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Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

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The State Elections.

There was nothing in the nature of a landslide about Tuesday's State elections, but the Republicans can fairly claim to have held their own, and if they can do as well next year, McKinley will have his second term. There was a time when Canadians welcomed a Democratic victory, because it implied better trade relations; but there are political reasons for wishing the Republicans success at this juncture. In Ohio, especially, the Democratic candidate pandered to the tail-twisting element. The party convention denounced the "secret and vicious alliance with England," though no such alliance exists, and made an open bid for the German vote, on the strength of the Administration's friendliness toward Great Britain. Jones, the "Golden Rule" and Socialist candidate, polled over 100,000 votes, but this may be attributed to his personal popularity, and not to any deep-seated revolt against social conditions or the party system.

The Republicans suffered only one reverse—the loss of Maryland—but this is accounted for by a bitter feud within the party, and by the fact that the Democrats renounced the silver issue and came out squarely for the gold standard.

The financial and commercial capital of the United States, Greater New York, still meekly submits to the robbers' ring called Tammany, despite the disgraceful revelations of the Mazet commission. In the remainder of the State, however, the Republicans improved their position.

Taking the elections as a whole, they confirm the Administration in its policy of expansion, which was the broad issue of the contest. The anti-expansion sentiment, which has been most vigorous in Massachusetts, made no appreciable headway in that State, while in Nebraska the Fusion victory is evidently due to a local pride in Bryan as a Nebraska product. The expansion policy of the United States is identified and bound up with British interests, and for that reason a Republican victory is agreeable to British people just now.

The Growth of Russia.

Statesmen have predicted that the Pacific Ocean will, in the next century, supplant the Atlantic as the world's commercial highway. Events all point in that direction, and none more so than the great trans-Siberian railway which is nearing completion. In the November Outlook, William Durban, who has long lived in Russia, writes of this prodigious enterprise from personal experience and affixes on the vital part it is destined to play in the affairs of nations. Siberia, the great-east country in the world, at present contains only four million people, but as soon as the Siberian line is completed, stupendous colonization schemes will be set on foot. Peasants in European Russia are now, every winter, by millions in a state of semistarvation. These will ere long stream to the new eastern land. Already towns are springing up like mushrooms in the wake of the railway. There are composite reasons for this development. The first is that the railway is running through South Siberia where the climate is delightfully mild compared with the regions further north. The next is that all the chief gold fields are in this southern region. "The Russian Government," Mr. Durban says, "is the narrowest and most exclusive in the world in most matters of administration, but in some it is actually liberal. For instance, it has thrown open the gold fields alike to native and foreign enterprise, absolutely without restriction, except that all gold gathered must be assayed at the government offices, and that ten per cent of the net proceeds must go to the crown." The writer dwells on the grand scenic features of the railway route, the inexhaustible timber resources of Siberia—the most magnificent forest belt in the world, he declares—and on the great wheat-growing plains which will become one of the granaries of the world. Capitalists and speculators, he predicts, will soon begin to see in Siberia the most promising field left on the globe for their exploitation, and this marvelous new field will, with its railway facilities, in a very short time begin to invite energy and enterprise in a degree never yet equaled. The great rivers and the railway will make Siberia a formidable competitor with Canada for timber; with England for iron and coal and other metals; with Egypt, the United States, Hungary, and Australia for wheat; with China and Japan for tea, which will grow well in many Siberian districts; and with all the lands on earth in many a valuable commodity.

"Who can doubt the great future of the nation now numbering over 130,000,000, rapidly increasing, and about to unfold the hidden resources of two continents in a way which will create universal astonishment? It is with profound sadness that any one who has learned to know and love such a nation forms the conviction that the infatuation of its bureaucrats will impel it to incur a fearful fate. The collision of the Moscow and Anglo-Siberian railways will not be avoided, though it may for years be warded off by diplomacy. The further end of the railway is entirely finished. But meanwhile the Manchurian line, over which the diplomatic 'Battle of Newchang' has so long raged, will be built, and for this Russia will fight England with all the arts of her bureaucratic strategy. She will contend only diplomatically for a few years, but will never renounce her object, which is to control North China. And the British people, with the secret support of the Japanese, will as jealously resist the

absorption of any part of China by Russia as they have resisted the encroachments of Russia on the Ottoman dominions in the west. The English mind is wedded to the doctrine of the 'open door,' and the Russian to that of the 'closed door,' but these doctrines, unfortunately, cannot be carried into practice without interference with the people who happen to live behind the door. England can keep the door open only by controlling those behind it, and Russia can keep it shut only by asserting her paramount claim within the door. Herein lies the world's approaching trouble. Many countries will be drawn into the conflict which is coming. The Siberian railway is meantime making for peace, for it is diverting all the energies of the Russian Government, and is engaging that attention which was too much concentrated on affairs in Turkey, Greece, Servia, Roumania, Bulgaria and Austria."

The present and prospective growth of Russia has a direct bearing on Canada. Russia, like the United States, will become an important power on the Pacific. But so will Canada. Our Pacific commerce is a recent creation, but it is developing and will continue to develop at a rate proportionate to the growth of our population. Great Britain is now the leading Pacific power and will always remain a great factor, while Germany, as befits her, is reaching out in the same region for a larger share of influence. The Pacific is destined to become the theater of the most strenuous rivalries, commercial and political, and the present war in South Africa has its relation to the great world struggle between those nations which are, and those which aspire to be, the world empires.

The British troops have had to show the white flag in this war, but when did they ever show the white feather in any war?

Prosperity always tells in favor of a Government in any election. That was evident in the United States on Tuesday. It will be evident in Canada later on.

G. H. Mitchell, the Canadian Government agent in Liverpool, writes to the Department of Trade and Commerce requesting tenders from Canadian manufacturers for hop-poles for some English firms.

While Great Britain does not desire a second Canadian military contingent, it is gratifying to note that the first shipment to Liverpool of Canadian-fattened chickens has proved so acceptable that there are orders for all we can send.

The stories that the Boers are making a treacherous use of the white flag should not be credited unless officially confirmed. So far the Boers, according to official dispatches, have behaved admirably, and it is unmanly to accuse them of barbarities on the strength of mere rumor.

Hon. David Mills' pamphlet on the Alaskan boundary question has attracted widespread and eminent attention. It has called forth a long editorial from the London Times, while the Literary Digest, a very widely circulated journal in the United States, devotes two pages to a summary of it. Mr. Mills' pamphlet has done more than anything else to bring Canada's case clearly before the public mind of the United States and Great Britain.

The Boston Herald notes with satisfaction that the Bank of Montreal has arranged to accommodate Boston merchants by issuing letters of credit to importers of merchandise in that city. The Herald very graciously and justly remarks: "The Canadian banks, as a rule, enjoy and deserve a high reputation for the ability of their management and the adequacy of their resources. In their dealings with their commercial customers they hit a happy mean between wise liberality and prudent conservatism."

United States Treasurer Roberts says the treasury's receipts for the past fiscal year increased \$56,533,419 from customs over the previous year, and \$102,536,520 from internal revenue. Total receipts were \$1,038,451,340; disbursements, \$946,222,148. There was a fiscal surplus of \$100,791,521.

TETTERONHANDS

Troubled for years. Sore All Over. Could not use them. Spread over Arms, Neck, and Face. Smarted Like Fire. Physicians no Benefit. Tried OUTICURA. Immediate Relief. Permanent Cure.

I had been troubled with tetter for several years. At times it would break out all over, so that I could not use them at all, and were to tender that clear water, even, smarted like fire, and it spread over arms, neck, and face. I had been treated by physicians, but without benefit, when I began the OUTICURA treatment. I found relief before I had taken the first bottle. I used three or four bottles of OUTICURA RESOLVENT, one cake of OUTICURA SOAP, and one box of OUTICURA Ointment, and I was free from tetter medicine. ELLA CURZON, March 10, 1893. Eppingham, Ill.

BLOOD POISON CURED

By OUTICURA RESOLVENT. One of my children ran a rusty nail into his foot, which was most painful. His blood got full of order, and soon broke out on his hands and feet. I gave him one bottle of OUTICURA RESOLVENT and used one cake of OUTICURA SOAP, principally as a skin and hair restorer. He recovered. H. J. J. FUREX, March 15, 1893. Markham, Ont.

OUTICURA RESOLVENT

Begin with the Blood and Ends with The Skin and Scalp.

That is to say, it purifies the blood and circulates it into the skin, and thus removes the cause, while OUTICURA SOAP, and OUTICURA Ointment, cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, kill itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal. Thus are speedily, permanently, and economically cured the most terrible, disgusting humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail.

Save your skin. Made and Put up by OUTICURA CO.

Remarkable Buying Chances for Friday

Blankets, Flannels And Rugs.

Fine White Wool Blankets, large double-bed size, pink and blue fast colored borders, special price .32 75
Extra Heavy Wool Blankets, scoured and unshrinkable, special value .40 60 and 40 00
Home-made Horse Blankets, in fancy checks, shaped or square, with straps, a thorough wearer, each .20 00
Horse Blankets, in plain gray, a good dependable blanket; weights, 6, 7 and 8 lbs., per pair, \$1.00 and \$1.75
Knee Rugs, reversible fancy checks, with galoon binding, a rug that will last almost a lifetime, very special, each at \$1.70 and \$2.40
Eider Flannels, for children's coats, in fancy checks and stripes, also all the plain colors, best quality, 35c, 40c and 50c
Best Campbellford and St. Hyacinthe Pure Gray Wool Flannels, standard goods, different shades, per yard .20c, 25c and 30c
We make a specialty of Cream, Red and White Imported Flannels, different makes and unshrinkable. Our Cream Quaker Flannels are special value, at 25c, 35c and 45c
We sell an English Scarlet "Anti-Rheumatic" Flannel, plain or twill, our own special import, per yard .35c
English ("United Service") Undyed Gray Flannel, wide width, very special, per yard, 35c, 40c and 50c
Flannelettes, regular 10c, a very fine range of colors and designs at from, per yard, 6c to 20c

Drawers.

Ladies' Plain Flannelette Drawers, in all sizes and colors, good quality and make, special, Friday, per pair .25c
Ladies' Flannelette Drawers, trimmed with embroidery, a very heavy material and good size, special, Friday, per pair .50c

Flannelette Gowns.

40 only Ladies' Flannelette Gowns, dark and light stripes, well made and full width, Friday only, each 39c

Friday in The Basement.

32 only Heavy Gilt Jardinieres, 8-inch, in blue, green and red, each 17c
1-inch Fern Pots, assorted colors, each .10c
25 Cupidines, assorted designs, in red, blue and green, each .13c
One each of White China Tea Sets, 10c, ruled or plain, Friday, .32 75
Dinner Sets, in 97, 100, 102 and 136 pieces, up from .35c to .50c
Pure Food Asparagus, equal to green, regular 35c, large tin for .15c
Heinz's Baked Beans, with Tomato Sauce, 2 tins for .25c
21 pounds of Redpath's Standard Granulated Sugar for \$1. New pickled Canned Japan Tea, 25c per pound. Also our reliable Imperial Blend, black or mixed, 40c, for 25c per pound. One pound Cook's Delight Baking Powder, 15c. Cowan's Soluble Breakfast Cocoa, 15c per pound. Raisins, Currants, Peels, Extracts, etc., all of the choicest new stock.

What Others Say.

Another Victory.
[Detroit News.]

Gen. Otis has again repulsed the insurgents in a telegram of some 200 words.

The Pigeon Post.
[Toronto Star.]

Pigeon shooting will be good practice for the Boers.

Buller's Army.
[Ottawa Citizen.]

The army under Sir Redvers Buller, when it has reached South Africa, will be the largest purely British army with which Great Britain has ever been at war. To the Crimea Great Britain sent 26,000 infantry, 60 guns, and about 1,000 cavalry. During the Waterloo campaign she had little over 30,000 British troops, and even that included the "German Legion," which was then reckoned among them. At Waterloo itself she had only 15,000 British infantry. During the Tel-el-Kebir campaign she sent to Egypt a little over 30,000 men.

Light and Shade.

The real midgets of the world are those who are smaller than their creeds.

Osmond—After all, there are but two things which make the society woman truly happy.
Desmond—What are they?
"Doing what other society people do,

The following list will tell you how important it will be from a money-saving point to make your purchases here on Friday. While every day of the week offers splendid opportunities to economize in shopping, Friday has its own reputation to uphold, and we endeavor to make each succeeding Friday more attractive than its predecessor. Shop in the forenoon if possible, when you will find the best selections and at prices that may not come your way again for some time.

Dress Goods.

200 Remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods, 2 to 3 1/2 yards, to be sold Friday at just half price. This lot consists of Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, also Plaid Remnants.
25 Pieces Colored Suitings and Fancy Dress Stuff, Tweeds, etc. (all on center counter), prices 75c, 90c and \$1, Friday for .50c
20 Pieces Fancy Blouse Silk Stripes and Plaids, good dark colors for fall and winter waists, pure silk, price 50c to 75c, Friday for .35c
Black Brush Edge Skirt Binding, regular 50c, Friday for .30c
100 Yards Colored Dress Goods, 44 inches wide, in various shades, serges, meltons, etc., regular 25c to 35c a yard, Friday only .12 1/2c

Ribbons, Embroideries and Handkerchiefs.

30 Pieces Fancy Plaid and Striped Ribbons, pure silk, regular 15c, 15c and 25c per yard, special, on Friday only .14c
10 Pieces Silk Ribbon, Roman stripe, regular 15c yard, special for Friday .5c
1,000 Yards Flannel Embroidery, in white, cream, pink, red, gray and blue, from 2 to 4 inches, worth 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c per yard, special Friday and until sold .5c
12 Dozen Ladies' Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, narrow and wide hems, worth 15c and 20c each, special at .12 1/2c
19 Dozen Ladies' Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 1 1/2, 2 and 3 1/2 inch hems, special, each .10c

Staple Section.

30 Pieces Plain Pink Flannelette, 32 inches, English make, regular price 10 cents a yard, Friday .7 1/2c
10 Pieces Each 42-inch White Lawn, fine sheer make, regular price 13c, 16c and 20c a yard, Friday for .10 1/2c, 12 1/2c and 15c
3 Pieces Only Unbleached Linen Table Damask, 60 inches, made in Belfast, pure flax, satin finish, worth 60c, Friday .38c
15 Unbleached Linen Table Cloths, border all round, a yard and a half long, suitable for small table, worth regular 75c each, Friday .50c
10 Only Unbleached Linen Table Cloths, 2 and 2 1/2 yards long, border all round, worth regular \$1.50 each, Friday .81 00
6 Dozen Only Linen Huck Towels, 15x39, regular price 25c a pair, Friday, each .10c
5 Dozen Only Extra Heavy Linen Huck Towels, 22x45, worth 35c a pair, Friday, each .12 1/2c

Clothing and Furnishings.

15 Dozen Men's Heavy Pileed Suits and Drawers, in blue and light brown stripes, full sizes, double-breasted, frost proof, Friday bargain .35c
VERY SPECIAL—35 Dozen Fine Silk and Satin Ties, Boys, Puffs and Four-in-Hands, regular 20c to 35c, Friday bargain .10c
20 Dozen Men's Kid Gloves and Mitts, warm linings, special .50c
10 Dozen Fine Mosha Line Gloves, all sizes, regular \$1, Friday .75c
27 Only Men's Overcoats, in Melton, Tweeds and Beaver, colors and black, sizes 38, 39, 40, were \$6.50 to \$10 each, Friday, to clear .33 90

Smallwares.

Cream Laid Note Paper, ruled or plain, 7c quire, Friday only .5c
No. 7 Envelopes, regular 6c package, special, 3 for .10c
See our Writing Pads, worth 12 1/2c, 15c, ruled or plain, Friday, 10c
Jubilee Crochet Silks, assorted colors, regular 5c ball, Friday only, 2 for .5c
600 Shell Braid Pins, worth 10c, special at .5c
Fancy Shell Hair Pins, regular 25c dozen, Friday, 20c
Fancy Shell Darts and Combs, regular 7c and 10c, Friday .5c
Misses' and Children's Hose Supporters, worth 15c and 18c, Friday .5c
Colored Elastic, regular 10c and 12 1/2c, Friday only, per yard .5c
Black and White Silk Elastic, extra special, 6 yards for .5c

Millinery Room.

WINGS AND AIGRETTES—10 dozen assorted Quills, Wings, Aigrettes, etc., worth 50c to \$1.25 each, Friday .25c
HATS—75 only Ladies' and Children's Felt Hats, regular 75c to \$1.25, each, Friday .25c
Ladies' and Children's Trimmed Hats, 50 only, up-to-date Trimmed Hats, worth up to \$5 each, Friday .42 50

Gaiters.

A special lot of Children's Gaiters, in eiderdown, corduroy or cloth, to children from 1 to 9 years, special, Friday, per pair .20c and 30c

Wrappers.

Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, in all colors and sizes, with heavy lining to waist, special, each .81 00
Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, good quality and extra wide width, light or dark colors and lined to waist, special Friday, each .81 25
Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, very heavy and extra wide, in fancy patterns and colors, special value, Friday, each .82 00, \$2.50 and \$2.75
Ladies' Flannelette and Eiderdown Dressing Sackies, in plain or fancy colors, very dresy and comfortable, prices ranging from .75c to \$2.75

Household Linens and Cottons.

The best Linens manufactured are none too good for our trade. We keep the purest makes in English, Irish, Scotch and German. Our customers demand the best, and they're never disappointed when they buy here.

We keep all the Standard Brands of Cottons, Sheetings, Pillow Cases, and other domestic goods, all of which we buy direct from the mills and sell very close.
Here's some of our everyday prices:
60-inch Heavy Table Damask, unbleached, Irish make, figured .45c and 50c
72-inch Fine Table Damask, unbleached. This is the best unbleached we keep, per yard .55c
68-inch Snow White Irish Linen, Damask, fine satin finish, beautiful patterns, per yard .75c
72-inch, Full Bleached, Satin Finish, Pure Linen Damask, elegant new designs, per yard, \$1.15 to \$2.00
Handsome Linen Sets, cloth and napkins to match, 2 1/2 to 4 yards long, per set .55 to \$1.00
Heavy Unbleached Sheetting, 72 inches, plain or twill, at the old price, per yard .15c
Best Bleached Sheetting, 72-inch, plain or twill, two makes .20c and 25c
80-inch Sheetting, plain or twill .25c
90-inch Bleached Sheetting, per yard .30c

Friday Shoe Bargains

Women's Fine Dongola and Viol Kid Button Boots, turn soles and sewed flexible soles, patent toe-caps, very fine stock, regular \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.00, Friday bargain .81 75

EXTRA SPECIAL—100 pairs
+ Women's Laced Boots and
+ Misses' Button Boots, some
+ single soles, some extension
+ double soles, all good solid
+ boots, regular \$1.25 to \$2.00,
+ sizes 11 to 6 only, Friday, ex-
+ tra special bargain .75c
SEE THE WINDOW.

36 pairs Men's Laced and Congress Shoes, assorted lot, in cordovan, calf and fine dongola, and Chocolate Viol Kid, sizes 7 to 10, regular \$2.50, \$3.00, to \$4.00, Friday all one price .81 85

Hosiery, Gloves & Underwear

Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose, double heels and soles, large sizes, per pair .25c
Small sizes, per pair .15c
Ladies' Ringwood Gloves, per pair 14c
Children's Cashmere Gloves, in navy, red and brown, per pair 12 1/2c
13 dozen Ladies' Vests and Drawers, fleece-lined and plain, regular 25c and 35c, Friday .19c

Mantles.

50 more of those Silk-lined Beaver Jackets, 22 inches long, in brown, fawn, new blue and black, all sizes, special at .48 85

THE RUNNALS, GRAH, CARRIE CO.

208, 210, 210 1/2, 212 Dundas Street, London.

Macdonald said he had an almost unlimited admiration for his leader. Ever since Sir Charles Tupper came back from England to take the reins of government the enemy had endeavored to split into the people the idea that Sir Charles had tried to take an unfair share of the credit for the Conservative party's work at the expense of his father, the late Sir John Macdonald, but he gave an explicit denial to this. Moreover, Sir Charles had not told the people of Canada half what he had done for the interests of the country, to which he had given the whole of his talents.
Sir Charles, on rising was received with applause and was presented with a bouquet by a little girl.
Sir Charles, at the outset of his speech, said that it gave him unfeigned pleasure to meet the citizens of Winnipeg, and he felt that if there was any part of the Dominion to which he could look with the deepest confidence it was this western country. He had felt from the hour of Confederation that the future of the Dominion lay in this section, and he was never surer of the soundness of this conviction than now. He believed that Winnipeg was the great golden gate to this country, and was glad to find it making progress. As he witnessed the unparalleled development of Winnipeg he felt the immense importance of the measures which had enabled this country to be developed. If Canada was to obtain a commanding position it was due to the opportunity of development given to this portion of country lying west of Lake Superior and extending to the Pacific Ocean. On the opening of the last great parliamentary campaign he had chosen Winnipeg as the point to deliver his first campaign speech of that great battle. He was not disappointed when he appealed to the people of Manitoba on that great issue. He had come back, and had no hesitation in saying that he had been correctly advised, some time ago, that the government was to appeal to the Dominion again next January, and he resolved to take this opportunity of speaking to the western people and presenting his case. He was not quite sure, however, that the event was so near, as the struggle might be further postponed. He found that an energetic campaign was being carried on by members of the government in this section, and asked whether this was intended as evidence of a coming struggle or that the government felt it necessary to plead their cause in Manitoba. He hoped the pending struggle in the Manitoba Provincial election would have a great and commanding influence in the general election of the Dominion. Sir Charles then devoted nearly two hours of his speech in replying to a Free Press editorial published Tuesday morning, in which questions were asked regarding the tariff and other questions regarding other issues. He closed with reference to the Yukon and Canadian contingent.
Sir Charles Tupper claimed the Conservative party had never been defeated by the Liberals. The latter had not a majority now, and never had. Sir John Macdonald fell through the railway excitement in 1873, and in 1890 they were beaten by Conservative, not Liberal, votes on the remedial bill. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the school question was settled, but he was about the only man in the country who said so.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcer, cleans the air passages, stops drooping in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.