Thas been the annual castons, for many years, to present provides to the lays at Mr. Thomas Watton's School, Albany Illous, Rentrocal, London. This grafting and really we see Clerks of the Peace, and others, when the present the present of the present the prese cuits, which were far from bad; under the counter were binns of large loaves of very good wheaten bread; overhead was a tin box with small string, to tie the biscuits after they had been wrapped in the brown paper which was lying on the desk—and really, had it not been for the long-tailed vagabond who stood smoking bis pipe with a greater air of security and consequence now that he is under English law than ever he did when fire a convenience of the mandarins, I could verily have believed myself in dear old England again. There are tallow-chandlers, with dear old England again. There are tallow-chandlers, with dear old England again. There are tallow-chandlers, with account was a regular manufactory. They, make their candles red, which look very pretty. Also sweetment shops, ficial station—who carp at public officers in order to ruin them with the Government, in the lopes of securing the loaves and friends. It is not necessary to call names, nor would it do any good to do so; the fact, however, fish stalls, poulterers, and everything you ever saw in England. I bought some artificial flowers which the ladies were all the delicity of the converse and the only pity is that such places of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in being chosen by the suffrage of the citizens to hold ambition, in the loeps are remained from places of honour or profit; but the hole and-corner, sneakings.

These desperadoes then searched his house, and took away seem employment, so frequently dreaded from large immigrations; as emigrants with very limited means, will on their carrial plezes of honour or profit; the desired in the deam of carried from the wear in their hair, which I intend to send or bring home; but they were all the ladies' society we could find—the dear little creatures had nearly all flown. There are plenty of the poorer class, all most atrociously ugly, but not one feminine mandarin could we find. One girl about 16, after no end of coaxing, and a dollar in her father's hand, consented to shew us her foot. The first operation was to take off a shoe, two use from the surplus population of older and richer countries.

The story of the galled horse that begged that the swarm of flies should not be disturbed, because a new and hungrier set would soon alight upon the sore, may perhaps with some justice be applied to certain incumbents in office; but be this as countries.

The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the Canada Compute the means of attracting to this great agricultural Province a large portion of the surplus population of older and richer downtries.

The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the canada Compute the means of attracting to this great agricultural Province as the countries.

The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the canada Compute the means of attracting to this great agricultural Province as the countries.

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The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the countries."

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The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the countries.

The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Actions of the surplus of t inches and a half long; then came bandages as long as a frigate's pendant; then some more nondescript clouts, and then, oh ye gods! what we saw, it cannot be expressed in words; but had she been more beautiful than Venus I could not have touched whether he be an office-holder, Protestant or [Roman] Camanaged; and we are convinced will be of marked general benewhere they had quarters, and fed all their soldiers. The place was immense, about four times the size of the new market in Liverpool, and full of barracks. There were their bows and bald is designed and full of barracks. There were their bows and bald is designed and for the same period and full of barracks. There were their bows and bald is designed and we are convinced will be of marked general benefit to the Western potition of Canada especially. We are gratified to learn that during last year the Company and efficiently do his duty? If he does, then no plotting, no false principle of rotation, no new-fangled notion of Responsible principle of rotation, n Liverpool, and full of barracks. There were their bows and arrows, clothes, beds, and everything as they had left them when they topped their booms in such a hurry. There was the cooking-place, consisting of some fifteen or twenty immense, fire-places and coppers for boiling and cooking rice. They were half full of prog, so the poor devils had to run without their dinner; the other half being strewed about, mixed up with dishes, chopsticks, &c. &c. in very pretty confusion. The stock of grain was immense, room after room piled up to the roof, in each of which was as complete a winnowing-mandould as soon as I saw them, they seemed like old friends, so perfectly like were they to yours at home; and yet without a doubt they have been invented here as well as in England. doubt they have been invented here as well as in England. In other rooms they had large quantities of tents ready to replace any which might have been burnt. They were admirable things. I have got one on board which will make a suit of sails for every boat in the ship. Powder and shot were strewed about knee-deep. It is now destroyed, which ought to have been done at first, for a spark would have blown up the whole place.—Corespondent of the Britannia.

Canada.

DREADFUL LOSS OF LIFE BY FIRE IN EMILY. To the Editor of the Church.

has ever, I believe, occurred in this section of the district.

On Tuesday morning last, the house of William Cottingham, Esquire at Williamstown in Emily, was burned to the ground. Pour of his children, one child, adopted by Mrs. Cottingham, and a female servant fell victims to the devouring element. Having just returned from the melancholy funeral of the innocent sufferers, I lose no time in giving you the facts as collected by myself on the ground. About 3 o'clock in the morning Mrs. Cottingham awoke with a sense of suffocation and aroused her husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down has been been deadly acquainted with the hand-writing of Lou humband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down her husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down here husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down here husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down here husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down here. Mrs. Cottingham awoke with a sense of suffocation and groused her husband, who, perceiving a dense smoke, ran hastily down stairs to see what was the matter. Mrs. Cottingham threw herself out of bed at the same time, and taking her infant in her arms, hurried through the adjoining room to the lobby at the head of the stairs, whence, she saw Mr. Cottingham through open the parlour door below, and the finnes bursting through it into the hall; perceiving that the house was on fire, she it into the hall; perceiving that the house was on fire, she open the pariour door derow, and the littles of the signature at the loot of the said letter, and the signature at the signature at the loot of the said letter, and the signature at the signature at the loot of the said letter, and the signature at the opened on the lobby, and awoke him up, calling upon him to come and assist her in saving the children. Observing that the infant in her arms was by this time convulsed for want of air, she ran to a window and broke out a pane to let the child treason, and that the writer of such letter, although, perhanced the control of the control the windows of her father (George Hughes Esquire's) house, on another side of the square on which her own stood. The thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with thought immediately came into her mind, "what can I do with the writer of such letter, attending to worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the careful that the writer of such letter, attending to worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the careful that the writer of such letter, attending to worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the sum mentioned, or took any personal share in the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the worth and the worthy of pardon, inasmuch as it does not appear that he provides the worth and the wor this babe in my arms, if my father were here he could render more effectual aid in saving the children than I can;" and feeling persuaded that there was still sufficient time to remove them from danger, she seized the sash, pulled it into the room and threw herself out on the roof of the back kitchen, from which she leaped to the ground with her baby in her arms, comparatively uninjured, shricking for aid, and while making her way to her father's she meet him coming, he having been startled out of bed by her screams. She cried to him in agony to save her children, he tried to do so, but alas it was too late. startled out of bed by her screams. She cried to him in agony to save her children, he tried to do so, but alas it was too late. All this occurred in less than two minutes, from the time of her first awaking.

To return to Mr. Cottingham. When Mrs. Cottingham Crown or the people.

awoke him, he ran down stairs and conceiving that the smoke came from the parlour, immediately under his bed-room, he opened the door, when the flames were driven violently into his face by the strong Westerly gale then blowing into the apartment, through the already burned down windows of that part of the to awake the "vassals" from the "lethargic slumber," who have the "vassals" from house. He instantly shouted out to alarm the persons sleeping in the East end of the house, and rushed to the kitchen to alarm the servants sleeping there, and get their assistance; immediately turning round he ran again into the now flaming hall, and rushed through the flames up the stairs, to re-gain the hed-room where the children still lay. On gaining the head of the stairs, he experienced some difficulty in opening the door of the large bed-room, through which he must pass to get to the bed room. In the large room he found his father, almost suffocated, feebly endeavouring to find the door of the bed-room. Mr. Cottingham made a rush toward that door and stumbled over a sofa, being then nearly suffocated, they both made to one of the front windows, dashed it out, and having inhaled a breath or two of fresh air, again rushed toward the bed-room door; and again, stumbled over something, but recovering himself, he reached the wall in which the door stood, and felt in every direction for the door in vain. The smoke and flame had now rendered the room impossible to exist in, and retreat by the stairs being completely cut off, he was forced to throw himself from a window into the street. Old Mrs. Cottingham says, that he found the door of the bed-room, and on opening it, the flame struck him in the face and went down his throat, causing him to fall on the floor, along which he crept to a window from which he threw himself into the street. His face is very much burned as well as the back part of his thighs and legs, down to his heels. There were about 20 persons sleeping under the roof at the time, and had it not been for the merciful interposition of Providence in arousing Mrs. Cottingham from the first effects of suffocation, in all probability every life would have been lost, as the flames spread with such fearful rapidity before the strong Westerly gale, that the whole building was wrapt in flames in the course of two or three minutes after Mr. Cotting ham's awaking, and had the wind blown from any other dire tion, many other buildings must have been destroyed. The ages of Mr. Cottingham's children were as follows: Letitia Jane, 8 years and 5 months, Henry William, 6 years and 10 months, George Hughes, 5 years, Charles Wellington, 3 years and 9 months. Mr. and Mrs. Cottingham, have both been much injured, and Mr. Cottingham's father still more severely. The loss of property was very great: not an article of Mr. Cottingham's property was saved, not even his account books or papers, nor was there a thought of such a thing at the time. His loss cannot be less than 1,000*l*, of which, 200*l* is covered by insurance. Mr. Blackwell estimates his loss at 900 dollars. The remains of the unfortunate sufferers were found immediately under where their beds stood, and were interred on Wednesday morning. If any circumstance could alleviate the misery of their surviving relatives, the sincere sympathy evinced by the immense concourse who assembled to pay the last sad duties to the innocent sufferers, would afford it: and

EXECUTIVE TYRANNY TOWARDS OFFICE-HOLDERS.

indeed the high respect in which both Mr. Cottingham's and

Mr. Hughes's families have been so long held in this section of

the district, has cast a deep and general gloom over all. D.

MR. LAFONTAINE'S "JOKE" ABOUT REBELLION. (From the Montreal Gazette, 9th February, 1843.) Extract of a letter, addressed by L. II. Lafontaine, to J. J. Houses vacant ...

"Rien de nouveau, si ce n'est qu'on parle de coercion: con-solez vous; Viger et Papineau vous donneront vingt mille louis pour armer les Bonnets Bleus du Nord.—Abolisons le systeme federal; autrement le vassal ne se reveillers jamais de son sommeil letharique.

(Signed) L. H. LAFONTAINE. J. J. Girouard, ecuyer, ? St. Benoit.

We translate this for the advantage of such of our readers

Peterboro', Feb'y 9th, 1843.

Dear Sir,—With feelings absolutely indescribable, I take up any pen to inform you of the most heart-rending accident which has ever, I believe, occurred in this section of the district.

On Tuesday morning last, the house of William Cottingham
Enquire at Williamstown in Emily, was burned to the ground.

(Signed) P. E. LECLERE, J. P. We take upon ourselves to say, that the writing and sendi

REMARKS OF QUEBEC GAZETTE.

The extract from Mr. Lasontaine's letter to Mr. Girou of the 18th February, 1837, has been repeatedly published to fore. The letter from which the passage is selected, we hat heard, was a business letter found among Mr. Girouard's pap, which were seized at his house in St. Benoit after the affair St. Eustache, 14th December, 1837. If the suspicions again may be said to be "utterly unworthy of the confidence of

What are the contents of the extract? A warning of rumours of coercion; a sneer at Messrs. Viger and Papino an opinion in favour of a proceeding, which many other personal control of the contr so far from thinking there was any danger of popular insura

tion, he supposed to exist.

Those who know anything of Mr. Lafontaine, know well that his sentiments were averse to the agitations which preceded the outbreak of 1837. He neither approved of many of the actors, nor of their doings, and when the truth comes to be fully known, it will be found that there were many persons who were included in the suspicions entertained by the infuriated among the opposite party, who were equally guiltless as Mr. Lafontaine; but in the excitement of the times, and the appeals to prejudice which were resorted to on both sides, it is not surprising that even honest and intelligent men should have been led to form and act upon hasty and erroneous conclusions.-That attempts are made to perpetuate them, is to be regretted. If it is thought to serve a party, it ought to be recollected that error is more dangerous to those who fall into it, than to those it Number of Colleges, Academies, and Conmay be sought to injure .- Neilson's Quebec Gazette.]

FARTHER REMARKS: (From the Montreal Gazette of the 14th Feb.)

The republication by us of Mr. Lafontaine's letter to Mr. Girouard, has made a sensation among the Governmental "organs" in this city. They are quite indignant, that we should persist in reading the Attorney General's words just as they are written. They blame us for obtuseness of intellect, in not being able to discover, that the whole was a mere squib, an inno cent pleasantry on his part. If so, we must say that it is the cent pleasantry on his part. It so, we must say that it is the heaviest piece of wit we have ever seen, since the time when the elephant Chuny so playfully attempted to pull down Exeter Change. Had the joke been carried a little farther, it is like it would have had a termination as fatal, as that which rewarded poor Chuny, for his elaborate but dangerous gambols.

Now if this letter had already been published "times without number," why should we have been beholden to Mr. Attorney General Ogden's papers for a copy of it. Nay rather let us ask how we were to get a sight of these papers. Has our contemporary already forgotten, what we told him so very lately, of the transmission of them to Kingston, out of the custody of the proper officer in this District, to whom they were confided -that very officer, by the way, being the same gentleman, who swore to the authenticity of Mr. Lafontaine's innocent squib.—
It will save the Times farther trouble, conjecturing where we obtained our information, if he will consult the documents printed, by order of the House of Commons in 1840—Part 1. pages 66 and 67. There he will see the squib at full length, side by side with a few more of a kindred combustible character. As many of these have not yet been published, we may possibly make room for them at an early day; meantime, we will merely remark, that it wills difficult to make out from these documents, that Mr. Lafontaine was, as the Times says, "the advo-tect, G. Browne, Esq, the Contractor for the mason work, Mr. cate for constitutional freedom, and that he would be but little disposed to seek through a revolution, the realization of his of the new City Hall and Market House, the contracts connectivities principles."

(From the Montreal Transcript.)

The advances towards Radicalism in the Province, have of late been neither few nor unimportant; and for reasons which we need not here stop to enumerate, it is pretty evident that we need not here stop to enumerate, it is pretty evident that the more rapid strides in this downward direction, may be nondent so desiringly, that the "thows and in corners the fully cornected in a building or having, would have risked so large a sum for so patriotic a purpose, we have nothing to do with them. Let Mr. Lafont the Queen, the Governor General, the "good old Town of Kingston," and the Corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, product to desiring the fully cornected in a building or having, would have risked so large a sum for so patriotic a purpose, we have nothing to do with them. Let Mr. Lafont the Queen, the Governor General, the "good old Town of Kingston," and the Corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and the full work are the carried was excavated of a building or having, would have risked so large a sum for so patriotic a purpose, we have nothing to do with them. Let Mr. Lafont the Queen, the Governor General, the "good old Town of Kingston," and the Corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, product the purpose of the product of the purpose of the corporation of the purpose of we need not here stop to enumerate, it is pretty evident that still more rapid strides in this downward direction may be looked for unless some very stringent remedies are soon applied to the body politic. In the meantime we may glance at one very prominent and very permicious doctrine, which is now being introduced in relation to public officers—that the main, if being introduced in relation for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not the only test of qualification for office, is that of staunch not for the Royal Gollege of Surgeons—that the main, if the noble decision approved of by the Corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and why did his correspondent excite "les Bon-not the corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and why did his correspondent excite "les Bon-not the corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and why did his correspondent excite "les Bon-not the corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and why did his correspondent excite "les Bon-not the corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and why did his correspondent excite "les Bon-not the corporation. The work so auspiciously begun, and with the noble design approved of by the noble design ap

The plan of "The Settler's Provident or Savings Bank Ac- only four miles off .- N. Y. Plebeian.

| n- | Proprietors of real property | 1251 |
|------|--|--------------|
| iis | Non-proprietors of real property | 4662 |
| ne | Total number of inhabitants, male and | |
| n- | female, then resident | 40,136 |
| | Persons belonging to the city, male and | |
| 084 | female, then temporarily absent | 220 |
| | Natives of England | 2994 |
| | Do. of Ireland | 8839 |
| as | Bo. of Ireland Bo. of Scotland | 2645 |
| h- | Do. of Canada, French origin | 16,999 |
| 11- | Do. of Canada, Preded origin | 7411 |
| , | Do. of Canada, British origin | 184 |
| ke | Do. of Continent of Europe | 514 |
| u- | Do. of United States | 462 |
| us | | 402 |
| ke | Number of persons in the family, five | 3085 |
| | years of age and under-Male | |
| al, | Number of persons in the family, above | 3000 |
| th, | Number of persons in the family, above | |
| uis | five and under fourteen years of age | 00.50 |
| en | Male | 3953 |
| st, | Male Female Males, fourteen and under eighteen | 3964 |
| P., | Males, fourteen and under eighteen- | The New York |
| ng | Married Single | 4 |
| ng | Single | 1898 |
| of | Do, under eighteen and not twenty-one- | |
| lso | Married | 31 |
| ot. | Married Single Do. twenty-one and not thirty-Married | 1201 |
| | Do twenty one and not thirty-Married | 1578 |
| | Sin 1 | 1622 |
| | Do. thirty and not sixty-Married | 4589 |
| ng | C: And not stary | 690 |
| of | Do. sixty and upwards-Married | 508 |
| | 0 | 94 |
| ps, | Females, fourteen and not forty-five- | |
| ro- | remales, fourteen and not lovey are | 5879 |
| the | Married | 5916 |
| the | Single Do. forty-five and upwards—Married Single | 1545 |
| | Do. torty-five and upwards-Married | 646 |
| | Single | 3 |
| ard | Deal and Damp belsons mates | 9 |
| be- | Females | |
| ave | Blind persons-Males | 13 |
| ers | Blind persons—Males Females Idiots—Males Females Lunatic persons—Males Females | 8 |
| of | Idiots-Males | 8 |
| nst | Females | 27 |
| | Lunatic persons-Males | |
| of | Females | 7 |
| ter, | Male coloured persons | 20 |
| ion | Female coloured persons | |
| the | Male farm servants employed | |
| | Other male servants in private families | 743 |
| the | Female servants in private families | 2221 |
| au, | Persons engaged in trade and commerce | 925 |
| ons | Persons subsisting on alms, or paupers | 28 |
| ired | Acres or arpents of land occupied | |
| ich, | Acres or arpents of improved land occupied | 1383 |
| rec- | Produce raised during the last year and | |
| | estimated in Winchester bushels— | 139 3 30 |
| ery | estimated in winderester business | 294 |
| ich | Wheat Barley | 2000 |
| anv | Barley | None |

1648 ... 800 Oats Pease 123 ... 124 ... Indian-corn Buck-wheat Potatoes ... Number of hives of bees kept last season Live Stock-Neat Cattle 1202 ... 993 Horses Sheep vents
Number of Elementary Schools
Scholars attending such Colleges, Academies, Convents, Elementary Schools __Male

352

for Ireland.

Female ... Taverns or houses of public entertainment ... 166 152 Stores where spirituous liquors are sold ... Grist mills Pairs of mill stones used in such mills ... Oatmeal mills Oil mills None ... Fulling mills Carding mills Paper mills ... Iron works ... None ... Trip hammers Nail factories Distilleries Pot and pearl-ash manufactories None ... Manufactories of any other sort, containing any machinery moved by wind, water, steam, or animal power ...

Kingston.—It gives us pleasure to record, that yesterday, being St. Valantine's day, His Worship the Acting Mayor, Mr. Alderman Williamson (in the absence of the Mayor, J. Counter, As to the questions, whether Messrs. Viger and Papineau lad 20,000l. to give "pour armer les Bonnets Bleu du Nord," or having, would have risked en large a sum f.

the means of attracting to this great agricultural Province a would succeed in getting the seat of justice for Buchanan large portion of the surplus population of older and richer county, located at his place in the geographical centre, was the countries.

SUMMARY.

The health of Sir Charles Bagot, to the satisfaction of all, continues to improve, and we are gratified to add that there is every prospect of his Excellency's being enabled to return to

A few days will inform us whether a successor has been appointed. That such may be the case is our earnest hope, for the further administration of this government by His Excellency will, we are well assured, neither conduce to his own health or comfort, nor to the welfare of the Frovince.

Rumours float about, and to some we are inclined to attach a little credence. It has been surmised in one or two of the Conservative Journals, that during the illness of Sir Charles, his nominal, but unconscious assent may have been obtained to sundry proceedings; and such suspicions have reached us from other quarters. It would, indeed, somewhat soften the stern feeling of mistrust and dismay with which we regard His Excellency's policy, were we to learn that he had beg in to think and set for himself, and to resist being made the further instrument of Anti-British and arbitrary measures. But the con-

Census of Montreal. Quebec.

4333 ... 3865

22 ... 83

... 186 ... 68

... 186 ... 68

dreperty ... 1251 ... 1774

real property ... 4662 ... 4160

ababitants, male and silent ... 40,136 ... 31,747

belief the property ababitants and silent ... 40,136 ... 31,747

of the people, be soon granted unfortunate men detained so long in captivity."

Considering who now enjoy the confidence of her Majesty's representative in this Province, and who have been promoted, of late, to offices of emolument and trust, we really do think that William Lyon Mackenzie, Duncombe, Gibson, and others, ought, in justice, to be recalled! It has been argued that ought, in justice, to be recalled! It has been argued that the Church of the Blessed Virgin Mary by the Church of Rome.

H. & W. ROWSELL.

King Street, Toronto. ought, in justice, to be recalled! It has been argued that 5023 because many of the promoters of the Great Rebellion in Eng-735 land, were pardoned at the Restoration of Charles II. in 1660, 19.251 the instigrtors of the Canadian Rebellion ought also to be forgiven. But there is this important difference between the two cases,—the English Rebels were in the ascendant, and they 78 did something towards deserving a pardon, by lifting up Church 21 and State, Mitre and Crown, from the ruin into which they had been cast down by Democracy and Dissent. Here the 2547 Canadian Rebels were a most contemptible vanquished mino-2438 rity, and there was not even the plea of necessity for resusci-

tating their prostrate force.

The County of Simcoc, having been proclaimed a separate

District, its Municipal Council lately met for the first time, and
was opened with a speech from the Warden, Æmilius Irving,
Esp.

1146 he stood, at least, neutral; -and neutrality and something more 1100 now seems to be the greatest recommendation to a seat in the 3914 Executive Council.

The Nomination of Candidates for the vacant seat in the

representation of this city is fixed for Monday next: the polling will commence in the various Wards a few days after.

4916
4471
1396
411
6
tricks are seems to be committing its ravages in every direction, inducing every species of instanty, and exhibiting a thousand extravagancies, far bayond those incidental to Protracted and Camp Meetings. At Hamilton, if we remember rightly, some proselytes of this new sect were playing their fantastic tricks as a few days after. 6 tricks, when a mob violently assaulted them: and at Kingston, 3 a cross, lately erected on the ground intended for the new Romish Cathedral in that place, was cut down by some unknown persons. We couple these two cases, to mark our condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, with the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, with the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, with the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, by way of brute force, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere, and the condemnation of any attempt to interfere the condemnation of any attempt with the religious opinions of any class or sect of men. The outrage upon the cross, -that fitting emblem of our religion,is one which can admit of no palliation, and will be repudiated
by every one deserving the name of a Churchman.
In New Brunswick, the Hon. Mr. Weldon has been elected

Speaker of the House of Assembly without opposition, and on old Conservative principles." In the Legislature of Nova Scotia-the Hon. Joseph Howe has resigned his office of Speaker 842 of the Assembly, and a resolution has been passed, declaring the offices of Speaker of the Houses and Member of the Execu-78 tive Council, to be incompatible with each other. The Hon. Wm. Young has been elected Speaker by a vote of 24 yeas to 22 nays, having first pledged himself to resign his office of Executive Councillor if elected Speaker.

POSTSCRIPT.

The packet-ship North America, which left Liver-... 1700 York. No lives were lost. The following is among

state.

reached the Punjaub after some fighting.

The forces under General England had also reached Scinde. Both Generals destroyed the fortresses they passed on their march, and laid waste the country.-

General Pollock blew up the great bazaar at Cabul before he evacuated that city. The Dublin Packet gives the most unqualified con-

Eliot will, it says, retain his post as Chief Secretary

The Right Rev. Alexander V. Griswold, Bishor of the Eastern Diocese, and senior of the House of Bishops in the United States, is dead. He fell upon a side walk before the window of Bishop Eastburn's tudy, and, upon being carried within, expired in a few minutes. "The cause of the Bishop's death," says the Boston Witness and Advocate, "was probably an attack of disease in his heart, to which he has been accustomed, aggravated by his fall. He was in the seventy-seventh year of his age, and the hirty-first of his Episcopate." We only receive his intelligence upon going to press, and next wee

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EASTERN CLERICAL SOCIETY. Reverend Brethren,—You are hereby respectfully informed that the next Meeting of the Association will be held (D. V.) on Wednesday and Thursday, March [st and 2nd, 1843, at Bytown. The Rector of the Parish requests that his Brethren would appear in their robes during Divine Service.

Rectory, Kemptville,

The March March 18 and 2nd, 1843, at Bytown. The Rector of the Parish requests that his Brethren would appear in their robes during Divine Service.

Your faithful brother,

Rectory, Kemptville,

TENRY PATTON,

hope to give farther particulars of the departure of

his holy and venerable successor of the Apostles,

whose memory will for ever be revered.



EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND TO BE DISPOSED OF IN CANADA WEST (LATE UPPER CANADA.) No Money is required down.

TO OLD SETTLERS, EMIGRANTS, AND OTHERS.

THE CANADA COMPANY offer about Eight Hundred Thousand Acres of their Lands, mentioned in the printed List of this year, which are in Blocks containing from 2,000 to 9, 00 Acres each, situated in the Western District, and in scattered Lots, containing from 80 to 200 Acres each, situated in almost every Township in Canada West, on terms, it is believed, the most liberal and advantageous that have yet been made public. By this new plan, the Company dispose of their Lands by way of Lease for a term of Ten Years,— NO MONEY BEING REQUIRED DOWN.

The Rents payable annually being only equal to the Interest upon the present upset value of the Lands—thus for example, suppose 100 Acres, being now worth 10s, per Acre, is £50, the Interest thereon is £3, which latter sum, and no more, is the amount of Rent to be paid each year—full power being secured to the Settler to Purchise the Frechold, and take his Deed for the Land he occupies, at any time during the Lease, when most convenient to himself, at a fixed advance upon the present upset price; and of course, thereby saving all future payment of Rents. Assuming the value to be as above, (10s. per Acre) the advance required for the Deed would be 1s. 3d. if paid within the first five years from date of Lease—or 2s. 6d. per Acre, advance, if paid subsequently and previous to the expiration of the Lease.

The Lands offered (excepting only the Park and Town Lots in Guelph) vary in price from 2s. up to 13s. 9d. per Acre—the Rents upon which would be respectively as follows, viz:—

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|------|--------|--|----------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|------|
| | Updn | 100 Acres | s, upset | price being | 28. 1 | per Acre, | the whole | yearly | Rent would | be | | 0 1 | 8. D. 2 0 | |
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| | | Do. | | do. | 10s. | do. | | do. | | | | 3 | 0 0 | " |
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| | | The same of the sa | | 200 | 120 0 | 12 14 | | 200 | | | | No. of the last | 2 | |

In order to afford every assistance to industrious and provident Scttlers, the Canada Company will receive any sum, no matter how small the amount may be, for which their Scttlers are not have immediate want, on Deposit,—allowing interest at the rate of Six per cent, per annum for the same; but it is clearly understood, that the full smount with interest accrued, shall at all times be at the disposal of the Scttler, without notice. For this purpose the Company have opened in Account, which is termed "Scttler's Provident or Savings Bank Account,"—thus affording to the provident Settler, every facility for accumulating sufficient money to purchase the Precibid to the land which he leases, whenever he chooses to do so, within the term of Ten years; but should bad Harvests, or any other unforeseen misfortunes visit him, he has always the amount deposited, with Interest accrued, at his disposal to meet them.

The Lands are slso to be disposed of upon the Company's former plan, viz.—for Cash down, or by One-fifth Cash, and balance in five equal Annual Instalments, with Interest accrued, at his disposal to meet them.

The Company will remit from Canada any sum of money, however small the amount, to any part of the United Kingdom and Europe, free of all charge. The Company will also remit any sum of money from Europe to Canada, by Letters of Credit upon their Confissioners in the Province, free of expense, thus insuring the benefit of the premium of Exchange to the Emigrant, and likewise saving him from the inconvenience and too frequent loss arising from bringing his money with bim in coin.

The Company, with a view to accommodate Emigrants having no immediate use for their funds, will allow Interest, at Four per Cent. per annum, for Money left with their for any period not less than Ninety Days)—the money, however, being always at the Emigrant's disposal without notice.

Every kind of information upon Canada, and directions, that can possibly be useful to intending Emigrants to Canada, will be readily furished, free of all charge, by applying, personally or by letter, to the Company's Office in England,—Canada House, St. Helen's Place, Binopsiate-Street, London.

The new printed Lists of Lands, (which may also be seen in every Post-Office and Store in Canada West,) and any particulars, may be btained, free of charge, upon application (if by letter, Post-paid,) to the Company's Office at Toronto.

Canada Company's Office, Frederick-Street,

Toronto, 17th February, 1843.

H. & W. BOWSELL, BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND PRINTERS:

DEG to inform their friends, and the public in general, that their NEW STOBE in King Street, lately occupied by MISSAS. BRYCE, McMURRICH; & Co., will be open for business on Mospay next, the 27th Instant. The present Store will also continue open for a few weeks, and at both places will be found an excellent assortment of Account Books, Writing Papers, and every article in their line of business, both of the best and of the cheapest description. Toronto, Feb. 23, 1943.

The East District Branch of the Church Society. THE Committee of Management of this Association will meet, (D. V.) at the residence of the Rev. S. S. Strong, Bytown, on Tuesday 7th March, at 7 o'clock, P. M.; and the General Meeting of the District Branch Association, will be held in the Church, on Wednesday (the 8th), immediately after Morning Prayer.

J. G. BEEK LINDSAY,

Parsonage, Williamsburg, 8th February, 1843.

was opened with a speech from the Warden, Æmilius Irving,
Eq.

The Court of Appeals has been sitting in this city. Mr.

Hincks, as an Executive Councillor, was one of the members, and sat by the side of the Ckief Justice. In December, 1837,
we saw the Chief Justice in arms for the Queen—but where was Mr. Hincks then? Contrary to his duty as a loyal subject,
he stood, at least neutral:—and neutrality and neutrality and supplied.

TAMES BELIA, Second Master of the Central School, begs leave to intimate to those families who are desirous of having their children assisted in their education in their classical studies on very moderate terms.

Reference may be made to the Rev. Henry J. Grasett, M. A. Chaplain to the Lord Bishop.

293-tf. PRIVATE TUITION.

NOTECE

Port Credit, Feb'y Sth, 1843. TO LET,

THE PREMISES AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY H. & W. ROWSELL, Booksellers, Stationers, and Printers,

TOREMOVE TO THE STORE IN KING STREET;

Lately in the occupation of MESSES. BRYCE, MCMURRICH & Co. THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well.) Coach-house, Stable, back Store-house, &c. &c. There is a good Cellar, the full size of the Store, and also an excellent Erick-vaulted Cellar in addition, rendering the Premises well adapted for a Grocery or Wholesale Store. Apply on the Premises. Possession can be given on the 1st of March, or earlier, if desired.

University of King's College.

THE Professors in the Faculty of Arts will commence their regular Courses of Lectures in Easter Term. 1843.

The first Mariculation of Students will take place on Monday, April 24th, at 11 o'clock A. M., and the Inaugural Lectures will be delivered on the three following days. These proceedings will be open to the Public.

The Vice President will receive Candidates for admission at his Chambers, in the former Parlament Buildings, on Wednesdays, at 11 o'clock, A.M., from March 8th to April 19th, and on the two following days, Thursday and Friday, the 20th and 21st, at the same hour.

York. No lives were lost. The following is among the intelligence brought by her:—

The finances of England are said to be in a bad state.

In India all was conquest. General Pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had bloom to be in the pollock had reached the Panipuly of or some final pollock had bloom to be admitted without a competent knowledge of the Greek and Latin languages, nor under the full age of sixteen years, and Latin languages, nor under the full age of sixteen years.

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The finances of England are said to be in a bad state.

In India all was conquest. General Pollock had reached the pollock had been a bad the pollock had been about the pollock had been a bad the pollock had been JOHN MCCAUL, LL.D.,

King's College, Toronto, January 12th, 18-43. The Editors of those papers, in which the Advertisements of Upper Canada Coilege have usually appeared, are requested to insert the above, twice in each of the next three months from this date, and send heir accounts to the Registrar of the University. UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

tradiction to the report that Lord Eliot would succeed
Sir Charles Bagot as Governor of Canada. Lord

THE Third Annual Public Examinat on of the Candidates for the Exhibitions, founded by the Council of King's College, will commence on Thursday, January 4th, 1844. NUMBER OF VACANCIES, 1844.

NUMBER OF VACANCIES, 1884.

Four—tenable for three years; to two of which (the 3rd and 4th) is attached exemption from College dues for Tuition—to one (the 2nd) in addition to the above, the annual stipend of £10—and to one (the 1st) exemption from College dues for both board and Tuition, with liberty to commute the privilege of Boarding for an annual stipend of SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION, 1844.

Greek: Valpy's Delectus. Latin: Extracts from Ovid's Fasti in "Electa ex Ovidio et Tibullo" Eton, 1840, pp. 107 to 138.—These are to be considered as text-books, on which questions in Grammar, Prosody, History, Geography, and Mythology, will be founded — Geometry: Euclid's Elements, Book I. Algebra: to Simple Equations, (inclusive,) and Arithmetic. EXTRACT FROM THE REGULATIONS.

At Woodhouse, in the District of Talbot, on the 4th instant, by the good conduct and qualifications from the Principal or Head Master of any institution for education in Canada.

2. "The above testimonials to be lodged with the Collector of U. C. College one month before the first day of Examination.

3. "The names of the successful candidates to be published, specifying the schools at which they were educated."

JOHN McCAUL, LILD, College of Woodhouse, in the District of Talbot, on the 4th instant, by the Rev. George Salmon, William Salmon Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to Jane, eldest daughter of James Fraser Esq. of Woodhouse. On the 1st inst. by the Rev. R. H. Bourne, Mr. J. Philpot Sutton of Cote-less Neiges. (Teacher,) to Miss A. Maria Green, of Browning-fying the schools at which they were educated."

DIED.

Of whooping cough, at the Rectory, Adelaide, on Tuesday the 14th Principal IT, C. Zollege

B. TUTON, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST No. 8, WATERLOO BUILT INCS. KING STREET, TORON, TO. Prescriptions accurately prepared.

PREVATE "ULTION.

To the Independent Electors of the CITY OF TORGNTO.

GENTLEMEN,—It is generally rumoured and believed that Isaac Buchanan, Esquire, has resigned his situation as your Representative in the Provincial Parliament. Having resided here at various periods since my first arrival in 1796, I cannot be accused of presumption in now offering myself to your notice as a Candidate at the next Election.

tion in now offering myself to your notice as a Candidate at the next Election.

My political principles are, I believe, so generally known, that I need scarcely notice them, nor would I, were it not my anxious desire, that no individual who may homour me with his vote, may entertain any doubt, as to the course I would pursue, if returned to Parliament as your Representative.

With reference to the present advisers of the Government, I would shape my course precisely on the principles, and in the manner adopted by Sir Robert Peel towards his opponents—a course which has met the general approval of the people of Great Britain.

As regards the composition of the Government, and the more prominent subjects which will be discussed in Parliament, I am of opinion that all the members of an Administration should profess the same political principles, and should act together with unreserved cordinality,—that when a change in the political character of the Government is made, all the members thereof (representatives of the people) should go to their constituents for re-election, to avoid any combination of parties, gentered into merely to enable those who no longer enjoy the confidence of the public, to retain their situations,—that our present Government is carried on upon a scale of unnecessary extravagance,—that the Colonial Legislature has neglected one of its most important duties, in not having long since protested against the imposition of Taxes on this country by the Imperial Parliament, in the form of a civil ist,—that a permanent provision should be made for the administration of Justice, and that all charges unconnected therewith should be brought, periodically, under the notice of the Colonial Legislature.

Believing that the British form of Government is best fitted to pro-

should be brought, periodically, under the hotice of the Coloural Legislature.

Believing that the British form of Government is best fitted to promote the happiness and prosperity of mankind. I carnestly desire that the British American Provinces may become a willing and permanent appendage to the Parent State; a result to be obtained only by carefully fostering and encouraging that spirit of loyalty and attachment to the British Crown, for which the Conservatives of this Province have been at all times conspicuous.

I have the honour to be;

Gentlemen;

Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
Elmstey Villa, 6th February, 1843.

J. S. MACAULAY To the Conservative Electors of the City of Toronto.

City of Toronto.

CENTLEMEN—In my recent canvass amongst you, the question "why do you oppose Mr. Sherwood and divide the Conservative interest." has been so frequently put to me, that I feel called on publicly to state my reason to be, that I consider Mr. Sherwood too inconsistent a politician, to represent the Conservative constituency of Toronto in Parliament.

I believe him to be inconsistent, because on a recent occasion he deserted his Conservative friends, to accept the office of Solicitor General, after he had publicly approved of Mr. Cartwright's refusal of the same office, under an administration in which reither he nor Mr. Cartwright had any confidence; and after he had also publicly stated, "that if that office were tendered to him he would indignantly reject it." He did however accept it, and sat at the same Council board with men whom he had always previously opposed.

The immediate and disastrous consequence of this acceptance of office with the late administration, by a leading member of the 'onservative party, was, that the able and indignant remonstrances of the entire Conservative press, at the proceedings of the Executive, were altogether unheeded.

Upon thiese grounds therefore, I now oppose Mr. Sherwood, and rely upon that Conservative support on this occasion, which has always been cheerfully rendered to me at other times, when I have stood forward as the champion of the Conservative cause.

I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen, your obed't serv't.

DR. SPEAR, DACHELOR OF MEDICINE, and Licentiate of Medicine in the University of Cambridge; Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London; Inscribed in the Faculté de Médecine, Paris; and late Physician to the London Isliugton Dispensary; may be consulted daily at his residence, in WRITE'S BUILDINGS, North of Lot and Yonge Streets.

MRS. A. R. LAWRIE. PROFESSOR OF BUSIC

PROM LONDON, ENGLAND.

Begs to announce to the Gentry of Toronto and its vicinity, that for the purpose of giving

The Ontario House,"

Lessons in Music and Singing. Time and Style, so very essential to a just and effective execution of Vocal or Instrumental Music, particularly attended to.

Mrs. L. takes this opportunity to state, that she is ready to receive Engagements for her Son (and Fupil) as Planist to Music or Quadrille Parties. He has attended the fashionable circles in London with

RIDOUT & PHILLIPS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS, DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS, Opposite the City Hall.

Toronto, January 19, 1843.

Toronto, February 2, 1843. LAND SURIP. A NY persons having Land Serip to dispose of, will find a purchaser, by applying to the subscribers, STRACHAN & CAMURON.

Barristers, King Street, Toronto.
290-tf

FIRE INSULLINCE:

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTIOUT, CAPITAL \$200,000.

THIS well known Company, for many years in active operation in Montreal, insures again at loss or dainage by Fire, on terms as liberal as those of the F. stat Ashed Companies of the Province.

J. WALTON, Agent, New Street:

Toronto, Feb. 3. 1.843. CAPITAL_\$200,000.

MARBLE GRAVE STONE FACTORY, No. 2, Michmond Place, Yonge Street, NE AT DOOR TO MR. J. C. BETTRIDGE'S.

JAME'S MORRIS has always on hand Tombs, Monuments, Pedesta's, and Grave Stones; and Marble Work, of every description, promytly executed to order.

Torouto, January 5, 1843.

Of whooping cough, at the Rectory, Adelaide, on Tuesday the 14th February, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the Rev. D. E. Blake, aged 2 years and 9 months.

In Quebec, on the 15th instant, Fanny Bayfield Brown, aged 22 months, youngest child of the late Rev. Joseph Brown, Evening Lecmonths, youngest child of the late Rev. Joseph Brown, Evening Lecturer at the Cathedral.

Suddenly, at his residence in Cobourg, on the evening of the 7th instant, George Ham, Esq. Mr. H. was a native of Canada highly respected, and had for many years been extensively engaged in business as a Merchant and Miller. His loss will be much felt in Cobourg.

THE Reverend the Rector of Both purposes receiving into his house four young pupils, who will be treated in every respect as members of the family. Frue, for Board and Instruction in the Classics, Mathematics, and the usual branches of English Education, 240 per annum; Frence, and Italian languages, each £1 per quarter. A limited number of Pay Scholars will be received, at 12s. per quarter each; Classics, Mathematics, French, and Italian, each £1 10s. per quarter, extra.

January, 1843.

LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, Feb'y 23ed;

Rev. H. Patton; Dr. Mackelean; G. Burns Esq., add. sub, and rem.; R. Garrett Esq., add. sub.; E. Ermatinger Esq., rem. in full Vol. 6s. Italian to the series of the Esq., add. sub.; P. M., Mootreaf; J. W. Brett Esq., add. sub.; P. M., Mootreaf; J. W. Brett Esq., add. sub.; Rev. C. C. Brough, add. sob. [the book is not to be had in Toronto, but shall be sent for to England.]

To Correspondents.—A South Carolina Layman, shall have ample instice done to him next week. An Unknown Friend, though a shrewd LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, Feb'y 23rd To Cornespondents.—A South Carolina Layman, shall have ample justice done to him next week. An Unknown Friend, though a shrewd observer, has omitted to send his name, and to pay his postage. He is

ther-fore inadmissible.

Obrostroky of three or ther-fore inadmissible.

Depositors of the Cauren Society.—21 5s. has been received from the Rev. T. B. Fuller, without any intimation of the purpose to which it is to be applied.