

MARCH

FOOD PRICES IN BRUSSELS NOT AFFECTED BY WAR

Thrifty Belgian Housewives Making Pennies Go Long Wav—Daily Prayer for Son at Front.

By Marie Harrison.
(Special Cable to Daily Telegraph and Montreal Gazette).

Brussels, Aug. 13.—The Belgian women are accepting the war philosophically so far as housekeeping is concerned. Food and vegetables are still extraordinarily cheap and plentiful. I spent an hour this morning chatting with a woman in the open air market in Place St. Catherine. These cheerful, friendly, well-dressed women are not in the least anxious.

"It must be terrible at Liege," one woman remarked as she deftly manipulated for me the little machine that cuts and prepares a French pot pourri in a saucepan, "but here it is not so. The markets are crowded every day. The people are living largely on fruit and vegetables, while the heat lasts, and, as you see, nothing is dear."

She was quite right. I bought a huge, delicious peach for fifteen centimes (3 cents). Ripe pears are twenty centimes (4 cents) each, and tomatoes forty centimes (8 cents) the kilo. They are very tempting. Every stall is piled up with fresh vegetables and fruit at prices which would startle an English housewife.

Living in Brussels is not expensive, even now," my friend continued. "A little meat and plenty of vegetables take one a long way. Lettuce, fruit, eggs in surplus, peas and desert, and, even the very poor can afford such a dinner in Brussels. Poverty and distress, of course, will be extremely acute in the near future, but the Belgian housewife knows how to get much out of little. So long as she has fruit and vegetables at her command, her family will not suffer."

"And now, madame," said the little saleswoman, "I go to St. Catherine's to light candles for my son. He is at the front and every day I pray to Saint Virgile for his safety."

She smiled bravely and a moment later she left her stall and ran into the church across the square to offer up prayers.

EXPECT LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE TO OPEN SOON

Government's Drastic Steps to Restore Credit Bearing Fruit.

(Montreal Gazette Cable.)

London, Aug. 14.—The drastic steps which the government has taken to restore credit are beginning to bear fruit. To great difficulties paralyzing trade have been the virtual suspension of all dealings in stocks and all transactions in bills of exchange. By guaranteeing the Bank of England against loss in discounting bills accepted before August 4, the government enables the bank to put Lombard street in a position to meet commitments and finance trading transactions, including those in food supplies. The serious stock exchange position due to foreign commitments remains, but leading bankers state that there are grounds for belief that the government and the banks will evolve a scheme within the next few days and they expect the stock exchange to re-open in a week or ten days.

Brokers are resuming business outside, consols changed hands today at 79½-4. Trade should soon be normal again, as the stoppage of trade from the continent is expected to be more than compensated for by the increased trade of North and South America and elsewhere overseas. At Germany's expense, owing to the suspension of German commerce and shipping. The railways are contemplating the re-issue of excursion tickets. The Jockey Club will resume racing early next month. It has been stopped since the end of last week.

The Olympic games cannot be held in Berlin in 1916, and it is unlikely that any other capital will fill the gap. It is probable that international sport has suffered an eclipse from which it will not recover for a long time.

DIGBY GENEROUS TO HOSPITAL SHIP FUND

Nearly \$450 Collected in Two Days—One Hundred Digby Men Ready for Service Abroad.

Digby, N. S., Aug. 13.—(Special)—The lady collectors for the hospital ship fund have met with a noble response from the residents of Digby and vicinity. In less than two days they have collected \$447.40.

Major D. C. McKay says that he has 100 Digby men ready for service. Battery Sergeant Nelson Marshall has volunteered for the front, and will go forward with the first Canadian contingent. Everybody in Digby is interested in the war, and hundreds of American tourists in town are in sympathy with Great Britain.

THE ROLL OF HONOR

Wednesday, Aug. 13.
Officers of the 62nd Fusiliers last evening authorized for publication a list of the names of 128 men who had volunteered for foreign service, had been passed by the medical examiner and who will go forward to Quebec to represent the regiment in the Canadian contingent for the European war. At the head of the list were the names of A Company, consisting of twenty-eight young men who were enlisted as "Scottish Infantry" and who were accepted practically in a body. Three officers from the regiment will be selected by the minister of militia to accompany these men and their names will probably be known today, although it is understood Captains Duffield and Sturdee and Lieut. Welsh are likely to go.

Names of the other units were not available last evening, although Lieut. Colonel Armstrong said on behalf of the artillery that the response had been general. Of the war strength battery of 116 now on duty at the island, 60 have volunteered to go.

No definite plans for the next few days are known, although it is rumored that St. John will be the mobilization centre for the province and that drilling will be carried on for a few days here before entraining to Quebec.

The names of the 62nd regiment volunteers are as follows, the ages, addresses and service with other military bodies being given, unless otherwise stated, the men are single.

Hugh Bates, 18, 164 St. James.
John Beckwith, 23, 183 Brussels.
Charles Cullen, 26, 56 Mill.
Andrew Coutts, 29, married, 42 Cameron.
James Coutts, 27, 42 Cameron.
Thomas Christie, 27, 104 Britain.
James Gordon Emslie, 30, Victoria Hotel, three years' service in the Imperial yeomanry, also in the 3rd Victoria Rifles.
James Fraser, 27, 5 Wall, three years in the R. C. A. as gunner.
William Farquharson, 36, Penfield (N.B.), married, seven years' service in the Gordon Highlanders.

Richard Ferrie, 26, 104 Britain, four years 3rd H. L. I.
James Graham, 27, 92 Princess, Dumbarton Mounted Infantry.
Frank Gray, 19, city.
Harry Hanlon, 19, 27 Coburg.
Burton H. Haynes, 19, 36 Autumn.
Charles Lennox, 18, 88 St. George.
T. J. McDonald, 20, 62 Waterloo.
Bruce McKinnon, 24, 154 Rockland Road.

Donald McRae, 35, 197 Union, married, four years in H. L. I.
W. McArthur, 25, 41 Sewell, two years in Upland Highlanders.
George McLaughlin, 27, 10 Hazen.
Thomas Morgan, 23, 157 Rockland Road, married, three years 6th Lancashire Fusiliers.

W. G. C. Simpson, 20, 6 Gilbert.
Charles Twist, 38, St. John East, married, experienced with Royal Engineers.

W. B. Wasson, 18, 17 Horsfield.
Stewart D. Weldon, 23, 43 Duke.
H. D. Finley, 19, city.
Arthur A. Bland, 32, 25 Carleton, three years in 8th Hussars.
Ernest Boyd, 20, 55 Erin.
Fred Hill, 27, 302 Brussels, six years' special reserve King's Liverpool Regiment.

Edward South, 25, 9 Bripdley, married.
Sidney Herbert Atkinson, 33, 114 Broad, married, four years volunteer C. S. R. armored train section.
Gordon Wesley Bone, 18, 417 Market square.
John Daley, 22, 2 Water.

Louis Wilfred Norman, 21, 80 Broad, one year A. M. C.
Clarence Edgar Kenney, 25, 269 Germain, three years R. C. A.
Frederick Herbert Lodge, 16, 68 Union, W. E.
Norman Earle Logan, 23, Riverside (N.B.), three years R. C. R.
Beth McLeod, 35, 127 Victoria, married, 4th Canadian Mounted Rifles, S. A.

Robert F. Manderson, 31, 25 Charles, 12th Field Battery, S. A.
Ellsworth J. Reid, 24, 17 Simonds street, Scotch Cadets.
Frederick H. Rolston, 31, 76 Camden.
Edward T. Speight, 24, 622 Main.

A. W. Whitehead, 42, 22 Paradise Row, six years in London Rifle Brigade, discharged 1906 with color sergeant certificate.
Charles Alfred Gardner, 26, 20 King, W. E.
Gordon Cameron Jones, 18, city.

Harry R. Metcalf, 19, city, two years 67th regiment.
Bernard Murray, 22, 20 King, W. E.
Harold Duplisse, 22, Fairville.
Harry Appleby, 34, 200 Brussels, married, 18 years' experience, six months in 62nd regiment.

William J. Brennan, 30, East St. John, ten years in 62nd regiment.
Charles A. Burlock, 22, Bond's alley, married, two years in 74th regiment.

Charles John, 18, city.
Christopher Clark, 28, 184 Union, married.
Carl Exton, 19, Fairville (N.B.).
Robert Louis Evans, 22, 296 Wentworth, stretcher bearer section.
Norman Gibson, 21, 17 St. Andrews.
John William Gill, 28, 17 St. Andrews.
Byron Price Greer, 18, Westfield Beach (N.B.).
Charles Power, 31, 184 Waterloo, eight years Cornwall Light Infantry, Imperial Reserves.

Robert Hunter, 23, city, eight months special service battalion.
Lowell Lawson, 19, Fairville (N.B.), two years 8th Hussars.
Frank P. Lemhan, 18, 114 Queen.
John Lemhan, 18, 114 Queen.

Howard Mahon, 18, 42 Mill.
Thomas Maxwell, 22, 184 Union, married.
Frederick Allan Medford, 29, 184 Union, married, one year in St. Vincent police.

Cuthbert Mofford, 21, 147 1/2 St. James, St. Vincent Volunteers.
Kenneth Morehouse, 18, 106 Queen.
Harry Murphy, 29, 209 Brussels, married, twelve years in 62nd regiment.

Carl Pederson, 23, Little River (N.B.).
Foster Rhude, 20, 98 Sidney.
Ephraim Snellgrove, 19, 190 Union.
Robert Henry Thacker, 22, 3 Marsh.

Edward Joseph Walsh, 18, 173 Carmarthen.
Robert Webb, 21, 130 Elliott Row, 8th Hussars.
George Wilson, 19, 26 St. Andrews.
Edwin Bailey, 34, Gasperaux (N.B.), thirteen years in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, South Africa, King's and Queen's medals.

D. H. Briggs, 26, 28 Britain, married.
Fred Chisholm, 21, 120 St. Patrick street.
Charles Cunningham, 20, 41 Guilford street, four years in the Signal Engineers.

G. H. Estabrooks, 20, 182 Winslow street, three years signal corps.
Joseph Porter, 32, Chipman (N.B.), five years garrison artillery, Victoria (B. C.).

Rudolph F. McKiel, 31, Fairville (N.B.), seven years 71st regiment.
Peter Murray, 39, 255 Brussels street, married, fourteen years in 62nd regiment.

Joseph P. Mahony, 30, 257 Brussels street, seven years in the 62nd regiment; also in South Africa.
John Neill, 42, 14 Pond street, thirteen years First Battalion Leinster regiment, West Coast of Ashantee, 1895-6; also South Africa; King's and Queen's medals, three bars.

Charles O'Brien, 26, 184 Britain street, three years R. C. A.
John O'Dowd, 24, 14 Pond street.
Herbert Taylor, 25, 173 Erin street.

Carl DeFollett, 30, St. John, three years Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto.
Harry Cameron Earle, 19, 198 Pond street, two years 62nd regiment.

Bernard Gallagher, 19, St. John, two years three months Durham Light Infantry.
Alfred Howard, 30, 162 Britain street, married, three years Sherwood Foresters, three years 28th Dragoons.

Peter Kerley, 31, 93 St. James street, twelve years Leinster regiment.
Hallfax, N. S., Aug. 10.—President Harris, of the Nova Scotia Steel Company, announced tonight that as a result of the unprecedented financial situation created by the war, it has been decided to close down a portion of the plant. Work at the Wabana Iron Mines, and the blast and open hearth furnaces at Sydney Mines has been temporarily stopped.

Scenes In Belgrade Where Occurred First Fighting of Greatest War



THE ROYAL PALACE AT BELGRADE. THIS IS WHERE KING PETER AND REGENT ALEXANDER LIVE. VIEW OF THE WATER FRONT OF BELGRADE, FACING THE DANUBE. ACROSS THE RIVER IS AUSTRIA.



THE PRINCIPAL SQUARE IN BELGRADE. MONUMENT IS THAT OF THE FAMOUS NATIONAL HERO, MICHAEL. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS STREET OF BELGRADE, THE RUE PRINCE MICHAEL.

Joseph Henry Meehan, 28, 27 Britain street, married, seven years 3rd Middlesex regiment, four years 62nd, also South Africa.
Ernest McCollum, 19, 128 Erin street, two years 62nd regiment.
William Vernon Twaites, 33, 20 Queen street, married, five years 4th Battalion Norfolk regiment.
William Tume, 29, 93 St. James street, married, R. W. Kent, eight years.
Joseph Addison, 33, 28 1/2 Waterloo street, married, fifteen years 62nd regiment first Canadian contingent South Africa.

William Alexander Allwood, 25, 34 Britain street.
John Bernard McFadden, 25, 16 Erin street.
Hypolite Bonaise, 38, married, one year R. C. R.
Silas Bourque, 20, Amherst (N.S.).
Hector Cameron, 18, Lepreaux (N.B.), one year Brighton Engineers.

Samuel Charles Tippet, 28, 76 Main street, Fairville.
Walter Coughlan, 28, 1 St. David street.
George David Gripps, 34, 119 Market Place, West End, married.
James Frederick Edwards, 18, 1 White street.
Joseph Elliot, 26, 76 Sewall street, born in Belgrade, Serbia, naturalized British subject.

Charles David Fisher, 19, 68 Wall street.
Edward Gibbs, 25, steamship St. George.
Harry Haasip, 22, Belyea's Point (N.B.), Territorials.
George William McVane, 19, 289 Carmarthen street.
Harold McCaw, 33, 48 Victoria street, married.
John David Marx, 19, 66 Brussels street.
Thomas Maxwell McKee, 18, city.

A. O'Brien, 24, city.
Porter Gardner, 26, 51 Sewall street, seven years 62nd regiment.
Herman Ryan, 20, 106 1/2 Sydney street.
Chealey R. Teit, 21, 53 Simonds street.
Bartholomew Smith, 29, 20 Queen street, 17th Lancers, five years in India, three years in England.

Louis Sharkey, 19, 280 Erin street.
Thomas James Smith, 25, 48 Clarence street.
Frank Edward Toher, 21, city.
John Whitehouse, 18, 193 Waterloo street.
John William Graham, 23, 93 St. James street.
Douglas V. Griggs, 23, Redcay, four and a half years in 5th Buffs, two years 62nd regiment.

Archie Watling, 21, 76 St. John street, West End.

The Soldier's Dream

Our bugles sang true for the night-watch had lowered,
And the sentinel stars kept their watch in the sky;
And thousands had sunk on the ground overpowered,
The weary to sleep, and the wounded to die.

When reposing that night on my pallet of straw,
By the wolf-scaring faggot that guarded the slain,
At the dead of the night a sweet vision I saw,
And thrice ere the morning I saw it again.

Methought from the battle-field's dreadful array,
Far, far I had roamed on a desolate track,
Twice autumn and sunshine arose on the way,
To the home of my fathers that welcomed me back.

I flew to the pleasant fields traversed so oft
In life's morning march, when my bosom was young,
I heard my own mountain-goats bleating aloft,
And knew the sweet strain that the corn-reapers sung.

Then pledged me the wine-cup, and fondly I swore,
From my home and my weeping friends never to part,
My little ones kissed me a thousand times o'er,
And my wife sobbed aloud in her fulness of heart.

Stay, stay with us—rest, thou art weary and worn;
And faint was their war-broken soldier to stay—
But sorrow returned with the dawning of morn,
And the voice in my dreaming ear melted away.

—Thomas Campbell.

SHORT SESSION OF PARLIAMENT

Belief That a Fortnight Will Be Sufficient to Transact Business—From \$50,000,000 to \$75,000,000 Likely to Be Voted for War Purposes—Report That Sir Wilfrid Laurier Will Second Premier Borden's Motion in Reply to Speech from the Throne.

Ottawa, Aug. 11.—The impression prevails here that the emergency session called for Aug. 18, will be over on Sept. 1. It is stated that there will be but two bills, the first will authorize the appropriation of a sum variously estimated at from \$50,000,000 to \$75,000,000 to cover the expenses of mobilization, coast defence, provisions, etc., together with the gift of \$8,000,000 worth of flour which Canada has contracted for to send to England. The second bill will be a measure ratifying all actions so far taken by the government and giving power to the governor-in-council to take whatever further action is considered necessary.

There will be no social function connected with the opening. It is rumored here that the speech from the throne will be moved by Sir Robert Borden and seconded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Unless the session lasts more than a month, which is altogether unlikely, members will not receive the full indemnity, but will be awarded merely the usual daily allowance, probably amounting to \$20 per day.

Col. Hughes declares that no married man will be allowed to leave for the front without the consent of his wife.

Portable incinerators on battle field—ashes sent home to Germany.

Portable incinerators, to be used for the cremation of the dead on the battlefield, are to be used by the German army in the present war, according to advice just received by Dr. Hugo Erichsen, of Detroit, president of the Cremation Society of America, it became known in this city yesterday.

Cremation as practised in the conflict of the past is the least of the crudest possible description," said Dr. Erichsen. "The general staff of the German army, however, has adopted a portable cremator that will be used on the battlefield and is capable of incinerating twenty bodies an hour. The ashes, whenever possible, will be returned to Germany for burial."

Paris estimates there were 5,000 German ships on high seas when England declared war on Germany.

MR. CARVELL AND ATTY.-GEN. CLARKE

Letter from Mr. Clarke Brings Sharp Rejoinder from Leading Counsel for Mr. Dugal.

NO ESCAPE, SAYS CARVELL

Government Must Not Try to Escape Its Responsibility by Quibbling—Attorney-General's Letter and Mr. Carvell's Reply.

Wednesday, Aug. 13.
The Telegraph yesterday received the following letter from Attorney-General Clarke:

Attorney-General New Brunswick, Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 8, 1914. To the Editor of The Telegraph. Sir—In the Saturday issue of your paper, Mr. Carvell is reported as saying: "The government of the province could get the books (meaning the New York books of the St. John & Quebec Railway Company) if they did their duty. The government now owned a majority of the company's stock and the people are entitled to a strict account."

Will you permit me to say that Mr. Carvell could have used these words only under an entire misapprehension of the fact. The government has never owned, and does not now own, any portion of the stock of the St. John & Quebec Railway Company.

Knowing Mr. Carvell's deep sense of honor, I am sure he will accept the first opportunity to retract the statement.

Yours sincerely,
GEORGE J. CLARKE.

Mr. Carvell's Reply.
F. B. Carvell, K. C., M. P., to whom the substance of Mr. Clarke's letter was communicated by The Telegraph, promptly took up the Attorney-General's challenge. Instead of retracting Mr. Carvell strongly reaffirmed, "I direct Mr. Clarke's attention, and the public's," Mr. Carvell said, to the words of the act passed last session guaranteeing the additional \$2,000,000 of bonds.

The section referred to by Mr. Carvell is as follows:
"George V., 1914.—An act providing further aid for the construction of a line of railway along the valley of the Saint John River—C. 10, S. 12."

"Before any of the bonds authorized by the Act are guaranteed for the St. John & Quebec Railway Company, fifty-one per cent. (51 p. c.) of the authorized capital stock of the said company shall be assigned to and vested in His Majesty, for and on behalf of the Province, as fully paid up and non-assessable stock, and the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may, from time to time, appoint two of the Board of Directors of said company, one of which Directors so appointed need be a shareholder in such company."

"The act speaks for itself," said Mr. Carvell. "The government cannot take refuge behind any statement like Mr. Clarke's. It cannot escape by any such back-door method as that. I reaffirm my statement in its entirety. If the government hasn't the stock it is due to its own negligence, or to the fact that they can settle that between them."

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