CHRONOLOGICAL ACCOUNT OF THE WAR 385

- July 17.—Bulgaria and the Central Powers agree to a secret treaty.
- July 18.—Austro-German victory at Krasnostav, in the Warsaw salient. Cruiser *Giuseppe Garibaldi* sunk by submarine in the Adriatic.
- July 20.-Germans capture Windau.

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- July 21.-British success at Hooge.
- July 22.—Ivangorod invested by Austro-Germans. President Wilson's third *Lusitania* note.
- July 23.—Italians defeat Austrians on the Carso front; Ortona bombarded by Austrian squadron.
- July 24.—Poltulsk (Poland) captured by Austro-Germans, and passage of Nareff river forced.
- July 25.—Italian occupation of Pelagosa Island, in the Adriatic.
- July 26.—British submarine sinks two Turkish gunboats in the harbour of Constantinople.
- July 28.—Germans force the Vistula between Warsaw and Ivangorod.
- July 29.—Russian line on Lublin-Cholm railway forced.
- July 30.—Germans employ liquid fire in an attack on Hooge.
- July 31.—Lublin captured by Austrian forces. Pope Benedict makes an appeal for peace.
- Aug. 4 .- British note on the blockade published.
- Aug. 5 .- Warsaw occupied by Austro-German forces.
- Aug. 6.—Ivangorod captured by Austro-Germans. Landing of new army at Suvla Bay, Gallipoli.
- Aug. 8.—Heavy fighting in Gallipoli. German armed steamer Meteor blown up after sinking British patrol boat; H. M. auxiliary cruiser India torpedoed and sunk.

Aug. 9 .- British success near Hooge. Turkish bat-