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Fat, Juicy and Tender.

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You are looking for the very articles we have in our show cases. We never had a finer stock. That's saying a good deal, but it's true. Come and see.

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To beautify your rooms at small cost. Also, Family Goods, Silverware and Stationery; Souvenir Postals and Views of St. John to send to friends.

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## INTERNATIONAL S. S. COY.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK  
For BOSTON.

\$3.50—Fare until Apr. 29—\$3.50

COMMENCING MARCH 7th the Steamers of this Company will leave St. John every MONDAY and THURSDAY mornings, and every MONDAY and THURSDAY evenings, for Boston, Quebec, Portland and St. Louis.

### HOTELS.

## HOTEL DUFFERIN.

E. LeROY WILLIS, St. John, N. B.  
J. J. McAFFREY, Manager.

## PARK HOTEL.

CHAS. DAMERY, Prop.  
Centrally located facing King Square. Newly furnished throughout. Best \$1.50 a Day Hotel in the Lower Province.

## SOVEREIGN!

## THE SHOE FOR MEN!

\$3, \$3.50, \$4.

The best value ever offered in this market. I find the demand for them steadily growing.

Splendid Fall Stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers now open for your inspection. Come and look them over.

Perhaps you have been paying too much for your footwear. Get my prices.

James V. Russell,

877 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN.

### SULTAN OF MOROCCO AS PIPER.

It would appear that the Sultan of Morocco has become deeply fascinated with Highland music. His love for the bagpipes for Scottish music, and for the tartan is simply unique for one who is not a native of Scotland. Ten years ago a piper became one of the institutions at his court, and very recently he commissioned a well-known Glasgow pipe-maker to furnish him with a set of bagpipes for his own use. Possibly, his set of pipes now furnished is the most costly and costly that has ever been made in Scotland. They are mounted with 15-carat gold, and cost \$200. The credit of introducing both the bagpipes and the Highland dress to the notice of the Sultan is, no doubt, largely to the influence of King Maclean, one of the chief officers of the court of his majesty.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$2 a year.

## ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 15, 1901.

### OFFENCES AND OTHER OFFENCES.

(Daily Sun.)

Two cases connected with the administration of justice were discussed in the legislature yesterday. One was the Rothery forgery. This unparalleled crime has not been punished, and the attorney general, after pleading himself to hunt down and prosecute the offender, now pleads that he has no power and is under no obligation to do anything in the matter. His whole argument yesterday, if it means anything, means that he does not propose to set the law in motion, or to take a single step until some private person discovers the criminal and institutes proceedings. Meanwhile Dr. Pugsley stands at a distance criticising the judges of the supreme court when they denounce the crime and call for its punishment.

Dr. Pugsley concludes that Mr. Gilliland is innocent, because if he had been guilty he would have destroyed the bogus list. Whether Mr. Gilliland is guilty or not, he knows who got the first list and the affidavits, which were put to criminal use. He can put the attorney general on the track of the culprit, that is if Dr. Pugsley does not prevent his doing so. He is himself certainly a party to the offence to the extent that he conceals the criminals, and if Dr. Pugsley has made no effort to get the facts from him and others, he seems to be open to the same charge. Whether it was innocence which prevented the culprits from destroying the bogus list, after they knew that Mr. Otty had the genuine list, or whether it was a determination to complete the crime to steal the seat for a Pugsley supporter, and trust their own safety to the helplessness of the chief law officer of the crown, is not yet apparent. At present the forgery, or thieves, or perjury, whichever they may be, are free, and certainly nothing has happened to weaken their desire to serve the attorney general.

The other case is that of Philip Cox, head master of the Chatham schools. Mr. Cox desired to kill a young caribou for the Natural History collection. He took steps to obtain a license, and thought that he had one, but after he had obtained the animal he found that the license had been issued in the name of another member of the society. For this crime Mr. Cox was arrested, prosecuted and fined. The officers of the law were full of zeal and enthusiasm. A fearful example was made of the wretched criminal. Ultimately the whole Natural History Society became the victims for the organization threatened with the loss of the government grant. The premier and his colleagues have explained to the legislature the absolute necessity of making a solemn example of Mr. Cox.

Let this be an example to the teachers. Hereafter when he feels the criminal impulse let him forge election lists and steal seats. Ministers will not then explain why he is punished, but why he is left alone. Law officers of the crown will send counsel to contend that courts have no jurisdiction to undo his work. An attorney general may explain how impossible it is to catch him. If a judge should reflect upon the offence that judge will be reprimanded. In the end Mr. Cox may get a government appointment or a government contract.

A bill has been introduced in the Maine legislature, which proposes to prohibit the issue of passes by street and steam railroads and palace car companies, as well as franks for free service by telegraph, telephone and express companies. There are certain permissive clauses in the bill, relating to indigent persons and railroad employees and their families. The Hon. Herbert M. Heath, discussing the bill, said that the men who receive passes in Maine today are the men who are able to pay, and that the issue of passes increases the cost of travel to those who do not have them. He was especially opposed to their issue to members of the legislature, and he declared that the extent of the free service in Maine was far greater than people knew.

A reckless iconoclast has laid his sacrilegious hand upon the old lion and unicorn on the walls of Trinity church. Dr. E. A. Greene, president of the Massachusetts Historical Society, affirms that the claims of this relic are unfounded, and that it never adorned the old state house in Boston. He said it is like the furniture brought over in the Mayflower, of which there is enough in New England to sink several Mayflowers. Despite the statement of Dr. Greene we will cling to our traditions.

It is stated that the American government is making preparations to spend something like \$1,000,000 in harbor improvements at Manila. No doubt the expenditure is necessary. The American people are willing to acknowledge this fact, but they are justly desirous of having some voice in the disposal of their money. Preparations appear to be going forward, without any reference to those who have to foot the bills, and naturally they are indignant.

Those who have been in the habit of pointing to France as an illustration of true temperance will be disturbed to hear that the French authorities are finding it necessary to devise measures for the suppression of the liquor evil. Less than fifty years ago France consumed less alcohol than any other country, except Italy. Now it has become a very intemperate country. Mrs. Nollon would have a very wide field there in which to swing her hatchet, and she would be, no doubt, highly appreciated by the excitable French nation.

The British people are face to face with an addition of their taxes. It is stated that sugar and corn may be subject to duty and the income tax increased. This will not be pleasant for the taxpayers, but the enormous expenditure in South Africa makes the increase in the revenue imperative. Perhaps it will occur to some British statesmen that a little protection would not be a bad thing for British industries, as well as for the revenue.

It is announced that the contract for the construction of a bridge at Cedar wharf, Kings Co., has been awarded to Thomas Gilliland. It is to be hoped that Mr. Gilliland will keep a sharp eye on his wharf, and not let it escape, or permit any sacrilegious person from the city of St. John or elsewhere to exchange the real thing for a bogus or stuffed bridge.

The fund for the work of the Tourist Association is slowly increasing, the latest notable contribution being from the Dominion Atlantic railway. It is expected that a considerable amount will yet be contributed in this city, so that the association may be in a position to carry on effective work.

### LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

FREDERICTON, March 14.—There was considerable discussion in the house today over the case against Dr. Cox for the alleged violation of the game law. The premier and the Hon. Mr. Dunn upheld the prosecution of Dr. Cox.

Bills were introduced relating to fire protection in Sussex; to incorporate the Moncton Water and Sewerage Company; relating to the Moncton hospital; and to incorporate the Coverdale River Log Drift Company.

Mr. Hazen made his motion re the Rothery forgery. He recited the facts of the case, showing that it was sought to add four hundred names to the voters' list, by forgery and theft, if not by perjury; that the case was brought up in Kings County Court, where it was stated that the attorney general would take immediate steps to quash the list; that no such steps were taken; that the Hon. Mr. Fowler, in his own name, had proceeded in the case; that the Hon. Mr. Hazen read an affidavit from Edward P. Raymond, stating the facts already published with reference to the Rothery forgery; and that the Hon. Mr. Hazen declared that the Hon. Mr. Hazen was fully justified by the facts in questioning whether or not there be any law officers of the crown. He was convinced that the attorney general does not take action for fear he would expose his political friends and injure himself. He concluded by moving the following resolution:—Resolved, that in the opinion of this house it is desirable that the interests of the public justice and morality that the Hon. Mr. Hazen should discharge his duty as the law officer of the crown by causing immediate steps to be taken for the punishing of the criminals concerned in the Rothery forgery, and that there are now sufficient facts publicly known to warrant the commencement of a preliminary investigation before a magistrate.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. Shaw. Hon. Mr. Pugsley denied that he had attacked the supreme court, and held that the chief justice had departed from the line of his duty, and made an unwarrantable attack upon him. He declared that there was not a particle of evidence, which to base the charge of perjury. He admitted that a great wrong was committed, and did not deny the forgery. He defended Mr. Gilliland, and declared that he had no grounds upon which to proceed against the latter. Mr. Pugsley spent some time in defence of his own political record. Mr. Allan followed, and moved the following amendment:—Whereas, in the opinion of this house the resolution moved by Mr. Hazen unjustly reflects upon the attorney general, and assumes a state of facts as to which this house is without knowledge;

Therefore resolved, that all the words after the word "house" be struck out, and the following be substituted in lieu thereof: The persons guilty of the wrong in connection with the voters' list of the parish of Rothery, in the County of Kings, merit the most severe punishment, but this house, having full confidence in the attorney general, does not deem it advisable to express an opinion as to the steps which he ought or parties to justice, or as to the sufficiency of the evidence to warrant him in taking proceedings, these matters being, in the opinion of this house, in the present case, as in all cases of a criminal nature, necessarily for the judgment of the crown officer.

The amendment was seconded by Mr. Appleby and carried on division.

## PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, March 14.—Hon. Mr. Fielding delivered his budget speech today. It was brief and did not announce any tariff changes. He stated that there was a surplus last year of \$3,064,714, the revenue of the current year to March 10 was \$34,942,177, which shows an increase over the previous year. For the whole current year he estimated the revenue at \$32,750,000, an increase of \$1,720,000 as compared with last year. Up to March 10 the expenditure from the consolidating fund had been \$17,131,602, and on capital account \$3,339,208. The total expenditure for the year ending June 30 will be \$46,000,000 and on capital account \$10,700,000, both very marked increases. The surplus is estimated at \$6,350,000. Supplementary estimates for a considerable sum are promised, and if the capital expenditure is included there will be a deficit of \$1,800,000. He defended the prospective increase in the debt, and declared that the preferential tariff had encouraged trade with Great Britain. He declined to produce the United States trade statistics. The Yukon administration had shown a surplus of \$128,508, and the royalty has therefore been reduced from ten to five per cent. The government would not offer a bounty to encourage the best sugar industry. Mr. Fielding expressed the view that the home authorities were unwilling to consider any advances in the direction of securing a preference for Canadian goods in British markets.

E. B. Osler replied. He pointed out that the prosperity of Canada was the result of the conservative policy of protection. The liberals had in the last four years a revenue of \$30,850,000 over and above that of the preceding four years. This should have been used to reduce taxation or pay off the debt, but had not been done. If our trade with Great Britain had increased, that with the United States had increased more. Mr. Fielding had stated that a million dollars of iron bounties were to be paid out of capital account. To this Mr. Osler objected. The auditor-general's report showed that money had been wasted in railway business. One effect of the preferential tariff had been that a great part of Canada's profitable trade with Germany had been diverted to the United States. Americans are able to enter the German markets free, while Canadians must pay a heavy duty. The problem of transportation had not been effectively met by this government, which had left the hands of the Grand Trunk to drive trade to American ports.

Mr. Clancy spoke along the same lines. He made a comparison of trade with Great Britain and the United States, and declared that Canada was rapidly drifting into the arms of the latter country in that respect. As to tariff reduction, it had been under rule but thirty-five one-hundredths of one per cent. He disputed Mr. Fielding's surplus, and declared that there was really a deficit of \$1,687,000. Sir Richard Cartwright moved the adjournment of the debate.

### THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, March 15.—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly westerly to northerly, cloudy, cold, light falls of snow or sleet today or Saturday.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Eastern states and northern New York.—Unsettled weather, with occasional snows tonight and Saturday, and fresh westerly winds fresh on the coast.

Western New York.—Occasional snows tonight and Saturday; winds becoming westerly, brisk on the lakes. Not much change in temperature.

### RED ROSE TEA.

Red Rose tea is packed in 1 lb. and 2 lb. lead packets, and retails at 35, 30, 25, 40, 50, and 60c per pound. Every grade is of the same character of tea. The same characteristics that have made Red Rose so popular are found in every grade.

### POST OFFICE HINT FOR CANADA.

A Berlin despatch to the New York Herald says a postal innovation just inaugurated promises to enhance the already high efficiency of the German post office. Throughout Berlin the letter-boxes have been painted either blue or yellow. The former are for country and foreign letters only and the latter for local delivery. The sorting of letters is greatly facilitated and delivery considerably quickened by this device.

### FIVE COONS IN A TREE.

INNERKIP, March 12.—Robert Bright and Joseph Gillespie, while cutting wood in the woods of the latter, felled a large tree, which proved to contain five raccoons and a black and grey squirrel. For a little while there was game running in every direction. The raccoons were all secured, the squirrels in the meantime escaping.

### SOMETHING LIKE TRAVELLING.

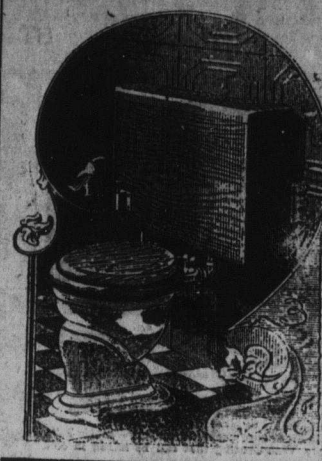
One hundred and sixty miles an hour is the speed aimed at by a new electric railway company in Germany under the direct patronage of the emperor. Cars with accommodation for 50 persons each are now being built, and will be tried on a 30-kilometre track.

## Your Doctor.

We wish you would ask your doctor what he thinks of Vapo-Cresolene. He will say "It is certainly the best way of reaching the throat and lungs, this is a liniment method." You see, it brings the medicine right in contact with the weak places. If it's asthma, bronchitis, whooping-cough, croup, or any such trouble, the Cresolene vapor touches every inflamed place. Relief is quick, certain.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supply of Cresolene, 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials on Vapo-Cresolene, Vapo-Cresolene Co., 135 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

## A Chance to do Your Plumbing Cheap.



I am offering this first class, highly sanitary, up-to-date

### LOW DOWN

Gloset Combination.

Worth \$24 for \$14.99.

For one month only.

If you are thinking of making changes in your Bath Room or putting in new w.c., why not get one of these high class closets at the extremely low price I am selling them at.

John S. COUGHLAN

122 Charlotte Street.

Shop Tel. 1067. Residence Tel. 1165.

## TO LET.

These notices, not exceeding four lines, cost TEN CENTS for one insertion, THIRTY CENTS A WEEK.

TO LET.—A very pleasant self-contained flat of 6 rooms, bath room and sun room, will rent reasonably to a good tenant. Apply to E. S. DIBBLE, corner Dorchester and Sewell streets.

TO BE LET.—Dwelling House, No. 191 Princess street, at present occupied by C. V. Callin, Esq. Dining room, drawing room, 4 bedrooms and bathroom, etc. Hot water heating will be put in if desired, may be seen on Thursday afternoon or on other days on application to E. T. Sturdee, 30 Prince William street.

ROOMS TO LET.—From 20th April next, 2 very nicely finished large parlors and small room adjoining, fitted with hot and cold water, at present occupied by Mr. Chas. E. Germain street, near Horfield, No. 148. Large bed rooms on upper floor of same building, obtainable at once. Inquire of W. THOMAS GARD, 4 King Street.

TO LET.—A separate self-contained lower flat, six rooms, warm and comfortable; good yard. Rent \$10. Mrs. E. H. LESTER, 17 Richmond street.

TO LET.—From 1st May next, lower flat of house No. 114 Elliott Row. All modern improvements and water put in thorough repair. Apply to KNOWLTON & GILCHRIST, 132 Prince William Street.

TO LET.—A large Store and Cellar, on corner of Union and Waterloo streets, opposite Golden Ball corner. This is one of the best business stands in the city. Inquire of FRASER, FLAHER & CO.

TO LET.—The lower flat of Sharkey House (so called), situate on south side Elliott Row, at present occupied by John M. Dick, Esq. Rent \$200. Can be inspected on afternoons 2 to 5 p.m. Apply to C. FAIRWEATHER, Solicitor, etc., Barfield's Building.

### WANTED.

WANTED.—A girl for general housework in a small family. Apply to No. 17 York street.

TAILOR WANTED.—Must be first class coat maker. Steady employment. A. R. CAMPBELL, 64 Germain street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Two good house painters. E. W. PAUL, 38 Waterloo street.

WANTED.—An experienced Coat Maker. Also man to sew and press. Apply to D. & J. PATTERSON, German street.

WANTED.—Old China blue dishes, brass candlesticks, pewter, and plates, brass on the candlestick used before 1870, old mahogany chairs, tables, sofas. Send a card or call at 116 Germain street, W. A. KAIN, above Trinity church.

### MONEY TO LOAN.

On Freehold and Leasehold Property—repayable by monthly instalments or otherwise. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Palmer's Building, Princess street.

### MEMORIAL FOR N. S. HEROES.

Ellis Walton, a gifted Ottawa correspondent writes: Hamilton McCarthy, the well-known sculptor, has made many sincere friends since he came to Ottawa to reside. He is a man of deep religious feelings, high ideals and patriotic sentiments. In a visit to his studio recently was seen a model to be sent to be erected there for the Nova Scotia men killed in South Africa. The work is characterised by simplicity and vigor. The tip of the pedestal is surmounted by a figure of one of the Royal Canadian Regiment, assisting in the work of unweaving was one of the real khaki men. Plantago McCarthy, the sculptor's oldest son, who was wounded at Belfast. This son has blue eyes and an expression almost childish in its sweetness, but he is of the stuff of which soldiers are made. Unlike most of the returned heroes, he talks little of the war. In answer to our questions he told us that when he fell wounded at Galt Howard rode up and offered him his own horse, which he refused. Upon asking why he did this, he said: "I wanted to see the fight, and knew I should miss it if I left the field."

### SUFFERING AT NOME.

The steamer Danube, which arrived at Victoria, B. C., March 11, brought from Dawson telegrams to March 1, which stated that the mail from Nome had reached there and gave news of many deaths by freezing and of great suffering at Cape Nome. The cold was the worst ever known. Tent had been blown down and the inmates suffered severely. One man left Nome on Dec. 2 and two hours after he went a party coming in found him and his two dogs frozen. The wind had covered them with a snow blanket, and their bodies were only found by being stumbled upon. Other deaths were reported. Business at Nome was reported very dull. Several stampedes took place at the end of November, and in nearly every instance good strikes were made. Old miners were predicting big finds for next season.

### PAN-AMERICAN TRAFFIC.

The Grand Trunk passenger department have decided to put on several additional trains between Toronto and Buffalo during the Pan-American exposition, making a daily service of twelve trains out of Toronto.

### MANHOOD SUFFRAGE.

HALIFAX, March 14.—The liberal assembly are advocating a manhood suffrage measure. A bill to that effect has been introduced by Mr. Wilson. The bill provides that a person may register who will be of the full age of 21 years in the April following the month of February in which registration shall take place.

### MANITOBA RAILWAYS.

WINNIPEG, March 14.—The provincial government's bill ratifying its contract with the Canadian Northern Co., by which the latter are to operate the lines of the Northern Pacific lines in Manitoba and agree to operate them under certain conditions for a term of 99 years, passed the third reading in the legislature last night, vote 23 to 10. The bill ratifying the government's lease of the Northern Pacific lines passed the house Tuesday by a vote of 23 to 12.

### MARINE MATTERS.

Str. Manchester City, from St. John and Halifax, arrived at Manchester Wednesday.

Str. Bengore Head left Swansea yesterday for St. John.

Sch. Clavola, having completed her repairs at New York, cleared from that port for St. John Tuesday.

Str. Cheronea sailed from Bremen for Hamburg yesterday morning.

Str. Plata left the Tyne on the 13th for Halifax and Sydney. C. B. She will bring ore from Huevea to Cape Breton.

There are in port at present six steamers—the Dunmore Head, loading for Belfast; the Concordia, taking in cargo for Glasgow; the Tamara and Tugela, receiving hay and provisions for South Africa; and the Alaska and Dunmore, loading deals for the U. K.

### AS TO BOXING EXHIBITIONS.

Some local pugilists went to the mayor's office this morning and asked for a license for a boxing exhibition on the Mechanics' Institute. Mr. Nixon, on having previously applied for a license and his worship replied that he had decided not to issue any more at present. He told the applicants today the same thing. They appear to have received his refusal and say that Jack Caley, who is an American citizen, can have such shows without a license, while they could not.

In reply to the Star's enquiry, Mayor Daniel stated the facts as given above, and points out that in the case of Caley there is an athletic club, and no license is required. For such exhibitions as the others contemplated he had decided he would not grant license.

### TWO LADIES ILL.

Miss Bridges, of the Fredericton school staff, and sister to Dr. Bridges of St. John, is at the Victoria hospital, Fredericton, threatened with pneumonia. Her place has been taken by Miss Porter, a former teacher.

Mrs. Kimball of Woodstock, who has been at the Victoria hospital, Fredericton, for some time, and is now at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. K. Palmer, is critically ill, and her life is despaired of. Her husband is in the Yukon region.

### THE DOUKHOBOURS.

Are Not Satisfied With Canadian Freedom and Want More.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The 5,000 Doukhobours or Russian Quakers who were brought out to Canada in 1880, to escape the persecutions to which they were subjected in the czar's domain, now threaten, says a special to the Times from Montreal, to leave Canada because they consider the free laws of this country too oppressive for them.

Their queer religious beliefs have come into conflict with Canadian ideas of right and wrong and they have issued an appeal to the nations of the world to give them refuge from the tyranny of the Canadian laws. They object to taking up land individually on the ground that private ownership of land is opposed to the law of God and they asked to have a tract of land set apart for their brotherhood.

The marriage laws of Canada are another stumbling block to these people. They do not believe a civil or any other ceremony is necessary to constitute a marriage and they consider it a violation of the law of God to be compelled to take out a marriage license and pay \$5 therefor.