

NEW COAL OIL LIGHT BEATS ELECTRIC OR GASOLINE

10 Days FREE—Send No Money

We don't ask you to pay us a cent until you have used this wonderful modern light in your own home for ten days, then you may return it at our expense if not perfectly satisfied. We want you to prove for yourself that it gives five to fifteen times as much light as the ordinary oil lamp; beats electric, gasoline or acetylene. Lights and is put out just like the old oil lamp

BURNS 70 HOURS ON 1 GALLON OIL

Gives a powerful white light, burns on coal oil (kerosene), no odor, smoke, clean, won't explode. Guaranteed.

\$1000.00 Reward

will be given to the person who shows us an oil lamp equal to this Aladdin in every way (details of offer given in our circular). Would we dare make such a challenge to the world if there was the slightest doubt as to the merits of the Aladdin? We want one person in each locality to whom we can refer customers. Write quick for our 10 Day Absolutely Free Trial Proposition, Agents' Wholesale Prices, and learn how to get ONE FREE.

MANTLE LAMP CO., 715 Aladdin Bldg., Montreal & Winnipeg

AGENTS WANTED

to demonstrate in territory where oil lamps are in use. Experience unnecessary. Many agents average five sales a day and make \$300.00 per month. One farmer cleared over \$500.00 in 6 weeks. You can make money evenings and spare time. Write quick for territory and sample.



The very thing!

A KODAK

The Christmas gift that will appeal to every member of the family—will add to the joy of the Christmas day in the pleasure of picture taking and will perpetuate that day by preserving its memories.

KODAKS, \$7.00 and up.

BROWNIE CAMERAS, (They work like Kodaks) \$1.00 to \$12.00.

Catalogue free at your dealers or by mail.

CANADIAN KODAK CO., Limited, TORONTO

heard to remark, "and then when we bring our fruit here, we have to take second place to fruit that looks as if it had been grown in a sod orchard." Probably, however, the awards were placed correctly from the standpoint of the requirements of the consumer, as the texture of the medium-sized apple of large growing varieties is generally superior.

Due to the lateness of the season, tender fruits were necessarily a limited exhibit. The territory they represented, however, seemed to be unnecessarily limited, almost every entry coming from the St. Catharines district. There are other sections of Ontario that can grow just as choice pears and grapes as can the St. Catharines district, and they would do well to advertise their possibilities for the production of tender fruit. Exhibitors were G. A. Robertson, F. J. Stewart, R. Thompson, W. J. Furminger, Geo. Goring, Alexander Class, and W. L. Hamilton.

Mr. P. J. Carey, Dominion Fruit Inspector, with several assistants, gave daily demonstrations on a subject that is very near to his heart—the proper boxing of apples. Mr. Carey's corner of the building was a popular one, and it is to be regretted that bad weather so marred the attendance at the fair that more were not able to take advantage of Mr. Carey's instructive demonstrations. The exhibition was a distinct success, and showed a marked improvement over former years, particularly in the flower and vegetable sections.

Eastern Annapolis Valley

Eunice Buchanan

When the shortage of the apple crop was found to be greater than was expected, the growers consoled themselves with the prospect of high prices; but this hope has been dampened by the fact that the apples are not keeping well. The long rainy period in October delayed harvesting roots and fruit until well on in November. During the first week of November, we had severe frosts, so that many apples and potatoes were frozen. This short cold snap has been followed by unusually warm weather, which still continues (November 13), with the result that the apples are decaying in the warehouses, probably owing to a combination of causes—warm weather now, delayed picking, aphid attacks, and summer weather conditions which were conducive to spot. These spots are now sinking and turning to rot, while Ribstones and Blenheim went soft. In some cases of Greengings, the warehousemen refused to pack them.

This has roused the companies to seriously consider a cold storage warehouse at Berwick before next season, as now they are bound down to choose between shipping to glutted markets or letting the fruit deteriorate, a serious situation with which we have not had to contend before.

The first exports to England brought good prices. Early Gravensteins netted the United Fruit Co. members as follows: No. 1, \$3.85; No. 2, \$2.65; for large spotted No. 2, \$2.45; No. 3, \$1.00. Blenheims, No. 1, \$3.00; No. 2, \$2.30; No. 3, \$1.00. Boxed Blenheims, \$1.03 per box. Dudleys, No. 1, \$4.52; No. 2, \$3.79. This variety has not many threes; it is not a common apple in this locality, but is recommending itself. Late varieties of apples are attacked by minute black spots, and nearly all kinds seem to be unusually ripe for this time of year.