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SENATE P O

SALARY GRAB HATCHED IN THE CELLAR NURSED BY THE CHIEF BENEFICIARIES

Leaders of Both Parties Sat in Mutual Co-Operation Game—Friends on Both Sides "Looked After"—Inside History of Parliament's Pretty Gift to Itself—Government Nowadays is Carried on by Secret Understanding and Conference; That's the Lesson—Where is There the Nucleus of a New National Party. So Much Needed?

Ottawa, July 20.—(Special.)—The prorogation of parliament to-day marked the wind-up of the rankest session in the political history of the Dominion. The salary grab was but an indication of widespread rottenness of the entire absence of principle in the two great parties. The story of the grab will throw light on other things. Here it is:

For weeks past some of the newest of the members of parliament, and some of the older ones, have been complaining to one another of the length of the session, of the money they were losing by being here [as if they did not all turn every kind of tumble to get to Ottawa] and that the indemnity would have to be increased. Conservative and Liberals alike were busy at their business. When the opposition to the autonomy bills looked threatening the government supporters were refreshed as to their staying powers by promise of increased indemnity. A round robin was prepared, the more daring signed it with avidity and gradually [it was concealed in a basement compartment under guard all the time] it was signed by a majority of members. Both sides signed in an equal proportion.

Those who refused to sign were called cranks, and anyone who had a conscientious scruple was jeered. The men signing it expressed willingness to vote for an increase in ministers' salaries at the same time. One province, thru its members, is said to have intimated that there could be no increase of judges' salaries without an increase of indemnity. So, gradually, the feeling was worked up to the proper pitch among members and ministers and the round robin was presented, by whom is not yet made known.

A CONCLAVE

Last week Sir Wilfrid announced in a casual kind of way that business was pretty well forward for prorogation, save for certain resolutions on which he wished to confer with the leader of the opposition. Everyone knew what was meant. So a conference was held, among those taking part being Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Fielding, minister of finance, and Mr. Fitzpatrick, minister of justice; R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition; Mr. Barker of Hamilton, the executor of Sir Charles Tupper's political will; Hon. George E. Foster, and Hon. Mr. Haggart. Their proceedings were confidential. They told a few what had been arrived at in the conference. Nevertheless two Conservative papers, The Montreal Gazette and The Toronto Mail, were given the details of the agreement Sunday night, and they were published Monday morning. But the Liberal papers had nothing, and the ordinary members seemed to know nothing. But the orders of the day, which were printed and put on the desks of members at the 11 o'clock session of Monday, contained the resolutions for the increase to the judges, and for the grab for members and ministers. Mr. Fitzpatrick motioned for Sam Barker to come to the table and aid in putting things thru.

THE OUTCOME

Mr. Barker responded with alacrity. Indeed, you'd have thought the resolutions were his, and that the Conservative party had charge of putting them thru. Now look at the composition of the conference and what comes out of it:

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's $1000 increase in indemnity and $4000 increase in salary, $5000 in all, and a pension of $6000 a year for life on retirement. Pretty good for Sir Wilfrid. Nobody denies his claim for increase in salary and a modest pension.

R. L. Borden, leader of the opposition, $1000 increased indemnity and $7000 additional as recognized leader of the opposition, $9500 in year in all.

Messrs. Fielding and Fitzpatrick, each a pension of $3500 on retiring and $2000 a year added to the judgeship that Mr. Fitzpatrick is said to be going to. Sam Barker, as representing the Tupper family, securing $4000 for the old gentleman and $3500 a year for the young Sir Charles, $7500 a year for the Tuppers.

Judged by his excellent health, the longevity of the grandfather, and the continued soundness of the baronet, young Charley, will probably live to draw his $3500 a year for forty years, or at least about $150,000 in all. So Mr. Barker did well for the Tuppers and for Mr. Borden, who was the Tupper nominee for the succession after the defeat of Sir Charles.

Next come Mr. Foster and Mr. Haggart with $3500 a year pensions and $2500 indemnities; $6000 a year each.

NO OTHER WORD

So that the men who conferred did remarkably well for themselves; they also incidentaly looked after the members, the judges and a few other ministers. Sifton, costing $6000 a year, and the same provision for Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. R. W. Scott, who are to retire in a few weeks. Even Sir Mackenzie Bowell is to get $6500 a year.

Outside of Sir Wilfrid's increase of $4000, every one of these votes is scandalous. No retiring allowance above $1500 or $2000 at most should be recognized in this country. Two thousand dollars a year would have kept the wolf from the door of any retired minister of the crown. But giving men like Costigan, Haggart, Foster, Sifton, Carling and Bowell $6000 or $6500 a year for life is scandalous. The sessional indemnity should have been deducted. It is scandalous to provide $4000 a year for Sir Charles Tupper, $3500 for Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Sir Adolphe Caron, Sir Hector Langevin and Messrs. Blair and Tarte. Two thousand a year while they draw no other government pay would have been handsome treatment.

Mr. Borden will not be able to justify any such vote to himself, or one of $8000 a year extra. The leader of the opposition should owe no favor to the government of the day. But he jumped up and approved of the increase to Sir Wilfrid, and Sir Wilfrid and Mr. Fitzpatrick both returned the compliment when the opposition leader's $7000 came up. Dr. Stockton of St. John, a Conservative member, but a venerable old gentleman, could not let the chairman finish reading the resolution until he was up extolling this $7000 vote to the Conservative leader, and quoting rather in a lame way from the Province of Ontario and past legislation, that the leader of the opposition was a recognized part of the constitution. He was as solicitous as was Sam Barker in rushing this vote thru.

CONDEMNED.

Conservatives all over the country condemn this vote and the way Conservatives have been used as a mask by the Liberals. As it is, out of the increase voted to leaders and ex-ministers, Conservatives get by far the biggest half of it. Mr. Borden and the Tuppers, $14,500 a year; Haggart, Foster, Bowell, Carling, $18,500; Caron, Langevin, $7000, in all $40,000. The Liberals get of the increases: Laurier, $5000; Sifton and Costigan, $7000; Blair and Tarte, $7000—$19,000 in all, with Scott, Cartwright, Fitzpatrick, Fielding, Fisher, Mulock, Borden, Paterson to follow.

The judges deserved the increase they are getting, that is, the judges of the superior courts, but conditional with the increase it should have provided for a reduction of unnecessary county judges in Ontario and district judges in Quebec. But the scandal remains of a lot of judges who have little or nothing to do getting an increase in salaries.

THE MEANING OF IT.

The grab as thus exposed throws a lurid light on what is taking place in the parliament of Canada more and more, namely, that of carrying on government by an understanding between leaders of parties, and by secret conference. Moreover, the Liberals are hopelessly allied with corporations, and the corporations are taking the greatest pains to see that if the Liberals must go out the Conservatives come in under a man that is friendly to them. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is working to the same end. He would not like to see his reputation shattered by a successor who would wipe out his corporation abuses. And the whole scheme of the Liberals, the corporations and Conservatives, like Barker, is to pave the way for a safe succession after Laurier, Barker, Taylor, the whip, and others have been busy for five years trying to create a divinity out of a leader whose merest entrance into a room is to be hailed with applause, clapping of hands, prostrations and school-boy demonstrations. The Liberals, as a party, have joined on every occasion in this recognition of a halo on the head of the opposition leader. Sir Wilfrid Laurier cannot appreciate too highly the parliamentary opposition that Sam Barker has arranged for the benefit of the government.

If the Conservatives had given some attention to principles, to the shameful raiding of public rights that has been perpetrated by Sir Wilfrid and his party, some time to exposing the barefaced manipulation of the house, of committees, of members by corporations, and had refused to participate in money grabs that should have originated in the government ranks they would have stood a better chance of coming some day into the control of the country.

TIME FOR REGENERATION

The regeneration of the Conservative party must start from the outside, and start soon. If it does not, the time has come for a new party to fight the legislation, the corruption, the extravagance, the raiding of public rights of the Liberals.

There is one word that sums it all up, and that is Siftonism. If Sifton disappears his system remains. How to get rich and be in politics is the new aspiration. No one has time to fight for the cause of the people, the cause of cities, the cause of the taxpayer, or to think of reforming that horrible development of absolute decreptitude known as the Canadian senate.

Is the neucleus of a party of reform and service consecrated to the public welfare in sight? A new national party is badly needed. The two old parties are beyond cure.

BALFOUR IS DEFEATED ON A SNAP DIVISION WHICH UNIONISTS LEAD

Redmond's Proposal to Reduce Irish Land Commission Vote Carries Amid Great Excitement—Government Will Re-Introduce Motion.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, July 21.—At 12.15 this morning the government was defeated by 119 votes to 96 on a snap division taken on a proposal made by John Redmond, Nationalist leader, to reduce the Irish land commission vote by one hundred pounds.

A remarkable scene of excitement occurred when it was known that the government had been defeated. Nationalists and Liberals rose to their feet and waved hats and handkerchiefs, semaphored with arms and cheered until the glass and ceiling of the house rang again and again. It was some minutes before Sir Thomas Esmonde could announce the numbers, when the cheers were repeated again and again with the utmost enthusiasm.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman rose immediately to his feet and asked Premier Balfour whether he had any statement to make, who, coolly, with a smile, replied he had not at present.

This brought up Mr. Redmond, who, in a fiery speech, amid vociferous opposition applause, pointed out that the defeat followed immediately on the meeting of the Unionist party.

Mr. Balfour, rising again, declared that unless it was possible for the government to carry on the business of the country and the house with dignity, it would not attempt to carry it on at all. He suggested it might be the duty, in the matter of the vote, to ask the house for a reversal of the decision just come to, but he could not say definitely, and would consult his colleagues, and give an answer on Monday.

Mr. Redmond, backed by Right Hon. H. Asquith and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, unsuccessfully endeavored to get the government to agree to an adjournment till Monday. The Unionist members attribute the defeat to the laxity of the government supporters, and say there was no cross voting.

The general opinion is the government will not resign, but reintroduce the motion.

It's No Humiliation Balfour Tells Redmond

London, July 20.—(Associated Press.)—The government was defeated in the house of commons to-night by a majority of three on the motion to reduce the membership of the Irish land commission. The incident is considered hardly of sufficient importance to justify the government in resigning, but when asked by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the leader of the opposition, what course he intended to pursue, Premier Balfour declined to make a statement.

John Redmond, leader of the Irish party, said the premier had repeatedly declared that he would resign if defeated, and that if he disregarded this vote of want of confidence he would be acting against all precedents. Was he going to swallow this humiliation as he swallowed every other humiliation during the last few years?

Mr. Balfour said that Mr. Redmond had greatly agitated himself over a matter which could be settled in due time. He was not conscious of any humiliation. There would be ample opportunity within a few hours of proving whether the government still enjoyed the confidence of the majority of the house.

WILL GO TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

G.T.R. to Fight Adverse Decision in Subway Matter.

Kingston, July 20.—(Special.)—That the Grand Trunk Railway is not confident of winning its case against Toronto over the subway is evidenced by its change of front on a similar question here.

The railway commission ordered a subway to be built by the railway at a cost of over $5000 at a dangerous crossing near the outer depot, but the entire cost was saddled on Kingston and the county.

A penalty of $50 a day was imposed on the railway, however, if the work was not completed by a certain time. The railway has asked the city and county not to hold it to the completion of the work at the time agreed, as it wants to wait until a decision is given in the Toronto case.

It states that this will likely be carried to the privy council. This afternoon the city and county agreed to the request.

NEW YORK IS COOL AGAIN.

Only 25 Deaths Yesterday—Thousands Sleep in the Open.

New York, July 20—With the thermometer reaching a maximum of only 86 degrees to-day, there was general relief in New York and surrounding cities from the withering heat of Tuesday and Wednesday.

The park benches to-night have their usual quota of summer outdoor sleepers, but the lawns are not crowded as they were last night, when it is estimated that fully 124,000 slept on the grass. During Tuesday and Wednesday nights the total was 234,000.

Up to 11 o'clock to-night 25 deaths had been reported in Manhattan and Brooklyn, with several others reported in Jersey City and nearby towns. The prostrations numbered in addition 35.

PARCELS AMAZED NEIGHBORS.

Lollis Marshall Arrested on Charge of Stealing Furs.

When the village gossips of the little town of Cooksville saw bundles coming during the last two or three weeks to the home of Lollis Marshall they wondered. When more parcels came they talked. The gossip spread until it reached Toronto, and yesterday Detective Wallace went out to the village to see what had occasioned the rumors.

Last night he arrived in town and immediately arrested Lollis Marshall, a pretty little "Leslie Carter" girl who is employed as fur trimmer with the firm of Brereton & Manning.

The charge was that she had been taking the furs from the shop, and on her trips home had stored there over $200 worth of the goods. The furs were brought home and the girl locked up in Court-street station on a charge of theft.

Claims High Voltage.

Insufficient protection against high currents and voltage was the cause given by the electrical expert of the Robert Simpson Co. for not installing an electric light system in the company's new factory on Front-street. The Light Company claim, there is no danger. The matter will be investigated by the Underwriters' Association.

Eleven Men Masked Take Wife Beater Dip Him in Well During Half an Hour Then Lash Him So Hard He May Die

Thomas Dulmage is Taken From His Bed in Early Morning Hours by "White Caps," at Wheatly, Who Take it on Themselves to Resent His Alleged Cruelties to His Wife—Detective Murray Will Investigate and Crown Proposes Prosecution.

Chatham, July 20.—(Special.)—Eleven masked men forced an entrance into the home of Thomas Dulmage, a farmer living near Wheatley, early this morning, dragged him from his bed, soused him for half an hour in a well, lashed him to a post and thrashed him with a horsewhip because, it is alleged, he was in the habit of drinking heavily and abusing his wife.

Rumors of Dulmage's alleged ill-treatment of his wife have been current for some time. Threats have been made, privately, that something would happen if the Dulmage domestic affairs did not run more smoothly.

Recently, it is said, Dulmage became most brutal, and sentiment in the neighborhood correspondingly became more intense. People began to talk openly and sympathy for the woman was crystalized, so it is declared today, in a plan to visit Dulmage and treat him with a little of his own medicine.

All arrangements were made, and the eleven men, believed to be near neighbors of Dulmage, met near the Dulmage home late last night, donned black slouch hats and black masks and waited until there was a quiet.

Then they approached the house and forced an entrance quietly, going straight to Dulmage's room.

He awakened as the first two men entered, and believing burglars were about to loot the place, showed fight. The other nine entered, one by one, and he stared at each in amazement, and, then with increasing fear, seeing in the mysterious silent proceedings premeditated and concerted action.

He was seized and dragged from the bed.

Then he began to plead, and when he was not answered, protested and pleaded again, and then struggled desperately.

His captors forced him to a well. A rope was tied around his waist, and he was lowered into the icy water, raised and lowered again and again for half an hour, being immersed for half a minute at a time.

Finally he was pulled to the surface and carried to a post, for he was benumbed and exhausted.

The lash of a horsewhip was wielded by brawny arms and cut across his back until his shirt was torn to shreds and the flesh raw. Then, and only then, was he released.

A physician was summoned, who declared Dulmage was in a critical condition from agony and exposure.

County Crown Attorney Smith has taken up the case, which, he declares, will be investigated thoroly and the eleven men, if caught, dealt with severely.

Inspector Murray of the provincial criminal investigation department, arrived here to-night.

BEGINNING TO MENTION NAMES OF MEN WHO MAY SOON BECOME EITHER PREMIER OR GOVERNOR

Allotment of Honorable Positions in the New Western Provinces Opens Up a Field for Rumor—Manitoba's Affairs, and Those of B. C. Are also Included.

Ottawa, July 20.—(Special.)—There is an immediate possibility of the government being obliged to fill four important posts. The new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan will each require a lieutenant-governor, who will be appointed by the governor-general-in-council. The lieutenant-governors will, in turn, have to call upon someone to form a government, and the person so selected will be the premier.

It is generally conceded that Hon. Mr. Forget, the present lieutenant-governor of the territories, will be the lieutenant-governor of Alberta. Regarding Saskatchewan, several names are mentioned, but the more prominent among them is Dr. Douglas, who, as chairman of the committee on agriculture, was one of the most prominent members in the late parliament. Walter Scott, M. P., is said to be strong in the running for the premiership of Saskatchewan. The selection has not yet been made of a premier for Alberta.

Trouble in Manitoba.

An interesting political situation appears to have developed in Manitoba. The present lieutenant-governor, Sir Daniel McMillan, is known to be at loggerheads with the Liberal leader in that province, and Mr. Greenway is opposing the proposal to re-appoint Sir Daniel for a second term, and Kenneth McKenzie, the wealthy wholesale merchant of Winnipeg, and an active Liberal leader, is being systematically put forward by the Greenway party for the lieutenant-governorship. It will be remembered that, a few weeks ago, Mr. Greenway, in the house, took occasion to denounce his former colleague, Sir Daniel, for his refusal to disallow the provincial registration bill. This was the public intimation of the rift in the Liberal lute of Manitoba, and, in the light of recent events and the putting forward of Mr. McKenzie as a candidate for the lieutenant-governorship, there is evidently a battle royal between the Greenway and McMillan factions.

B. C. Liberals Divided.

There has been considerable discussion among British Columbia members in reference to the lieutenant-governorship of that province. Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere has already served two terms, and the younger element of the Liberal party hold the opinion that he should not be reappointed. The first, however, has already intimated that a third term of office is in store for the present incumbent, and this is not likely to add to the already troublesome situation of the Liberal party in the Pacific province. Meantime, some of the stalwarts are pressing the claim of Senator Templeman for the position, while others are insisting, and with more prospect of success, that the stalwart senator be given a portfolio in the federal cabinet.

DISTRICT LABOR COUNCIL ELECTS OFFICERS FOR YEAR

Will Back up Bakers in No Uncertain Way—Toiler to Be Revived.

The Toronto district labor council is now prepared to enter upon another twelvemnth with a new roster of officers. At the meeting last night the results of the balloting were announced, and the complete list of officers and committees is as follows:

President—Robert Hungerford (accl.).
Vice-president—W. T. Thompson.
Financial secretary—John P. Gardner (accl.).
Treasurer—J. H. Sanderson (accl.).
Recording and corresponding secretary—D. W. Kennedy (accl.).
Tyler—George Allan (accl.).
Sergeant-at-arms—H. B. Oakley (acc.).
Trustees—Robert Glockling (convenor), R. R. Elliott, W. V. Todd.
Legislative committee—John P. Gardner (convenor), W. E. Duffy, Albert Hill, John Richardson, James Stewat, W. T. Thompson.
Municipal committee—Fred Bancroft (convenor), J. G. Hanna, Frank Moses, John Tweed, William Worrell.
Librarian—Mrs. John Gardner.
Educational committee—Mrs. M. Darwin (accl.), Albert Hill, Miss G. Verral, W. T. Annis, C. J. Saunders, W. Robinson, L. Stevenson.
Organization committee—James McDonald (convenor), B. Cukin, J. H. Barnett, R. R. Elliott, J. H. Kennedy, J. E. Virtin, C. L. Wilson.
Label committee—T. C. Vodden (convenor), Mrs. M. Darwin, W. E. Duffy, Harry Frumerfelt, John McFaydin, George Shipman, Miss G. Verral.
Press committee—D. W. Kennedy (convenor), Fred Bancroft, John Tweed.
Delegates to Trades and Labor Congress—Robert Hungerford (convenor), William Boland, D. W. Kennedy.

A resolution was passed pledging the council, as representing the organized labor of Toronto, to patronize only those firms that "evinced fairness and justice to employes" and declaring the intention to try to induce the separate unions to take such action.

Wesley Haywood, George Blackburn and David Hutchinson were present as delegates of the newly formed union of bakery drivers, which is in affiliation with the international bakery and confectionery workers union, and has a membership of 60.

Samuel Landers, Canadian organizer of the International Garment Workers, gave an address, in which he spoke of the condition for the craft as having been the worst of any body of workers until the day of organized labor.

It is proposed to revive the official labor organ, The Toiler, and to this end the council will shortly hold a special meeting.

MASSACHUSETTS ARCANUMITES JOIN DEMAND FOR OLD RATES

Boston, July 20.—To discuss the assessments which were recently raised, a special session of the grand council of Massachusetts, Royal Arcanum, was opened to-day in Tremont Temple.

At the afternoon session the committee reported in favor of petitioning the supreme council to reconsider action in adopting the new table of rates.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon the best packed.

NO REFORM FROM THE CZAR SHOULD APPEAL TO PEOPLE

Incendiary Speech in Zemstvo Congress Characterized as Direct Incitement to General Revolution.

Moscow, July 20.—The zemstvo congress assembled to-day without interference on the part of the authorities and commenced a discussion of the proposed legislation.

The congress passed the first reading of the scheme for a constitution by a vote of 220 to 7.

M. Petrunkevitch, president of the Moscow Agricultural Society, declared that all hope regarding the government's scheme, which had hitherto been nourished, had proved vain. It was obvious, he said, that the bar separating the emperor and the people was too strong, that they could not count on reforms from above. They had appealed to the emperor and they should now appeal to the people.

Prince Rostkovski said that the speech of M. Petrunkevitch was a direct incitement to revolution and left the hall.

Prince Dolgorukoff repudiated Prince Rostkovski's construction of M. Petrunkevitch's speech, which, he said, only echoed what had been set forth in the memorandum presented by the marshals of the nobility to the emperor.

A resolution was passed protesting against the constant violation of the private and social rights of Russian citizens by administrative officialdom and calling upon all loyal officers to protect the sufferers from the present state of affairs and to assist in preserving the troops from illegal and arbitrary acts carried out by the authorities.

PREFERENCE CAN'T EXIST.

Australians Express Their Views at C. M. A. Meeting.

Three Australians, men of weight in their country, addressed the regular meeting of the executive committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association yesterday afternoon. They were J. S. Larke, the Canadian emigration agent there; S. J. Maugher of Melbourne, and George E. Wise of Sydney.

In his address, Mr. Larke spoke highly of the trade prospects between the Dominion and Australia. There was every reason to hope for reciprocal trade between the two colonies, but the scheme for imperial preference was an impossibility. It could never exist. They were prone to deal with their foreign patrons, as tho they were dealing with merchants from Hamilton or somewhere in this vicinity.

Mr. Wise said that there was no country with which Australia would sooner trade.

Speaking of the recently imposed income tax, Mr. Maugher said that the same scheme had been adopted by the government in his country, Victoria, and it had given no end of trouble.

The committee accepted the invitation of the London Chamber of Commerce to send delegates to the coming congress, and Messrs. George, Ellis, McNaught and Rogers will prepare resolutions to be presented at the congress.

In their report on the new British Columbia tax on commercial travelers the parliamentary committee of the association hoped that the law would be amended in such a way as to exempt Canadian and British travelers.

SIR RICHARD'S CHIVALRY HAS DULLED HIS RECORD

Montreal Witness Reviews Some Cabinet Happenings and Moralizes on the Impending Changes.

Montreal, July 20.—(Special.) — The Witness has rather a remarkable article to-day on the alleged cabinet changes at Ottawa. That paper says:

"Sir Richard Cartwright and R. W. Scott are both old men, and tho they may have years of usefulness left, younger ambitions think they have had their innings, and would push them aside. Sir Richard Cartwright was, in opposition, a knight of the highest prowess, helping more than any other to rally the party and keep it together, and, by holding before the country for 18 years high ideals of public duty, prepared the way for the success it subsequently achieved. But the exigencies of office and the necessity of defending many things which he doughtily contemned baffled him somewhat, and failing health has no douot made his ministerial task a burden.

"Indeed, the accession of the Liberals to power marked a considerable change in the complexion of the party. The positions went rather to those who had helped it to conquer than to those who had proved true in the days of adversity. There was a certain chivalry, perhaps, in Sir Richard defending, from a camparatively back seat, a cause which was not his own, but he would have a brighter record had that task not fallen on him.

Mr. Scott's Strength.

"David Mills, another of the old warriors, would have been left out of the government altogether had not Sir Oliver insisted on his entrance to the cabinet when he retired. Mr. Scott belonged to the opportunists, but had the immense advantage of being trusted confidant in political matters of the ecclesiastical power. The author of the Separate Schools Act could hardly be otherwise than persona grata with the hierarchy of his church. Whatever strength Mr. Scott had came from this source. He has not, and never had, any following in the country.

"Now, that the school question in the new provinces has been settled, Mr. Scott will be the less missed as a sectional representative, as will also Mr. Fitzpatrick, who was the framer of the school clauses of the autonomy bill in their original form, which would have handed the whole control of Catholic education over to the clergy. Both Mr. Scott and Mr. Fitzpatrick have been able and useful ministers. The name of the former will ever be honored in connection with what was also known as the Scott Act.

A Puzzling Problem.

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier has, no doubt, abundance of material from which to fill up gaps in his cabinet, but the retirement at the same time of two ministers, representing a single section of the population, no doubt adds perplexity to the problem."

St. Leon Mineral Water is the most perfect blood purifier known to medical science. It is prescribed regularly by many of the most eminent physicians in the land. If your dealer does not keep it, write St. Leon Mineral Water Co., East Queen-street, Toronto, who will see that you get it.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon the best packed.

The Ideal Tobacco.

We have it in "Chop Cut Mixture," a blend of the finest Virginia and Latakia tobaccos; pure and mild; 1-4-lb. tin, 50c; 1-2-lb., $1, at A. Clubb & Sons, "sole distributors," 49 West King.

People are beginning to get over that old idea that meat is the only food that "sticks to the ribs". They have tried Norka and find more nutriment, more value for their money than from any other food they can buy.

BIRTHS.

McKINNON—At Unionville, on July 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. G. A. McKinnon, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

DURNAN—ELLIOTT—On Wednesday, the 12th inst., by the Rev. J. Wilson, Sadie Elliott to Alfred C. Durnan, both of Toronto.

DEATHS.

EASTWOOD—At her late residence, Linden-place, East Hamilton, Hamilton, Ont., on Wednesday evening, 19th July, 1905, Esther M. Eastwood, widow of the late John Eastwood, in her 64th year.

Funeral on Saturday, at 3.30 p.m.

GARDINER—On Thursday, July 20, 1905, after long suffering, in her 71st year, Catherine Middleton, beloved wife of Richard Mitchell Gardiner, Kingston-road, Scarboro.

Funeral Saturday, at 2.30, to St. John's Cemetery, Norway. Funeral private.

KELLY—On Wednesday, July 19th, at her late residence, 235 Sackville-street, Mrs. Ellen Kelly, beloved wife of the late Philip Kelly.

Funeral Friday morning, at 8.30 o'clock, to St. Michael's Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

Chicago papers please copy.

NOLAN—On July 20th, 1905, Lucy Walsh, beloved wife of John Nolan, after a long illness.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 16 Henry-street, Saturday, at 2.30 p.m.

The F. W. Matthews Co., Undertakers

TO GET LONG TERM LEASE WOULD RENEW CONTRACT FOUR YEARS YET TO RUN

Expert Figures Hamilton is Entitled to Reduction in Price of Arc Lights From $85 to $62, But This is Not Enough.

Hamilton, July 20.—(Special.)—This city is again wrestling with the electric lighting problem. The present contract with the Cataract Power Co. was made in July, 1899, for 10 years, and, consequently, it has four years to run.

By the terms of the contract, the city has the privilege of asking for a reduction at the end of five years. In order, however, to reopen the negotiations, it remains for the city to show cause, namely, what inventions and discoveries have been brought about to diminish the cost of producing power.

Some of the aldermen think there is evidence to be had of such inventions and discoveries to very materially lessen the price the city is now paying. Others, again, view in the present agitation for the revision of the contract a scheme to extend the contract for a period at a slight and inadequate reduction, so that when the contract expires the movement for a substantial reduction may not gain headway.

What Hamilton Pays.

Hamilton is paying $85 for each of 400 street arc lights, and $82.50 for each light over that number.

When this contract was made the Cataract Power Co. was a new industry, which Hamilton was proud to see launched. The development of electrical energy was expected to bring in industries employing large numbers of men. Hence, when the promoters were negotiating with the city for a contract for street lighting, there was no desire to make the conditions onerous. To give the company a liberal price for lighting the streets was to bonus it in a new way, and, as the rule has been to pass out bonuses, everybody appeared to be satisfied. The expectations of the promoters have been realized, and Hamilton has prospered thru its proximity to the falls at De Cewsville, whence the electric fluid comes.

Why Perpetuate Bonus?

But why perpetuate the bonus system? The contract price of $85 and $82.50 is looked upon as outrageously high, and the time has come to bring it down, in the opinion of those who are not stockholders of the company.

To bring about a reduction, an expert was employed to get at the question of fair value on the basis of discoveries. Nobody knows who the expert is, but his report is now before the people. It was thought that if an "unknown" were located and his identity kept dark until his report was in, the Cataract Power Co. would not reduce him from the path of virtue.

Know to Three.

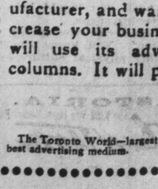
The secret appears to be known to three only. One is Mayor Biggar, who discovered him; another is William Brennan, secretary of the board of works, to whom the cheque in payment of the unknown's services is made, and the third is Ald. Stewart, chairman of the board of works. And the last-mentioned declares that all he knows of the man is his name.

Briefly stated, the unknown expert declares that light ought to be sold to

Continued on Page 4

Babbit Metal, best made. The Canada Metal Co.

Men's Outing Hats.



Outing, yachting and knockabout hats, in every variety, for the holiday season. Light weight soft felts, folding Panamas, cloth caps. If you want a hat to stand the roughness, h. Dineen's, cor. Yonge and Temperance-streets.

No paste used in Tuckett's Cigarettes.

FAIR AND COOL.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 20.—(8 p.m.)—The weather to-day has been fine thruout the Dominion. It has turned much cooler in Ontario and Quebec, while in the Maritime Provinces and in the Northwest Territories the temperature has been higher than yesterday.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 54—70; Kamloops, 60—96; Calgary, 46—78; Edmonton, 60—76; Medicine Hat, 60—90; Qu'Appelle, 56—80; Winnipeg, 54—82; Port Arthur, 54—68; Toronto, 64—79; Ottawa, 60—74; Montreal, 60—74; Quebec, 54—72; St. John, 54—74; Halifax, 50—86.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes, Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; fair and cool.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh northwesterly and westerly winds; fine and cool.

Maritime—Moderate winds; fine and moderately warm.

Lake Superior—Light, variable winds; fine and moderately warm.

Manitoba—Fine and warm.

VISITORS TO HAMILTON

be sure and take the James Street cars to The Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway for Mountain Top, finest panoramic view on the continent, pure air, shady park, good hotel, with observatory in connection, etc.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS,

July 20	At	From
Marquan	Avonmouth	Montreal
Baltic	New York	Liverpool
La Savoie	Havre	New York
Majestic	Liverpool	New York

Karnak Cigarettes absolutely pure.

The World wants a smart carrier for a morning route. Apply circulation department, 83 Yonge-street, before 6 p.m.

The Toronto World is a live, up-to-date newspaper. If you are a progressive merchant or manufacturer, and want to increase your business you will use its advertising columns. It will pay you.

The Toronto World—largest circulation—best advertising medium.

ALIENS BILL IS PASSED ITS TERMS NOT SEVERE

Does Not Debar Landing of Indigents Who Seek Relief From Political Persecution.

London, July 20.—In the house of commons the aliens bill passed its third reading by a majority of 90. Premier Balfour, in winding up the debate on the bill contended that the proposed restrictions were less severe than those imposed by any other nation. He referred to the American immigration laws, and asked whether anyone would assert that the Americans were indifferent to freedom or looked unmoved on the suffering and the oppressed, yet their restrictions, as well as the restrictions imposed by the British colonies were, he said, more severe than those imposed by "this moderate and reasonable bill."

The aliens bill is much on the lines of a measure introduced in the house of commons last year, which was dropped by the government owing to obstruction. It prohibits immigration from landing except at ports where an immigration officer is stationed, and only with his consent and after a medical examination. Permission to land may be refused on account of want of means to show that they are in a position to obtain means to keep themselves decently, if insane, if on account of disease or other causes they are likely to become a charge on the taxpayers, if they have been sentenced abroad for an extraditable crime not of a political nature, or if they have been previously expelled from Great Britain.

The home secretary may order the expulsion of an alien on a certificate from a court of law. The bill, however, provides that permission to land shall not be refused on account f want f means if the immigrant is able to prove that he or she is seeking admission to Great Britain solely to avoid persecution for political offences.

Chartered Accountants Meet.

The annual convention of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, will be held at Niagara Falls, Ont., to-day. Members from all over Ontario are expected to be there.

STRIKE IS OVER.

Chicago Teamsters Have Made Almost a Complete Surrender.

Chicago, July 21.—The teamsters' strike, that has so greatly disturbed business conditions in Chicago for the last 105 days, was at 12.30 o'clock this morning officially declared off by the teamsters' joint council.

The men have been ordered to seek their old positions, and it is estimated that less than one-half of them will be re-employed. The strikers have made a complete surrender, and will apply for work as individuals and without an agreement of any kind with their employers.

BIRMINGHAM TO PROTEST.

To Interview Strathcona Concerning That Quebec Tax.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, July 21.—The Birmingham Chamber of Commerce has resolved to make a representation to Lord Strathcona, protesting against the bill passed by the Quebec legislature, imposing a license fee of $300 for commercial travelers.

RESTING ON THEIR OARS.

Peaceable Conditions in the Longshoremen's Union.

Prosperity and general well-being detracted somewhat from the attendance at the recent annual convention of the Longshoremen's Union, held in Detroit, states J. H. Sanderson, international vice-president, who has just returned. An absence of strikes, save one of minor importance on the Pacific coast, was the situation presented, and the meeting was highly successful.

FOLEY BROS. GET CONTRACT.

Will Double Track C. P. R. to Winnipeg Within Three Years.

Montreal, July 20.—(Special.)—At the C. P. R. headquarters to-day William Whyte, vice-president, being present, it was decided to give the contract for the double tracking of the road from Fort William to Winnipeg, 426 miles, to Foley brothers.

Three years will be allowed for completion. Rapid work will be started at once east and west of Rat Portage.

TAX RIGHT OF WAY ONLY RAILWAYS WIN ON APPEAL

New Assessment Act Does Not Give Municipalities Power to Levy on all Real Property.

Guelph, July 20.—(Special.)—The appeals against the railway assessments of several of the townships in this district were heard by a tribunal of judges at the county court house to-day. The case was being keenly watched by the municipal authorities thruout the province. The appeals were allowed.

In past years the assessment of railway property was based upon the value of the right of way, according to the value of land adjoining, but this year the assessments of the townships of Guelph, Puslinch, Nichol, Pilkington and Eramosa include all real property other than the right of way, together with the latter. This made the assessment on railways thru the various townships $10,000 per mile.

The action was taken upon the advice of the county solicitor, who held that under the new assessment act it was feasible. The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific, that were affected, opposed the assessment imposed, but the township courts of revision would not accede to their suggestions to maintain the assessment in its original form. An appeal was consequently made to the higher courts. M. K. Cowan was present in the interests of the G. T. R., A. MacMurchy represented the C. P. R. and Donald and Hugh Guthrie were counsel for the townships. E. Donald, tax commissioner of the G. T. R., was also present. Those presiding over the case were Judge Chadwick, Guelph; Judge Gorham, Milton, and Acting Judge Clements of Waterloo.

In allowing the appeal the judges held that the new assessment act did not affect the provisions of the old one with reference to railway assessment.

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