FOR SALE
SPADINA AVE AND WELLINGTON ST
Corner—50 by 100 feet to lane. See us for full particulars.
TANNER & GATES
REALTY BROKERS
46 Victoria St. Main 5893.

The Toronto World

APARTMENT HOUSE SITE,
PARKDALE.
Corner Queen and Close Ave., 98½ x 138 to lane; light on three sides. Price $250 per foot. Easy terms.
TANNER & GATES
REALTY BROKERS
46 Victoria St. Main 5893

PROBS: Local snowflurries, but mostly fair and colder.

FOURTEEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING JANUARY 24 1913—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIII—No. 11,863

CANON WILLIAMS, PAST WHOSE CHURCH SURGED FIFTY YEARS OF TORONTO'S LIFE, IS DEAD

Rector of Church of St. John the Evangelist, Portland Street, Past Eighty, Dies From a General Breakdown.

Rev. Canon Alexander Williams, M. A., for fifty years rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Portland street, died yesterday at his residence, 59 Portland street, following a general breakdown. For some time past the canon had been in ill-health, but it was only quite recently that he was forced to assign his duties to the curate, Rev. Mr. McLean.

Knwon as one of the "men who have watched Toronto grow," Canon Williams was recognized as an authority on all matters pertaining to early times in the city's history.

Straightforward in character and strong in purpose, yet one found in Canon Williams a man of jovial disposition. He looked on the sunny side of life and shed rays of optimism among those in need of sympathy.

His sermons to the different congregations of St. John's Church—for there were many during the fifty years he occupied the pulpit—were inspiring, uplifting and beautiful in their simplicty.

A Worker Among Poor.

Canon William, however, was more than a preacher. His work among the poorer classes appeared to him to be just as important as his pulpit duties, and in this line of activity he became known to hundreds in the city.

One of his many gifts was a rare sense of humor. It was this point about the canon which caused so many to seek interviews with him. Time spent in his company was always pleasant, and helpful both intellecutally and morally.

Born near the City of Hamilton in the year 1832, Alexander Williams later attended the Hamilton public schools. After completing his public school course he entered Trinity College, and was one of the first students graduated by the college. In 1854 he was ready to hold a charge, but as he was under age, he could not be ordained. For the next year he did mission work and then Bishop Strachan ordained him in St. James' Cathedral.

Covered Field on Foot.

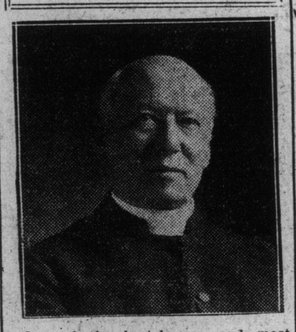
Canon Williams was for many years minishter in the Lake St. Clair district, and with another cleric covered a territory to which six clergymen are now assigned. During these early days he was forced to travel from one settlement to another on foot, or sometimes, when more fortunate, on horseback.

Of late years Canon Williams was fond of describing incidents which had arisen during his early ministry. On one occasion he recalled Bishop Strachan, in the latter's own blunt way, severely scoring the late Canon Baldwin for views which he had expressed from the pulpit on the preceding Sabbath. This and several other stories of a ilke nature were often related by the canon to friends. In connection with his work in the St. Clair district he remembered a remark which he passed resulting in a big surprise to him. While at a small village he promised to baptize a baby, also saying that it would be a pleasude to officiate similarly for the other infants around. On his next visit twenty-one babies were presented for baptism.

Recollections of early Toronto held by the canon were very vivid. The

Continued on Page 7, Column 1.

Rev. Canon Williams



One of the best-known and most lovable ministers in Toronto. He died yesterday after having been in charge of St. John's Church, Portland street, for 50 years.

POWERS AGHAST OVER TURKISH SITUATION

Swift Changes in Cabinet, Suggesting That Young Turks Are Again in Control, Came as a Bolt From Blue — May Mean Resumption of War.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—(Can. Press.)—To the ambassadors of the powers who were congratulating themselves that the concert of Europe had virtually settled the near eastern war; to the delegates of the allied Balkan States, and to all London, except the Turkish plenipotentiaries, the news of the resignation of Kiamil Pasha and the appointment of Mahmoud Shefket Pasha to the grand vizierate came as a bolt from the blue.

Whether this means war to a finish, with the "Young Turks" in the saddle, or is merely another exhibition of the resources of Turkish diplomacy, none can say; nor can anyone definitely predict whether the powers will attempt to coerce Turkey into making peace, or stand as spectators while events take their course.

The Turkish delegates have cherished the conviction that the abandonment of Adrianople by the ministry would bring a Young Turk cabinet into power. The fact that Shefket Pasha has been appointed grand vizier, while Talaat Bey, who is a prominent member of the Young Turk committee and deputy for Adrianople, has been made minister of the interior, is significant.

Young Turks in Power.

The Young Turks have labored vallantly for some time to regain power; their activity among army officers has been great, and prominent officers who recently returned from Tripoli and joined

Continued on Page 9, Column 1.

NAZIM PASHA, TURKISH GENERAL, VICTIM OF ASSASSIN'S BULLET IN A RIOT AT CONSTANTINOPLE

His Aide-de-Camp Fired Shot During Wild Demonstration Following Fall of Cabinet a nd Fire Was Returned, Ending Life of Commander-in-Chief of Turkish Army — Was Former War Minister and a Towering Figure in Ottoman Empire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 23.—(Can. Press)—Nazim Pasha, the former war minister and commander of the Turkish army, was shot dead during demonstrations here tonight which preceded the resignation of the cabinet. Enver Bey and Talaat Bey had given explicit orders that no blood should be shed, but Nazim Pasha's aide de-camp fired from a window of the Porte at Enver Bey and his companion, and they returned the fire. Their bullets killed Nazim Pasha himself. In spite of this tragedy there was no disturbance of order elsewhere.

TURKEY'S GREATEST GENERAL.

Nazim Pasha, war minister and generalissimo of the Turkish armies, was a man of great physical and mental strength. He was close to 60 years of age, and was characterized as the best commander-in-chief Turkey possessed in recent times.

Nazim took supreme command of the forces after Abdullah Pasha suffered defeat around Kirk-Kilisseh and Adrianople. He was appointed minister of war in the first Kiamil cabinet, and later became commander of the First Army Corps.

Nazim Pasha became minister of war again in 1912 in the Mukhtar cabinet, and continued to hold office when the second Kiamil cabinet was formed in October of that year.

Nazim Pasha was in personal command of the troops that checked the advance of the Bulgarians at the Tchatalja lines.

BOLD PROGRESSIVE POLICY FOR ALL TORONTO SCHOOLS IS FORECASTED BY NEW CHAIRMAN

Thirty New Sites Are Needed at Once and Separate Board of Education Building Is Proposed — School Age Should Be Raised to Seven Years.

Toronto educational requirements were set forth by the chairman of the board in his inaugural address last night.

Chairman Hiltz thanked the board for the honor conferred upon him by his election as presiding officer for the coming year. He pointed out that there were ten high schools and collegiate institutes, valued at $1,325,000, and 75 public schools valued at $5,000,000, besides 88 temporary rooms in various quarters. There were 1628 officials and others in the pay of the board.

The total pupils enrolled was over 68,000, including 7100 in he high schools and 10,200 in he kindergartens.

During the year 1912 the board paid out $2,280,900; salaries to teachers,

Continued on Page 9, Column 6.

CLAIMS OF C. P. R. STRIKERS TO BE MET

Consultation in Montreal Between Premier Borden and Railway Officials Leads to Belief That Pressure Is Being Brought to Bear to Relieve Government.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—Right Hon. R. L. Borden was in the city today in connection with leading officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. It is surmised that the prime minister's visit has something to do with the recent strike on the C. P. R. it will be remembered that the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employes applied to the minister of labor last summer for a conciliation board under the Lemieux Act. This application was turned down by Hon. Mr. Crothers, but later he granted a board to investigate the grievances of the C. P. R. employes in the Ottawa district. The board found in favor of the men, and recommended their immediate reinstatement with full pay during the time they were out. The company, however, did not reinstate the majority of the men, and the grievances of the same class of employes west of Port Arthur have never been passed upon by a conciliation board. The net result has been considerable irritation and dissatisfaction in the ranks of organized labor, and in yesterday's debate at Ottawa the Liberal members of the house of commons made considerable capital out of the matter at the expense of the minister of labor.

Mr. Borden has been compelled to stand by his minister, but it is an open secret that he has regarded the incident as unfortunate. This, coupled with his presence in Montreal today, leads to the belief that pressure is being brought to bear upon the C. P. R. to relieve the government of embarrassment by settling the claims of the men upon fair terms, including the reinstatement of the late strikers, who are still out of employment.

EJECTED FROM HOTEL.

Wm. Gayhart Had One Leg Broken During the Disturbance.

According to the bartenders at the Gibson House, Wm. Gayhart, aged about 25, created quite a disturbance around the hotel yesterday afternoon and last night. When closing time arrived, it was found necessary to eject the young man from the bar.

Gayhart was either thrown out or else someone slammed the door on his leg as he was being pushed out. At any rate his leg was broken and the employes at the hotel seem uncertain as to just what happened.

The police ambulance from No. 1 station removed the injured man to St Michaels hospital.

There may be an investigation into the matter.

Gayhart lives at 7 Cowan avenue.

On Parcel Post Wagon

OTTAWA, Jan. 23. — (Special.) — The Montreal Star is tumbling over itself to get into the parcel post wagon. It has sent a commissioner to Washington to study it, and it has a long article in favor of the system, and tells the Canadian people they will get it right away if they bawl out for it.

BISHOP O'CONNOR NOTED PRELATE PASSES AWAY

His Lordship Was Stricken With Fatal Malady Two Weeks Ago at Peterboro and Gradually Weakened—Ordained as Priest Fifty-Three Years Ago.

PETERBORO, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—His Lordship Bishop O'Connor, who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks, died in St. Joseph's Hospital tonight at 8.15 o'clock. It was known several days ago that his lordship could not recover, and he had since gradually weakened. He suffered from neuralgia of the stomach and complications. The funeral will be held on Tuesday at 9.30 a.m., with services at St. Peter's Cathedral, and interment at St. Peter's Cemetery.

During the 22 years of his office in Peterboro he faithfully fulfilled the duties of the position and won the devotion and esteem of his associates and brother clergy. In August of 1910 his lordship celebrated the 50th anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood.

WILL ADJUST PANAMA TOLLS TO MEET BRITAIN'S WISHES KNOX NOTE IS CONCILIATORY

If Britain Distrusts Assurance That American Coastwise Trade Is to Be Properly Restricted, United States Will Consent to Special Commission Being Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—(Can. Press.)—Secretary Knox's reply to the British protest against the exemption of American coastwise shipping from Panama Canal tolls assures the British government that domestic coastwise trade will not be permitted to extend operation into foreign competitive fields, and that increased tolls will not be laid on foreign shipping, to balance the remission to American ships. If Great Britain is not satisfied on these points the U.S. proposes a special commission of adjustment.

The communication is devoted to the purpose of reducing to the smallest point and number the issues upon which the two governments failed to agree, and as to these—only two—it is contended that they are entirely susceptible of adjustment by diplomatic means, and without recourse to arbitration.

Commision of Enquiry.

If this course should not prove satisfactory to the British government it is suggested that the whole controversy be referred to a special commission of enquiry, provision for which was made in the unratified Knox-Bryce general arbitration treaty. That convention was approved by the senate, with an amendment which curtailed the power of the special commission of enquiry to mere investigation and report, and refused to permit the commission to bind either country to a course of arbitration in its findings. Because of this amendment President Taft has so far declined to consummate the treaty by exchange of ratifications with the British government.

General Arbitration Treaty.

To meet the needs of this present issue Secretary Knox now offers to give life to the treaty by an immediate exchange of ratifications, which would ensure the existence of a general arbitration treaty between America and Great Britain after the lapse of the existing Hay-Pauncefote treaty, June 4 next. As an alternative, the secretary is willing that a commission be created for the special purpose of ascertaining the facts in regard to the effect upon British shipping of the Panama Canal Tolls Act and the president's proclamation fixing the tolls.

Much of the secretary's argument rests upon his contention that Sir Edward Grey's protest, being made in advance of the issue of the president's proclamation fixing the tolls, is entirely inapplicable to the controversy in its present state, and that, as a matter of fact, the British contention rests upon apprehension of things that may happen in the future to the injury of British shipping, which in all probability will never occur.

America Free to Act.

Secretary Knox begins his note, which was delivered to the British Foreign Office thru Mr. Laughlin, the American charge at London, by the flat statement that he cannot agree with the British interpretation of the canal treaties, so far as they limit the freedom of action of America or infringe British treaty rights. Pointing out that the Grey note was issued without consideration of the president's toll proclamation, the secretary states that Sir Edward deals chiefly with the possibilities of what the president might do under the canal act, whereas the proclamation has entirely changed the situation.

Surprise to U.S.

Taking up the three objections made by the British Government, Secretary Knox first discussed that which applies to exemption from tolls of the government vessels of Panama. This he declares to be a great and complete

Continued on Page 10 Column 2

Men's Cold Weather Comforts.

A considerable reduction is made on the price of men's furs as well as fur garments, neck pieces and muffs for ladies during the present sale at Dineen's. Fur-lined coats for men, caps and gauntlets are included in the bargain list, and most inviting purchases are offered for men who require these necessary comforts when driving or motoring in cold weather. It is well worth while to spend five minutes looking over the stock. W. & D. Dineen Company, Limited, manufacturing furriers, corner Yonge and Temperance streets.

ROWELL INVADES A HOSTILE RIDING

Opposition Leader at Berlin Criticized the Government For Delay in Introducing Workmen's Compensation Act and Assessment Reform.

(By a Staff Reporter.)

Berlin, Ont., Jan. 23.—N. W. Rowell, leader of the opposition, invaded a hostile constituency tonight. To show that people in these parts had fully awakened to tax reform and other matters over 800 turned out to hear the opposition leader expound the Liberal doctrine, and crowds were barred owing to the smallness of the hall. It was one of the largest halls in Berlin.

Sir James Whitney and the government, more particularly the premier, were scored on several points. Mr. Rowell tackled the workmen's compensation act, and criticized the government for its dilatory methods in handling such an important question. He touched upon tax reform, and told of the necessity of a revision of the assessment act, which would lift the burden of taxation from the shoulders of progressive citizens and make the unprogressive pay their share to the state. He wound up with a peroration on the abolition of the bar, and on the conclusion of his oration received an ovation.

Social problems had not received sufficient attention from the Ontario Government, he said, in referring to workmen's compensation.

W. H. Proudfoot, M.L.A., had in-

Continued on Page 9, Column 4.

"VOTES FOR WOMEN" OUTLOOK IS FAR FROM REASSURING AS ASQUITH HOLDS WHIP HAND

Bonar Law's Motion to Reject Proposed Time Limitations on Suffrage Debate Is Defeated—Opinion Is Strong That Government Will Drop Franchise Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—(Can. Press). — The government won the preliminary skirmish on the franchise bill in the house of commons tonight. The amendment proposed by Andrew Bonar Law, the opposition leader, to reject the premier's time limitations in the debate, was defeated by a vote of 250 to 191.

Premier Asquith made quite clear the attitude of himself and his colleagues in the cabinet on the subject of women's suffrage this evening, when he moved the adoption of the time table for the debate on the franchise reform bill in the house of commons.

The premier said opinion on woman suffrage was so sharply divided on both sides of the house that it was impossible for any government to propose the enactment of votes for women.

While he himself was a strong opponent of the policy, he realized that this was a great hardship on supporters of the movement.

Therefore, with the full consent of the cabinet, he had decided to leave the question to the free judgment of the house.

Ominous Sign.

James Lowther, Speaker of the house of commons, made an announcement in the house which possibly is ominous of the fate of women's suffrage amendment, and may rally enough Radical and Irish votes against it effectively to frustrate the desire of the women.

He was asked by Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the opposition, for a ruling as to whether the proposed amendments would not so materially alter the bill that, in accordance with the practice of the house, its withdrawal would be necessitated and the bill would have to be reintroduced.

Suggests New Bill.

The Speaker, without committing himself as to what might happen in the present case, said the general rule of parliament was that if the form and substance of the bill were materially changed by amendments it should be withdrawn and a new bill presented.

The Speaker's statement created a profound impression and efforts were redoubled to assure the passage of the franchise reform bill by defeating the women's suffrage amendment introduced by Sir Edward Grey.

The cabinet held a meeting this afternoon to consider the result of the speaker's pronouncement, but no decision was reached. An adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning, but the general opinion prevails that, whatever the result of the Grey amendment the government will drop the franchise bill.

The leading suffragists are greatly disheartened. They have decided, however, to take no action until it is seen exactly what course the government will adopt. The prospect is that the woman suffragists are doomed to another disappointment.

WOODBINE HOTEL CHANGES HANDS

Buyers, Toronto Men, Close Transaction Today—Will Enlarge House to One Hundred Rooms.

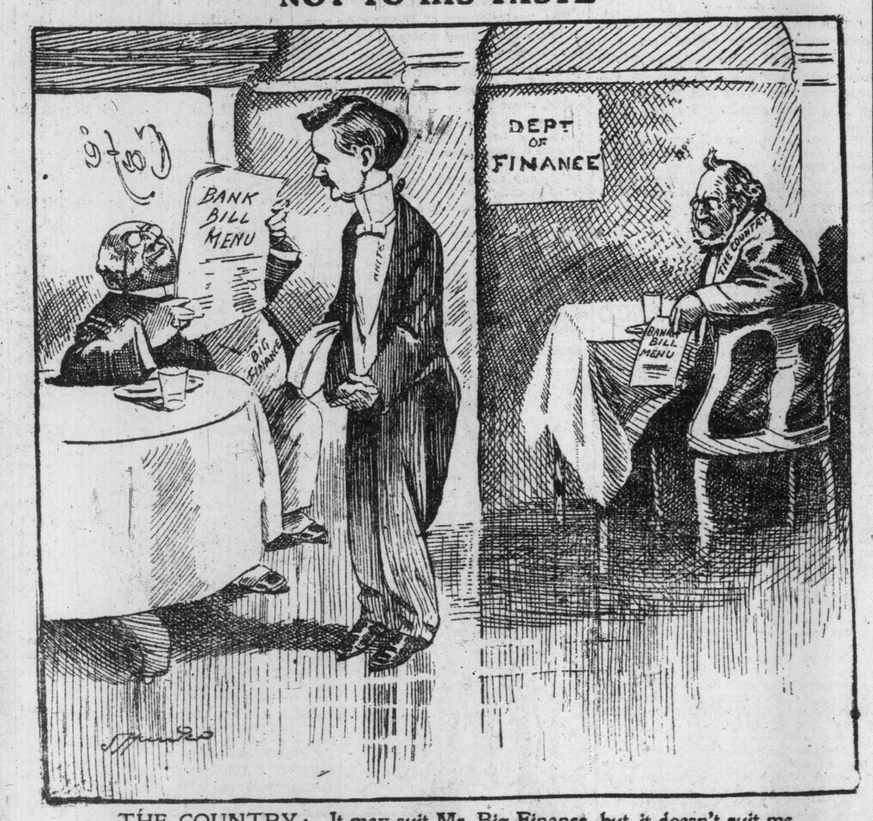
Today the license, goodwill, lease and stock of the Woodbine Hotel at 102 to 110 West King street will be sold to entirely new interests at $120,000. The six-year lease is on the building, which is owned by T. W. Horn, one of the shareholders of the company, selling out. The land is owned by the Baldwin estate, and Mr. Horn's lease from them is for 21 years, renewable, with 13 years of the present term to run.

The people buying the hotel are local men whose names were not obtainable last night, all the formalities not having been passed. But it is known that they will extend the hotel thru to Pearl street, remodelling buildings at the rear, extend the dining-room and make the hotel a 100-roomed one. The house has a frontage on King street of 70 feet.

FOR STATE-OWNED CABLE.

OTTAWA, Jan. 23.—(Special)—Hon. Rudolphe Lemieux has given notice that he will move a resolution in the house declaring that a state-owned cable between Canada and the United Kingdom is desirable.

NOT TO HIS TASTE



THE COUNTRY: It may suit Mr. Big Finance, but it doesn't suit me.

CLIP THIS COUPON

The Toronto World
EVERYBODY'S CYCLOPEDIA
—DAILY COUPON—
This coupon, if presented at the Head Office of The Toronto World or at the Branch Office, 15 Main St. East, Hamilton, TODAY or TOMORROW, will entitle the bearer to one five-volume set of Everybody's Cyclopedia (regularly selling at $12)
For $1.98

MAIL ORDERS, ADDRESS THE WORLD, TORONTO, CAN.

The Sets are too bulky to be sent by mail, but out-of-town readers can have them for the $1.98, the set to be sent by express, shipping charges to be paid by the receiver. OUT-OF-TOWN READERS need not wait until the days of distribution, but send orders any day of the week and shipments will be made promptly on the distribution days.