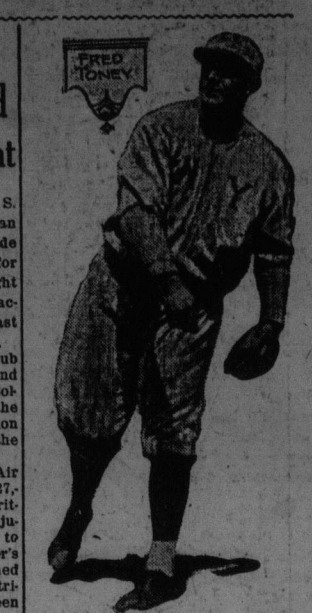


TION



Fred Toney, the Giant pitcher, stopped his old mate, the Cincinnati Reds, in their mad dash against McGraw's crew in the National League race. Toney is one of the best pitchers in either of the major leagues, and to New York they think he is the best ever.

Cincinnati Won Pennant

First Time Since 1871 That This Club Has Won a Championship.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 17.—For the first time since the organization of the National League, in 1871, Cincinnati has won the pennant. The last time the Reds won the pennant was in 1871, when they defeated the Boston Braves in the final game of the season. The Reds won the pennant by a narrow margin of one run. With the defeat went the last chance for the New York club to clinch the coveted flag for the season of 1919. It is now impossible for Pat Moran's crew to be passed through the remainder of the schedule.

"There is no place like home," said the bachelor.

"That's a fact," said the family man, "there isn't."

ERA HOUSE OF EVILS

FIVE ACTS OF HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE PICTURES and Concert Orchestra

ERIAL

"Some Bride" Has Been Withdrawn. It extensively for Today and Thursday.

NORMAND

dienna in "Mickey"

TAIRS"

PERHAPS THE LEADING COMEDIENNE MAY, in "Mickey" she clinched the title. It is a more successful picture than any of the story everywhere. So when her latest hit today and tomorrow we get patrons. "Upstairs" is the wistful nudged and dredged "downstairs" but to dance and flip around "upstairs" like house. Her adventures in this uplift extreme.

THIS DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING EASTERN CANADA

Canadian Pictorial Weekly

Gaumont Magazine Movies

PROGRAMMES IN A LONG WHILE

LYRIC

A Laugh-Producing Farce Comedy

"CHINATOWN CHARLIE"

Presented by

The Lyric Musical Stock Co.

Matinee 2.30 Evening 7.30

USUAL PRICES

HOME OF MUSICAL COMEDY

RUMANIA MUCH BENEFITED BY AID OF ALLIES

Rather Slow in Arriving, Help Has Resulted in Restoring Measure of Prosperity to Country.

BOLSHEVISTS DO NOT ALARM

Army of Greatly Harassed Kingdom Able to Cope With the Common Enemy.

The Rumanian successes in Transylvania, the junction of the Czechoslovak and Rumanian forces and the receipt of the first stores promised by the Allies for the Rumanian army have enormously improved conditions in Rumania, says the Bucharest correspondent of The London Times. He writes as follows:

In speaking about the Bolshevist dangers six weeks ago, General Averescu, who is moderate in his judgments, stated to me that he did not for a moment contemplate that the Bolshevists could break through the Rumanian line once the soldier realized the gravity of the peril.

"We passed through such awful moments in 1916-17," said the general, "that nothing that can happen to us now can approach those trials. On the other hand, several Allied officers, just returning from the Transylvanian front, state that they found the Rumanian soldier there 'clothed in rags and in courage.' Certainly nothing can so hearten these men as the arrival of the promised Allied equipment and rations. Up to the present six food trains for the army have arrived from France, each composed of twenty-five wagons, and containing a certain amount of equipment; from Italy 50,000 outfits have been received, and another ship is arriving now from Italy with rations for the soldiers. One boat has arrived from England.

International Defence.

The newly clad and equipped Rumanian army will resemble what it really is, a sort of international defence against the common enemy, khaki, horizon blue and gray-green, this time, however, clothing men of one race, with here and there a uniform of the old gray-blue Rumanian cloth to remind us of the great war. Of course, we rely on the Rumanian soldier to hold the Upper Danube, as the French and Greek troops are only guarding its lower reaches. For the moment the greatest difficulties of the Allied Kingdom, which has passed through so many tribulations in so brief a space of time, continue to be the transport question, and the impossibility of settling down to normal financial and commercial conditions with the money standard depreciated to almost one-third of its normal value.

It should certainly not be lost on the Allies that, just as in Odessa at the end of the German occupation, the ruble was worth one franc, and at the end of the Allied occupation six rubles were sold for one franc, so here in Rumania the leu was worth 25 centimes at the end of the German occupation, while today the leu is quoted in Paris for 35 centimes.

Grain Production.

There seems to be considerable diversity of opinion as to the amount of grain which will be produced in Rumania this year. Even after going into the matter carefully, in the present disorganized state of things one cannot be exact about any of these figures, but I believe it to be safe to state that 530,000 hectares (about 1,310,000 acres) of arable and have been worked this year out of one and a half millions. This amount of land, sown to every grain except maize, can never produce 1,000,000 tons, and this amount is absolutely needed for the internal consumption of the country, the quota being 600,000 tons for nourishment and 400,000 tons for seed.

Of course, while there has been great difficulty in obtaining sufficient seed, especially maize for sowing, even greater difficulty has been found in obtaining machinery, cattle, horses and men for planting. The extraordinary demands on the depleted man force occasioned by the renewed mobilization on three fronts came just at the wrong moment for any extra effort.

Labor Men Tell Wilson Sympathy Strike Oct. 8 For Mooney Is Looming

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 16.—Representatives of the Washington State Federation of Labor here today laid before President Wilson labor grievances of the Pacific Northwest, and pictured to him existing labor unrest, which they said would make difficult, if not impossible the prevention of a nation wide strike October 8 in sympathy for Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to life imprisonment for San Francisco bomb outrages in 1916.

Specifically the delegation asked for an appointment to see the President to present the cases of "political prisoners," notably those of Hulet M. Wells, Sam Sadler and Morris and Joe Pass, the latter two being brothers, all serving terms of two years for sedition conspiracy.

Neither the President nor members of the delegation would discuss the conference.

FUNERALS

The funeral of Mrs. John K. Taylor took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 231 Guilford street, West Side. Service was conducted at the house at 2.30 o'clock by the Rev. Jacob Heaney. Interment in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Economic State Declared Cause of Outbreaks In India

British Representative Attributes Trouble to Landlords' Extortion and the Poor Farming Methods.

New York, Sept. 17.—Economic conditions were the underlying cause of the recent outbreaks in India and the Punjab and not hatred of British rule, according to advices received by the Centenary Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church from Clyde B. Stuntz, their representative in that region. Mr. Stuntz who is a son of Bishop Homer S. Stuntz, was placed in command of all vehicles by the British military authorities during the trouble and had unusual opportunities to study the situation.

In a letter which the committee has just received from him Mr. Stuntz declares mob violence first began at Amritsar; where two agitators were arrested by the British. The banks were attacked, white employees were killed or badly beaten and the offices looted. A woman's hospital was attacked, as well as the town hall and mission church, the hall and chariot being burned before the military gained the upper hand.

From Amritsar the trouble spread to Lahore, where Mr. Stuntz was re-



siding. The police tried to counsel with the rioters, who refused the advice, and in the disturbances that followed at least two men were killed instantly by rifle fire. In other parts of the Punjab the riotous outbreaks were not stopped until troops and airplanes appeared and martial law was proclaimed. "Race hatred was not the cause of the trouble," writes Mr. Stuntz. "In their saner moments the natives are mighty glad to have the British there to insure peace and safety. In the majority of cases I find the people are very ashamed of their part in the trouble."

Mr. Stuntz attributed the outbreak chiefly to the extortion of landlords and the primitive methods of farming, which have kept the natives in a state bordering on destitution. Mr. Stuntz, as the committee's representative, is doing everything in his power to alleviate the situation by teaching modern methods of farming and by getting money at reasonable rates for the tenant farmers. In furthering this work the committee proposes to expend \$135,000.

Backache only a Symptom

"It Seems as Though my Back Would Break."

This is a common expression among women, yet they toil on day after day heedless of the significance of this distressing symptom.

Backache is often a warning of some inward trouble that requires attention, and which unless relieved will sooner or later declare itself in more serious ailments.

If it is caused by female derangement Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is what you need. It quickly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women.

For more than thirty years this good old fashioned root and herb medicine has been restoring women to health.

The Splendid Recovery of Mrs. Fleet

Brantford, Ont.—"I have been a user of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find there is nothing better for female troubles. I was taken sick with sharp pains in my right side and up over the hip to the back and the doctor said I would have to be operated on. I was in the hospital three weeks and did not get any better so I went home and took the Vegetable Compound. I stayed in bed three weeks more, then I was able to get up. Now I am all right and I have recommended your medicine to several friends and my daughter is taking it and all are pleased with the results from its use."

MRS. FRANK FLEET, Brantford, Ontario.

Mrs. Hunt tells how it helped her Detroit, Mich.—"I was in a general run-down condition, was very nervous and tired, had backache and other troubles. I suffered for several years, was not able to work at times and tried doctor's medicine with no results. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised, and after taking it a short time I was much better. I am still taking it myself and giving it to my daughter, and am glad to recommend Vegetable Compound at anytime."—Mrs. M.E. Hunt, 1711 Davison Ave.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

Standard's \$10,000.00 Prize Contest Closes at 10 p.m. September 27

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