim to be a "joint heir" with Jesus to all the inheritance of God, this has no application. The same with the Governor-General argument, it loses its force when we discover that "all power is given unto us," that it is our glad privilege to sit in heavenly places with Christ Jesus.

We would like to ask Rev. Mr. Sherlock whether he would be quite willing to stake his hopes for eternity on every incident recorded by the biographers of Jesus being strictly true?