Earn a Farm Library

Special to our Reades: FREE BOOKS

Do you want to increase your library?/ould you like any of these books? Glance or the following titles:—

owing titles;—
Green's Vegetable Gardening.
The Practical Garden Book.
Beautiful Flower Growing.
Evergreens, and How to Grow The
Farm Windbreaks and Sheiter Belts
Landscape Gardening.
Amateur Fruit Growing.
The New Onion Culture.
The New Rhubarb Culture.

The New Rhubarb Culture.

We intend publishing a Special Gardeniumber of The Guide early in February nex in
order to make this number as practil as
possible we want to publish the acturexperiences of farmers in this country which are
made a success jalready of gardening a all
the operations connected therewith. We longnize that ruch experience is valuable, a as
such we offer the complete library meroned
above for the best article received on ea of
the following subjects; for the secondbest
article on each subject we will give any cof
these books, and for the third best article any
three of these books. The subjects ar as
follows:—

SUBJECT No. 1—THE VALUE OF A

All contributions on this subject should on-tain complete instruction as to the mnod which has been followed in making a satisa-tory farm garden. The following outlinevill give some idea of the points which shoul be touched on:—

Size and plan of lay-out. Kind of soil.

Size and plan of lay-out. Kind of soil.

Variety of vegetables which are most uful and suitable for Western conditions.

Amount and kind of ertilizer applied.

Method of preparing the ground for the different crops.

Time and method of sowing each variety.

Distance apart of the rows.

Possibilities of and methods followed in the poduction of home-grown seeds.

This should include the most common yetables grown in the West, such as:— Beans. Beets. Cabbage. Lettuce. Onlons. Parsley. Parsnips.

Peas. Pumpkins. SUBJECT No. 2—EXPERIENCE WITH SMALL FRUITS
This article should deal with all the details which are necessary to ensure successful culvation of some or all of the following:—

Bush Fruits
Gooseberries Strawberries Raspberries Currats

Tree Fruits Cherries Discuss the yield and market price, giving sole idea as to whether any of these crops are profable ones to grow.

SUBJECT No. 3—SPECIAL GARDEN CROPS

Articles on this subject should deal with the growing and marketing of special garden crop, such as:—

Most of these crops require forcing, so that description and, if possible, a plan of a hobed should be included in the article. Discus the yield and market price of each of these crops, and tell whether each crop is a profitable one to grow. We are especially desirous of receiving information in regard to the marketing end of the business. Information bearing of this phase of the subject will go a long way towards determining the best contribution.

SUBJECT No. 4—THE VALUE OF WINDBREAKS

Every garden to be successful should be protected in the West by a windbreak. We want articles explaining how a good windbreak can be grown on the prairle farms. Following are some of the points to be dealt with:—

Preparation of land for windbreaks.
Best position of windbreaks for protection

purposes.
Kind of trees best suited to prairie condi-tions.
Method of planting trees, distance apart, subsequent attention which these trees re-quire, etc.

SUBJECT No. 5-FARMSTEAD PLANNING SUBJECT No. 5—FARMSTEAD PLANNING
The value of a farm is very often judged by
the appearance of the house and buildings. We
want you to tell us what you have done on
your farm towards laying out the grounds attractively. It should include:—
A plan of the homestead.
Kinds of trees planted around, together with
the best time and method of planting them.
Arrangement of flower beds, vines, creepers,
shade trees, etc.
Shruhs, evergreens, etc., used.

TO CONTRIBUTORS

TO CONTRIBUTORS

We want articles from every Province and from all parts of each Province. When writing on any of the subjects, just think that you are telling a neighbor who has had no experience in the matter under discussion just exactly how to be successful along whatever line of work you are describing. For instance, If you are going to describe your gardening experiences, just consider that you are giving instructions to someone who has never made a garden before. Describe the whole subject in detail just as if you were telling the hired man what was to be done. In this way your article will be of real practical value to all who read it. Photographs should accompany the articles if any are available. Write plainly on one side of paper only. All articles must be received by January 15, 1915. The result of the competition will be published in the Secial Number.

n-

g

- AGRICULTURAL EDITOR GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG

The Study Course BIGGER PROFITS Study No. 5

The fifth study in the "Course of Study" booklet, which has been prepared by the Canadian Council of Agriculture for the use of the local asso-

ciations and unions in the three Prairie Provinces, is devoted to the subject, "Bigger Profits: The Economic Situation.

By the way, if there are any local unions or associations who have not secured copies of this "Course Study'' booklet, they should get them at once, as it will afford them great assistance in carrying out the program for their meetings during the winter. Single copies or quantities of these "Course of Study" booklets can be secured from P. P. Woodbridge, Secretary, United Farmers of Alberta, Calgary, Alta.; J. B. Musselman, Secretary, Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, Moose Jaw, Sask., and R. Mc-Kenzie, Secretary, Manitoba Grain Growers' Association, 404 Chambers of Commerce, Winnipeg, Man. Single copies may be secured from the Grain Growers & Guide, Book Department, Winnipeg, at 25 cents each; 5 copies for \$1.00, and 20 copies for \$3.00. The provincial secretaries will probably sell them cheaper.

In previous studies in this course two proposed solutions of the rural problem have been outlined and discussed, namely: the "Better Farming Movement" and "Better Business Co-operation." No progressive farmer in Western Canada today will doubt that the position of the farmers can be greatly improved by better farming, which will give them greater production from the same amount of soil. Neither will any one doubt after the experience of the past, that the farmers' finances can be considerably bettered by organizing with his fellov-farmers for the purchase and sale of the commodities required on the farn and the producted produce on the farn.

Cheaper Credit

But even after agricultural methods have ben reduced to an exact science, and every farmer is educated to produce the most profitable crops in the largest quantities from his farm, and even ater the co-operative organization has incuded every farmer in the country and the cost of what they have to buy he been reduced to a minimum and th price of what they have to sell increased to the maximum, there is still a protem to be worked out. There are a great many agencies which tend to reace the profits of the farmer, some of which operate directly and othersindirectly. In every country in the wild where agriculture has prosperedit has been necessary to provide the vry cheapest possible and the most satisfctory form of credit. In Canada no cort has yet been made in this direcon and it will undoubtedly remainfor the organized farmers themselve to perform the chief labor necessar for the establishment of such a sytem of credit. In order to developthe railways of Canada the public ered of the country has been pledged to to extent of hundreds of millions of dlars in order that the railways migl borrow the money at from 3 to ir cent. In addition to pledging publiced to this enormous amount, ther has been given to the railway organations of Canada in the way of dird, gifts by Canada upwards of \$7500,000, and additional land gras have been given to the rail-wapompanies to the extent of millions andmillions of acres. Undoubtedly railays have been essential to the devopment of Canada, but railways carot prosper without large agricultun development, any more than faners can prosper without satisfactorrailway development. The two go

had in hand. Why Not Farmers Also?

the public credit can be pledged touch an enormous extent and public fuls devoted to the same purpose of th extension of railways, it is reason-

able to assume that extraordinary efforts should be made to assist the agricultural industry to secure cheap credit. One of the greatest handicaps to agri-culture in Western Canada has always been the high cost of money, not only for mortgages but also for short loans from the banks. Mortgage loans in Western Canada at the present time, with the large mortgage companies, run from 8 to 9 per cent., and there are a considerable number of mortgages on western farms bearing interest at 10 per cent. In Eastern Canada these rates are unknown. In Ontario and Eastern Canada farmers are able to secure money by mortgaging their farms at the rate of 6 per cent., and some of them as low as 5½ per cent. In Western Canada farmers are paying from 9 to 10 per cent. interest on money which they borrow from the banks, while in Eastern Canada they are able to borrow from the same banks at 7 per cent. When it is remembered that eastern farmers are much nearer their markets than the western farmers, it can readily be seen that the financial handicap under which the western farmers labor is very serious.

It is not proposed in this study to consider the question of the tariff specifically as another study later on in this course is devoted entirely to the tariff.

Concentration of Wealth

One phase of the economic system which is dealt with in this study outline is that of the concentration of wealth in Canada. Those who have been reading The Guide for a few years will remember that a special issue was published on June 25, 1913, entitled "Who Owns Canada?" In that issue of The Guide it was shown that forty-two men controlled practically \$4,000,000,000 or more than one-third of the total weather of Canada. It is not difficult for the ordinary mind to understand that if this immense wealth is in the control of such a small number of people, then a proportionately less amount of wealth will be controlled by the balance of the population. In proportion to its age and population Canada has produced more millionaires and multi-millionaires than any nation in the world, and is still producing millionaires at a rapid rate. It is impossible to produce a large crop of millionaires without producing at the same time a very large crop of comparatively poor people. One of the problems which the organized farmers must face is to bring about conditions which will ensure a more uniform dis-tribution of the vest amount of wealth annually created in this country.

How Fortunes Are Made

Gustavus Myers, in his remarkable book, "History of Canadian Wealth," shows in detail how the foundation has been laid for most of the great Canadian fortunes. This is the book which should be studied along with this subject. One copy or more should be in the possession of every local association and some member might be selected to read it and prepare an article or an address which would be found most/interesting. The book can be secured from the Book Department of The Grain Growers' Guide for \$1.60. It is only by studying the causes which have created the enormous fortunes of this country that the organized farmers will be in a position to propose and demand the legislation which will bring about the better distribution of wealth. Other books which could be used in connection with the same study are as follows:

Canadian National Economy, by J. J. Harpell, 50c.

People's Banks, by H. W. Rolf, \$2.00. Principles of Rural Economics, by T. N. Carver, \$1,35.

The Rural Life Problem, by Sir Horace Plunkett, \$1.25.

Co-operation Among Farmers, by J. L. Coulter, \$1.10. Agricultural Organization, by E. A.

Pratt, \$1.25. The Country Life Commission, \$1.10.

Co-operation and Nationality, by G. W. Russeil, 35c.

These books may all be procured at the above prices of the Book Depart-ment of The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg. Not all these books are kept in stock, so it is well to allow two weeks for the filling of any order as the books



We guarantee that we can perform any kind of dental work without the least pain, or REFUND YOUR MONEY.

NEW METHOD DENTAL PARLORS

Cor. Portage and Donald

CANADA'S BEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE DENTAL OFFICE

We are buyers of New Laid Eggs, having a large outlet through the best trade in Winnipeg. Cases furnished. Correspondence solicited.

Matthews Blackwell Ltd. Jam's and Louise Ets., Winnipeg

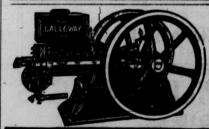
FISH FISH

White Fish Lake Trout and Pickerel

DIRECT FROM THE FISHERMAN TO THE FARMER

Every Farmers' Association should get a Supply. For Prices write to—

Wm. Davis, Box 203, The Pas, Man.



Lots of Power Less Money

Don't Get Fooled