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29th of Suffolk, the 3d Fortunc ead and ofed of d of the e could mmuni-

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With the Transport Ships he proceeded to Algier, whence he re. He proceeds to turned to Port Mahon, and arrived at Barcelona with the Supply Algier, thence of Corn the 28th of September, from which Port the Dutch Ships hon, exc. were gone to Majorca for Provisions, but their return being suddenly expected, he left a Lettter for their Commadore to follow him to Port Mahon, whither with the Confent of the King of Spain, he was going to refit the Ships under his Command, but took care to have Cruifers on the Barbary Coast to intercept Supplies bound to the French.

The victualling Ships expected from England not being arrived the 23d of October, it was agreed at a Council of War to proceed to Livorne for what could be had there, and on the 11th The Squadron of the next Month he failed accordingly, leaving Rear-Admiral So- goes to Li-merfdyke at Port Mahon, refitting the Dutch Ships under his Com- Provisions. mand. In his Passage he met with extreme bad Weather, and lying off of Thoulon eight Days, he took several Barks, in one of which were Letters, giving an Account of the great Straits the Enemy were driven to for want of Corn, and Trade; and now receiving Advice from Vice-Admiral Baker that he was arrived at Port Ma- vice-Admiral bon with the Victualling Ships from England, he returned thither, Baker arriver and on the 1st of December it was agreed at a Council of War, up. 41 P. hon. on reading a Letter from the King of Spain, to appoint a Convoy, and a Number of Transport Ships in Her Majesty's Pay, to bring Corn for the Army in Catalonia from Tarento in the Kingdom of Naples.

Proceeding to Sea in order to intercept the French Transports, he had Advice the 23d of December, that the faid Vessels, bound to Thoulon and Marseilles, with fix Ships of War, had passed through the Bocca di Bonifacio the 25th in the Evening, and that they were got into St. Tropez, Antibes, and Villa Franca; whereupon it Not practicawas considered whether there might be any probability of attacking french ships them with Success, but it was determined not to be practicable, at Antibes, fince they were fortified Places, and that the fix French Men of or. War were almost equal to the Strength of ours; besides, there were several Merchant Ships of Force, some of them of between 40 and 50 Guns; so that it was resolved to proceed to Liverne, or Port Mahon, according as the Winds would permit.

In the Road of Livorne he arrived the beginning of January, English and where he found the Dutch Rear-Admiral with all his Ships; and Dutch Squahere he received a Letter from Captain Evans of the Defiance, giv- Livone. ing him an Account that on the 8th of November he, with the Centurion, commanded by Captain Mibill, met with two French Ships of War of about equal Strength, between Almeria and Malaga, with which they began to engage about Eight in the Morning, and A warm Difcontinued fo to do until Twelve at Noon. The Fight was bloody pate between on both sides, for the Defiance had twenty five Men killed, and and two fixty fix wounded, nor fared it better with the Centurion; besides French ships, their Rigging was fo disabled, and their Masts and Yards fo much gaul'd, that they were not in a failing Condition. However, the French leaving them about twelve a Clock, they made the best

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