

# THE UNION ADVOCATE

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NEWCASTLE, N. B.

TUESDAY, NOV. 3RD, 1925

## MERCURY GOLD FAILS IN TEST

The age-long dream of the alchemists of producing gold artificially is still a dream. The discovery of Professor Adolph Miethe, of the Technical College of Berlin, of transmuting mercury into gold, announced early in 1924 and which at that time attracted world-wide attention, has failed to stand the test of verification.

This is the conclusion reached after extensive experimentation by Professor H. H. Sheldon, head of the Department of physics of New York University, assisted by Roger S. Etey an instructor at the same institution and an experienced physicist and research investigator. The experiments were conducted under the auspices of the "Scientific American," which made announcement of the results from its offices in the Woolworth Building, yesterday.

Prof. Miethe's discovery consisted in obtaining gold from mercury—the familiar liquid quicksilver—by the introduction of electrical energy, according to Dr. Miethe, a small portion of a quantity of pure mercury exposed for several hours to the action of an intense electric arc inside a vessel of quartz was transmuted by him into gold. He came upon this discovery when engaged in researches into the action of ultra violet rays.

To both scientists and alchemists it was obvious that if this remarkable experiment of Professor Miethe was true he was creating a scientific revolution threatening the gold standard of the world. Professor Miethe did not claim that his discovery was commercially practicable, but it was apparent that there might be such a possibility of his process as to constitute a real danger to the present monetary basis of the world.

It was with the purpose of determining the exact value of Professor Miethe's alleged discovery that "Scientific American" undertook to finance the investigation conducted by Professor Sheldon and Mr. Etey. Two physicists were mistaken and that gold cannot be made from mercury by any known process.

## PERSONAL

Mrs. John McManus of Montreal, formerly Miss Clara O'Connell, of Newcastle, is receiving for the first time since her marriage at her residence at St. Aidan's Street on Wednesday afternoon, November 3rd, from four to six.

## At the Gift Shop

FANCY

## CANDLES

For the Holiday Trade

Beautifully Decorated and Colored. A large variety to choose from both in colors and price.

Catch the Drips.

You need a air-priced from:

15c. to \$1.50

H. WILLISTON & CO.  
Jewellers Est. 1889 Newcastle

## U. S. Airman Eclipsed All Speed Records

Baltimore, Md., October 26—Flying his seaplane with rare skill at a speed never before attained in these machines, Lieut. James H. Doolittle, of the United States army, flashed first over the finish line in the Schneider Maritime Cup race this afternoon and gained another leg on the trophy for the United States. His speed for the 217-mile course was 232.57 miles an hour, which is 55.19 miles an hour faster than this race was ever flown before. It is 43 miles an hour faster than the time made unofficially over this course last year.

Doolittle was never pressed hard. The other two American seaplanes of the same type were making only 220 miles an hour when they were forced out by engine trouble, and the only British entry, the Gloster-Napier, flown by Captain Hubert Broad, finished second with a speed of 199.11 miles an hour. The Italian entry, a Macchi-Curtiss monoplane, flown by Lieut. Giovanni de Briganti, made 163.44 miles an hour and was still flying long after the American and British planes had finished. One more victory by America will win the cup permanently for this country, although six races had been flown before the United States entered the contest. The last two victories have been American.

The flying of Doolittle was masterly. He banked so sharply on his corners and held his plane so cleverly on its side until he had regained speed that he lost only five miles an hour at the turns and out the corners so closely that experts estimated he flew fifteen miles less than did the other planes. Their turns were very wide, adding materially to the distance they had to fly and wasting some of their precious supply of gas. For racing planes do not carry an ounce more fuel than necessary. When Doolittle banked around the home pylons, he held his plane in so tightly that he passed over the heads of those on the judges' stand so close to the wind from his propeller that they could not have been more than 30 feet above them, and the black, shining, whirlwind crashed by with a roar that was terrifying.

Just how fast this plane would travel over a short, straightaway course the pilots refuse to predict, but Doolittle beat by nearly five miles an hour the time made by the British super-marine Napier over a similar three-kilometre course. The super-marine was the ship that crashed here Friday, a ship which had been hoped to win the race and which her held upon the cap. She made 228 miles an hour over the short course, which is 4.51 less than the winner's speed to day. It is probable, if the weather is favorable tomorrow, that flights will be made over a three-kilometre course, and Doolittle today broke every seaplane record from 100 to 300 kilometres.

KINDLY REMIT YOUR SUBSCRIPTION TO THE ADVOCATE

## Why Rheumatism Often Comes Back

The Usual Treatment Does Not Reach the Root of the Trouble.

Most treatments for rheumatism do no more than aim to keep down the poison in the blood and enable nature to overcome that particular attack. Then when the system becomes run-down from any cause the disease again gets the upper hand and it all has to be done over.

Sufferers from rheumatism who have found their condition unrelieved or actually growing worse while using other remedies, would do well to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The tonic treatment with this medicine has proved in thousands of cases that it builds up the blood to a point that enables it to cast out the rheumatic poisons through the regular channels, the bowels, kidneys and the skin. When this is done rheumatism is banished, and as long as the blood is kept pure and rich the patient will be immune from attack. This is fully proved by the case of Mr. Samuel Zinck, Upper Blandford, N. S., who says:—"For a long time I was a great sufferer from rheumatism which settled in my hip and down my leg to the knee. At times the pain was so great that I could not walk. I tried liniments and medicines but without getting more than mere temporary relief. Then one day a friend called who said that he had been afflicted with trouble which was banished by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and urged me to try them. I did as advised and after using a few boxes there was no doubt they were helping me. Not only was the rheumatism disappearing, but my general health was improving. I continued the pills until I had taken about a dozen boxes when every trace of the trouble had disappeared, and I have not felt a tinge of it since. I may add that my wife used these pills for a run-down condition with equally good results."

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Increase in Catch of Fish

Fish, valued at \$3,724,132, and weighing 153,604,500 pounds, were landed by Canadian fishermen in the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the Dominion, during the month of September, according to a report issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries. The month's catch an increase of 44,751,000 pounds, valued at \$334,113 over September of last year. Increased catches were recorded in cod, pollock, herring, pilchard, and salmon.

On the Atlantic coast, the total quantity of cod, haddock, lake and pollock landed was \$9,175,100 pounds compared with \$3,524,000 pounds in the same period of 1924. The catch of cod shows a large increase of 19,996,000 pounds, the quantity taken being \$2,972,400 pounds. This increase is accounted for mainly by the success of the Lunenburg fishing fleet.

The catch of pollock was more than double that of September, 1924, there being 1,875,000 pounds taken.

There were 5,175,000 pounds of herring taken compared with 2,941,000 pounds in the preceding September.

Macfarlane were taken in smaller quantities, owing to the American market being well stocked. Only 672,500 pounds were taken and the great part was picked. In September, 1924, there were 1,530,000 pounds caught.

The catch of salmon was 35,447 barrels compared with 34,876 barrels in the same period last year.

There were 221,700 pounds of herring taken during the month from which 409,100 pounds were consumed fresh, and the balance canned, making 2,213 cases. In the preceding

September the catch was 1,135,000 pounds. The total catch of lobster since the commencement of the lobster fishing season was 33,429,400 pounds. In the same period in the preceding season, the catch was 25,280,500 pounds.

There were 1,398 barrels of scallops taken compared with 398 in the previous September.

## PRINTING

Until the discovery of printing from movable blocks, the dissemination of knowledge was a slow, laborious and haphazard matter.

It was possible for a country or coterie of one kind or another to practically possess the monopoly of learning and culture. When the thoughts of men found a vehicle for their conveyance that was at once cheap and effective, civilization burst its bonds and began to spread in all directions.

The knowledge of nearly all those things we call good or advantageous for a nation is acquired through the medium of the printed word.

The paper industry has had a large part in the spread of learning improvements in methods resulting in a better, less expensive product have made it possible for all men everywhere to have access to the wisdom of the ancients and to keep informed on current affairs.

## FOOT BALL

A very interesting game of football was played on Wednesday afternoon in Chatham between the boys of St. Thomas and Harkins High School. The result of the game was 3-2, showing that the teams were well matched. The line-up was as follows:

"FULLBACKS"	
Chatham	Newcastle
E. Thibodeau	J. Brander
"HALVES"	
F. Dugas	R. Allison
E. Mahoney	J. Keating
(Cap't)	(Cap't)
F. Brett	G. Murray
W. Wallis	H. Russell
"QUARTERS"	
M. McKenna	J. Sighart
Flaherty	C. Keating
Lozier	B. Sproul
"FORWARDS"	
L. Arsenau	W. Hierlihy
F. Keenan	E. Arsenau
J. Brophy	J. Morell
L. Reardon	J. Copp
F. Reardon	E. Amos
R. Hickey	J. Morrissey
A. Bell	J. Bowling
"SPARES"	
K. Burbridge	P. Richards

"Wally" Walling of Chatham acted as referee, much to the satisfaction of both teams. The touch for Chatham was made by "Hickey," and Cecil Murray made a touch for Newcastle. The manager of the Newcastle football team takes this opportunity to thank Rev. L. H. McLean, Mr. Harold Ritchie, Mr. Sproul, Mr. Allison and Mr. Dinan for kindly leading their cars to take the boys to Chatham.

Owing to the heavy snow-storm which fell on Friday last, the return game between Chatham and Newcastle which was to be played on Saturday has been postponed.

## MALLOW FEN AMUSEMENTS

Halloween amusements were enjoyed by the pupils of Harkins High School when they held a "Masquerade Party" in the Assembly Hall on Monday Evening at 8 o'clock. Games and dancing were the chief amusements and were enjoyed by all. Lunch was served at 12.30 by the Refreshment Committee, under the general supervision of Miss Macfarlane. Mr. and Mrs. James Stables and Mr. and Mrs. Wolfe Crocker acted as chaperones. Prizes given for the most original costumes were won by Katherine Stables and Eugene Mutch, these prizes were accompanied by fortunate which added to the enjoyment of the evening.

## Overcoats

And Now Mr—Man we are ready for you—with OVERCOATS in every desired style and material Tailored by "Fashion Craft"—"Johnson"—"Society"—"Hart"—and "Empire". These garments cannot be equalled anywhere for their smart appearance.

It is the Cut of the Clothes That Counts

Prices Range at:—  
\$16.50, \$18.50, \$20.00, \$25.00 to \$35.00

J.D. Crockett & Co.  
LIMITED

WHERE THE GOOD GOODS COME FROM

## To Demand Liquor Law Enforcement

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 26—Determined to formulate a programme of law enforcement which shall be as decisive as the Anti-Saloon League programme, which resulted in the adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment, officers of the league have issued invitations to their twenty-second national convention to be held in this city next week.

With Chicago, as the convention city, it is pointed out in the official announcement, a tremendous amount of interest should be added to the coming assemblage. Chicago, formerly one of the chief wet strongholds, is now one of the most spectacular battlefronts in the fight to uphold the Eighteenth Amendment. Mayor Lever's firm stand for law enforcement has challenged the interest of America, while the relentless drive by District Attorney Olson against bootleggers and grafters has likewise claimed national attention. At the coming convention there will be addresses by officials representing various departments of the Government concerned with prohibition. Senator Berah, of Idaho, and other members of the national law-making body will speak of enforcement legislation. Commander F. C. Billard, head of the United States Coast Guard Service, will tell of adventures in the fight with rum-runners at sea. Lincoln C. Andrews, the Federal prohibition director, and others high in the prohibition department will give interesting and important details relative to the actual work of prohibition enforcement. Governors, district attorneys, local prosecutors and other officials will tell of their experiences. In addition to the practical work of padlocking moonshine joints and getting boot-

leggers behind the bars, more general and fundamental phases of the problem will be covered by authoritative speakers. University presidents, celebrated newspaper editors and famous orators from many other fields will be on the programme.

On the opening night Bishop Thos. Nicholson, president of the Anti-Saloon League of America, will deliver his formal address. At the same session Dr. F. Scott McBride, general superintendent of the league, will give his observations, after having visited every State of the Union except one. Wayne B. Wheeler will discuss the situation at Washington. Dr. Erannouncement, a tremendous amount of interest should be added to the coming assemblage. Chicago, formerly one of the chief wet strongholds, is now one of the most spectacular battlefronts in the fight to uphold the Eighteenth Amendment. Mayor Lever's firm stand for law enforcement has challenged the interest of America, while the relentless drive by District Attorney Olson against bootleggers and grafters has likewise claimed national attention. At the coming convention there will be addresses by officials representing various departments of the Government concerned with prohibition. Senator Berah, of Idaho, and other members of the national law-making body will speak of enforcement legislation. Commander F. C. Billard, head of the United States Coast Guard Service, will tell of adventures in the fight with rum-runners at sea. Lincoln C. Andrews, the Federal prohibition director, and others high in the prohibition department will give interesting and important details relative to the actual work of prohibition enforcement. Governors, district attorneys, local prosecutors and other officials will tell of their experiences. In addition to the practical work of padlocking moonshine joints and getting boot-

In speaking of existing conditions and the phase of the Anti-Saloon League leaders for the future the official call for the convention says: "They are now ready to formulate a national enforcement policy as decisive as the Anti-Saloon League programme which resulted in the adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment. Driven to desperation by the increasing effectiveness of enforcement and the influence of prohibition benefits upon public opinion, the wet forces have launched a flood of propaganda planned to destroy public faith in the Eighteenth Amendment. The time has come to start a nation-wide constructive campaign that will effectively silence the defamers of the Eighteenth Amendment."

**MURINE**  
NIGHT & MORNING  
KEEP YOUR EYES  
CLEAN, CLEAR AND HEALTHY

The Advocate \$2.00 Yr.

## A Matter of Judgment

Even if you guessed on the wrong Candidate in the election, you still have a chance to prove to the other fellow that your judgment is not all wrong.

Show him you know something about Clothes by paying your bet with one of

The New Brock Hats

O'Brien's Stores

Newcastle Shoes & Clothing Chatham