FACTORY and WAREH
FOR SALE
RICHMOND STREET EAST, R
THROUGH TO LOMBARD S
Approximately 35,000 square feet. Good shipping lane. Light on four sides. Steam heating. Freight elevator. Sprinkler system. Immediate possession.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
38 King Street East. Main 5450.

Senate Reading Room
1jan20—12376
SENATE P O
OTTAWA

The Toronto World

WANTED FOR TENANT
DESIRABLE HOUSE.
ROSEDALE OR HILL PREFERRED.
Must have six bedrooms and two bathrooms. Possession September 1st.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
38 King Street East. Main 5450.

FROBS: Fair and decidedly warm. THURSDAY MORNING JULY 24 1919 VOL. XXXIX.—No. 14,134 TWO CENTS

ARMY AND NAVY WILL KEEP YORKSHIRE MINES FROM RUIN

FISH ACCUMULATION IN STORAGE SERIOUS

Over Twenty Million Pounds on Hand, Commissioner Says in Report.

BIG STOCKS OF BUTTER

General Holdings Compare Favorably With Those of Last Year.

Ottawa, July 23.—That stocks of food products in cold storage on July 1 compare favorably with last year is shown by the report of the cost of living commissioner to the minister of labor concerning food in storage and in process of cure in Canada on that date. Attention is drawn, however, to the export demand, which is likely to be considerable. Attention is drawn also to a serious accumulation of fish. The report follows:

Butter went into storage rapidly during the month of June, notwithstanding the high prices, and on July 1 we had 10,365,116 pounds of creamery and 1,000,634 pounds of dairy butter. This is a total of nearly 2,000,000 pounds above July 1 of last year. There should be no shortage here next winter if exports are not too heavy, altho this is less than one-half of our requirement for next winter's use.

The oleomargarine in storage is only 421,584 pounds, which is as usual less than two weeks' market requirements.

Enough for Five Months.

The cheese in storage amounts to 9,312,910 pounds. As in the case of butter, the heavy flow of milk in June has had a large effect upon stocks, and we now have approximately the same quantity on hand as on July 1, 1918. This amount would supply our domestic requirements for about five months if we had no export, but the export trade is the heaviest part of our cheese trade. Last year we exported 152,000,000 pounds.

Eggs are also coming into storage more freely than last year in spite of the high prices, but apparently not so freely as two years ago. The stocks include 12,263,586 dozen in cold storage, 482,791 dozen on hand other than in cold storage and 53,737 pounds of frozen eggs.

Pork Stocks on Hand.

The stocks of pork on hand in process of cure and in storage are just about equal to the average for these last two years. If our domestic trade were the only matter to be considered we have enough on hand today for five months. However, our export trade took about twelve million pounds a month this last year. The total stock on July 1 was 39,659,877 pounds. Of this by far the largest part was in process of cure and not in cold storage at all. There was in storage 6,431,452 pounds frozen, 2,338,444 pounds fresh unfrozen, 2,505,545 pounds dry salted, and 8,812,384 pounds sweet pickled. It is evident that the export market is taking our surplus just as fast as the surplus gets out of the curing tanks.

Beef Beyond Normal.

The stocks of beef are 40.31 per cent. less than last month, but greater than normally at this time of year. The prices for beef animals are not so high as earlier in the season, and the prices for the meat have been advancing markedly, and this is in spite of the fact that the reports from both London and Chicago have indicated that the world situation warranted a decline rather than an advance. The largest portion of the beef in storage is

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 4.)

PRINCE TO VISIT UNITED STATES

Heir to British Throne to Be Guest of President Wilson.

London, July 23.—The Prince of Wales will visit the United States as a guest of the American government. King George, on behalf of the prince, has accepted an invitation sent the prince by President Wilson to visit the president in Washington.

After his visit to Canada the prince will go to Washington for a few days as a guest of the American government and later will make a brief visit to New York, where he will live on board the British battleship Renown in New York harbor, altho still a guest of the government.

PREMIER EXPECTED IN OTTAWA AT WEEK-END

Ottawa, July 23.—Sir Robert Borden is expected back in Ottawa during the week-end. He is on a cruise in the St. Lawrence Gulf.

Royalty Forever Barred From Presidency of Germany

Weimar, July 23.—No member of a family that at any time has ruled in Germany is eligible for the office of President of Germany. The national assembly has thus ruled by adopting a motion of one of its women members, Frau Agnus.

WOULD ADOPT VERDUN.

Luxemburg, July 23.—The president of the chamber of deputies proposed today that the city of Verdun be adopted. The proposition was greeted with enthusiasm.

EXPECT ALL TROOPS HOME NEXT MONTH

Approximately 49,000 Canadians Still Remain in England.

Ottawa, July 23.—Apart from the 3,800 hundred officers and men being brought to Canada by the Regina and the Winnifredia, the former due at Halifax today, there still remain in England, including soldiers' dependents and unattached women, approximately 49,000 Canadians who must be brought home before the task of demobilization is complete. Unmarried soldiers and officers still to be returned number 10,000 and married 11,000. Wives, children and unattached women swell the total to nearly 50,000.

Altho the homeward movement of Canadians is not at present as heavy as formerly it will shortly be speeded up and it is anticipated that by the end of August the Canadians and their dependents will all be back in Canada.

QUEBEC LIBERALS MIGHT JOIN CABINET

But First of All Will Insist Upon Complete Reorganization.

Ottawa, July 23.—While Sir Robert Borden is still enveloped in the fogs and storms of the lower St. Lawrence many more or less authorized agents are busy on the work of cabinet reconstruction. The chief obstacle is the situation in the province of Quebec. It is admitted on all sides that a real union government cannot deny representation to a province containing one-fourth of the country's population. Overtures have therefore been made to and negotiations have been carried on with a number of representative French-Canadian Liberals, including Sir Lomer Gouin.

The World learns from a prominent French-Canadian who is a returned soldier and in the confidence of the government, that there is a strong feeling in Quebec in favor of a coalition government in which that province will be adequately represented. It is admitted that Quebec should not be isolated from the other provinces, and that it is desirable for her to secure a fair share in the matter of national expenditure. On the other hand, there is a popular prejudice against the "Borden government" which makes it impossible for public men, otherwise anxious to bring about a coalition, to unite with the present government. They have the highest respect for Sir Robert Borden personally, but they realize that the Borden government is associated in the public mind of Quebec with many happenings and events that have caused deep-seated and widespread resentment.

Suggest New Leadership.

The World's informant, who has just returned from a confidential mission to the city of Quebec, says that Sir Lomer Gouin and other leading Liberals in Quebec are ready to sit down at a round table conference for the purpose of forming a new union government that will fairly represent every province in Canada. They are quite willing that the leadership of such a government should be entrusted to an English-speaking Protestant even tho he might be a Conservative; but they want a voice in the selection and they believe that the present prime minister will have to be eliminated.

Asked how Sir Thomas White stood in Quebec, this gentleman said: "Sir Lower Gouin and nearly any of the prominent Liberal leaders in Quebec would jump at the chance to enter a coalition government with Sir Thos. White as prime minister. They feel that it is of the highest importance that the province of Quebec should assume her proper position in the councils of the nation. Especially at this time of social disturbance and industrial unrest is it essential for the Dominion to have the counsel of Quebec, which is thrifty conservative and not easily swept off its feet by popular fads and hysterical appeals."

COBALT MINES STRIKE HAS HOLIDAY ASPECT

Street Cars, Water and Electric Light Systems in Full Operation.

REJECT CONCILIATION

Men Place Responsibility for Strike on Mine Managers' Association.

Cobalt, Ont., July 23.—The first afternoon of the Cobalt miners' strike passed very quietly. Punctually at noon the employes at the mines left their tasks and within a few minutes of the blowing of the whistles, men from the properties nearest the centre of the town were making their way thru the streets to the union hall, the mecca of the workers. All afternoon other men employed in the township came in and the town assumed the aspect of a holiday.

Strikers in Procession.

Headed by a body of close upon one hundred veterans the strikers, carrying the British, French and Italian flags, and in number well over a thousand strong, gathered at the union hall and marched in procession thru the principal streets of the town. On their return to headquarters J. P. McGuire, of the union executive, addressed the gathering from a convenient rock, and in a short address he placed the responsibility for the strike and any of its consequences on the Cobalt district members of the Mine Managers' Association. The paraders, many of whom were still in their "digging clothes," then dispersed.

Mediation Efforts Fail.

The representatives of the five municipalities effected by the strike of the Northern Ontario Light and Power Company employes, continued their efforts at mediation during today, but late this afternoon Mayor McKinnon, of Cobalt, and Reeve Matheson, of Bucke township, reported no success had been attained in this respect. They were not without hopes from future meetings. The public utilities situation, so far as the power question is concerned, remains as before. With Superintendent Allan of the company, who maintains that no difficulty is anticipated in keeping the municipalities supplied.

Secretary Gorman, of the Miners' Union, notified Senator Robertson, minister of labor, by telegraph today that as he had been informed by the representatives of the municipalities that the managers would not consider a conciliation board the strike was called as arranged.

Public Utilities Running.

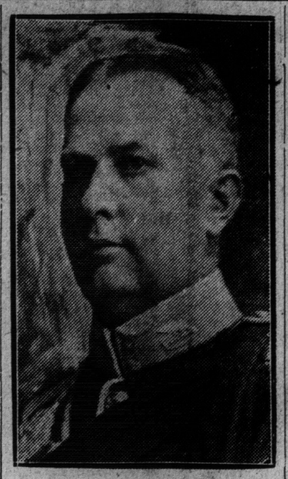
The street cars and the water and electric light systems were in operation as usual this evening.

The camp at Silver Centre is under the jurisdiction of the local union so far as the miners are concerned, but the few men employed there are not involved in the strike, according to information available this afternoon. At least two properties in this camp have made provision to keep their workings pumped out using steam to operate the pumps.

The Porcupine mines came to an agreement with the men last Friday, and a sympathetic strike there is not anticipated.

NORTH TO PUBLISH CAMPAIGN PAPER

It was decided at a meeting of the executive of North Toronto Ratepayers' Association, held last night, to publish a weekly paper for campaign purposes. The first edition of this new journal is expected to appear within two weeks. It will be edited by members of the executive and will deal exclusively with the local problems now under discussion. A statement is being issued in reply to certain alleged facts appearing in the city afternoon papers yesterday regarding the North Toronto situation.



GENERAL SIR ARTHUR CURRIE
Given honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by Cambridge University yesterday.

CAMBRIDGE HONORS SIR ARTHUR CURRIE

Degree of Doctor of Laws Conferred on Him by the University.

Cambridge, England, July 23.—General Sir Arthur Currie, commander of the Canadian forces, today received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Cambridge University.

The ceremony took place in the senate house, which was crowded mostly with undergraduates, who were dressed in military and naval uniforms, for the occasion. The vice-chancellor of the university, Dr. Arthur E. Shipley of Christ's College, presided. In addition to General Currie, there were various recipients of the degree, among them Admirals S. S. Sturdee and Wemyss and Generals Rawlinson, Birdwood, Wilson, Horne, Monash, the Earl of Cavan and General Pershing. All the recipients were greeted with enthusiasm.

The procession to the senate house formed in the library arcade. It was led by "Esquire Cade Cadets," carrying the faces. Then came the vice-chancellor, with the public orator and then the recipients of the honorary degree with the university officials bringing up the rear.

The public orator read his address in Latin. Each recipient of the degree was cheered as he rose to receive the honor. Afterwards the party proceeded to the steps overlooking the court of the senate house, where the newly-honored men were photographed, meantime being cheered and also chaffed by the undergraduates.

The vice-chancellor then entertained the party at luncheon in Christ's College hall, then they walked thru the rain, the students following and cheering. General Birdwood was carried shoulder high by the youths.

NEED SOLDIERS IN THEIR RANKS

Labor Party Aiming at Concentration of Interests for Labor Representation.

John Vick, a prominent member of the Independent Labor Party in Toronto, stated yesterday that there was a very evident need of the co-operation of the returned soldiers of the city and province with the labor men in the fight for representation in the house of commons. He expressed the belief that the organization of a soldiers' unit within the Ontario section of the Canadian labor party would be welcomed by labor generally. It was idle, he said, for enemies of labor to attempt to poison the minds of the soldier with the idea that the labor party or the industrial movements were in any way opposed to the interests of the returned men. That was a fallacy of the most glaring nature.

General Co-operation.

It was learned from other sources that there may be a general co-operation of all the political forces of labor with a view to the election of labor in strength to the two houses. Lou Braithwaite, business manager for the Butcher Workers' Union, stated yesterday afternoon that the element in labor, which had long held aloof from general labor politics, had decided to come down to terra-firma and to co-operate with other political bodies with a view to concentrating every effort toward the election of labor men, who expressed the sentiment of the rank and file. He further stated that at that meeting held a few days ago, when it was decided to consider the possibilities of interesting trades unions in politics, many of those present were real moderates who had come to the conclusion as had the "progressives" that only in the co-operation of political and industrial warfare could anything be accomplished against those elements in life detrimental to the worker.

UPPER SILESIA AUTONOMOUS PROVINCE

Berlin, July 23.—Upper Silesia, in the event that it is decided under the plebiscite to remain German, will become an independent autonomous province, according to an official announcement. The vote will be taken in the entire government and district of Oppeln.

Grotkau, Neisse and a part of the Neustadt and Zuelzerland districts will remain German and part of the Nanslau district will go to Poland without a plebiscite. State Commissioner Hoerming will retain his position.

FRANCE'S CHIEF RABBI DEAD.

Paris, July 23.—Alfred Levy, chief rabbi of France, died today at Pau, where he had been under treatment for two years. His assistant, Israel Levy, will succeed him in office.

TOO POOR TO PAY, ARCHBISHOP SAYS

Kingston Prelate is Unable to Satisfy Judgment of the Court.

Special to The Toronto World.

Kingston, July 23.—This afternoon Archbishop Spratt was examined by A. B. Cunningham, counsel for Sister Basil in her recent case, Mr. Cunningham having taken out an order for examination to ascertain what personal property the archbishop has to satisfy the recent judgment of the court in the verdict given for $24,000 against him, Mother Regis and Dr. Phelan, for attempting the abduction of Sister Basil from St. Mary's-on-the-Lake Orphanage. T. J. Rigney appeared as counsel for the archbishop.

"Inability" was the answer given by the archbishop when asked why he had not paid. He said he had not the means to pay and that he scarcely had enough money to live on. For this reason he could not even pay part. A bank book of his was presented which showed he had $294.20 in it, and also a bank book on the Bank of Montreal which showed $1,372, which, his grace said, was from the estate of the late Father Duffus, who died recently.

It was shown that in September, 1918, the archbishop had about $3,000 in the Royal Bank, but he said it had been chequed out. He mentioned amounts he had paid to The Freeman, the Catholic newspaper printed in Kingston. Asked if he had money invested in stocks, he said he had $100 in the Capital Trust of Ottawa. The two accounts mentioned made up the total outside of what he had in his pockets, which amounted to $170. He said he had no land. He had received $1,600 from his brother's estate, but this he had given to Regiopolis College.

DR. RENNER IS BITTER OVER TREATY TERMS

Geneva, July 23. — Mr. Carl Renner, head of the Austrian peace delegation, in passing thru Zurich today on his way to Vienna, told the correspondent of the Swiss Telegraph Agency that he totally disapproved of the terms of the peace treaty presented to him at St. Germain, especially the clauses concerning "Amputation" of territory from Austria and the financial conditions, which he said Austria would be unable to fulfill, even with the best intentions to do so.

Dr. Renner, according to the correspondent, was especially bitter against Italy's demand for the Tyrol, and also against the Jugo Slav aspirations. It is the intention of Dr. Renner shortly to present the conditions of the treaty of peace to the government in Vienna.

WILL USE SOLDIERS TO PROTECT SAILORS WORKING AT MINES

Fourth Day of British Coal Strike Shows No Signs of Settlement --- Monmouth and Lancashire Miners Return---Sir Eric Geddes in Yorkshire to Prevent Pits Being Ruined---Industries Are Affected.

London, July 23.—The pump men and enginemen of three of the South Yorkshire collieries have decided, apparently on their own initiative, to resume work.

Ten thousand men who struck in Derbyshire Wednesday have allowed enough of the operatives to return to keep the workings open to prevent flooding.

The Daily Mail's labor expert learns that the temper of the strikers in the other districts is improving decidedly.

London, July 23.—The fourth day of the great coal miners' strike brought no signs of a settlement. Almost 250,000 men have laid down their tools. Ten thousand went out today in Nottingham and Derby, while 10,000 men in Monmouth and 7,500 Lancashire workers went back to save the mines from destruction, but coupling with their return a strong protest against increases in the price of coal.

Premier Lloyd George and several members of the cabinet, including Andsew Bonar Law, Sir Aukland Geddes and Sir Robert S. Horne, conferred with the mine owners today. The premier will meet the officers of the miners' federation tomorrow.

The triple alliance of labor, which is composed of the railwaymen, transportation workers and miners, met in London behind closed doors and registered a vote of 217 to 11 against conscription, participation in Russian campaigns and the intervention of military force in trade union disputes.

Sir Eric Geddes at Leeds.

Sir Eric Geddes, who is the cabinet's man of all work, went to Leeds with a retinue of officials, but announced that his mission was only for the protection of the mines against flooding and for the direction of sailors engaged in pumping. It was not to interfere with the strike. Sir Eric, as manager of large railways has had experience with labor trouble, but it remains to be seen whether his presence in the strike districts will have a beneficial effect.

Sir Eric sent invitations today to the Yorkshire Miners' Association representatives, asking them to meet him tomorrow to consider the strike situation.

He sent telegrams also to the Lord Mayor and councils of the principal cities and towns in Yorkshire, Lancashire, Nottingham and Derbyshire emphasizing the necessity of restricting the use of coal and notifying them that drastic restrictions will be put upon railroad services.

Soldiers to Protect Sailors.

The most important news of the day is that soldiers will be used to protect the sailors working at the mines. The use of the military for any purposes in connection with strikes is a policy which the unions oppose bitterly and have made their opposition one of the chief planks in their platform.

The disclosure by a labor paper recently of a secret circular which the war office sent to officers, asking what would be the attitude of the soldiers in the event they were called upon for strike breaking, has produced a great sensation in labor circles.

There is no doubt that Lloyd George's government has met the most serious situation in domestic affairs that it has yet had to deal with, one which may bring to focus all the labor discontent which has been accumulating since the armistice. The premier and the other ministers wore serious faces today, and were in conference for hours.

Between Two Forces.

David Lloyd George's genius hitherto has been shown in ability for compromises. Now he is placed between two opposing forces whose interests are in direct opposition. The miners, who constitute the strongest organized labor body in the country, are determined upon the nationalization of the mines; the coal owners seem equally determined to maintain their property rights. Moreover, three hundred members of the premier's coalition party in the commons have signed a strong protest against nationalization as a principle.

The majority of the newspapers display appreciation of, if not sympathy with, the miners' standpoint, and say that the miners were given to understand that the government would adopt the report of the Sankey commission. This commission recommended partial nationalization a month ago, but the government has not yet taken steps to follow this recommendation.

Will Use All Resources.

In a talk to newspaper men at Leeds, Sir Eric Geddes used strong words. He said:

"The government is determined that all the resources of the state, whether they are resources of citizens or armed forces of the crown, shall be used to prevent ruin to the community. Because, if those mines are flooded, it will cause great unemployment, and for many months will prevent the output of coal which the industries of the country need to keep them from being ruined.

"It is not to take part in fighting the strike that we are here, but to save the life of the nation as far as we can. I feel, and the government feels, that those who advocated the policy of stopping pumping at the mines have not realized the length to which it might go."

Sir Eric said that the minister of labor had invited the miners' representatives to oversee the pumping with him. He continued:

Prevent Mines Being Ruined.

"The last thing the government wants to do is to fill this great industrial district with soldiers and sailors. That is outside my mission here. I am simply endeavoring to prevent the pits, and with them the livelihood of the miners, and many other workers from being ruined permanently or temporarily. I trust and hope that the people know that altho troops are moving about, it is by no means an offensive measure, or interference with the strike. The state must protect the sailors from being injured or molested by hot heads."

At Bradford most of the textile mills will close by the week-end for lack of coal. The Doncaster town council has decided to suspend the tramway service on Saturday if we want

GANG OF ROBBERS AT LARGE IN CITY

Laundrymen Held Up With Rifles by Bandits in Motor Cars.

Holdups and robberies are becoming an everyday occurrence in Toronto, and the police are busy searching all sections of the city for the robbers, who, according to complaints, are armed with rifles and revolvers. The gang that are at present operating are daring, and commence operations between 11 o'clock in the evening and midnight. They travel in motor cars, and Chinese laundries have been specialized in by the gunmen.

Evidence that the thieves are armed with rifles was revealed to the police of Ossington avenue station last night, when Lou brothers, laundrymen, at 618 Gladstone avenue, reported that they had been held up by three masked robbers, carrying rifles. According to their story, three men entered the store at 11 o'clock. When the store door opened a bell in the rear of the store rang and both Chinamen came to the counter. As they entered the front part of the store, they were met with the muzzles of rifles pointing at them.

Stood Against Wall.

Both men were ordered to stand against the wall with their hands up, while two of the men searched the building. There was but $11 in money in the cash drawer, and this was taken. Before leaving, the three men declared that a fourth man was watching on the outside, and if any attempt was made to call in the police, the laundrymen would be shot.

Early yesterday morning the police of Claremont street received a telephone message that a man had been held up in a house on Spadina avenue. Plainclothesmen were despatched, and after making inquiries found that both the man who was supposed to have been held up and the robbers had disappeared. A note of the affair was made at No. 3 station.

TORONTO DEALER CHARGED WITH KILLING AYTON MAN

Victim's Skull Crushed With Heavy Cane After Altercation About a Load of Hogs.

Special to The Toronto World.

Ayton, July 23.—Following an altercation this afternoon, during which he was struck three times on the head and body with a heavy walking stick in the hands of Neil Coates, a cattle buyer of Toronto, William Umbach of this place fell heavily to the sidewalk and died almost instantly, the direct cause of his death being somewhat disputable.

Immediately after the incident Coates left the scene and returned to the station, where he was loading hogs, while eye-witnesses of the fracas sent for a doctor and later for the coroner and the county crown attorney. Late this evening Coates had not been arrested. Umbach's body lies in the Commercial Hotel and a county constable is on his way to Ayton.

Cause of Quarrel.

Among those who saw the two men engaged in their argument in front of the Commercial Hotel were Andrew Schank, Leslie Koester, Fred Schause and Charles Rahn. They saw Coates strike Umbach, and as the latter fell Schank started forward to stop the affair, saying: "Here, men, we can't let this go on." He was too late to prevent the tragic end of the altercation.

Both Umbach and Coates are cattle buyers, tho the former is chiefly a flour and feed man at the station cattle yards. This afternoon they got into an argument, Umbach having offered a farmer a certain price for his pigs, to which Coates is alleged to have had first claim. Later in the afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock the two met in front of the Commercial and renewed their argument.

Was Pronounced Dead.

Dr. J. L. Easton was called as soon as Umbach failed to rise from the sidewalk, to which he had fallen heavily. The doctor, who is also coroner, pronounced Umbach to be dead, and refused to allow the body to be moved from the hotel until after it had been viewed by a jury.

Witnesses state that it is possible Umbach may have been stunned by the blow of Coates' stick, and may have been unable to save himself when he struck the pavement. They believe Coates was unaware of how seriously Umbach was hurt, because of the unconcerned way in which he left the scene to return to his cattle shipping.

KING EDWARD GUEST ROBBED OF HIS ROLL

S. C. Sheppard, guest of the King Edward Hotel, complained to the police last night that his rooms had been entered during his absence and over [illegible] American and Canadian bills stolen. When the theft was discovered by Mr. Sheppard house detectives were called and an investigation conducted, which resulted last night in the local police being called in to follow up the case.

HYDRO RAILWAY COMMISSION SUPPORT PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

Will Help Guelph to Defeat Acquisition of Radial by Grand River Railway, a Subsidiary to the C.P.R.

At a meeting held yesterday of the Hydro radial commission in the offices in Toronto and presided over by J. W. Lyon, and attended by delegates from all parts of the province, a lively discussion took place upon the question of the C.P.R. acquiring working powers of the Guelph radial railway thru their subsidiary, the Grand River Railway. The meeting was entirely against the private ownership idea, and two strong resolutions were adopted. The first read as follows:

That the executive officers of the Hydro railway commission be directed to assist the citizens of Guelph in the defeat of the proposed bylaw in the agreement with the Grand River Railway Company and any such agreement if entered into is against the interests of other municipalities having a Hydro-Electroc railway agreement with Guelph is party thereto.

The second resolution, which was passed after a brief discussion, was as follows:

"The executive council of the Hydro-Electric Railway Association representing an organization of 200 municipalities in Ontario, strongly urges the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario to withhold their consent when such is necessary, according to statute to all agreements with municipalities, which in any way conflict with any proposed or contemplated Hydro-Electric railway when a contract with such railway has received the assent of the electors, having in view not only the interests of other municipalities, but the contemplated provincial system of Hydro-Electric construction.

Amongst those present at the meeting were J. H. Lyons, president; T. J. Hannigan, secretary; G. P. Hamilton, treasurer; Mayor George, Peterboro; Fred Newman, Picton; Controllers G. Halford, A. F. Wilson, Markham, Jupp, Hamilton; Sir Adam Beck and Messrs. Gaby and Pope.

FOG DELAYS DOCKING OF TRANSPORT REGINA

Halifax, N.S., July 23.—The transport Regina, with returning troops, which was expected to dock at 7 o'clock this evening, will not come to her pier until 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. The steamer got caught in a bank of fog about 50 miles off Camperdown and had to hold up.