THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

Genuine Merit in Our Friday Bargains

Success does not come by chance. Neither would our Friday Bargain Day have grown to its present proportions unless genuine merit and honest worth characterized the bargains we offered from one week to another. That there is such merit and worth in our Friday Bargains you may judge for yourself if you come to-morrow after any of these offerings for the day. They include many needs right in line for Easter:

Air Rifles—(144) single shot, nickel-plated parts, nicely finished stock, regular price 95c each, Friday to sell at ..... .59

Bicycle Bells—(432) electric stroke, 1¾-inch dome, nickel plate, very strong, a 25c bell, Friday to sell at ..... .15

Scales—100 only 240-pound Champion Scales, tin scoop, brass beam, neatly finished, a Government certificate of inspection, capacity ¼ ounce to 240 pounds, regular price $5.00 per set, Friday 3.75

Suit Cases—25 only imitation Leather Suit Cases, 24 inch, good brass mountings, solid leather handles, regular price $2.25, Friday 1.70

Drugs, Toilet Needs and Candies

Chinese Moth Camphor, regular 25c, Friday 12½

Wood Alcohol, 32-ounce bottle, regular 45c, Friday ..... .25

Sponge Net, fancy colors, regular 15c, Friday 7½

Brilliant Gold Paint, regular 15c, Friday ..... .10

Easel Stand Mirror, regular 25c, Friday ..... .10

Combs, celluloid dressing, regular 15c, Friday ..... .10

Carnation Soap, regular 5c a cake, Friday 2 cakes for 5

Odoroma Tooth Powder, Friday 5

Photo Mounts, 1½ x 2 inches, regular 50c per 100, Friday .25

And 4¾ x 6½, regular $1.25 per 100, Friday ..... .65

(Candies)

Cream Almonds, Friday, per pound ..... .10

Peanut Squares, Friday, per pound ..... .10

Maple Bon-bons, Friday, per pound ..... .10

Men's Shirts and Neckwear

16 dozen Men's Fine Colored Cambric Shirts, open front, detached double end link cuffs, fast washing colors, blue, mauve and pink, light, neat stripes, sizes 14½ to 17½ inches, regular price 75c each, Friday ..... .47

30 dozen Men's Heavy Gingham Working Shirts, collar attached, double stitched seams, excellent washing goods, blue and white assorted checks, all sizes, regular price 50c each, Friday ..... .29

60 dozen Neckties, Fine Silk and Satin, neat, dark patterns, fancy broches and basket effects, satin lined, four-in-hand and made-up knot shapes, regular price 25c to 50c each, Friday ..... .17

Men's and Youths' Clothing

48 Men's Single-breasted Sacque Suits, in all-wool dark brown worsted-finished tweeds, deep French facings, strong Italian linings, sizes 36 to 44, regular price $8.50, Friday to clear 4.75

Youths' 3-piece Suits, short pants, single-breasted sacque shape, light grey and fawn mixed herringbone striped Canadian tweed, Italian linings, sizes 27 to 33, regular price $4.50, Friday 2.99

Men's Vests, English Corduroy, in blue, drab and brown, single-breasted fly front, sizes 33, 34, 35, also double-breasted fancy vests, in light brown, with spot, broken sizes, 34 to 44, regular prices $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00, Friday ..... .89

3 Men's Natural Dark Raccoon Overcoats, 50 inches deep, lined with heavy quilted Italian cloth, chamois pockets and high collar, regular $40.00 coat, Friday 27.50

Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Boots for $2.00

100 pairs Men's Laced Boots, with Goodyear welted extension sole, broken lots, ranging in price from $3.00 to $3.50, sizes 6 to 10, Friday. 2.00

Lace Curtains and Poles

119 pairs Very Fine Lace Curtains, 60 inches wide, 3½ yards long, choice range of plain and scroll centres, fancy floral and figured borders, colbert edges, white or ivory, regular value $4.00 to $4.50 a pair, Friday 2.50

48 pairs only Heavy Chenille Curtains, 40 inches wide, 3 yards long, fancy floral dado, deep knotted fringe both ends, plain centres, in assorted colors, regular value $4.50 a pair, Friday to clear 2.99

450 Curtain Poles, 1⅜ x 5 feet, in oak, walnut and mahogany finish, complete with ends, rings, brackets and pins, regular value 35c, Friday ..... .19

Carpets and Linoleums

725 yards English Body Brussels Carpet, new designs and color combinations, suit any room or hall, with ⅝ border and ¾ stair to match, will give excellent wear, regular prices 90c and $1.00 per yard, Friday, per yard ..... .65

250 square yards Scotch Inlaid Linoleum, 2 yards wide, all new floral, block and tile effects, in short ends up to 20 yards, for rooms or offices, regular prices 90c, $1.10 and $1.25 per square yard, Friday, per square yard ..... .73

Wall Papers and Pictures

1900 rolls Gilt Wall Paper, ceilings and 9-inch borders, floral and conventional designs, cream, light green and buff colors, suit any room or hall, regular price 10 cents per single roll, Friday 5

74 only Assorted Colored Pictures, oil paintings and artotypes, good assortment of figure and landscape subjects, framed with oak, gilt, fancy color and gilt mouldings, 1 to 2½ inches wide, regular prices 75c to $1.25 each. Friday ..... .50

Lounges and Parlor Suites

25 only Show Wood Lounges, upholstered in fancy figured velour, spring seats, fancy back and buttoned arm, regular price $6.75, Friday 5.00

7 only Parlor Suites, 5 pieces, solid walnut and mahogany finish, hand carved and polished, sofa, divan, arm chair, arm rocker and reception chair, upholstered in extra heavy velour, good spring seats, regular price $26.75, Friday 19.75

The Toronto Daily Star Will Have a More Complete List.

THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

NON-SUIT NOT ALLOWED.

Mrs. Bridgwood of Hamilton Gains a Point in Buffalo.

Buffalo, March 27.—Justice Keneck, in the Supreme Court to-day, denied the motion for a non-suit in the action brought by Charlotte A. Bridgwood against Frank H. Brown and others. This is the famous suit growing out of Lewis H. Cole's transfer of Kentucky land for property in Hamilton, Ont. The defence is now presenting its evidence.

THE TORONTO WORLD
ONE CENT MORNING PAPER.
No. 83 YONGE-STREET, Toronto.
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The World can be obtained in New York City at the news stand, St. Denis Hotel, cor. Broadway and 11th-streets.

TORONTO'S MEMBERS AND THE METROPOLITAN BILL.

We are inclined to agree with The Globe in its estimate of the representatives of the city of Toronto in the Legislature. We think with The Globe that "it is regrettable that it (Toronto) does not choose more potent champions of its interests, whatever their political affiliations may be, * * * In regard to the Metropolitan bill the reports show that the bold champions of the inherent rights of the municipality over its own streets were not the city members, but men like Mr. Graham of Brockville and Mr. Hislop of Huron." Time and again the city has failed in its applications to the Legislature thru the apathy, or something worse, of its Legislative representatives. It is not very surprising that we should receive, as we generally do receive, so little consideration from the Legislature, as a whole, when our own members have been noticeably indifferent to our interests. It is to be hoped that it will not be again necessary to remind the members who represent Toronto of their duty to the city. In regard to the Metropolitan Bill, that will come before the Railway Committee this morning, we beg to inform our own representatives, as well as all other members of the committee, that there is practically unanimity of opinion among the citizens of Toronto that the bill should not be sanctioned. The reasons why the bill should be rejected have already been given at length and the committee by this time ought to realize that a great injustice will be done, directly to Toronto, and indirectly to every other municipality if the principle underlying this bill is admitted. As far as the city members are concerned we trust that they will not only oppose the bill to the best of their ability, but will make an effort to break up the suburban railway monopoly that for ten years has paralyzed the electric railway extension between Toronto and the surrounding country. The way to break up the monopoly is to pass legislation giving independent electric railways running rights over the Toronto Railway tracks upon fair terms. Such legislation would open up the whole territory within 100 miles of Toronto to competition among capitalists and railway men. It would mean a rapid increase and expansion of our suburban railways with all the benefits that would result therefrom.

THE GOVERNMENT'S UNIVERSITY POLICY.

It is becoming clearer and clearer that the Government intends to give the University the minimum of assistance. This was the impression of the Alumni deputation which waited on the Premier, and everything that has happened since confirms that impression. Mr. Harcourt, to do him justice, would if he could, make the vision in a broad and liberal way for present needs and future expansion. But the Premier stands in the way. Behind the Premier stands Principal Grant of Queen's. The presence of this gentleman and his influence on the Government is the explanation of the peculiar course which has been pursued. The University authorities off and on for almost twenty years have been sending deputations to the Government with no result. The Alumni movement in the past year has grown to such proportions that Mr. Ross has begun to get frightened. His boasted generosity, which is after all of a very twopenny-ha'penny kind, is the outcome of his fear of the Alumni and of his fear of Principal Grant combined, and what he is going to do for the University is so planned as to give him an excuse to do as much for Queen's, or more, if he dared. Instead of coming forward frankly and saying: "Yes, gentlemen, the University is in need of help; we shall see that adequate provision is made for present needs and future expansion," he casts about him for a cheap and easy way of giving just as much as will put the Alumni off for the present and no more. He does worse than this. His bill in effect says that the state is responsible for three of the scientific departments, and, by implication, responsibility for the remainder of the departments is renounced. This is surely an extraordinary attitude for the Government to assume towards the provincial University, and the Alumni should not overlook this in their joy at receiving a measure of aid. Let them remember that partial recognition of the responsibility of the state means repudiation of the remainder. This was said in effect by the resolution of the Senate presented by the deputation on Tuesday, but so gently and vaguely as almost to escape notice.

In his speech on the second reading of the bill Mr. Ross did what those expected him to do who understand the nature of the intrigue with Queen's. He declared his intention of helping the Kingston School of Mining, and, indeed, Mr. Pattullo was put up to prepare the way for this in his speech. What many have foreseen has come to pass, viz., that any grant to Toronto University would be coupled with increased aid to Queen's. Nobody knows better than Mr. Ross that aid to the School of Mining is so much aid to a rival state university. He knows the departments of chemistry and mineralogy at Queen's have already been entirely transferred to the pay-sheet of the School of Mining, and that the bill recently passed makes provision for transferring the remainder of the scientific departments (biology, physics, etc.) to be paid for out of the provincial grants to that institution. And in this very thing is a striking illustration of Mr. Ross' attitude. The deputation from the Senate asked, and asked reasonably, that the department of biology in the University should be transferred to the favored list of departments. Mr. Ross will not transfer it, and yet on the very same day on which he refuses he promises increased aid to biology in Queen's. We venture to say that before the year is out this department will have been also transferred in Queen's to the paysheet of the school, and provincial money will be used for its maintenance, while at the same time aid is refused to the department of biology in the provincial University. This is the actual state of affairs, and it is time that the Alumni should awaken to the true situation.

By his action towards Queen's and its Mining School, Mr. Ross is not only playing the traitor to the provincial University but also to the provincial School of Engineering. The School of Practical Science is in want. It has been kept in a state of starvation for many years. It is overcrowded, poorly equipped, poorly manned. It is, be it remembered, the provincial school, owned and controlled by the Legislature. The School of Mining is a private institution, not in any way, not in the least degree, under provincial control. And yet to this institution already $70,000 or more of the people's money has been given. It is down in the estimates already for $13,500, and this sum will doubtless be increased in the supplementary estimates. We venture to predict that the whole sum given will equal, if it does not exceed, the amount given to the School of Practical Science. The amount given last year to each of the two institutions was almost identical. The Premier talks vaguely of some great things which he is going to do in the way of buildings for the provincial school, but this is to be done some time in the future. Meantime Queen's is receiving the substantial aid mentioned. On what principle of policy does Mr. Ross justify the building up of two schools of engineering in the province, when he knows that the resources are not equal to one thoroly good one? By what principle of responsible government does he justify the granting of large sums to an institution outside of Government control? All these things are the outcome of the bargain between the Government and Principal Grant. We have already more than once referred to it as an intrigue, and the development of the plot is making it more and more evident that we are in the right.

CHARTERING RAILWAYS.

The announcement from Ottawa that the C.P.R. has withdrawn its opposition to the Crow's Nest Southern Railway charter is generally regarded as an assurance that the bill will meet with no opposition. It is impossible to conceive of opposition appearing from any other quarter, for the claims of the promoters are eminently reasonable and their projects are clearly in the public interest. They have come forward asking only permission to construct a branch line that would improve their connections with the American market. They have not asked for aid either in the form of cash subsidy, land grant or the guarantee of bonds. All they have asked is permission to go ahead and develop a great industry with their own money, and to trust to results for the reward of their enterprise. They have asked no public favor whatever, and the enterprise in which they propose to embark can be of benefit to themselves only, in so far as it is advantageous to the general public. Now that the controversy may be regarded as settled, it is amusing to recall the patriotic and disinterested air assumed by all who would prohibit the building of the proposed line. The scheme was held up as a deep laid and nefarious plot to rob the Dominion of its wealth and subject Canadian industry to the dictates of a foreign grasping monopoly. The country was warned of an impending danger. The very existence of the Province of British Columbia was at stake. The impending evil was painted with a vagueness that would seem to add to its terrors, and everything was so colored as to make the projected enterprise appear inimical to the public interest. Everyone who took the trouble to analyze the arguments advanced was forced to conclude that there was no danger whatever to British Columbia or to any Canadian enterprise in the construction of the proposed line. Independent newspapers saw the situation at once, and appreciated the danger of allowing such enterprises to be obstructed thru private commercial rivalry. The strength of the opposition naturally awakened alarm, as it had no sustaining argument or reasonable ground to advance. The fear that such a project could be defeated at will in Parliament by the influence of private interests prompted a strong campaign, and independent newspapers in all parts of the Dominion became active in supporting the application of the promoters. It is well that public opinion has been aroused on this question, for it is only by sustaining the keen interest of the electors that Parliament can be held to its duty when private and public interests come into conflict.

THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

Editor World: I enclose you a clipping from The Philadelphia Bulletin, containing a despatch from Ottawa, which says that Mr. Maclean, the Conservative member for East York, on March 21, made a sharp attack in the House of Commons on the people of the United States, and advocating a reciprocity of tariffs as against that country for its unfair trade treatment of Canada. I was glad to see this, for my experience has taught me that all the Americans want is for you to give them all you have and give nothing in return. I would like you to forward me a copy of Mr. Maclean's speech. Canada will only get fair treatment in this country when she insists upon it, but so long as she gives her markets over to the people here they will only laugh at her.

Philadelphia, March 22. A. C.

A Bad Mail Service.

Editor World: Can you inform an interested public the cause of the slow British mail service we are receiving at the present time? Now the British mails were received in New York on Sunday last, and not till noon on Tuesday were they delivered in Toronto. Such service as this is simply ridiculous, and in the public interest these delays deserve immediate investigation. There is no reason why the Canadian mail should not be sorted before arriving in port, and, immediately steamer docks, mails shipped direct to the first out-going railroad for Canada, instead of being held, as they appear to be, in New York. No snowblocks to interfere, now what is the matter? R. M. Melville.

Lost Their Little Boy.

Many friends will sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fair in the bereavement occasioned by the death of their only son, Robert Harvey Fair, which occurred at their home, 290 East Queen-street, last night. The little chap was barely ten years of age, but he had been a sufferer from enlargement of the heart for some time. The funeral will probably take place on Saturday.

A HAPPY CHILD

is one who grows, without interruption of health, from a baby up—except the inevitable diseases of children.

And Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil has done more, in the 26 years of its existence, than any half-dozen other things, to make such children.

It keeps them in uninterrupted health. It is food that takes hold at once, whenever their usual food lets go.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Canada.

CONSTRUCTION OF WARSHIPS

Naval Architects Met in London and Discussed British and United States Ships.

COMPLIMENTS FOR AMERICANS.

Sir John Colomb, M.P., and Rear Admiral FitzGerald Eulogized Yankee Builders.

London, March 27.—At the spring meeting of the Institute of Naval Architects to-day in this city, the Earl of Glasgow presiding, the principal paper read was that of Prof. J. H. Biles, entitled "Ten Years of Naval Construction in the United States." It was almost wholly statistical, but complimentary to American ship designers and builders, and their continual improvement in the construction of armor an armament.

The reading of the paper by Prof. J. H. Biles was followed by a discussion in which Sir John Colomb, M.P., said that Americans did not keep to the same type, but continually improved it. He said they were up to date in matters of armor. Then, they had introduced an 8-inch gun. The only objections to 8 inchers on battleships were that they were superimposed on large turrets. There was not a Belleville boiler in American ships. They did not plunge for a boiler without having thoroly tried it.

Rear Admiral Charles FitzGerald said he thought all present were against superimposed turrets. The naval officers at San Francisco were all against them. American torpedo boats of 140 tons have a speed of 30 knots, and if they did that they beat anything Great Britain had.

Prof. Biles, referring to the proportionately lighter draft of American ships, said it was impossible to say that would be left out in the construction of British ships, notwithstanding their lighter armament. The Admiralty, he added, furnished the information.

POLICE MADE A BIG HAUL.

Well-Known Bicycle Sprinter and Others Found With a Large Amount of Plunder.

New York, March 27.—Jersey City detectives last night captured Benjamin Hill, a well-known bicycle sprinter, and later Hill's wife and three other men, in a house seemingly full of valuable plunder. During the chase of Hill a man named Doyle, who tried to head him off, was shot in the shoulder.

Residents of the Heights section of Jersey City and of North Hudson County towns have recently suffered much from burglaries, and detectives had been at work on the case for some time. After the arrest of Hill the officers went to his alleged home in Leonard-street. In the basement were found Hill's wife and three men, two of whom, the police say, were melting down silver in a complete outfit of melting pots, with crucibles, furnaces and other smelting paraphernalia. A search was made of the ground floor and basement. There the police found thousands of dollars' worth of silver spoons, solid and plated; fine cutlery, jewelry, watches, rugs and tapestries, paintings, engravings, harness and hundreds of other articles of value. Inspector Archibald said it would require time to make an inventory.

QUARTET OF ACCIDENTS.

Trolley Cars Participants in Two of Them—No One Seriously Hurt.

James Earls of 65½ Jarvis-street had a narrow escape from being seriously injured yesterday afternoon. About 10 o'clock he was driving down Francis-street in a buggy, and on reaching King-street collided with a Parliament-street car. The fender struck the buggy and Earls was thrown out. The horse ran away. P. C. Drury captured the runaway. The buggy was badly broken and the fender of the car was smashed. Earls escaped with a few bruises.

Yonge-street car No. 770 ran into James Smith of 74 Palmerston-avenue about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Yonge and Melinda-streets. He was carried on the fender for 20 yards, but received only a few bruises. Smith was picked up by P. C. Drury, who had him removed to his home.

While playing near Firstbrook Bros.' box factory, East King-street, yesterday morning, William Elliott, aged 12 years, who lives at 121 Trinity-street, fell and dislocated his elbow. The injury was attended to at the Emergency Hospital.

John Williams, aged 62 years, was knocked down on Yonge-street yesterday afternoon by an express wagon at the corner of Shuter-street, and received a severe scalp wound and bruises on his head and face. He was taken to St. Michael's Hospital.

"BUCK" McMAKIN KILLED.

Trotting Horse Trainer Got Into a Fight With His Father-in-Law and Lost His Life.

Louisville, Ky., March 27.—Oliver ("Buck") McMakin, a trotting horse trainer, was shot and killed yesterday at the home of his father-in-law, Thompson Smith, in New Albany, Ind. McMakin went to the home of his father-in-law, and, it is said, assaulted his wife, Kittie McMakin, who had gone there after a quarrel Monday with her husband. Her father got into a fight with McMakin in defending her, and Mrs. Smith attempted to hand her husband a shot gun, but McMakin kicked it from her hands. In falling the gun exploded, the charge taking effect in McMakin's body, killing him.

Backache.

So many women suffer from it. It mars alike their hours of work and pleasure. Backache is generally a symptom of derangement of the delicate womanly organs.

It is useless therefore to apply plasters and similar local treatments. A cure can only be effected when the cause of the ache is removed. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure the debilitating drains, the inflammation, ulceration and displacement which cause backache, headache and many other aches and pains. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol and is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics. It agrees with the most delicate persons.

"I took your medicine six months and I feel now like a new person," writes Miss Annie Stephens, of Beliville, Wood Co., W. Va. "Have no backache, no headache, no pain anywhere. I took seven bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and seven bottles of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I think there is no medicine like Dr. Pierce's. I can't speak highly enough of your medicine for it has done me so much good. I don't feel tired as I used to, nor sick. I feel well and think there is no medicine equal to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Medical Adviser sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper covers, or 50 stamps for cloth, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Beauty of Ludella Ceylon Tea

Is its purity. It has been the standard tea for a number of years, and at the rate of its present increase it will still continue to hold its place at the head.

Lead Packages, - 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60 Cents

UNDESIRABLE FAME OF MACHINE POLITICIANS.

Continued From Page 1.

not been such for about two years. They were not at the present on very friendly terms. The interview with Preston, he said, was when the latter was librarian for the Ontario Government.

Why He Came Out in Print.

Mr. Ritchie: What was it led you to make the $10,000 offer public?

Mr. Cook: I was attacked by Dr. Horsey, member for North Grey, who said my letter was issued because I had not got a senatorship. I had previously taken an active part against the Liberal Government.

If He Had Given $10,000.

Frank E. Macdonald of Toronto, son-in-law of Mr. Cook, was examined. He knew the late M. C. Cameron, whom he met in Goderich in April, 1897. The interview was in Mr. Cameron's house, where the witness was a guest. They were having a cigar in the conservatory after tea. Macdonald had been saying that Cook was badly used after what he had done for the party and Cameron remarked: "Well, I suppose you know all about it. If he had given that $10,000 he would have got it. He was foolish not to give it. His election must have cost him $6000 or $8000. That would have been only for a few years and this was for life."

First He Had Heard of It.

To Mr. Blake this witness said no one else was present in Mr. Cameron's conservatory. At the time, Macdonald had not previously heard of the $10,000 matter. Cook had not said anything about it to him. He spoke of it to Mr. Cook shortly after, or within a year. They were walking on the breakwater, and Cook started to tell him about the offer, when witness said he already knew. He did not remonstrate at all about the dishonesty of the offer.

Mr. Blake's Opinion.

To Mr. Ritchie Macdonald said when he heard of the offer, he was not in Cook's employ, but in the insurance business, and was making about $1200 a year, upon which he was able to live.

Mr. Blake: "You could not live on that."

Witness: If you think so, you can refer to my wife.

Hancock of Toronto.

Mr. Ritchie said he intended on Thursday to call a witness named Hancock, now in Toronto. It was open to Mr. Blake to call Mr. Biggs and Mr. Preston, who were on hand.

Mr. Blake desired to have the case closed before he disclosed his defence.

Mr. Ritchie declared he understood from Mr. Cook that Mr. Biggs had been in communication with some parties who had probably corrupted him.

Mr. Blake: "I think it would be almost an insult to the Senate to call such witnesses."

Senator Kirchoffer: "You can't corrupt Preston." [Laughter.]

Wanted All Evidence In.

Mr. Blake: "I ask that we shall not be forced into our defence until this evidence has all been taken."

Mr. Ritchie declared that he had not summoned Biggs and Preston to support the evidence of Cook. He knew these witnesses were hostile, but he had them brought down so that if any other person desired their evidence they would be at hand.

Were at the Door.

Senator Kirchoffer: "It has been reported to me by the doorkeeper that these two witnesses, who were ordered to keep away from this room, have been struggling to get in and have been listening. It shows great disrespect to the committee."

Senator Melvin Jones said a word of the alleged eavesdroppers.

Doubtful of the Two.

Mr. Blake: "In regard to these two witnesses, I thought they would corroborate the evidence of Mr. Cook. The course I intended to pursue was to examine first Sir Richard Cartwright, and next Sir Wilfrid Laurier, then to fill up any other branches of the case."

Mr. Ritchie: "I am given to understand that the evidence of these two witnesses would not be straightforward. So I have been instructed."

Senator Dandurand: "By whom?"

Would Give No Names.

Mr. Ritchie: "I do not know that I should give it away in public. I have been so informed."

Senator Dandurand: "But it is immaterial to you. You are taking no side."

Mr. Ritchie: "I apprehend that my duty here is to get at truth. I am led to believe that these adverse witnesses would not tell the truth. I do not know that. I have been so informed."

Senator Baker moved that the committee adjourn till to-morrow at 1 o'clock.

Even Without Confidence.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: "If no one has confidence in these witnesses, it is still competent for the committee to compel their evidence."

Mr. Ritchie: "But I shall have the right to cross-examine."

Sir Mackenzie Bowell: "Certainly."

The committee adjourned.

On opening out your spring wardrobe you will find some garments that need cleaning, repairing or perhaps dyeing. By phoning 2376 you can have parcel called for. The work done by the Tailoring and Repairing Company, 93 Bay-street, is considered so excellent and prices so very reasonable that it will pay you to give us a trial. 624

ALL THE WIRES ARE CUT.

Rutland Railway People Have Taken the Bull By the Horns.

Ogdensburg, March 27.—Acting under instructions, linemen have cut all telegraph, telephone and fire alarm wires crossing the tracks of the Rutland Railroad property in this city, where the wires are strung less than 22 feet above the rails, as provided by law.

The linemen came here by motor cycle over the railroad from Rutland, and say that wires were cut at nearly every station.

National Telegraphs.

Editor World: I read with much pleasure the able presentation Mr. Maclean made for the nationalization and government ownership of the telegraph lines in the Dominion and the point he made that every postmaster would be better educated and of more efficient service to the public if he had acquired the skill to operate the telegraph machine. He would also receive a fair wage for the services, and the business of the country would be greatly facilitated, which is a most important point in a country geographically situated like Canada.

The capital he names should be easily got, but should it not be run by a commission of experts who would be above political influence from either party? In talking of the cost to the users, the transmission would be cheaper, but, like tea and milk, the handling and delivery of the messages must be paid for and prompt delivery in country places can hardly be expected. The telegraph and postoffice services, under the same officials, should result in a surplus to the Government and not a cost as the postoffice is at present.

Merchant.

Gold Watch for P.D.M. John Sleau.

Past District Master, John Sleau of Centre Toronto District L.O.L., was presented with a handsome gold watch, suitably inscribed, at the regular meeting of the district last night in the County Orange Hall. The presentation was made by District Master J. Edworthy, in an appropriate and happy address. The report of the Grand Lodge meeting in Stratford was read. Short addresses were delivered by Provincial Grand Master John McMillan, Robert Birmingham, P.G.S., and Harry Lovelock, C. M.

An Easter Bargain for the Men

Our last lot of King's sample shoes for men came to hand yesterday. They could not have arrived in a more opportune time, for every well dressed man wants a new pair of boots for Easter. Men to the number of 200, who wear sizes 6½, 7 or 7½, can purchase from us on Saturday a regular

$3.50 to $5.00 Boot for $2.50

There's Patent Leathers
Enamel "
Box Calf
Vici Kid
Willow Calf
Chocolate Kid

in Lace, Button and Congress styles—all King's samples.

Some have light soles, some heavy soles, and some are leather lined. You can see all the different styles and shapes in our men's shoe window, and on Saturday you can take your choice at $2.50 a pair.

Kingsley & Co.
186 Yonge St.
Men's Boots a Specialty.

For CONSTIPATION, STOMACH and LIVER TROUBLES, the

MAGI CALEDONIA WATERS

are a recognized remedy. Sold by best hotels, clubs, grocers and druggists everywhere.

J. J. McLAUGHLIN
Sole Agent and Bottler, Toronto.

WILLIAMS PIANOS
STRICTLY HIGH GRADE
SOLD FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
143 Yonge Street
Pianos to rent—$2.00 to $2.50 per month

SIMMERS' CATALOGUE OF SEEDS.

Features of our New Catalogue for 1901 are: 100 pages, a list of novelties in vegetable, farm and flower seeds, and a complete list of standard seeds, bulbs, plants, fruits, etc. Call or send and get a copy FREE.

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APPLICANTS FOR PENSIONS.

Canadians Who Fought in South Africa Are to Be Considered.

Ottawa, March 27.—The following announcement is made by the Militia Department this morning, The Right Hon. the Secretary of State for War having approved of Medical Boards, composed of medical officers of the Canadian militia being assembled to report upon cases of Canadian militiamen, who are applicants for pensions or compassionate allowances in consequence of their service in South Africa, and with regard to whom the proceedings of medical boards have not already been submitted for consideration by the commissioners of the Chelsea Hospital, medical boards as hereunder are authorized to investigate and report upon such cases.

The Board in M.D. No. 2 is to be composed as follows:

President—Major Nattress, A.M.S.

Members: Surgeon-Major J. E. Elliott, 2nd Brig. F.A.; Major J. T. Fotheringham, A.M.S.

SKEPTICISM.—This is unhappily an age of skepticism, but there is one point upon which persons acquainted with the subject agree, namely, that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a medicine which can be relied upon to cure a cough, remove pain, heal sores of various kinds, and benefit any inflamed portion of the body to which it is applied.

ADAM STARK SUICIDED.

Was Born in Scotland—Parents Live in Canada.

Buffalo, March 27.—Adam Stark, a photographer, committed suicide in his boarding house in Hampshire-street late last night. From papers found on his body it was learned that he was born in Scotland and that he has parents living somewhere in Canada.

That Spot.

Did you ever have that little tickling spot in your throat? Felt as if you could almost touch it with your finger, didn't it? How hard you tried to reach it, but couldn't! It's easy with Vapo-Cresolene, for you breathe it. There's nothing in the world equal to it for stopping these tickling coughs; and it's so pleasant, too. For asthma, croup, bronchitis, catarrh, and whooping-cough, it's the great remedy. 19

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, $1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPO-CRESOLENE CO., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.