## steat Bargain Opportunities for Money - Saving People. LADIES' JACKETS

steal Half Price and many less than Half Price to Clear

Cons. ACK CHEVIOT JACKETS, sizes 32, 34 and 36 at \$1.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$6.00.

Cers XED TWEED JACKETS, unlined, sizes 32, 34 and 36, at \$2 00 each. Some in A Message at Halifax. Insteach lot were as high as \$8.00.

for c. XED TWEED JACKETS, satin lining, at \$3.00 each. Some in the lot were as

by JAVY BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, unlined, at \$3.50 each. Some in the lot as were as high as \$9.90.

BLACK BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, same price.

NAVY CURL CLOTH JACKETS, silk lined, at \$4.00 each. Some in the lot were

as high as \$8.00.
6 DARK GREEN BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, unlined, at \$4.00 each. the lot were as high as \$8,00.

2 BLACK BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, last year's, very long, size 32, \$2.00 each. One was \$12.00, the other \$16.00.

If parcel to be sent by mail add 50c. for each Jacket.

## DOWLING BROS., 95 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B

of Stanley the pleasant duties devolves upon us of extending to you our cordial

It is a source of pride to us to feel that

Stanley has been represented in that awful struggle which has proved such a powerful factor in the unification of the world's greatest empire and by the mani-

our safe return to our midst after v

velcome and hearty congratulati

pent in South Africa.

ositions in the store.

Wm. McMullen, of the first Canadian

n South Africa four more Canadian

We are yours,
Most faithfully and, sincerely
B. McMENNAMIN,
C. N. MERRILL,

In behalf of the residents of Stanley.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1900, Stanley, York Co., N. B.

More Canadian Soldiers Wel- came seated the following address was comed.

Duncan Robertson, home from the war, was heartily greeted at the depot yesterday. There was a big crowd of friends Mayor Daniel called for three cheers and these were given with a will. Then the world's greatest empire and by the manifested potentiality of that empire in arms under the direction of Field Marshal Lord Robert afforded a salutary object lesson to the nations of Europe as evidenced in the quieting influence upon them. We are proud to feel in our successful struggle for supremacy in South Africa you were with equal credit numbered among those of our Canadian soldiers who by their courage, endurance, adabtability to circumstances and soldierly conduct have won such bright encomiums from the generals on the field and the returned soldier was greeted by his uncle returned soldier was greeted by his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Struan Robertson, and then the Neptune Rowing Club boys took charge of him. They would not let him touch ground until he stepped on the sidewalk in front of his home, for they carried him to a barouche outside the depot. In this were Mayor Daniel, Colonel McLean and Mr. Struan Robertson. Flags and hunting were displayed in abundance and bunting were displayed in abundance on the buildings on the route to Private Robertson's home in Germain street, where Mrs. Robertson awaited her son's arrival. The crowd which gathered heartily cheered him as he entered the house. Mr. Robertson had been expected home Tuesday but he had left the train at Campbellton to see his sister, Mrs. John Montgomery. Prominent among the build-ings decorated in honor of his return was that of Messrs. Merritt Bros. & Co., where he had a responsible and lucrative posi-tion which he gave up to go to the war. Private Robertson looks well indeed, and

St. John had as guests last night two more returned soldiers from the South African battle fields. They came in from Quebec on the C. P. R. express at 5.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were met by some friends who had gone to the station on expectation that they might arrive and also by Mayor Daniel, Lieut. Col. McLean and others. The returned soldiers were Findlay McDonald of Pictou county, Nova Scotia, and Ernest Flewelling of Kingston, Kings county, N. B. Both are R. R. C. I. men and go to Fredericton this morning to report. Then Fredericton this morning to report. Then they expect furloughs and will leave Fred-

Private McDonald told a Telegraph re-Private McDonald told a Telegraph reporter that he had not been able to get into any of the battles, because entric fever and rheumatism got the best of him early in the Canadians' campaign and he was laid up in hospital in South Africa. Then he was invalided to England where he has been in Netley Hospital. He was as thin as a rake, he said, under the combined attack of these cheerful visitors, but has recuperated finely and is hearty and bronzed now.

Private Flewelling was through Paardeberg, Poplar Grove and other battles and

berg, Poplar Grove and other battles and came through them unwounded, only to be laid up with enteric fever. He spent over a month in hospital in South Africa and then was sent to England. He did not have to go into hospital there. Like his comrade, Mr. Flewelling, he looks strong and hearty. Both men seemed glad to be on New Brunswick soil again. On the way here they had to pass through Sussex and were taken from the train and made guests of the Exhibition Association there at the fair. Arrived in St. John, Mayor Daniel looked after the men, locating them comfortably in the Grand Umon Hotel for last night. They will leave on this morning's early train for Frederic-

yesterday was Mr. Clarence Flewelling who keeps a grocery store in Brussels street. He is a brother of the returned Paardeberger and said that the people of Kingston, Kings county, are arranging a big reception to the returned soldier when he reaches there. This, it is expected will be Monday next. It was thought to have only a home reception, but the en-thusiasm could not be bounded by that and so the Kingston public hall has been hired, bands have been engaged by the people and a big time will be had, probably Monday evening. As many of the returned soldiers as possible will be there and among them will probably be Lieut. Weldon McLean, who has signified his pleasure in ac-

Stanley, N. B., Sept. 28.—Corp. Jas Pringle and Pte. Fred G. Walker of "G" company, 1st Canadian contingent, arrived home at 5 p. m. today by the C. E. Railway from South Africa. They were met at the station by the members of No. 3 company, 71st York regiment, with apt. John E. Samson and Lieut. S. nuglas in command and by the entire lige of the Sons of Scotland and a large where of citizans including Company. mber of citizens, including Councillor rrill, Dr. Moore, Major Howe, Dr. inwright, Dr. Sterling, Harry Turn-Robert Ashford, etc., and the 71st ntal Band. As the returned her ped from the cars they were cheered greeted enthusiastically and a fe

during the morning brought in great crowds to welcome the colonel. He was net at the depot by the 45th battal with contingents from neighboring towns and villages and escorted amid a surging and cheering throng to Market Square, where an address of welcome was read by briefly. A parade was held in the afternoon, headed by the 45th and local bands.

Halifax, Oct. 3—(Special)—The transport Idaho, with the first Canadian contingent on board, now en route to Canada, will reach Halifax on the 25th of Oct. as the following correspondence will show. the cable message sent yesterday by Lord Strathcona. The authorities will now have matter of a reception:
"H. M. Dockyard, Oct. 3.

"Dear Mr. Mayor,—I beg to enclose you a copy of a telegram received from the transport officer at Cape Town.

"Yours very truly, ned) "C. W. TAYLOR, "Transport officer, Cape Town, to Transport officer, Halifax,—Idaho sailed St. Helena, St. Vincent, due Halifax 25 Oct. Has Canadian officers 18, men 410." To Corporal James Pringle and Private At Halifax in Three Weeks. On behalf of the residents of the parish

Ottawa, Oct. 3—(Special)—A cable from Lieut. Col. Biggar, dated Cape Town, October 2, states that the returning portion of the first contingent sailed by the Idaho and will be due at Halifax about the 25th October. The following officers accompany the troops:
Majors Pelletier and Wilson, Captains

Rogers, Stairs, Barker, Fraser, Fullerton; Lieutenants Marshall, Stewart, Laurie, Leduc, Pelletier, Jones, MacDonald, Kaye, Oleand and Winter. "A" and "B" com-Lieut. Col. Biggar also states that No. 7655, Private R. Lacouteur was killed en route. Private Lacouteur was of "E" Com-

pany, Montreal.

Lieut. MacDonald is John A. MacDonald, of 82nd, Charlottetown, who went out later and joined the first contingent.

Sweigard Charged With Discriminating

ly conduct have won such bright encomi-ums from the generals on the field and the praise and admiration of the world.

In the first place we had to admire that spirit of true patriotism and devo-tion to sovereign which led you and so many others from England's colonies to ig-nore the rights of military rank in order to offer your services and your lives in de-fence of your country in hand to hand lighting in the lowest ranks against a Against Union Employes. Philadelphia, Oct. 3.—It was learned here today that on Monday last a United States warrant was issued for the arrest that spirit of true patriotism and devotion to sovereign which led you and so many others from England's colonies to ignore the rights of military rank in order to offer your services and your lives in defence of your country in hand to hand fighting in the lowest ranks against a willy and treacherous enemy. Ever since your first departure we have watched anxiously and prayerfuly the course of events in which you have been engaged and in doing so assure you that you were and in doing so assure you that you were seldom absent from our thoughts and often we had so good grounds to fear that you might never return to us. We that you might never return to us. We feel that in you we have been most worthilly represented. Especially when we think of the endurance you displayed in the Kimberly march and that unflinching courage shown in the trenches before Paardeberg. While expressing our happiness and thankfulness upon your safe home coming we cannot forbear expressing our sympathy for those who will never be permitted to welcome home again their friends, their relations, their loved ones, those noble comrades of yours from our

those noble comrades of yours from our air Dominion who less fortunate than yourselves fell in the active service of the eld. Hoping that the career of all your uture years in whatever course your call ng leads you, may prove as successful nd creditable to you as the year just

Dominion Supreme Court.

Ottawa, Oct. 3-(Special)-The October session of the Supreme court opened to-day. The chief justice being unwell, Mr. Justice Taschereau presided and Judge King formed one of the five judges neces-sary to constitute a quorum. His Lord-ship returns from England almost entire-The Merrill family then favored the gathering with instrumental music and Miss Gertrude Malone sang in her most charming manner Your God, Country and Mother, and as an encore Break the News to Mother.

Messrs. Pringle and Walker were then

At this session of the court the Quebec entertained at luncheon at the Aberdeen and at the conclusion of the luncheon a grand display of fireworks was exhibited. appeals are first heard and the case of Brigham vs. the Queen, the first on the list, was argued and judgment reserved.

The appellant Brigham owns a franchis Corporal Pringle and Private Walker were the two first York county men to for a ferry across the Ottawa river, be-tween this city and Hull, and sues the enlist. Corporal Pringle was sergeant major of the 71st York regiment and therefore held the highest rank in the militia in this county that went to South Dominion government for interference therewith by authorizing the Street Railway Company to cross the Suspension bridge into Hull, and chartering the In-Africa. He enlisted as a private and through his conduct and skill he was appointed to the rank of corporal. Both Messrs. Pringle and Walker were clerks in the large establishment of the estate of A. Douglas and when the chance came the state of the st they cheerfully gave up their positions and took up arms for their Queen and coun-try. They both will be given their former

Shafner-Mills.

Annapolis, N. S., Oct. 3-A fashionable contingent, was expected home this week. A telegram to his people at Salisbury yesterday brought the answer that they had no word of his arrival as yet. Ottawa, Oct. 1-From the field of battle

eroes returned here today. They were number of invited guests.

After the ceremony and luncheon at the home of the bride's father, the happy

A race between the Corporal Harry Moodie, of Ottawa; Corporal Ferguson, of Edmonton; Pte. G. Hutchings, of Vancouver, B. C., and Pte. couple left by train on a wedding tour, which will include Boston, New York and other cities.

The bride was the recipient of many

T. G. Wallace, of Toronto, the last named being a son of Hon. Clarke Wallace, M. P. As not many knew they were coming there were very few at the depot. Corp. Harry Moodie is a son of Robert Moodie, useful and costly presents, evidencing the esteem in which she is held. Flags were suspended across the principal streets in Ottawa.
Pte. T. G. Wallace, of Toronto, was with the first Canadian contingent through all its engagements until a point beyond Bloemfontein was reached. There he be-

Andrew McAfee.

heard of with much regret by his many friends and acquaintances throughout New such interest.

THE GRANDEST LIFE. | tal muscle and scorbutic symptoms received a right royal welcome. The town was decorated with flags and bunting and all the in-coming trains and boats

> Philadelphia, Oct. 2-The British steam ship Eagle Point, Capt. Hewison, from Captain Allen and crew and other survivors of the British steamship Biela, which was sunk by the Eagle Point yes

at Sea.

Captain Hewison reports that while moving at modernite speed off Nantucket shoal during a dense fog at 1 yesterday morning his ship ran down and sank the Biela, which left New York on September 30 for Manchester, Eng.

The Biela carried a crew of 30 men, and Washington, Sept. 30 .- In his discourse Dr. Talmage points to fields

in addition had on board eight cattlemen something to work upon regarding the matter of a reception:

and also two company employes who were returning to England. One of the latter was a woman, Mrs. Rose Anderson. All on board the Biela except the watch were asleep when the collision occurred, bunks by the shock. All hands were called on deck and preparations were quickly made to lower the boats.

While this was being done some of the crew placed Mrs. Anderson, the only woman on board, in a water cask and threw the cask overboard. When the eask struck the water Mrs. Anderson was thrown into the sca, but she managed to grasp the cask, and kept herself affoat until the sinking vessel's boat, by this time launched, came to her rescue. She was drawn in and safely placed on the deck of the Eagle Point, which, after the collision, had backed away and stood by to render all possible assistance.

All of the crew of the Biela were trans-

Point, uninjured, and brought to this city, where they were turned over to the The Eagle Point crashed into the Biela idships and almost cut her in twam. Immediately after the collision the Biela began to settle, and in about 20 minutes

poilers exploded, and shortly afterwards The bows of the Eagle Point were stove in, but water-tight compartment bulkheads prevented the sea from reaching the hold, and her cargo is uninjured. Both vessels carried general miscellane

in Atlantic City. Later Mr. Sweigard's about by fearful seas for 10 days. The attorney called upon United States Commissioner Bell and accepted service of the warrant. The attorney stated to the commissioner that Mr. Sweigard would appear before him on Monday next and commissioner converges and and accept service personally.

Another Notice.

Shenandouh, Pa., Oct. 3—The only important development in the strike situation in this district today was the posting of notices by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, announcing a net increase of 10 per cent. in wages and a willingness to hear the grievances of its employes.

son, and Seaman Edward Castellani, J. V. Ferrara, Marreo Grego, Frank Brown, Patrick Kelly, James Maloney. Thomas Kelly, Henry Louseth and Otto Mitchell. One member of the crew, John Graham, a native of Glasgow, aged 21, was lost overboard on the morning of September 18, by falling from a loft, where he had been sent to furl the upper maintopsail.

Capt. Cook states that the Ellerslie left Ship Island. Mississippi, August 18, with nearly a million feet of pine lumber for Ship Island, Mississippi, August 18, with nearly a million feet of pine lumber for In less that five minutes after the company's proposal had been placarded, a tember 3, after which a succession of gales warning to the mine workers was circulated, a lated calling on the strikers to pay no attention to the company's offer, but to wait for the decision of the mine workers' miles an hour at times, the vessel rolling man's foundation. convention. There are no indications of trouble in the Panther Creek Valley.

whice.

The sufferings of the men was intense through lack of fresh water, the supply having become exhausted. After the masts went by the board the vessel was relieved somewhat and the gale moderated soon afterwards. The crew set to work clearwith which to condense the salt water. About eight gallons of sea water were

attract the attention of passing vessels. Finally on the 20th, at 2 p. h., Captain Cook saw a faint streak of smoke far away to the eastward. The stump of the mainmast was now utilized for distress flags, and not only the British jack, but a bunch of the International code signals was nailed to it to catch the eye of the on-coming steamer. The latter proved to be the Amana. Java, for Boston, and was soon within hailing distance. Two boats were speedily lowered away, the first in charge of Second Officer Rowlands, and manned by four men and the other in charge of Third Officer Evans with two men. Although the gale had moderated a mountainous sea was running and the two wedding took place this morning at the residence of the bride's father, Granville Ferry, when May, only daughter of Mr. A'bert Mills, merchant of this town, and of lines the men were lowered from this Mr. Charles Shafner, of the firm of Shaf- part of the wreck. The return to the

ner & Piggott, merchants of Bridgetown, were united. The bride was very becomingly attired in a costume of grey cloth ed vessel were loud in their praise of the and looked charming. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Howard H. Roach, of the Baptist church, in the presence of a number of invited guests.

et desse were loud in their prase of the conduct of the officers and crew of the steamer. The wrecked ship was built in St. John, N. B., in 1872; she registered 1287 tons net and 1389 tons gross.

A race between the freight steamer El Sud, of the Morgan line, and the passenger steamer Comus, of the Cromwell line, both of which left New York about the same time Saturday afternoon, September 29, for New Orleans, was reported by

Andrew McAfee.

Sussex, N. B., Oct. 3—(Special)—Waterford is in mourning today on account of
the death which occurred there this
morning of Andrew McAfee, merchant,
ene of its oldest and most respected citione of its cldest and most respected citi-zens. The deceased, who was 68 years of El Sud went into commission in July.

age, is survived by a wife and one daughter, Mrs. A. M. Smithers. The funeral will take place on Friday morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. MoAfee, in politics, was an ed into auxiliary cruisers. The Comus went ardent Liberal and a man of great ininto commission in May last. As this is
fluence in the parish in which he for so
many years resided. His death will be
between any of the new steamers, the re-

THAT WHICH IS DICTATED BY UN-

SELFISH USEFULNESS TO MAN.

ST. PAUL LOVED SUCH A LIFE.

tian Workers For Being Guilty of the Cuckoo Act and For Being Willing to Reap That Which They Have Not So

of usefulness that are not yet thorcultivated and shows the need of more activity. The text is upon another man's foundation. In laying out the plan of his missionary tour Paul sought out towns cities which had not yet been preached to. He goes to Corinth, a city famous for splendor and vice, and Jerusalem, where the priesthood and the sanhedrin were ready to leap with both feet upon the Christian religion. He feels he has especit. What was the result? The grandest life of usefulness that a man ever lived. We modern Christian workers are not apt to imitate Paul. build on other people's foundations. If we erect a church, we prefer to whom have been pious. Do we gathgood boys and girls, hair combed, faces washed, manners attractive. So a church in this day is apt to be built out of other churches. ministers spend all their time in fish ing in other people's ponds, and they throw the line into that church pond, and they jerk out a Methodist and throw the line into another church pond and bring out a Pres byterian, or there is a religious row whole school of fish swim off from that pond, and we take them all in with one sweep of the net. What is gained? Absolutely nothing for the cause of Christ. What strengthens an army is new recruits. While courteous to those coming from other flocks, we should build our churches not out of other churches, but out

of want and woe and sin that no to figures can calculate. This one spiritual continent of wretchedness reaches across all zones, and if I were called to give its geographical-boundary I would say it was bounded on the north and south and east and west by the great heart of God's sympathy and love. Oh, it is a great world! Since 6 o'clock this morning 60,800 persons have been born, and all these multiplied populations are to be reached by the gospel. In England or in our east-American cities we are being much crowded, and an acre of ground is of much value, but in western America 500 acres is a small farm and 20,000 acres is no unusual possession. There is a vast field here man's foundation.

We need as churches to stop bom

have been proof against 30 years of Christian assault. Alas for that church which lacks the spirit of evangelism, spending on one chandelier enough to light 500 souls to glory, and in one carved pillar en-ough to have made a thousand men "pillars in the house of our God forever" and doing less good than About eight gallons of sea water were given thus condensed and the crew were given small drinks of this diluted with lime sockets and a minister who has never seen a college and does not know of the condense of the condens being made the toy of the waves, the crew endeavoring by means of signals to attract the attention of the same of signals to get into sympathy. outside world and let them know that none are so broken hearted or hardly bestead that they will not be welcomed. "No!" says some fastidious Christian. "I don't like to be crowded in church. Don't put

any one in my pew."

My brother, what will you do in heaven? When a great multitude that no man can number assembles they will put 50 in your pew. What are the select few to-day assembled in the Christian churches compared with the mightier millions outside of them? Many of the churches are like a hospital that should advertise that its patients must have nothing worse than toothache or "runrounds," but no broken heads, no crushed ankles, no fractured thighs. Give us for treatment moderate sinners, velvet coated sinners and sinners with a gloss on. It is as though a man had a farm of 3,000 acres and put all his work on one acre. He may raise never so large ears of corn, nev er so big heads of wheat, he would remain poor. The church of God has bestowed its chief care on the acre and has raised splendid men and women in that small inclosure, but the field is the world.

There are multitudes to-day who er look them in the eye and with earnestness in the accentuation say "Come," or they would long ago have been in the kingdom. My suspended across the principal streets in town and the shipping in port was gaily decorated with bunting in honor of the event.

Andrew McAfee.

Capt Quick said he passed the steamers at 1 p. m., fifty-eight miles north of Cape Hatteras Lightship. They were abreast and going at great speed. Both the disband our churches and the capture of the principal streets in the kingdom. My friends, religion is either a sham or a great reality. If it be a sham, let us disband our churches and the capture of reality, then great populations are on the way to the bar of God un-fitted for the ordeal. And what are

In order to reach the multitude of outsiders we must drop all technicalities out of our religion. we talk to people about the hypostatic union and French encyclope tatic union and French encyclop dianism and Erastinianism and Con plutensianism, we are impolitic and as little understood as if a physician should talk to an ordinary patient about the pericardium and intercos-

Mr. John H. Erb, of San Antonio, Texas, brother of Mr. George Erb, of Brussels street, is here on a visit to his home, Erb Settlement, Kings county.

Mrs. Lawlor, of Main street, has received word of the burial of her little niece, Ethel May Lawlor, at Lowell, Mass., on Saturday last. The child was a daughter of David W. Lawlor, a native of St. John.

gical seminaries so loaded up that we take the first ten years to show the next ten years to get our people to know as much as we know, and at the end find that neither of us knows anything as we ought to that children learn to utter is gener-know. Here are hundreds of thousands of sinning, struggling and dying people who need to realize just one thing—that Jesus Christ came to save them and will save one hour. them now. But we got into a pro-found and elaborate definition of

what justification is, and after all the work there are not, outside of the learned professions, 10,000 people who can tell what justification is. I will read you the definitions: "Justification is purely a forensic act, the act of a judge sitting in the forum. in which the Supreme Ruler and Judge, who is accountable to none and who knows the manner in which the ends of his universal government."

When you the definitions: when you have a ladded with which the help her down, rather than turn your back scoffingly on a sceptic, whose soul is in more peril than the bodies of those other endangered ones can be. Oh, skepticism is a dark land. There are Romans xv, 20, "Lest I should build and Judge, who is accountable to which the ends of his universal government can best be obtained, reckons that which was done by the substitute in the same manner as if it in the substitute and, purely on account of this gracious method of reckoning, grants them the full re-mission of their sins." Now, what is justification? I will tell you what justification is—when a sinner be-

Comparatively little effort as vet has been made to save that large class of persons in our midst called skepeics, and he who goes to work here will not be building upon another man's foundation. There is a large number of them. They are afraid of us and our churches for the them. One of this class met Christ. And hear with what tenderness and pathos and beauty and success Christ dealt with him: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart and with all thy soul and with all thy mind and with all thy strength. This is the first and great commandment, and the second is like unto it bor as thyself. There is none other mmandment greater than these. And the scribe said to him. "Well. master, thou hast said the truth, for there is one God, and to love him with all the heart and all the all the strength is more than whole when Jesus, saw that he answered discreetly he said unto him, "Thou

take him with the pinchers of ecclesiasticism. Others were tripped up to skepticism from being grievously wronged by some man who professed to be a Christian. They had a partner in business who, turned out to be a first class scoundrel, though a professed Christian. Many years ago they lost all faith by what happened in an oil company which was formed amid the petroleum excitement. The company owned no land, or if they did there was no sign of oil produced; but the president of the company was a Presbyterian elder, an vestryman, and one director was a Methodist class leader, and the other directors prominent members of Baptist and Congregational churches. Circulars were gotten out telling what fabulous prospects opened before this company. Innocent men and women who had a little money to invest, and that little their all, said, "I do not know anything about this company, but so many good men are at the head of it that it must be excellent, and taking stock in it must be almost as good as joining the church." So they bought the stock and perhaps received one dividend so as to keep them still, but af-ter a while they found that the company had reorganized and had a dif-ferent president and different treasurer and different directors. Other engagements or ill health had caused with many regrets, to resign. And all that the subscribers of that all that the subscribers of that stock had to show for their investment was a beautifully ornamented certificate. Sometimes that man, looking over his old papers, comes across that certificate, and it is so suggestive that he vows he wants none of the religion that the presi-

dent and trustees and directors of that oil company professed. Of course, their rejection of religion on such grounds was unphiloso-phical and unwise. I am told that many of the United States army desert every year, and there are many court martials every year. Is that anything against the United States Government that swore them in?
And if a soldier of Christ deserts, is that anything against the Christianity which he swore to support and defend? How do you judge of the currency of the country? By a countience with those who have been Live in the presence of others a frank, honest, earnest Christian life, that they may be attracted to the same Saviour upon whom your hopes

Remember. Scepticism always has some reason, good or bad, for existing. Goethe's irreligion started when the news came to Germany of the earthquake at Lisbon, Nov. 1, 1775. That 60,000 people should have perished in that earthquake and in the after rising of the Tagus river so stirred his sympathies that he threw up his belief in the goodness of God. Others have gone into scepticisms from a natural persistence in asking the reason why. They have been fear-fully stabbed of the fatal interrogation point. There are so many things they cannot get explained. They cannot understand the Trinity or how God can be soveriegn and yet a good God should let sin come into Why was that child started in life have all physical and mental equipment?" I cannot tell. They go out

Mrs. Jane McFarlane, St. Marys, and Messrs. James S. Neill, E. B. Win-low, A. E. Tweedale and Frank I. Morrison, all of Fredericton, apply for incorporation as "The McFarlane, Neill Manufactuning Co., Ltd." to carry on the business of the late Mr. Walter McFarlane at St. Marys.

The capital stock is to be \$100,000.

to church on Easter morning and say, "That doctrine of the re tion confounded me." me a mystery beyond unravely understand all the processes by which men get into the dark. I know them all. I have traveled with burning feet that blistered way. The first ally papa or mamma. I think the first word I ever uttered was "Why?" I know what it is to have a hundred

but helped. Turn your back upon a drowning man when you have the rope with which to pull him ashore, story of a house perish in the flames men who would give a thousand worlds, if they possessed them, to get back to the placid faith of their fathers and mothers, and it is our place to help them, and we may help them never through their heads, but always through their hearts,

If I address such men and women to-day, I throw out no scoff. I implead them by the memory of the good old days when at their mothgood old days when at their mother's knee they said, "Now I lay me down to sleep" and by those days and nights of scarlet feyer in which she watched you, giving you the medicine in just the right time and turning your pillow when it was hot and with hands that many years ago turned to dust soothed away your pain and with voice that you will never hear again, unless you join her in the better country, told you to never mind, for you would feel ter by and by, and by that dying couch where she looked so pale and talked so slowly, catching her breath between the words, and you felt an soul. By all that I beg you to come back and take the same religion. It was good enough for her. It is good enough for you. Nay, I have a better plea than that. I plead by all that wounds and tears and blood and groans and agonies and death throes of the Son of God, who approaches you this moment with torn brow and lacerated hands and whipped back, and saying, "Come unto me, all ye who are weary and heavy laden, and

I will give you rest."
The churches of God ought to be so art not far from the kingdom of God." So a skeptic was saved in one interview. But few Christian people treat the skeptic in that way. out the lifeboats! And who will man such men; we have not enough faith in their release. Alas, if when they come to hear us we are laboriously trying to show the difference bettween sublapsarianism and supralap-sarianism, while they have a hunsarianism, while they have a hundred vipers of remorse and despair coiling around and biting their immortal spirits. The church is not chiefly for goodish sort of men, whose proclivities are all right and who could get to heaven praying and singing in their own homes. It is on the beach to help the drowning. Those bad cases are the cases that God likes to take hold of. He can save a big sinner as well as a small sinner, and when a man calls earnestly to God for help he will go out to deliver such a one. If it were necessary, God would come down from the sky, followed by all the artillery of heaven and a million angels with drawn swords. Get one hundred such redeemed men in your churches and nothing could stand before them, for such men are generally warm hearted and enthusiastic. No formal prayers

cold conventionalisms then.

The Prussian cavalry mount by putting their right foot into the stir-rup, while the American cavalry mount by putting their left foot into the stirrup. I do not care how you mount your war charger if you only get into this battle for God and get there soon, right stirrup or left stirrup or no stirrup at all. The unoccupied fields are all around us, and why should we build on another man's foundation? I have heard of what was called the "thundering legion." It was in 179, a part of the Roman army to which some Christians belowed and their propers it. ians belonged, and their prayers, it was said, were answered by thunder and lightning and hail and tempest, which overthrew an invading army and saved the empire. And I would to God that our churches might be so mighty in prayer and work that they would become a thundering legion before which the forces of sin might be routed and the gates of hell might tremble. Launch the gospel ship for another voyage. Heave away now, lads! Shake out the reefs in the foretopsail! Come, Q heavenly wind will assure our safety. Jesus on the sea will beckon us forward. Jesus on the shore will welcome us into

A Eussian Prize. The Academy of Sciences of Russia holds in trust a fund of 1,500,000 rubles, which, with accumulation, is to be bestowed as a prize in 1925. It represents the principal and interest of 50,000 rubles left in 1833 by General Arakczeijew, who movided in his will that at the end of the first quarter of the twentieth century three-fourths of the sum should be given to the writer of the best history in Russian of the reign of Alexander I. The other fourth is to be spent in printing the work in having it translated into French and German and for a prize for the author of the

second best work. Another Substitute for Celluloid.

Marloid is a new substitute for celluloid, for industrial purposes, in-It is produced from untanned leather boiled in oil, which is said to reman a free agent. Neither can I.
They say, "I don't understand why
It shows the same texture as horn, Neither do I. You say, hat child started in life sired shape and stamped, and can with such disadvantages, while others be rendered flexible or rather elastic to a certain degree, or may, on the other hand, be hardened,

> ing: "The Kingdom of Heaven is the greatest fact with which men are ever called to deal. But it is a subtle, mysterious



