

Open the poultry house during the day as much as possible and get all the direct sunshine into it that you possibly can. Whitewash is a great destroyer of odors, and a coat of this will sweeten the air for days. Road dust absorbs noxious gases and kills off odors, and is a pretty good thing to have around the poultry house. If you cannot get dust use dry garden soil, sprinkling it over the floor every day, and when it is an inch or so deep haul it out to the garden with the droppings that are in it, and it will be worth all the work you have done to get it into and out of the poultry house. Hens do not care whether their house is clean or not, but the owner will consult his own interests by keeping the premises as clean as possible, especially during the hot months of the year.

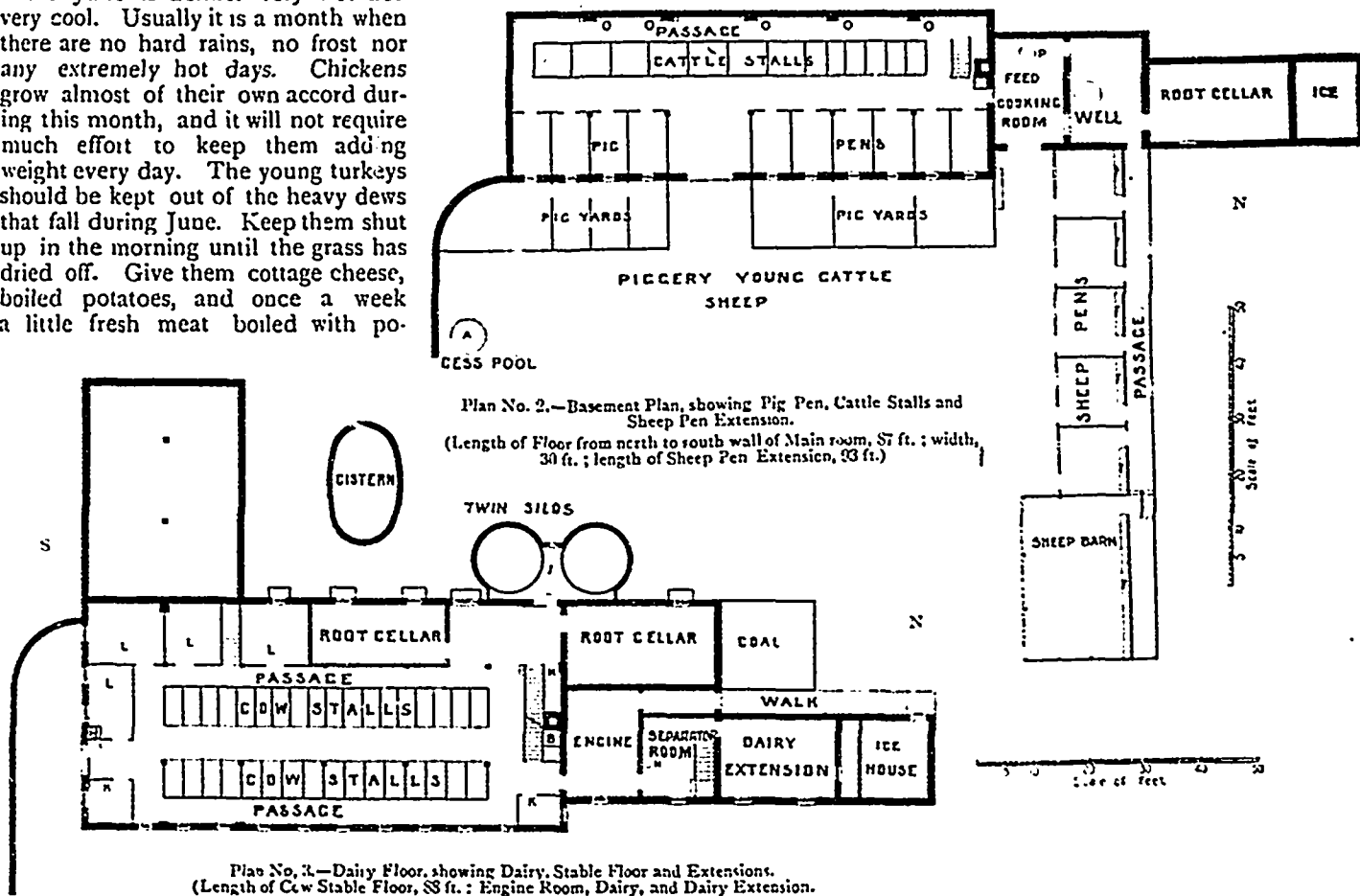
To keep the young stuff growing all the time during the month of June should be the aim of the poultryman. As a rule June is neither very hot nor very cool. Usually it is a month when there are no hard rains, no frost nor any extremely hot days. Chickens grow almost of their own accord during this month, and it will not require much effort to keep them adding weight every day. The young turkeys should be kept out of the heavy dews that fall during June. Keep them shut up in the morning until the grass has dried off. Give them cottage cheese, boiled potatoes, and once a week a little fresh meat boiled with po-

It is not advisable to set any hens during the month of June, as the chicks will come at the beginning of hot weather and require extra care, and then they hardly ever do as well as those hatched earlier or later.

"Will Rape Kill Thistles?"

This question has suggested itself to us by reading the following item which appeared in one of our exchanges recently:

"Fancy two plants being so unfriendly that the mere neighborhood of one is death to the other. Yet this is the case with two well-known British plants. These are the thistle and the rape. If a field is infested with thistles



tatoes, and these mixed with wheat middlings into a rather dry dough, and all seasoned with a stiff dose of cayenne pepper. If they are kept going until July they will be ready to take to the woods and fields, and from that time they are safe.

Keep ducklings and goslings out of the wet until they begin to have some feathers on their backs. Feed them somewhat coarser feed than you would give to chickens, and feed them often, for they are mostly appetite just at this time of the year. If you have a big bed of lettuce cut this and give to the waterfowl, and they will make good use of it.

Goslings begin to eat grass pretty young, and if they can have a nice plot of clover to run on when the weather is dry they will thrive in an amazing manner.

Don't forget that your laying hens need extra good feed at this time. They have been laying for a long time, and must be fed in a liberal manner or they will drop out of the race and take a rest. Hens that become broody should be shut up in a box with a slatted bottom. This will break a hen of the notion of sitting about as quickly as anything we ever tried. Feed less corn and more wheat and all the milk you have to spare. It is not good economy to feed milk to hogs when there are fowls on the place to consume it. It pays better as eggs and poultry than it does as pork.

which come up year after year and ruin the crop, all you have to do is to sow it with rape. The thistle will be absolutely annihilated. If this is true it is another strong reason for sowing rape."

If this contention is anyway near correct, rape is a plant that a great many of our farmers should grow, and that in large quantities. But there are doubts as to whether this question can be answered in the affirmative or not. We would be glad to hear from any of our readers who have grown rape as to whether it will annihilate Canada thistles.

Dairying in the Territories

Mr. J. W. Mitchell, who has been appointed superintendent of creameries in Northwest Territories under the Dominion Government to succeed J. A. Kinsella, who lately left for New Zealand as assistant to Dairy Commissioner Ruddick, writes us that this season has opened up somewhat cold and backward. But there is abundance of moisture, which naturally means good grazing at an early date. Though this has thrown the opening of the creameries back a little, yet the prospects for a good season's make are bright.