RUP of FIGS

E ENJOYS
method and results when
Figs is taken; it is pleasant
ing to the taste, and acts
promptly on the Kidneys,
Bowels, cleanses the sys-
ally, dispels colds, head-
fevers and cures habitual
n permanently.
75c. Bottles by all Druggists.
RNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
AN FRANCISCO, CAL.
KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
ja20-tts-d&w *

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ROWBOTHAM
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my12

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
ys after date we intend making
to the Chief Commissioner of
orks for permission to lease for
urposes the following described
in Alberni District, Vancouver
n Columbia:
g at a post about 40 chains West
anal, on Nahmut River, thence
s, thence west 80 chains, thence
s, thence east 80 chains to post.
g at a post on River at lower
west 60 chains, thence south 30
east 60 chains, thence north 30

g at a post about four miles from
, thence south 30 chains, thence
s, thence north 30 chains, thence
to post.
g at a post on a small stream
the Southwest Arm of Sproat
north 40 chains, thence east 40
south 20 chains, thence east 40
south 40 chains, thence west 40
north 40 chains, thence west 40

g at a post above Nahmut River,
0 chains, thence north 80 chains,
20 chains, thence south 80 chains

g at a post about two and a-half
the Lake, thence south 20 chains,
0 chains, thence north 20 chains,
0 chains to post.
in the whole 1,200 acres, more or
D. CARMODY & CO.

S HEREBY GIVEN THAT
ys after date I intend to apply to
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orks for permission to purchase
d forty acres (640) of land situa-
Channel, Barclay Sound. Com-
post on the main shore opposite
thence eighty chains West along
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eighty chains East, thence eighty
o the place of commencement.
GEORGE BYRNES.
May 31st, 1891. je12-8t-w

S HEREBY GIVEN THAT
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escribed tract of land situate in
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W. P. DAYKIN.
C. 29th June, 1891. ju3-2m-w

OTICE.
es McKinlay, Deceased, of Lac
La Hache.
UNTS against the above estate
ent in to the undersigned within
nd all persons indebted to the
tested to forthwith settle same.
A. C. McKINLAY,
S. A. FERGUSON,
Executors.
Lac La Hache.
91. jly3-2m-w

NIGAN LAKE
LAUNCH FOR HIRE
Day, Sundays Excepted.
"ENTERPRISE."
je30-1m

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Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are
the best in the world. Warranted
to wear in any climate. Sold by all lead-
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famous artists MAILED FREE.
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TEA Choice Moning Formosa. choice Gunp Young Hyson. Write for Price List.
R. H. JAMESON
33 FORT STREET.

The Royal Colonial Institute 15 Strand w c X London Eng

The Weekly Colonist.

TEA Basket fired Yamahoca. Extra fine blend, 50 cents. Finest Assam. Write for Price List.
R. H. JAMESON
33 FORT STREET.

THIRTY-THIRD YEAR. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1891. VOLUME XXXIII., NO. 31.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

A Tourist Tumbles Headlong into the Molten Lava of Mount Vesuvius.

The Kaiser's Visit to England—The Prince of Wales will Welcome His Nephew.

The Kaiser's Visit.

LONDON, July 1.—The Prince of Wales had a long interview to-day with the Queen, who summoned him for the purpose of discussing and settling a number of perplexing questions as to court etiquette and precedence, on account of the approaching visit of the Emperor of Germany. The court, militia and society, and nearly all other circles, are more or less stirred up by the Emperor's coming, and thousands will not breathe freely until he has left. German detectives and British detectives are already attending to business, for the fact that there are hot-heads and Emperor-hating Germans and Frenchmen in Great Britain is not lost sight of by the authorities.

The Triple Alliance.

PARIS, July 2.—The Matin, to-day, declares that the new triple alliance treaty suppresses three clauses of the first treaty, as follows: 1- That clause which compelled Italy to send an army corps to the Alpine frontier in the event of a Franco-German war. 2. The clause compelling Austria to station troops on the Russian frontier in the event of a Russo-German war; and, 3, the clause fixing a minimum peace effective force of Italy and Austria. The three powers, however, according to the Matin, mutually guarantee the integrity of their respective territories.

The Crofter Immigration.

LONDON, July 2.—In the House of Commons, to-day, Chancellor Goschen said the government were willing to advance £50,000 to promote immigration from the Scottish highlands to British Columbia.

The Kaiser in Holland.

AMSTERDAM, July 2.—To-day the German Emperor received the German residents of this city, at the palace and then visited the Town hall, and the orphan asylum. Subsequently the Emperor and his suite embarked in boats on the canal, and witnessed the aquatic fete which had been organized in his honor on the Ansel. An enormous crowd lined the river banks.

The Triple Alliance.

LONDON, July 2.—Sir James Ferguson, replying to Mr. Labouchere in the House, said that the Government had no information as to the stipulations of the triple alliance, but had no doubt that Premier Rudini had correctly described in the Italian parliament the exchange of views between England and Italy. As to any measures that would be taken to maintain in case of need the *status quo* in the Mediterranean, that would be a matter for consideration according to the circumstance of the times. The employment of British forces would depend upon the the estimate of the circumstances entertained by England. The existing understanding was not aimed at any power.

The Irish Land Bill.

LONDON, July 2.—The house of Lords has passed the Irish Land Purchase bill through committee.

Exports From Sheffield.

LONDON, July 2.—The exports from Sheffield for the quarter just ended, show a decrease of £70,000, owing to the McKinley bill.

To Meet the Kaiser.

LONDON, July 2.—The programme has again been altered and the Prince of Wales will meet the Kaiser at Port Victoria. It is reported the Kaiser, while in England, will receive Prince Victor Napoleon.

A Waterspout.

VIENNA, July 1.—A waterspout in the vicinity of Murati, Styria, destroyed several villages and twelve lives.

Swiss Village Burned.

BERNE, July 2.—The village of Navette, in the Hautes Alps, has been totally destroyed by fire.

Donations for the Vatican.

ROME, July 3.—The Vatican has requested the papal nuncios abroad, to invite donations to compensate for the speculative losses of Peter's pence. The Pope has also decreed the extension of the marriage law to all Catholic States, which will specially affect Spain and Portugal, hitherto exempt.

The Jewish Migration.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 3.—Jewish families to the number of two or three hundred weekly are arriving in Palestine in a destitute condition. Typhus and scarlet fevers are raging in Jerusalem.

A Horrible Death.

LONDON, July 3.—The victim of the accident at Mount Vesuvius was Dr. Sieva Jardin, of Rio Janeiro, Brazil, a journalist. He fell 170 feet into the glowing lava of the crater.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Big Suit for Libel.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The officers of the New York Life Insurance Co. have instructed their counsel, William B. Horrblower, to commence suit at once against the editors, publishers and proprietors of the New York Times for one million dollars damages for libel, and have retained as associates counsel, Messrs. Joseph K. Choate, Frederick R. Pender and Henry Beekman.

Damaged by Storm.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 2.—Dispatches received at Kansas City, this morning, from Blairstown, state that a heavy rain and windstorm swept over that town about midnight, last night, and did very serious damage. Several houses were blown down, and two persons are reported as seriously hurt. Several others were more or less injured. The wires are still down, so that it is impossible to get any definite report of the effect of the storm. The depot, a large frame building, at Landes, on the Kansas City, Osceola & Southern Railway, was blown off its foundation and is seriously damaged. The rain was a terrific one, and the low lands are covered with water. The storm came from the north-east, and was about three-fourths of a mile wide. There was great damage done the crops and fruit.

A Defaulting Bank Official.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A special to the Press from Chicago says, Gideon, the defaulting president of the Keystone bank, in Philadelphia, arrived here yesterday. It is thought that he will be arrested to-night.

Secretary Blaine's Health.

BAR HARBOR, Maine, July 2.—Secretary Blaine was not as well to-day as he was yesterday, although he took his customary ride and had a short walk. He is by no means a well man, and his bad spells last for a day or two, but there is no reason why he should not be well and strong by autumn. Dr. Taylor, his physician, says he has no organic disorder, and is rapidly recovering his usual health.

None But Canadians Need Apply.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., July 2.—Huckler & Sons, of Buffalo, who have the contract for the Canadian canal, have been notified by the Canadian authorities that none but Canadians shall be permitted to be employed on the work. This throws out of employment over a hundred American dredgemen. The cause of this is supposed to be the exclusion of Canadians from the work on the "Soo" canal on the American side.

Defeat for Balmaceda.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The following cable was received this evening by Richard L. Trumbull, agent of the Congressional Government, now in the city: "The troops of the dictator (Balmaceda) fled at the approach of our forces. (Signed), "Secretary of the Congressional Congress." Mr. Trumbull said that Huayaxo, which was the place captured by the Congressionalists, was a seaport town, north of Coquimbo. The despatch showed that Balmaceda could not count upon the support of his soldiers. The cable tends to confirm the reports that the insurgents are moving on Coquimbo, and a battle at that place may now be expected to occur at any time.

Hold Your Brilliants.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Diamonds in the sky are in future to be no [illegible] the coveted jewelry store articl[illegible] of the Kimberley nabob[illegible] at the Grand Pacific [illegible] orders had been issued to cu[illegible] year's output to the extent [illegible]000,000. "This means that the price will advance 100 per cent," said the speaker. Mr. Wells has lived in Kimberley for over twenty years. When the first diamonds were found there he was only a mile away, and upon receiving the news he rushed to the spot and assisted in staking out the original claim. "There are about 40,000 people now in Kimberley," he added, "and the diamond mines are the reason of their being there. Were all the mines worked there, there would be no reason for this rise, for the output would be sufficient to glut the world."

A Home-Sick Samoan.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Monagi, one of the Samoans exhibiting here, was admitted to Bellevue hospital, yesterday. His condition is regarded by physicians as extremely critical, but they say there would be hope for him if he could get well enough to reach Samoa. At present he is too weak to travel, unless provided with unusual comforts. Monagi has suffered more from harsh treatment than any other member of the band. He has been sick with consumption nearly a year, yet has been compelled, day after day, to go on with the performances of the little troupe. He has been forced to go on the stage four times every day, when he should have been in bed. The manager says he would not contribute a cent towards paying their way home, but is willing to tear up the contracts if they want to go to Samoa.

Four to be Worked Off.

NEW YORK, July 3.—A World's Sing Sing special says: Four of the men to be killed by electricity, next week, have embraced the Catholic faith. Which will die first has not been decided, but it is believed that if the machinery works satisfactorily, the four will die in quick succession. The final test of the dynamos and apparatus has not yet been made, but they were tested, this week, and found in excellent condition.

Formidable Weapons.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Hoskiss' rapid fire batteries have been ordered for the revenue cutters Corwin, Bear and Colfax. The batteries are of the six-pounder type. The guns will be mounted on a pivot, and have an almost all-round fire. On the proving grounds the six-pounder piece has been fired as high as 30 shots per minute. The projectiles are a steel shell, the ordinary shell shrapnel and case. The cartridges weigh about 10 pounds. As soon as practicable all the best vessels of the revenue marine will be furnished with Hotchkiss armament.

Bradstreets.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Special telegrams to Bradstreet's indicates that wheat crop prospects in the Dominion of Canada continue very favorable and exert an influence in general trade which has heretofore been slow and depressed. Business failures in the Dominion, including those for Newfoundland, increased 121, or 14 per cent, in the six months of 1891 over 1890, while the increase of liabilities was $1,478,282, or twenty per cent.

It Saved His Life.

GENTLEMEN,—I can recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, for it saved my life. We have used it in our family when required ever since, and it never fails to cure all summer complaints.
FRANCIS WALSH.
Dalkeith, Ont.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Senator Macdonald's Divorce Bill Withdrawn—Senator McInnes Distinguishes Himself.

More About the Esquimalt Graving Dock Contracts—Canadian Barley Praised by Experts.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Ont., July 1.—The Commons sat this afternoon and evening, but did little work. An attempt was made at four o'clock to adjourn the House, but the motion was defeated by 72 to 50.

Sir John Thompson declined to state whether the Government had been advised to send for Sir Charles Tupper to form a ministry.

Hon. Mr. Foster stated that it was not the intention, at present, to increase the rate of interest of the post office savings bank deposits to four per cent.

It is proposed to take Wednesdays, hereafter, for Government business, leaving Mondays only for private members.

Hon. Mr. Haggart announced that Canada has been invited to take part in the World's Columbia Exhibition.

Lady Macdonald's new title will be Baroness Macdonald. Lord Salisbury today, notified the Governor-General of the conferring of this honor.

The Prince Edward Island tunnel was the subject of discussion in the House, all the evening. Cockburn, of Toronto, who opposed the project, got a tremendous roasting.

Th new bank act went into effect to-day. One striking point is the provision rendering sale of stock on margin illegal and indeed penal. The thirty-seventh section provides that all sales and transfer shares, and all agreements in respect thereof, shall be null and void, unless the person making such sale is at the time thereof a registered owner of the shares on the books of the bank.

OTTAWA, July 2.—Senator Macdonald's bill to confer on the Superior Courts of the various provinces power to dispose of cases of divorce was over-borne in the Senate by the weight of public opinion. The impression was that it would be detrimental to the public interests to afford greater facilities for obtaining divorce in Canada. Hon. Mr. Abbott advised that the bill be withdrawn. Senator Macdonald acted upon the suggestion.

Senator T. R. McInnes proposes, to-morrow, to urge the insertion of a clause in the Vancouver Shipbuilding and Dock bill to provide that no Dominion aid be given the enterprise, although a general act exists to allow a Federal subsidy to works of this kind. Mr. McInnes will be strongly opposed by the British Columbia members.

The Tarte committee was engaged to-day mainly in the identification of documents written by the Connollys to O. E. Murphy, the object of which was to show that they desired him to secure McGreevy's influence in reference to contracts for their benefit. Murphy states that he offered Hon. Thomas McGreevy $5,000 if he could get Bennett, the engineer at Esquimalt, displaced.

At the meeting of the Agriculture committee, this morning, Mr. Stokes, of London, President of the Committee of English Brewers, who examined Canadian two-row ed barley, last year, stated that the Canadian samples were the richest in albuminous and nitrogenous constituents of any barley ever tested in England. This statement was received with loud applause.

An influential deputation of brewers interviewed the Government, to-day, to protest against the increased excise duty on malt, and urged that higher duty be placed on whiskey.

The House was engaged with the estimates all day and made good progress.

OTTAWA, July 3.—In order to meet the unprecedented situation of the financial year, which has been begun without any appropriations, Parliament has consented to vote one-tenth of the estimates as a provisional grant to tide over the difficulty caused by the late assembling of the House of Commons.

The British Columbia Southern railway bill was withdrawn to-day, the Government having given assurances that if the Canadian Pacific railway do not commence the construction of the road through the Crow's Nest Pass before next year a charter will be granted the Columbia Company. If the Canadian Pacific commences the construction then running powers will be granted the Company.

Hon. T. R. McInnes' efforts to cripple the Vancouver dock were of no avail, only one senator supporting the proposal to deprive the company of Dominion aid. Mr. McInnes has given notice, however, of a further attempt to kill the bill on the third reading.

Owen Murphy's cross-examination before the Tarte committee commenced, to-day. He said he had lived twenty-eight years in New York prior to December, 1877, which he left rather suddenly, leaving his family. In New York he had held two important public offices, being on the board of three Excise Commissioners and a school trustee. He was treasurer of the Excise Board without security, and as such received large sums, which remained at his personal disposal.

"After you left there was some fuss about your accounts?" asked Osler.

"There was," was the reply.

Murphy proceeded to explain that he obliged a friend by lending him $20,000 of the Board's funds for an election contest between Tilden and Kelly, and his friend had, unfortunately, failed to return the loan. He had subsequently drawn $30,000 of the same funds to help him get back the first $20,000, but was again unsuccessful and had to leave New York. He settled down at Quebec, where he became acquainted with Connolly and Robert McGreevy, and became partner with them. Being asked as to the note for $400,000, made by Michael Connolly and held by the witness, he said he refused to answer any questions relating to that, as his replies might tend to criminate him in the criminal proceedings for conspiracy, now pending against himself and Robert McGreevy.

During Mr. Osler's cross-examination he was greatly interrupted by members of the committee. Mr. Ives remarked, that some gentlemen seemed to be getting exceedingly nervous on cross-examination.

The Government has been petitioned to disallow the Mining Act, passed by the Quebec Legislature.

A large deputation of M. P's has waited on Mr. Carling to ask the free transit of Canadian exhibits to the World's Fair in Chicago.

Probably Lady Macdonald will rusticate at Banff, this summer.

Temporary loans of two and three million dollars, respectively, floated in England by the Finance Minister, last year, have been renewed at four and four and a half per cent. interest.

Robert Birkingham, the Conservative organizer, will be presented with a testimonial for faithful services. $7,200 have been already subscribed.

Mr. Corbould's bill to incorporate the Burrard Inlet and Westminster Valley Railway Co. passed the Railway Committee, this morning.

The local Judge of Admiralty for British Columbia will receive an annual salary of $600.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Mate of the Steamer Belle Drowned in the Fraser—Dominion Day Celebration—The Fairhaven Excursion.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 2.—Dominion Day here was marked by a series of accidents, one of which was fatal. John Smith, mate of the steamer Belle, slipped over a board while the vessel was tied to the wharf, and was drowned before assistance reached him. Deceased had been a sailor all his life, but couldn't swim a stroke. The body was recovered half an hour afterwards.

In the baseball match, yesterday, Westminster vs. Blaine, the latter was almost shut out, earning only one run and gaining two by errors on the part of Westminster. Westminster put up a great game, and scored 19 in eight innings.

Twelve carloads of Westminster people will help Fairhaven to celebrate the fourth.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

A Couple of Clerks in the Consular Office, in Valparaiso, in Difficulty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—Valparaiso, Chili, papers, received by the last mail, gave an account of a serious complication in which Her Britannic Majesty's Consul-General, at Valparaiso, has become involved. According to the statements put out from the British sources, the Governor of the province, attended by two officials, presented himself at the British Consulate and requested that two of the consulate clerks might be allowed to go [illegible] before the Chief Magistrate, on a matter that had nothing to do with the consulate or its business. Consent being given, the two clerks were hustled into a cab and driven to the public jail, where they were accused of complicity in the escape of the insurgent torpedo boat, and of conveying funds to that vessel, in an envelope bearing the consular seal. One of the consular clerks, thus arrested, was subsequently released, but his companion, at latest advice, was still in confinement, notwithstanding the protest of the Consul-General, backed by the British Minister.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Cleared—Steamer Geo. W. Elder, Portland. Sailed—Steamers Lakme, Port Townsend; Oregon, Portland.

Bad Injuns.

HOLBROOK, Arizona, July 2.—A messenger has arrived from Col. Orbin, who reports that he has arrested eight Indians whom he went after for destroying land marks and threatening destruction of life. The messenger states that on account of the presence of four companies of military, the Indians did not make any attempt to fight. Col. Orbin leaves this morning for this place with his prisoners. All the troops were sent home last night and to-day.

STATISTICS OF IMMIGRATION.

Germany and Ireland Largest Contributors—Few Italian and Hun Women.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 1.—The immigration into the United States from 1820 to 1890 is the subject of a special report which has been prepared by the chief of the bureau of statistics of the treasury department, and will soon be published. Arrivals of immigrants from 1820 to 1890 have reached 15,641,688. The proportion of arrivals from Europe has increased from 68.89 per cent. of the whole immigration in the time from 1821 to 1830, to 91.67 per cent. in the last decade 1881 to 1890. Germany and Ireland are the countries sending the greatest number of immigrants. The only leading countries from which arrivals have fallen off during the past ten years are France and China. The year of the largest immigration yet reported is that ended June 30th, 1891, when the arrivals numbered 788,992. The immigration from Italy was 15,401 for the fiscal year 1881, and has steadily increased until 1890, when it was 52,000, and the present year, ending June 30th, when the total for ten months reached 51,153, as against 34,310 for the corresponding months of 1890.

Of the arrivals during the ten years from 1881 to 1890 61.1 per cent. were males. The greatest proportion of females come from Ireland, the smallest percentage of females from Italy and Hungary. Classification of the character of immigration during the past decade shows that only 26,257 males were of the professional classes, 514,552 skilled laborers, 1,833,325 of miscellaneous occupations, 732,327 made no statement with regard to occupation and 759,450 were without occupation. Of 2,040,572 females 1,724,454 were without occupation.

For Many Years.

WE have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for many years in our family and find it an excellent medicine for all forms of summer complaint." John A. Valens, Valens, Ont. Fowler's Wild Strawberry, price 35c., sold by all dealers.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

Frightful Railroad Accident in Ohio—Ninety Bodies Taken From the Wreck.

An Express Loaded With Sleeping Passengers Run Into by a Freight Train.

REVENA, Ohio, July 3.—The worst railroad accident that ever occurred in this vicinity happened at 3 o'clock, this morning. The horrible calamity has fairly appalled the town and neighborhood. Ninety people were killed and the bodies were burned to a crisp. More than that number are injured. The charred remains of the dead were taken from the ruins of the demolished passenger train as fast as the flames could be subdued by the townspeople, who rallied to the rescue. An express, loaded with sleeping passengers, was run into by a freight train while the express was standing in this city. The wreck of the passenger train was terrible and complete. To add to the condition of the unfortunate passengers, who were imprisoned in the debris, the train caught fire and was consumed. In this way death fairly swept through the wrecked train. By daylight 20 bodies, all of them charred in a horrible manner, were taken out. Twenty-three injured had also been reached. A large number of the killed were glass-blowers by trade.

Geo. Holman, engineer of the freight, said to a reporter: "I cannot see that I am to blame. Oh! my God, if I could have stopped the train, but the rails were wet. I was not warned in time and could not see the lights of the express owing to the darkness of the fog. I reversed the lever as quickly as possible and jumped from the train, sustaining a severe fracture of the right hand." Holman seems to think the flagman of the passenger train, Fred Boyle, could have flagged from a greater distance.

The glass blowers were on their way east from Findlay. The freight train that telescoped the express was running about 30 miles an hour when it struck the passenger train. The accident was due to carelessness in leaving the switch open. It is said three members of the Pittsburg baseball team were killed in the wreck.

A BATTLE FOR LIFE.

One poor woman was pinioned in the wreck, though apparently but slightly hurt, whose appeals for help will never be forgotton by the spectators. The flames had not reached, but were slowly eating their way towards her. Strong and willing hands swung axes as they were never swung before. It was a battle between life and death. As the heat became more intense the men who were no longer able to withstand the flames gave place to others with the rapidity of lightning, but it was a useless fight. The choppers had to fall back and abandon the woman to her fate. In a moment the flames had caught her dress and instantly leaped to her head. Her piteous cries of "save me, save me," as the flames enveloped her form, and the expression of agony on her face as she sank down in the debris, caused the strongest hearts to grow sick with horror. How many more such frightful tragedies, though unseen, were enacted within the burning ruins in those brief moments will never be known.

SMASHED THE IMAGES.

A Maniac Makes Things Lively with His Blackthorn in a Village Chapel.

He is Finally Captured After Taking to the River to Evade the Police.

DUBLIN, July 2.—While a number of persons were at prayers yesterday in the Catholic church of the village of Birrtone, one of the worshippers, Joseph Fitzgerald, rose from his knees and walked quietly to the altar. Then suddenly, with a yell, he leaped over the altar rails and began belaboring everything he could reach with his heavy stick. A marble image of St. Joseph, which had recently cost the congregation £15, was the first object of Fitzgerald's rage. A blow with the blackthorn ruined the nose of the statue, and further damage followed, until the piece of art was a heap of fragments. The work of destruction went rapidly on, the arm and foot of the image of the Virgin being the next to fly to pieces. The brass candlesticks and the vases on the altar were smashed to a shapeless mass. Then with a loud "whirroo," Fitzgerald rushed at the altar itself, a beautiful construction of variegated marble. All this time the people in the church, mostly women, were too much terrified to interfere, and were only intent on escaping from the reach of the lunatic, as he evidently was. A townsman, named Dunne, however, who chanced to pass, was attracted by the noise in the church, and on going in and learning the cause of the commotion, he at once grappled with the maniac. He succeeded in preventing Fitzgerald from further damaging the altar, but in the struggle Dunne was overpowered and thrown to the floor. Then, leaving his adversary *hors-de-combat*, Fitzgerald ran howling out of the building and ran down the street, pursued by the police, who had at last made their appearance, and by a crowd of citizens. The chase led to the river, into which the madman unhesitatingly plunged. Sergeant Johnson and Constable Begley as promptly followed, and a struggle began in the water between the lunatic and the officers, while the crowd on the banks cheered and yelled in their excitement. After a desperate contest, in which Fitzgerald fought like a cat, he was secured and made a prisoner. The magistrate remanded him for a trial on charges of wilful damage to property and disturbing the peace. The cause of the man's sudden attack of dementia is unknown.

Mr. J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., has received a letter from Illecillewaet, announcing that four feet of solid galena have been struck at Fish Creek, another evidence of the solid wealth of the Kootenay country.

THE STRIKE AT FRANKLIN.

The Parties Called on to Peaceably Surrender, Otherwise Active Measures will be Taken.

TACOMA, July 2.—Companies C and G, at a late hour to-night, received orders to proceed, Company C to Black Diamond and Company G to Newcastle, as quickly as possible. C Company will muster about 60 men and G Company about 40. The order also directed that a large amount of ammunition be taken along. The troops will leave about 3 a.m., on a special train. The companies, on arrival at Seattle, will report to Adjutant Charles Esplin, at the armory, who will see to their transportation to the designated points. This is probably in pursuance of the orders issued for a general disarmament of all bodies of men at the mines, by the Governor.

OLYMPIA, July 2.—Governor Ferry said to-night: "I have just issued orders to Col. Haines to aid the civil authorities of King county in disarming all bodies of armed men in Franklin, Gilman or elsewhere in King county, where a riot or a breach of the peace is threatened. Col. Haines is authorized, if necessary, to call out the entire First Regiment of National Guards of Washington. After disarmament the military will be withdrawn, leaving to the sheriff and his deputies the duties of enforcing the law and preserving peace. Before active measures are taken Col. Haines will request all armed bodies of men voluntarily to deliver up their arms."

CANADIAN NEWS.

Dominion Day in Ontario.

TORONTO, July 2.—The rain greatly interfered with the Dominion celebration throughout Ontario. At some points, however, the weather permitted the carrying out the programmes of school childrens' demonstrations, with patriotic addresses, trades processions and sports of all kinds. Business was entirely suspended. The Montreals defeated the Torontos at lacrosse, 4 to 3, and Cornwall defeated Ottawa, 5 to 1.

Brakeman Injured.

WINNIPEG, July 2.—A brakeman named Russell was fatally injured here in the yards, to-night, while coupling cars.

Coming to Victoria.

WINNIPEG, July 2.—R. Houston, night editor of the Toronto Globe for many years, is here on his way to Victoria, where he takes a position on the Times.

The McGreevy Scandal.

OTTAWA, July 2.—In the Privileges and Elections committee, this morning, Mr. Fitzpatrick, counsel, produced five notes of $5,000 each, given, according to earlier evidence, to Robert McGreevy by Larkin, Connolly & Co., for Thomas, for changes obtained on the cross-wall contract. Witness Murphy said, to-day, he asked Thomas McGreevy to help them get the changes, and he did help them all he could. Pat Kelly, of Quebec, produced two additional boxes containing cheques, vouchers and other documents belonging to the firm. Martin Connolly, the bookkeeper, identified a number of cheques in connection with the British Columbia works. O. E. Murphy was then recalled as a witness, and read another batch of letters from communicative Mike Connolly to witness, written from Esquimalt, B.C., and Texas. Asked as to the removal of the objectionable Government engineer, Mr. Bennett, on the Esquimalt graving dock, witness said he offered Thos. McGreevy $5,000 to get him removed. This was by directions of the firm, given him by Nicholas Connolly, at the funeral of the latter's wife. He also talked it over with Larkin and others at a dinner in Buffalo. Bennett was not removed, and, as they could not find a suitable person, after a talk with Mr. Thos. McGreevy, Chief Engineer Perley was sent to British Columbia. The committee adjourned until to-morrow.

OTTAWA, July 3.—The entire session of the Commons, to-day, was taken up with a discussion of the estimates. Nothing else of importance was transacted. An agreement was reached, by which one-tenth of each amount in the estimates was passed in order to enable the government to carry on business.

Replaced by Chinamen.

QUEBEC, July 3.—Some 135 firemen and stewards from one of the Canadian Pacific steamers at Vancouver, have arrived here on their way to England, their places now being occupied by Chinamen.

"CHINESE OR NO CHINESE."

Excitement at Blaine Over the Employment of Mongolians in Drysdale's New Cannery.

BLAINE, July 1.—D. Drysdale, of New Westminster, recently came in here and secured a site on Semiahmoo Spit, and proceeded to erect a large cannery. When it was learned last Thursday that Drysdale had gone to Portland, Or., to contract for Mongolian labor, the people held a monster mass meeting in the opera house, on last Saturday night, at which meeting a committee of three was appointed to call on Mr. Drysdale and see if some arrangements could not be made whereby he would not bring into Whatcom county the hated pigtails. The gentleman informed the committee that he proposed to run his own business to suit himself. Another mass meeting was held, last night, and a set of resolutions unanimously passed, whereby it was declared that no Chinaman would be permitted to land anywhere within the borders of Whatcom county. It was even proposed by some to raise a sufficient amount of money to pay Mr. Drysdale the difference that he would have to pay between white and Chinese labor. Nearly the whole population of the county are getting worked up to fever heat on this subject, and it has been the proud boast of the people that Whatcom county permitted no Chinese within her borders. The end is not yet.

Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Nelson arrived home by last evening's steamer, having spent several days very pleasantly in Vancouver and New Westminster.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

Condolence with Mr. Gladstone on the Death of His Eldest Son.

Emperor William Welcomed to England by the Prince of Wales.

MR. GLADSTONE'S AFFLICTION.

LONDON, July 4.—Telegrams poured in upon Mr. Gladstone to-day by the hundred, offering condolences on the loss he has suffered in the death of his son, and making anxious inquiries as to the state of his own health, as affected by his London trip. Hosts of callers at Lord Blantyre's residence also left their cards for Mr. Gladstone. The certainty that the shock of his son's death must be seriously felt by Mr. Gladstone, together with the knowledge of his feeble condition, previous to his affliction, have renewed the anxiety which has been universally felt lest the aged statesman may not rally sufficiently to again become an active leader of the Liberals in Parliament. From persons who saw him to-day, it is learned that his appearance indicated great weakness. Mr. W. H. Gladstone had suffered several years from partial paralysis and his death was only a question of a short time had no operation been performed. It was hoped that the successful removal of the tumor, which was pressing upon his brain, might prolong his life, but it was known that the chances of a fatal termination of the experiment were also very serious if the result showed that the patient lacked the strength to rally from the effects of the surgeon's knife. The deceased was the owner of Hawarden, his mother having presented it to him some time ago. The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

EMPEROR WILLIAM IN LONDON.

Sheerness was a scene of beauty, to-day, the town, wharves and the shipping being profusely adorned with flags, and everybody being out in holiday attire, to see the meeting between the German Emperor and the Prince of Wales, and to witness the landing of the Imperial visitor upon British soil. The hearty greeting which the Prince gave the Emperor seemed to gratify the Emperor, and the crowd cheered when the Prince, after first kissing the hand of the Empress, suddenly imprinted a hearty kiss upon her cheek. Windsor is simply ablaze with glory. All the London newspapers contain leaders welcoming the Imperial party to England. The Pall Mall Gazette, however, protests against the arrangements which have been made as an insult to the Kaiser's intelligence. Instead of showing him English life, says the Gazette, the managers of the affair are exhibiting soldiers and pageants. The Gazette is also irritated because the Emperor is to be entertained with Italian opera instead of good old Shakespearean English plays.

The Globe suspiciously predicts that the Kaiser will be on the *qui vive* all the time he is in England to form an estimate of her strength.

The Star wastes some probably uncalled for sympathy upon the great monarch, describing him as the most pathetic figure in Europe, destined as he is to be overwhelmed by the rising waters of democracy and doomed to witness failure of his frantic efforts to revive the despotism of the middle ages. His too strong hand is rousing his discontent among the aristocracy and socialism among the masses.

GLADSTONE AFFLICTED.

Death of His Eldest Son After a Lingering Illness—The Ex-Premier Feels His Loss Keenly.

LONDON, July 4.—W. H. Gladstone, the eldest son of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, died this morning. The deceased has been sick for some time, lying ill with brain disease and paralysis of the right side, at the residence of his father-in-law, Lord Blantyre. On Thursday last, after a consultation of his physicians and surgeons, it was decided to attempt the operation of removing a tumor which was pressing upon the brain. The operation was performed that day, but the patient sank steadily and rapidly until death released him, this morning, from his sufferings. His mother, sister and brother Herbert had been summoned and were present at the bedside of the dying man. The ex-premier arrived shortly after death had occurred. The scene which followed the meeting of Mr. Gladstone with his wife and children was more than affecting. The grief of the father was so terrible that his friends are seriously anxious for the consequences which may follow to one so advanced in years and feeble in health as is Mr. Gladstone. Already from England, Ireland and Scotland telegrams of condolence are pouring in upon the afflicted family. No arrangements have as yet been made for the funeral. The late Mr. W. H. Gladstone was for a time member of parliament for Whitby.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Destructive Bush Fires.

SAN RAFAEL, CAL., July 3.—About 9 o'clock this morning fire started in the upper end of Ross valley, and owing to the strong southwest wind now blowing it is rapidly approaching on the residence portion of the valley. Reinforcements have been sent out to battle with the flames at that place. Should the fire crowd itself to Ross valley it would, no doubt, cause great damage to many residences, being built close to the shrubbery. In the direction of Bolinas, a back fire, started to save the water company, is making rapid strides northward and westward. It is reported that the fire is raging on the stage road to Bolinas, and it is not improbable that to-day's stage from Bolinas will have to make the trip via San Salitia. The fire has been extinguished at Samalayane, but in Mill valley gulches it is still burning. Reports from Mill valley and vicinity do not express any alarm, as the wind is now blowing from the hot section, and gangs of men are constantly on the alert.

O. B. Hardy, of Gold Hill, Oregon, is a guest at the Driard.