deatly the result of concussion, which manifested themselves two or three days after the accident occurred, without any symptoms of injury to the brain, immediately after the injury was received. The inflammatory symptoms yielded finally to treatment.

GLAUCOMA.

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Case I .- Mrs. E-, of C-, a farmer's wife, aged 56. was sent to me, June 17, with the following history She had been in good health and accustomed to hard work until a year ago (July, '71), when she began to suffer from what she termed dyspepsia, with nausea, vomiting, &c., accompanied by headache, pain in the eyes, evebrows, temples, and down the sides of the nose. Prior to that date she had had no pain in her eyes but the sight of her left eye had been failing for six months, and was then quite dim. The pain in and around the eyes would reform frequently, and last for a few hours. At such times the sight became worse, but would clear up a little as the pain subsided. The last of these attacks occurred about two months ago, but she had suffered more or less since then from frontal headache. After the right eye became affected, she often noticed rings of various colors around the flame of the lamp. In Nov., '71, the left eye became totally blind. In Jan., '72, the patient could merely distinguish day from night with the right eye, and in March the sight became altogether extinct. She had been an invalid from July until three months ago. The disease of the eyes seemed to her due to the neuralgia in her head; she had given the se-called patent eye-cups a faithful trial in Feb and March but with no apparent benefit! Spectacles had been required for twenty years for sowing, reading &c.

EXAMINATION.—Right eye, vision nil, no pain or tenderness; eyeball so hard that firm pressure makes little or no impression