The Charlottetown Herald.

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J. D. STEWART

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

OFFICE:
NEWSON BLOCK
Charlottetown

Branch Office, Georgetown.

LIME

We have on hand quantity of

St. John LIME!

In Barrels Casks.

C. LYONS & Co.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an over sight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourse against loss by fires

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.,

Water Street, Phone 251

Canadian-West Land Regulations

Any sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 extra acres. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Job Printing Done At The Herald

Minard's Liniment the Lumberman's friend.

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the season exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated. The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Comimttee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees ba paid for t same into the hands of the Clerk of the House

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON,
Clerk Legislative Assembly.

On 279 Special Trains, C. G. Railways

Up to March 1st 757,400 Troops have travelled over Government Railways.

Thousands arrive each week at Halifax and are sent forward to Dispersal Areas.

Since the war began in 1914 up to March 1st, when S.S. Belgic disembarked her returned soldier passengers at Halifax 757,400 troops have been carried on special trains over the Canadian Government Railways.

The first train which carried troops over the Government Railways the year the war was declared was numbered one and all special troop trains to and from Halifax since that time have been numbered consecutively. The last train from the Belgic was on Saturday No 1279. Each train averages about twelve cars with an average of 50 men to a car, which figures up a total of 767,400 men carried. Of course in addition to this thousands of soldiers have journeyed between Montreal and Halifax by regular trains during the past four years.

The movement of troops back to Canada is now approaching its greatest activity. Last Sunday 5000 arrived at Halifax by the transports Lapland and Belgic and fifteen special trains were despatched westward inside of fourteen hours.

S. S. Megantic with soldiers and dependants arrived Wednesday and S. S. Adriadic is due Sunday. The movement of returning men is to be kept up actively all summer.

The process of disembarkation at Halifax is being carried on without a hitch, and there is a fine system of co-operation between the Military and the Railway officials.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect January 19th, 1920

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

Trains Outward, Read Down.					Trains Inward, Read Up		
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
2.45	12.40	6.25	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr. 6.35	10.40	12.40
3.59	2.14	7.21		Hunter River	5.37	9.03	11.24
4.45	3.05	7.55	Arr.	Emerald Jct.	5.00	8.05	10.38
6.10		8.45	Arr.	Borden	Dep. 4.10	6.40	
4.10		6.40	Dep.	Borden	Arr. 6.10	8.45	
5.00	3.05	8.05		Emerald Junction	4.40	8.10	10.38
5.34	3.53	8.42		Kensington	3.53	7.15	10.03
6.05	4.35	9.20	Arr.	Summerside	Dep. 3.20	6.45	9.30
		Tues. Thur. Sat. A.M.				Mon. Wed. Fri. P.M.	A.M.
6.20		11.30	Dep.	Summerside	Arr	12.20	9.00
7.23		2.14		Port Hill		10.41	7.58
8.18		2.44		O'Leary		9.21	7.03
9.08		3.51		Alberton		8.02	6.13
9.45		5.00 P.M.	Arr.	Tignish	Dep.	7.00	5.35
P.M		Mon. Wed. Fri. A.M.				A.M.	Mon. Wed. Fri. P.M.
3.10		7.00	Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr.	10.10	6.10
4.30		8.55		Mount Stewart		8.55	4.30
5.00		9.32		Morell		8.22	3.35
5.22		10.02		St. Peters		8.00	3.00
6.30		11.35	Arr.	Souris	Dep.	6.50	1.35
P.M.						A.M	
7.50			Arr.	Elmira		Dep. 5.35	
P.M.		Mon Wed Fri A.M.				A.M.	Mon Wed Fri P.M.
4.35		9.10	Dep.	Mount Stewart	Arr	8.50	4.10
5.27		10.20		Cardigan		7.48	2.48
5.51		11.00		Montague		7.23	2.10
6.25		11.40	Arr.	Georgetown	Dep.	6.45	1.25
Daily ex. Sat & Sun P.M.	Sat. Only P.M.					Sat. Only A.M	Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. A.M.
3.30	4.00		Dep.	Charlottetown	Arr.	10.25	10.40
5.15	5.15			Vernon River		9.09	8.45
7.25	6.45		Arr.	Murray Har.	Dep.	7.30	6.45

Except as noted, all the above Trains run daily, Sunday excepted.

H. H. MELANSON
Passenger Traffic Manager
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P.E.I

Look! Read! Realize.

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor]

If you wanted a Suit or an [Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine ! ! !/7
We study the business' We know what suits a young man

we knowwhat suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the mar who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from....$30.00 to $48.00

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear.....$15.00 to $36.00

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to Success

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination. Priec.....$1.00 to $4.00

Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavy weight. Prices per suit $1.90 to $5.50

MacLELLAN BROS.

Legend of The "Magnificat."

In days long ago, in the "ages of faith," there stood in a wooded valley an old gray monastery. Here for many long years had the brethren dwelt, praying much and laboring hard. Most of them were old, and at last it came about that not one of them could sing. So the Father Abbot decreed that many parts of the Office that were generally sung should henceforth be recited only. One exception, however, he made.

"We must,my brethren," he said, "always sing the 'Magnificat.' We must do our best; for we cannot content ourselves with only saying Our Lady's Song."

So every day at Vespers the "Magnificat" waa sung—if such a word could rightly be applied to the discordant sounds that arose from the voices—some cracked, some tuneless, and all feeble—of the brethren. The birds outside were frightened and fled away. The brethren knew this, but in all humanity of heart sang on. It was Father Abbott's deeree; they had only to obey.

And this lasted for years. But one Christmas Eve a young man came to the monastery door and offered himself as a postulant. It turned out that among his qualifications was that of a good voice The monks bade him sing, and loud and clear there rose up the sound of a magnificent tenor.

The monks were enraptured.

"Now," they said joyfully, "the 'Magnificat' will be beautifully sung."

So they admitted the candidate, and at Vespers that very evening there rose up a "Magnificat" from the monastery choir such as the monks thought must have been sung by a seraph.

The birds came flying back to listen. The monks were too much absorbed in prayer and praise to see the look of self-complacency on the young man's face, and they could not, of course, read his thoughts, which ran: What a gain I shall be to this community—the. only one who can sing! I shall get on well! How lovely is my voice! How they admire it!"

The night drew on, and the monks were wrapt in prayer, when suddenly amongst them stood an angel form. Very beautiful and glorious was that celestial visitant; but yet his faee was sad, almost stern. He spoke, and the monks listened in awe-struck silence.

"I was sent hither," he said, by my Lord and my King to know why no 'Magnificat' has been sung tonight. For many a long year a sweet melody has floated up to heaven from this choir, when with fervent grateful hearts you sang His Mother's song and His own. Why, then, in the first blessed Vespers of the Nativity are ye silent? Not a sound has reached the ear of God."

He did not wait for a reply. How could mortals answer him? They fell prone upon the ground, and the angel disappeared. The postulant departed to another monastery, and afterwards the monks sang the "Magnificat," and Jesus heard in heaven His Mother's song.

Devotion to St. Genevieve

Devotion to St. Genevieve on the part of Catholics of Paris is now so strong and widespread as to cause the remark that the Saint and the people of Paris are now more than ever united. A recent peril has emphasized the devotion in a way which recalls mediaeval times in the great French city.

Recently there came the danger of an inundation, which it was feared might renew the memorable dangers and miseries of 1910. This stimulated the devotion of Parisians to St. Genevieve. Her solemn novena, which started on January 3, drew large concourses of pilgrims to the exercises.

It is recalled that in mediaveal days the patroness of Paris was closely associated with the joys and the sorrows of the people of the city. Her relics were carried in procession along the streets when war or pestilence threatened Paris. At the time of the Revolution, in 1790, her church was destroyed and her relics were scattered.

Nevertheless, St. Genevieve has resumed her sway over the people of the city which she once saved from Attila, and especially since 1914. In the darkest days of the Great War she was evoked by descendants of her former clients.

During certain anxious hours the "place" outside the Church of St. Etienne du Mont, where she is honored, was filled with eager worshippers who raised their voices in response to prayers publicly recited within the edifice.

This year the preacher of the novena was the Cure of the parish of La Trinite, an eloquent speaker. He pointed out to his audience how, in spite of the fact that external circumstances have changed, St. Genevieve and the people of Paris are more than ever united. He said that the protection extended to the Saint in the past will continue to protect her faithful clients in danger and in sorrow.

In the case of many Parisians, devotion to St. Genevieve is a devout tradition, handed down from one believing generation to another, despite the changes in times and in circumstances.

The Charm of Home Life

Noting the many sorts of "weeks" which have been observed during the past eventful decade, the Queen's Work, of St. Louis, suggests a stay-at-home week. There have been thrift weeks and baby weeks and weeks devoted to cleaning up the town. There have been get-together weeks and no-accident weeks and weeks dedicated and given over to philanthropic work of various kinds. But one week not yet duly considered nor launched into the scheme of things deserves as much, if not more, to be thought on and promoted. It is, our contemporary says, a stay-at-home week, to make our good people pleasantly acquainted with and lovers of their home.

Every various need of human kind is being benevolently considered and promoted nowadays, but the fundamental need to have a pleasant home and stay there most of the time. Man is a domestic creature and flourishes no where else as well as in his home. The young of the race in particular are nowhere so well off; nowhere so competently taken care of as in their home. About the home clusters—or used to cluster when there were homes—the finest human instincts, the noblest qualities. Save only the Church of God and the religious houses given to His service—which latter are indeed large and sanctified homes—what place on earth is more sacred or more salutary than a true and happy home?

These are truly quite obvious thoughts. Yet it is almost as obvious, even to the well-known casual observer, that homes are obsolescent things, fast becoming obsolete in the rushing and public tide of days. Who, nowadays, but the invalid and the very old truly lives at home? Out to work in the morning, out for pleasure or study or play in the evening, the average man or woman has made of home a place where one eats and sleeps and rests between whiles. The interest and work of the many have got far away from the four walls of hame.

Therefore, again, with quite serious purpose, we suggest the setting aside of a week to encourage all to stay at home. For seven whole days, honestly and freely given, let each of our people resolve to forego gaddings out and visits and movies and meetings, and resolve with right firm heart to stay at home. It will be hard at first. Habits are not easily broken. But if all will stay home a week, arrange homely recreations there, become acquainted with the resources of their own fireside, who knows whether they may not grow to like their home better than gadding abroad, and so may come to stay there oftener and make it a more holy place?

Head Ached So Bad

HAD TO GO TO BED.

When the liver becomes sluggish and inactive it does not manufacture enough bile to thoroughly act on the bowels and carry off the waste matter from the system, hence the bowels become clogged up, the bile gets into the blood, constipation sets in and is followed by sick and bilious headaches, water brash, heartburn, floating specks before the eyes, and painful internal, bleeding or protruding piles.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the flow of bile so that it acts properly on the bowels, and stirs the sluggish liver into activity.

Mrs. E. Bainbridge, Amherst, N.S., writes: "I take pleasure in writing you of the good I received by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for headache. I was so bad I had to go to bed, and could not sit up. A friend told me about your wonderful medicine, and two vials have made me as well . . I can be."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Dangerous Reading

There are certain popular novels—and their name is legion—in which few of the characters ever pray—unless in sudden danger—or go to church, unless for a wedding, or rely upon religion, except in some moving picture crisis; books that are thronged with the wise and witty, the gay and the grave, the brilliant and the stupid, according to the capacity of the author. The hero and heroine in the vast majority of cases, are sleek and shapely animals clothed in what is supposed to be the latest fashion—with a few monsters thrown in to act as foils, but not, according to Christian standards, moral characters.

This is the sort of literature that is served up piping hot to the rising generation, even pressed upon their attention, and made the anonymous standard of alleged good breeding and "smartness," an imitation Wateau fairyland, with the morals of the Restoration or the Regency and the manners of high life.—Selected.

For Spanish Influenza

The Liniment that Cures All Ailments—

MINARD'S

THE OLD RELIABE—Try It

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO, Ltd.
Yarmouth, N. S.

"Now, Rastus," said the Captain, "don't you want to make your will before you go over."

"Will nuthin', sah! De only will I'se worryin' about is, will I come back?"

An indignant citizen rang up one of the dailies regarding a newspaper report, which alleged his death from influenza in the following style;

"Look here," he said on the telephone, "do you know my death from flu has appeared in your paper?"

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and have no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 cents abox

Kidneys Were Bad After The "Flu"

Sat Up to Turn in Bed.

That awful epidemic, the Spanish influenza, that swept Canada from one end to the other a short time ago, left in its wake a great many bad after effects. In some cases it was a weakened heart, in others shattered nerves, but in a great many cases weak kidneys have been left as a legacy.

Where the kidneys have been left weak as an after effect of the "Flu," Doan's Kidney Pills will prove to be just the remedy you require to strengthen them.

Mrs. Harvey D. Wile, Lake Pleasant, N.S., writes:—"Last winter I was taken sick with the "Flu," and when I did get better I found that my kidneys were very bad, and at night I had to sit up to turn around in bed. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, and found that they did me a wonderful amount of good. I also recommend them to my husband, and he started in to use them. I will always recommend them to anyone who is bothered with kidney trouble, for they are wonders."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

See that our trade mark, a "Maple Leaf," appears on the box.