

## Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind, Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

## British Plantation Rubber Is Saving Canada Millions

Low Prices of Rubbers and Overshoes Due to Britain's Control of Situation

Here in Canada many of us have fallen into the truly Anglo-Saxon habit of considering the "Mother of Parliaments" slow and a bit behind the times. The present price of rubber, when its cause is revealed, affords one of the many proofs that such an opinion is away off the mark.

Thanks to great rubber plantations established in the face of criticism and ridicule, many years before in her tropical Dominions, Great Britain at the outbreak of the war held a firm and tightening grip on the world's supply of raw rubber—a grip reinforced by her dominating navy. From 60% in 1914, the production of these plantations has grown this year to 75% of the whole world's output, leaving only about half the requirements of the United States alone to come from all other sources.

The result has been that the needs of the Allies, enormous though they are, have been plentifully supplied, while Germany has been reduced to registered mails and the "Deutschland" in desperate attempts to mitigate her rubber famine. Neutrals have been allowed all the rubber they want, at prices actually lower than before the war, so long as they prevent any of it from reaching the enemy, while Canada and other parts of the Empire have an abundant supply at equally favorable Government-regulated prices.

In this foresight and generosity of the British Government lies the reason why rubber alone, of all the great staples, has not gone up in price—why rubbers and overshoes, in spite of increased cost of fabric, chemicals and labor, are as inexpensive as ever, while shoes are costing several dollars a pair more. Wearing rubbers of overshoes through this winter to protect feet from the cold is more than practical thrift—it is grateful patriotism, for in this saving leather we make it easier for the Government to secure the absolutely necessary supplies of this absolutely scarce material for our soldiers.

Both Thrift and Patriotism Point to Rubbers!

## J. S. Hamilton & Co.

Canadian Wine Manufacturers. Brantford

### Our Wine Sales Show a Big Increase Since Sept. 16

Many persons think that we cannot sell them direct from our Wine House here, but that order must come through some Montreal firm. This is not correct. We can sell you direct, but in not less than one case, or five gallon lots.

We have a good Port Wine at \$4.00 a case, while our "St. Augustine," an excellent Wine, 8 years old, only \$5.50 for one dozen reputed quarts, or \$1.80 per Imperial gallon. War tax stamps are included in these prices. We have a score of other brands, all excellent value.

Buy a dozen and entertain your friends with pure juice of the grape.

J. S. Hamilton & Co.  
CANADIAN WINE MANUFACTURERS.  
44 - 46 DALHOUSIE ST., BRANTFORD

## To The Editor

### THE WATER QUESTION.

Brantford, Nov. 21st, 1916.

To the Editor of the Courier:—The can be no two opinions that a sufficient supply of pure water is the most important question in the city to-day, and I notice that the supply and its purity has recently been the subject of criticism in the City Council and elsewhere. Alderman Ward's resolution passed by the City Council, appointing officials to investigate and report to the Council on these matters might well have included a report whether all the recent expenditure and changes have been wisely made.

A similar resolution at a meeting of the Commissioners prior to this council meeting, could not get a second, although it asked that investigation be had at no expense to the city. The objection advanced was that it would prejudice the opinion of the Fire Underwriters which is connected with health and possible loss of industrial plants by fire, although later the underwriters water test last week found present supply very satisfactory. Yet the Mayor is reported as favoring Ald. Ward's resolution. Apparently it makes a difference to him where it was introduced. There were no reports at the Commissioners meeting.

It has been a difficult problem during the summer months to provide sufficient water for domestic factory and sprinkling use, largely owing to the channel shifting away from both our river intakes and the low level of the river, often being dry over the dam, and a less supply from the land springs.

Our approximate requirement is three and one-half million gallons daily, one million being taken from the canal, one million from the river—at certain seasons—and the balance from the land springs, which filtered through the ground before reaching the wells, and all chlorinated before reaching the main. The supply from the land springs is situated on the ground surface. When the ground supplies sufficient water alone, you can notice the care wrinkles leave the faces of the secretary and the engineer.

The Waterworks system cost the citizens to January 1st, 1916, about \$300,000, of which we owe in bonds \$475,000. This includes the \$250,000 spent during the last three years to meet Fire Underwriters' demand and obtain lower insurance rates, provides pumping plant, mains and equipment for 40,000 population. All necessary water can now be distributed without further cost. Possibly another year new difficulties may arise with regard to supply and immediate provision should be made for an assured supply, which can be procured in various ways at an outlay of from \$500 or \$1000 per year.

Pending the report of the investigation by the Council Committee, I refrain from suggesting the various methods open, but more water we must have at all seasons. Next in importance is quality, and while the pollution of public water cannot entirely be prevented, it is the duty of every citizen to purify water before drinking it to the consumers. All water supplied now is filtered through the ground to the galleries, and wells. It is found, however, that the matter in the river water which the screen does not remove, has gradually filled up the vacuum in the sand and earth with sediment and slime, which must decrease the strength of the filtration after so many years of use. As is shown by the fact that the sand bottom is no higher than the surface, yet no water comes through. The ground cannot be washed out like a mechanical sand filter. The new booster pump which has lately been installed to force water through the ground to other methods adopted, to increase supply, cause temporary extra expense to install and operate which could be saved if present filtration was supplemented by a mechanical sand filter.

Typhoid fever is practically eliminated in cities where filtration is used, as statistics abundantly prove. This saves both human life and expense. Where any public water supply is known to come from a source in any way liable to be contaminated by sewerage, every caution should be taken to provide the most modern purification system known.

The provincial board of health compel chlorinating through Southern Ontario and our medical health officer advised boiling during the summer months as a precaution. Yet analyses of our water by the Provincial Department does not show any typhoid pollution. A sand filtration plant is unavoidable. It must come. Then why delay. The pollution of the river water increases, and the strength of our ground filtration decreases. If filtration and chlorination ordinary sewerage water is clean, clear and ninety-nine per cent. pure.

This is a most vital question to all residents. The cost is secondary consideration which must be met. Delay does not supply the defect, or assure general health.

I will not burden you with figures of operation and give details, except to state that what is required is a mechanical sand filtering plant that can be washed by diverting the water when such is required by a reverse flow and the dirty water carried out in the waste.

Such a plant would cost near \$125,000 for a population of 25,000. To pay the interest and sinking fund on this amount together with operating and other fixed expense would not be over 20 cents per capita of 25,000 to 50,000 population, as can be proven by statistics. Will any citizen consider that 20 cents a year to provide pure water is not justified, getting the support of the people for the expenditure to increase the pumping capacity and make to distribute increased supply which, when

not and purified would make the system superior to any in Canada and self-supporting at the lowest rate for water of any city.

To install this filter will not increase the rate. We have sinking fund to retire as paid up \$185,000 bonds next year, which would meet all expenditure for filtration plant. The policy of the Commissioners is, that meters will be installed as fast as they can be procured. There will be reduced consumption and reduced operating expense, and the revenue increased with no increase to consumer.

Large cities, although they have temporized and delayed, have eventually had to install them and it would be impossible to name an instance where the people of any city would permit the removal of the plant.

The water commissioners, have been criticized from Dan, to Beersheba, perhaps deservedly, but they have had their own troubles to contend with. Many of the citizens are dissatisfied with existing conditions. The remedy is in their own hands. The placing of a modern filtering plant by your votes if a By-law is offered next January, getting absolutely pure water at a reasonable cost.

Yours respectfully,

A. G. MONTGOMERY.

## One Killed; One Escaped

Stratford, Nov. 22.—The fortunes of war are strikingly revealed in the story of the death in action of Private Michael Walsh and the escape of Private Harry Kinman, both of this city. They volunteered to bring in a wounded comrade from "Man's Land." As they were carrying the man back to the Canadian lines Walsh and Kinman changed ends on the stretcher. A moment later a German shell killed Walsh, while Kinman escaped with slight injuries.

## U.S. FORBIDS THE PUBLICATION

Of Reports of American Officials on the Prison Camps in Germany.

By Courier Leased Wire. London, Nov. 21.—Washington's refusal to permit the publication of reports of American officials on prison camps in Germany was the subject of a question to-day in the House of Commons. Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, replying to the interrogation said he had some reason to believe that while the United States Government objected in principle to the publication of such reports, its consent might be obtained to the publication of individual reports.

A new contingent of 130 Newfoundland seamen has left for England for service in the navy.

### HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your nostrils open right up; the air assures of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, sneezing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.



## To the People of Brantford and Ontario

You can have Cosgraves (regular strength) Pale Ale, Half and Half, XXX Porter (stout) in your home by sending your order by mail to EXPORTERS LIMITED, 503 McGill Building, Montreal.

Fill out the order form below, or write a letter stating kind and quantity wanted. Enclose either post office money order, express order, or cash in registered letter. Three days later your order will be delivered to your door.

No express charges on any orders to be delivered in the city of Toronto.

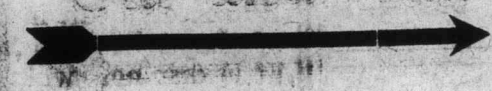
### PRICE LIST:

Case (2 dozen pints) Pale Ale	\$3.00
Case (2 dozen quarts) Pale Ale	\$4.00
Case (2 dozen pints) Half and Half	\$3.00
Case (2 dozen quarts) Half and Half	\$4.00
Case (2 dozen pints) XXX Porter	\$3.00
Case (2 dozen quarts) XXX Porter	\$4.00
Keq (4-gal.) Golden Gate Beer	\$2.50
Keq (4-gal.) Golden Gate Beer	\$4.00
Golden Gate Porter, Pale Ale and Half and Half may also be had in kegs at	\$2.50 and \$4.00

### REFUNDS FOR EMPTY CASES, BOTTLES AND KEGS

The prices quoted in this advertisement include the cost of cases, bottles and kegs—but when our man collects these, you will be paid in cash for them as follows:—  
1 case, 2 dozen pint or quart bottles, \$1.00  
4-gallon kegs, \$1.00; 8-gallon kegs, \$1.50 (with a deduction of 3c. each for any bottles short.  
All Express charges prepaid for delivery east of Lake Huron.

## Fill This Form Out and Mail



"Quick Service Is Our Motto."

### ORDER FORM.

EXPORTERS, LIMITED.  
Send me at once .....  
for which I enclose .....  
Name .....  
Address .....  
Through ..... Carter

**EXPORTERS LIMITED**  
503 MCGILL BUILDING MONTREAL



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AS. BROWN'S and T. J.  
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All candidates  
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