HASZARD'S GAZETTE, OCTOBER 10.

Lineard.—The buoyancy of his mind, the playfulness of his wit, and the rich store of aneedote for ever at his command, gave to him a power over his command, which it was impossible to withstand. Connected with this subject, a fudicious, story is told, among his friends. During the Northern Assizes, several of the leaders of the bar, among when were Scarlett, Rellock, Brougham, and some others were frequently in the habit of going jover from Lungargets to Hernby, on a Sunday or other vasant day, to spend it with Lingard. As usual, one Sunday-morning, before mass, a party of them drove up to the house, and informed the servant, that they intended to ding, with the destore I am agony of dismay, she can te her master. The only leg of mutton which they had in the house had just been cut in free; and what could be done in a country village, where, nothing more were to be precured? Lingard was not disturbed. Saw the pieces together, and disjusted. Saw the pieces together, and he, and roast them as one, and I will take care that it is not discovered. Step in the propagation of the securious to a who has ever visited St. Johns must have observed the means for or faith in advertising, is probably three the content of the pieces to be procured? Lingard, was of the excursionists on the togs of that unitivity the employed, but who lack means for or faith in advertising, is probably three them. The number who of Newfoundfand, dogs, with which its streets of the pieces the procured of the securious to the whole as a party of them drove up to the house, and informed the servant, that they intended to dispuse the procured? Lingard, was not the pieces to be procured. Subject to the pieces to be procured to the pieces to be procured to the pieces to b

oil paintings of great merit and greates.

A tradesman having sunk his shop floor interest, we must pass by. Her appointments throughout are enough to make us a couple of feet, announces that "in conged by all travellers to be a century ahead of any other for large, magnificent, and swift steamboats." swift steamboats?

It was supposed by many that when the Hudson River Railroad was completed, it would greatly injure the steamboat business on the river; but the fact is otherwise. Never, in the whole history of New York, who is doly amborized to re-

NOVEL ARGUMENT. If Wine is poison, so is tea,
Only in another shape,
What matter whether one is killed
By Contitor or Grape? TAMES MORRES, Audiences

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Twenty-five Millions which imported the design of the Clothing, and yet prospect of the Clothing, and yet prospect to have work for our laborers all the year round, while we devote ourselves to the Summer business of growing Food and buy abroad the Wares and Fabrics that may as well be made in Winter? And how long shall we be content to eat up in Winter all the savings of Summer?

Some three hundred persons have advertised through The Tribuse during the last week for chances to earn an honest fivelished by downright useful labor, while not fifty in all have advertised during this term that they wish to hire in any capacity. Among the three hundred are Gardeners, and others—many of them, doubtless, of decided ability and energy. Supposing these who advertise through our other City journals to average half so many to each, at least Twenty-five hundred persons have advertised in our City within a week past, that they want a chance to work for bread, without taking into account the hundreds who are trying to exist by copying, teaching music, or some other of the factitious, capricious pursuits which virtually insure starvation to those who rely on them. The number who are out of work here and anxiously desire to be employed, but who lack means for or faith in advertising, is probably three times as great; so that not less than Ten Thousand capable and worthy men and there is need enough of the products, if our capitalists will be under Free-trade, if our capitalists will be under Free-trade, if our capitalists will be satisfied with ordinary profits. But this day and extinct the capital with ordinary profits. But this day a under Free-trade, if our capitalists will be satisfied with ordinary profits. But this day and extinct the with all because they can produce Cloths under Free-trade, if our capitalists will be satisfied with ordinary profits. But this day and extinct the analysis of the Woollen Mills in this country stand ide because they can only be run at a loss. If they would pay even one per cont. the owners would prefer to run them rather than have them stand idle; the day and even the would prefer to run them rather than have them stand idle; the day and the standing out for isordinate profits? They can be bought for less than half their prime cost. Why don't the Free-trade, if our capacity. The Free-traders tell us that Protection

the word in the passes and the company of the compa seeking work would not have been materially increased.

There are many causes for the enormous, almost constant, dearth of employment among us, especially in Winter; but foremost among them we deem the fatal impolicy which dooms us to buy so large a portion of the Wares and Fabrics of Europe. Were we only making the Cloths, the Metals, the Fancy Goods, that we are constantly importing, the tens of thousands now and always vainly seeking employment might be steadily and usefully at work. But so long as we continue to import two thirds of the Fabrics and one-half the Metals we require, we shall have unwilling idleness in our tenant-houses and famishing beggary in our streets.

Did any one ever hear of a Nation of Twenty-five Millions which imported the