had received from the Japan were dealt with character of the note fi ese foreign office to Mr. pointed out. The treat was discussed at some manner in which the Ottawa had been out eastern politicians was The question of the rig ice to effect such leg bill proposes was dealt reasons which dictated the Dominion government subject of severe strict In reply John Oliver (ed himself with a com

results effected by the I

tawa in excluding Chine as compared with the Conservative government mection. He touched up of the Lemieux mission himself hopefully as to the arrangement which l one subsection alone self was touched upon who expressed the or would, if enacted, invalid measure. Mr. Oliver evad as to whether he or his support the bill and cont with affirming that the las always do their duty. J. H. Hawthornthwait for the Socialists in the ing the measure provid section illuded to by Mi

to the secretary of stat James Dunsmuir.

ed by different minister

granting to the city of minster certain lands wi

limits for park purposes,

The speaker took the

Prayer by Rev. G. K. B.

Hon. Dr. Young prese house copies of commun tween his honor, the lieut, nor, and the secretary of ing with bill No. 30 of th

The communications

"To the Lieutenant-Gover Your premier, Mr. McB me that the bill to regula tion into B. C. would not assent, but would be r the consideration of the here Can I would still

ere. Can I rely on this a (Sgd.) R. W. SCOTT, Sec "Victoria, April "Your telegram received not receive assent.
"JAMES DUY

"JAMES DUI Victoria, B. C., Apri "R. W. Scott, Sec'y of Sta "Sir—I have the honor to that I prorogued the leg sembly in the province of inst. at which time I as number of billing, duplicate which I am forwarding."

which I am forwarding registered mail. I have th visable to reserve for the

his excellency, the gover bill 30, an 'act to regula migration into B. C." My oing so are that this bill

be but a modified form of dealing with the same su have aiready been disal should it become law, mig interfere with our intern and federal interests.

"(Signed) LAMES DID

to bring down to the hous a letter which had been his department from Mr. the deputy minister of just reply to it; and he would morrow. The reason that had not been brought dow other correspondence was fact that the return asked referred to all papers and ence connected with the of assent from the Immig while this letter had been the department here subs

'(Signed) JAMES DU Mr. Newcombe's L In reply to Mr. Oliver,

Other Routine Busi

On motion of Hon. Mr. bill to authorize the grar corporation of the city of minster certain lands for poses, was introduced and first time.

Mr. Oliver withdrew, w mission of the house, his

Communications Pr

"Ottawa, Apr

o'clock.

A number of questions

struck out. But little other busine At the opening of the l Young presented copies of dence and telegrams between tetary of state and hilleutenant-governor with Natal act of last sessio munications were three ne a telegram from the state to the lieutenant-gother, a telegram, the rep ter to the former and the

a brief illness. He had no relatives in Victoria, his parents being left behind in Lahore. He is the second Sikh to be burned

HAVE A BUSY TIME ghat. Toronto's Population

Toronto, Jan. 28.—The new directory

Freight Conductor Killed

To Prevent Corruption. St. John, N.B., Jan. 28.—A strong in-

ruption in elections.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL BEFORE THE HOUSE

Provides for Grading of Employees, Fixes Salaries and Rate of Increase

of the time as originally named or en-larged by subsequent order, the order is not complied with, the employer shall be liable to a fine not exceeding (From Tuesday's Daily) The public service bill around which The public service bill around which clerk.

19. On the 30th day of June, A. D. vice is, by reason of severe bodily inpast six months was brought down by special message yesterday and intro
19. On the 30th day of June, A. D. vice is, by reason of severe bodily injury received or sustained by him in the discharge of his duties as a public service of the executive.

Clerks beneath the grade of chief clerk are divided into four grades. The minimum salary for the fourth or lowest grade is \$600, the maximum \$900. The rate of increase is placed at \$60 per annum. For the other grades, the salaries are, minimums, \$900, \$1,200, \$1,500; maximums, \$1,200, \$1,500 and \$1,300. The maximum salary for a chief clerk is placed at \$1,800, and a deputy minister \$2,700.

shall be provided with some suitable mechanical device, to be approved by the inspector, whereby the cab or car will be securely held in the event of ently of the age alleged by the informaccident to the shipper, rope or hoisting machinery, or from any similar cause:

(e.) Any other particulars which any is half to be approved by the summary convectors at the opinion of the court, apparation, and the opinion of the court, apparation, and the opinion of the court, apparation, and the province grants are superannuation as may be voted by the legislative assembly.

By the bill the province grants are superannuation as may be voted by the legislative assembly.

23. After the 30th day of June, A.D. 1908, every deputy head of department, and the employer will if his salary exceeds \$900, pay 3 per cent. Of his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation are converted by the only of the age alleged by the informaccident to the shipper, rope or hoisting machinery, or from any similar cause:

(e.) Any other particulars which any the opinion of the court, apparation as may be voted by the legislative assembly.

By the bill the province grants are superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary exceeds \$900, pay 3 per cent. Of his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary to the fund yearly, if less 2½ per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary to the fund yearly in the province grants are superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee will if his salary exceeds \$900, pay 3 per cent. Superannuation fund. Towards this fund the employee nuation may take place after 25 years' service or after the age of 60 is at-The computation of the al-

of the bill:

cutive government of the province of British Columbia who are paid a yearly salary, voted by the legislative as-sembly and appointed to employment or office by the lfeutenant-governorin-council by order in council; provided always, that this act shall not apply any person who, having attained the age of forty-five years or upwards office or employment.

shall, for the purposes of this act, be classified as deputy heads of departments, officers, chief clerks, clerks, stenographers and permanent

Classification of Members.

4. There may be in each department of the executive government aforesaid, and in each subdivision of any department authorized and affected by act of the legislative assembly, a chief clerk who shall perform such duties and exercise such authority as may be assigned and delegated to him by any act of the legislative assembly or by the lieutenant-governor in council by order in council. No person shall Classification of Members. and in each subdivision of any department authorized and affected by act of the legislative assembly, a chief clerk who shall perform such duties and exercise such authority as may be assigned and delegated to him by any act of the legislative assembly or by the lieutenant-governor in council by the lieutenant-governor in council by order in council. No person shall hereafter be appointed a chief clerk inless at the time of such appointment ie is a clerk of the first or second class or is pursuant to the provisions this act, eligible for appointment as clerk of the second class.

5. Clerks shall be graded in four classes, according to skill, training, making of payments and allowances competency and length of service. The competency and length of service. The lowest or initial class shall be known

(2.) All other moneys from time to

AGO BUILDINGS

DESTROYED BY FIRE

She appointed as a clerk of the fourth class; provided that where, in the opinion of the lieutehant-governor in council, the position to be filled requires the services of a clerk possessing greater skill and competency than may be necessary for a clerk of the fourth class, a clerk may be appointed to the grade of a clerk of the third class.

LOSS Inflicted on Sev—

Available and may be used for the making of payments and allowances pursuant to the provisions of this act:

(3.) The minister of finance may, in the provided that where, in the opinion of the provisions of this act:

(3.) The minister of finance may, in the provisions of this act:

(3.) The minister of finance may, or the provisions of this act:

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(3.) The minister of finance may, or the provisions of this act:

(4.) The maxing of payments and allowances or provisions of this act:

(3.) The minister of finance may, or the provisions of this act:

(4.) The maxing of payments and allowances or provisions of this act:

(4.) The minister of finance

Class.
7. For and during the first year of service the salary of a clerk of the fourth class shall not exceed the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600); thereafter, and in respect of each succeeding the allowance hereinafter after, and in respect of each succeeding the allowance hereinafter authorized, which shall be payable and paid out of the superannuation fund

(1,500); thereafter, and in respect of vice or default, to retire from the pubeach succeeding year of service, such lic service before the time at which clerk shall be eligible, subject always he becomes eligible to receive a superclerk shall be eligible, subject always to efficient performance of duties, to receive an annual increase of salary equal to sixty dollars (\$60) per annum until the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars \$1,800) per annum is reached, which shall be the maximum salary for a clerk of the first class.

**Received a superannuation allowance pursuant to the provisions of this act, the lieutenant-governor in council may by order in council allow and direct to be paid to him or to any person or person dependent upon his earnings a gratuity not exceeding one month's pay for each year of service as a member of rst class.

14. Subject always to efficient perormance of duties and to the provisormance of duties and to the provisormance of the set of the tables of the public service, computed on the
average monthly salary for the last

past six months was brought down by special message yesterday and introduced by Hon. Dr. Young, provincial secretary. The bill provides for the grading of all provincial employees, for a fixed scale of salaries and rate of increase and for the superannuation of employees upon an allowance at a certain age or after so mang years of service.

Clerks beneath the grade of chief clerks are divided into four grades. The minimum salary for the fourth or low-and to the salary shall apply to the clerks so graded in the salary shall apply to the clerks so graded in the same manner and to the same extent as if they were council may, by order in council, pro-vide and direct to be paid to such public servant, or to any person or persons dependent upon his earnings, a gratuity not exceeding three months' pay for every two years of service in the public service, or a superannuation allowance not exceeding per annum one-fifth of the average received by such public servant during the last three years of service, and

Contributions for Dependents.

So Far Without Much

Result

Vancouver, Jan. 27.-The Vancouver

police are having the time of their lives with the hold-up gang that in-

fests the city. On Saturday at least thirteen robberies and hold-ups, many of them of the very boldest that have

such gratuity or superannuation allowance, as the case may be, shall be payable and paid out of the superanuation fund. Compulsory Retirement. Unless the lieutenant-governor in incil, for special reasons otherwise orders, retirement shall be compulsory on every member of the public ser-vice who has completed the period of

government aforesaid shall, in respect of each succeeding year of service, be eligible, subject always to efficient performance of duties, to receive an tained. The computation of the annual increase of salary cases of a deputy head of department, The following are the chief clauses the sum of two thousand seven hunof the bill:

2. The public service shall, for the purposes of this act, include, and the members of the public service shall consist of:

All persons employed and holding office at the pleasure of the crown in or under the several departments, branches and institutions of the executive government of the province of this provision. whom it is made, nor shall any member of the public service have any absolute right to any such superannuamade in any existing salary by reason of this provision. Superannuation Fund

24. A fund called the superannua-tion fund shall be maintained by the minister of finance in the treasury department for the superannuation and retirement, upon the terms and condi-tions hereinafter contained and set forth, of members of the public service,

amount, if such salary exceeds the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) per

the moneys from time to time stand-ing to the credit of the superannua-tion fund:

(1). The said sum of two hundred thousand (\$200,000) or the investment representing the said sum shall be representing the said sum shall be treated as principal and shall always be kept intact and only the income, incase may be, as may be fixed by order in council and voted by the legislative

VANCOUVER POLICE

Superannuation

be floorly on any file it and the sequence of the property shall be lead to a sent the experimental property shall be lead to a sent the experiment of the property shall be lead to a sent the experiment of the property shall be lead to a sent the experiment of the property shall be lead to a sent the experiment of the property shall be lead to a sent the property shall be lead t

14. Subject always to efficient performance of duties and to the provisions of this act as to the taking effect of promotions, a clerk of the first class may at any time be appointed a chief

Stenographers and permanent employees receive such remuneration as may be voted by the legislative assembly. It is specially provided that there shall be no reduction in salaries by reason of grading which shall take place according to the rating of salary on June 30, 1908.

By the bill the province grants 22. Stenographers and permanent

and not having previously been a member of the public service, shall at any time hereafter be appointed to any (a.) By a payment from the left day. solidated fund on or before the 1st day (a) Members of the public service of July, A.D. 1908, of the sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000):
(b.) By the reservation out of the salary of each member of the public service to whom this act applies of an

The lieutenant-governor in council may, by order in council, appoint, and if thought fit from amongst the members of the public service, examiners, who shall hold office during pleasure and perform such duties as may from time to time be prescribed for per-formance by them, and may respec-tively receive such salary or such al-

as the fourth class.

6. Every clerk hereafter appointed shall, except as hereinafter provided, be appointed as a clerk of the fourth class; provided that where, in the control of payments and allowances and control of payments and control of pay

eligible, subject always to efficient performance of duties, to receive an annual increase of salary, equal to sixty dollars (\$60) per annum until the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) per annum is reached, which shall be the maximum salary for a clerk of the fourth class.

ANUTHER CREMATION OCCURS AT ESQUIMALT

Body of Young Hindu Was Burned on Fraser Street Yesterday

From Wednesday's Daily. The second Hindu cremation within ser street, Esquimalt, when the body of Oudoo Singh was carried to a burning ghat. Following the black veneer ed hearse of W. B. Smith's undertak-ing parlors, a little band of Sikh marched toward Esquimalt. foot of Fraser street, in a cutting among the pines, cordwood had be piled, and they were taking the boo of their dead fellow countryman to the pyre which was to convert him One bearded Punjaubi, a grizzled old man, with torn military un form, carried a large tin of kerosen another parcels of butter; all wende their way through the mud uneven slowly, sadly, in disordered processio It was not a long cortege. There were out seventeen of them carrying the last rites that the priests of those faraway gilded temples of Lahore had taught them in the heated land over-

The undertaker assisted The undertaker assisted them to carry the wicker basket that held Oudoo Singh's corpse into a clump of bushes near the street-end, close to where it joined the sea. There, hidden by the undergrowth from prying eyes. the Sikhs laid out the body on a blan service prescribed in subsection (a) of ket. One hurried to a nearby house section 25 of this act, or who has for water—he had carried a bucket section 25 of this act, or who has for water—he had carrie completed the period of service prescribed in sub-section (b) of section with soap and water they from the city for this purpose-an

25 of this act, and has attained the dead thoroughly. Then the dead mar age of sixty years or has become inwas coated with butter, swathed with capacitated by bodily or mental ingrease and wrapped in white lines rmity from properly performing his which completely covered the body.

Meanwhile some of the men had duties, so soon as the superannuation allowance hereinbefore provided for allowance hereinbefore provided for has been, by order in council, allotted to such member of the public service; and such allotment shall not be considered as implying any censure upon the member of the public service to lead it revenuely to the body was brought, five or six men carrying the limp, white bundle. They the member of the public service to laid it reverently upon the wood, piled more sticks upon it, and then a blanker was spread on the grass nearby.

An old Sikh kicked loose his western

solute right to any such superannua-solute right to any such superannua-tion allowance, but any such allow-ance shall be granted only in consid-eration of competency and efficient eration of competency and efficient hands clasped. The old man read. the eastern gods for some minutes, all bowing their heads mournfully. The In any member of the public service shall die, leaving him surviving a wife or a wife and children, or children or parents or a parent dependent for support upon the earnings of such member of the public service, the lieutenant-governor in council may, by order in council, provide and direct that there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents an amount equal to one month's salary for each year of service up to but not exceed-In any member of the public service

year of service up to but not exceeding the seven years of service of such public servant at the rate of salary public servant at the rate of salary which was being received by such public servant at the time of his public servant at the time of his ger puff of curling smoke rose among the pines of the closing toward the pines of the closing toward the pines of the midget flies that had disappeared, the pyre sank lower, and as twilight came a band of turbaned men raked among the charred embers,

gathering up a few ashes of the dead Oudoo Sigh was eighteen years of age. He came from Lahore, India, by age. He came from Lahore, India, it way of Hongkong, and lived with band of fellow countrymen at 1711 Government street. He sickened with fever a short time ago, and died after owance, in addition to salary, as the

in the closing at the foot of Fraser street within the past few weeks, the charred stone on a little ridge within a few feet of where his body was cre mated showing where another East Indian had been laid on the burning

Industrious Hunt for Thugs is gives Toronto an estimated population of 350,000.

St. Catherines, Ont., Jan. 28.—In a freight train wreck here Conductor Campbell was killed.

dependent organization has been form ed in New Brunswick to prevent cor-

Details of Bill Introduced By A. E. McPhillips on Friday

FACTORY EMPLOYEES

FOR PROTECTION OF

(From Tuesday's Daily) The act for the protection of persons employed in factories, which as stated in the Colonist of yesterday was introduced into the house by A. E. McPhillips, K.C., M.P.P., and read a first time at the session of the legislature Friday has aroused considerable gearing, machine and control of the legislature friday has aroused considerable gearing, machine and control of the legislature friday has aroused considerable.

The act is based largely upon those in force in Manitoba and Ontario and while it safeguards the employee, is yet throughout fair to the employer.

kept unlawful so that the health of any child therein employed is likely to be permanently injured, and such the permanently injured to be because the permanently injured to be permanently injured. deemed to be guilty of a contravention of the provisions of this act.

The lieutenant-governor may from time to time by order in council, notice of which shall be published in the British Columbia Gazette, prohibit the employment of girls under the age of eighteen years and of boys under the age of sixteen years in factories, the work in which is deemed by the lieutenant-governor in council to be dangerous or unwholesome

Regulations Respecting Females It shall not be lawful to employ in a factory any young girl or woman, so that the health of such young girl or woman is likely to be permanently injured, and whoever so employs any young girl or woman shall, upon sum-mary conviction thereof, incur and be liable to imprisonment in the common gaol of the judicial district wherein the offence has been committed for a period of not exceeding six months, or a fine of not more than one hundred dollars with costs of prosecution and, in default of immediate payment of such fine and costs, then to im-

ment as aforesaid. woman shall be deemed to be unlawful and to be an employing

nor more than eight hours in one day, nor more than forty-eight hours in any one week, unless a different apportionment of hours of labor per day has been made for the sole purpose of giving a shorter day's work on Saturday.

(b) In every factory the employer

room, or for as many windows in the pressed ironwork factories, gun and small arm factories, harness and leating to be sufficient.

35. Every factory three or more stories in height, in which persons are employed above the second story, unless supplied with a sufficient number of tower staturages with iron doors may be sufficient.

where of the sole purpose of giving a shorter day's work on Saturday.

(b) In every factory the employer

an therein employed not less than part of the time herein limited with girls and woman.

(c) If the inspector so directs in

any young girl or woman to take meals in any room wherein any manufacturing process is then being carired on. And if the inspector so directs in writing, the employer shall, at his own expense, provide a suitable room or place

in the factory.

Under certain conditions, such as an accident to machinery, the inspector may grant an exemption from the terms of the above rule with regard to hours of employment. But no woman or young girl shall be employed before the hour of seven o'clock in the morning nor after the hour of eight o'clock in the evening; and the hours of labor for women and young girls shall not be more than nine in any one day, nor more than fifty-four in any one week.

any factory, occasioning any bodily injury to any person employed therein, whereby he or she is prevented from working for more than six days notice shall be sent to the inspector in writing by the employer forthwith after the expiration of the said six days, and if such notice is not so sent the employer shall be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty dollars.

38. In case of an explosion occurring in a factory, whether any person is more than fifty-four in any one week; and such exemption shall not comprise more than thirty-six days, in the whole, in any twelve months; and in reckoning such period of thirty-six days every day on which any young girl or woman has been employed overtime shall be taken into account; and during the continuance of such exemption, there shall, in addition to the hour of the noonday.

take with him into any factory a phythe offence was committed for a perio not exceeding three months. ser of the local sanitary authority.

30. It shall not be lawful to keep a 64. If a factory is not kept in conformity with this act, the court summary jurisdiction, in addition to or instead of inflicting a fine, penalty or other punishment upon the employfactory so that the safety of any per-son employed therein is endangered or so that the health of any person er, may order certain means to be adopted by the employer, within the time named in the order, for the purpose of bringing his factory into conformity with this act. The court may employed therein is likely to be permanently injured, and whoever so keeps a factory shall, upon conviction thereof, incur and be liable to imprisonment within the common goal of the judicial district within which the offence was committed for a period of also, upon application, enlarge the time so named; but if, after the

fine of not more than five hundred dol-lars with costs of prosecution, and, in default of immediate payment of such fine and costs, then to imprisonment 31. In every factory—

(0.) All dangerous parts of millgearing, machinery, shafting, vats, pans, cauldrons, reservoirs, wheel races, flumes, water channels, doors,

not more than twelve months, or to a

places shall be, as far as practicable,

act are the following:

No child or children shall be employed in any factory.

A factory in which the provisions of this section are not complied with by the employer shall be deemed to be kept unlawful so that the health of

inspector from time to time considers dangerous, and in regard to which he gives notice to that effect to the employer, shall likewise, as far as practicable, be secured or securely guard-

33. In every factory-(a.) There shall be such means of extinguishing fire as the inspector, acting under the regulations made in that behalf, directs in writing: (b.) The main inside and outside

doors shall open outwardly, and any door leading to or being the principal or main entrance to the factory, or to any tower, stairway or fire escape therein or belonging thereto, shall not be bolted, barred or locked at any time during the ordinary and usual working hours in the factory.

34. In the case of factories over two

so that the health of such young girl or woman is likely to be permanently injured, if in that factory there is any contravention of the following provisions of this section, that is to say:

(a) It shall not be lawful for a young girl or woman to be employed for more than eight hours in one day.

(b) In every factory the employer shall allow every young girl and woman in therein employed not less than number of fire escapes; such fire escapes shall not be counted as part of the time herein limited with respect to the employment of young girls and woman.

(c) If the inspector 30 directs in writing, the employer shall not allow any young girl or woman to take meals attic is occupied as a workroom, and such fire escapes shall be kept in good repair and free from obstruction or incumbrance of any kind; but any of the requirements of this section may be dispensed with in any factory if the inspector so directs

pense, provide a suitable room of place in the factory, or in connection therewith, for the purpose of a dining and eating room for the persons employed any factory, occasioning any bodily indury to any person employed there-

for women and young girls snall not be more than nine in any one day, nor more than fifty-four in any one week; injured thereby or not, the fact of such

89. Where, in a factory, any person is killed from any cause, or is injured from any cause in a manner likely to

ten dollars for every day that such non-compliance continues.

65. Where the employer is charged with an offence against this act. shall be entitled, upon information duly laid by him, to have any other person whom he charges as the actual offender brought before the court of tribunal at the time appointed for hearing the charge; and, if after the commission of the offence has been yet throughout fair to the employer.

The provisions against child labor are to apply to male persons under the age of 14 years and females under the age of 15 years.

Amongst the chief provisions of the act are the following:

No child or children shall be em
Places shall be, as far as practicable, securely guarded:

(b.) No machinery, other than steam engines, shall be cleaned while in motion, if the inspector so directs by written notice:

(c.) The opening of every hoist-way, elevator or well-hole shall be at edge, consent or convivance of him.

such trap-doors shall be kept closed at all times, except when in actual use by persons authorised by the employer to use the same:

(d.) All elevator cabs or cars, whether used for freight or passengers, shall be provided with some suitable mechanical device to the approved by:

(Where are alleged child or young girl

prove that the child or young girl is not of that age. . The following come under the mean-ing of "factories" to which the act ap-plies in the event of 5 or more people being employed therein: Abattoirs,

agricultural implement factories, bas and sack factories, baking powder and yeast factories, barrel and stave pipe factories, bicycle factories, biscuit factories, blanket factories, boiler factories, book-binding factories, boot and shoe factories, box factories, brass foundries, breweries, broom factories brush factories, carriage factories, carriage goods (iron) factories, carriage woodwork factories, cartridge factorie car shope, cheese box factories, chemi-cal works, cider factories, cigar factories, cigar box factories, clothing factories, confectionary factories, con-centrated egg factories, coopers' workshops, distilleries, domestic factories, dressmaking establishments, dy works, edge tool factories, electric machinery factories, electrotype fac tories, elevators, envelope factories, extracts and essential oil factories, felt factories, flax mills, flour and feed mills, foundries, furniture factories furriers' workshops, galvarized and for more than eight hours in one day, room, or for as many windows in the pressed ironwork factories, gun and

> motive works, machine shops, marble works, match factories, matting fac-tories, mattress factories, meat packing establishments, metal factories millinery shops, ornamental moulding factories, paint works, paper bag factories, paper box factories, medicine factories, piano and patent organ factories, picture frame works, plan-ing mills, plated metal works, potteries, printing and publishing establishments sail and tent factories, sash and door factories, saw and shingle mills, sewing machine factories, shirt factories show case factories, skate works, soap works, soda water factories, spice and

window shade factories, woolen mills An old Dutch Bible found in Humansdorp district of Cape Colony, has a frontispiece depicting Cain shooting

Heavy Loss Inflicted on Several Large Business Concerns

dition to the hour of the noonday meal provided for by the eleventh section of this act, be allowed to every woman and young girl so employed in the factory on any day to an hour later than seven in the afternoon not less than forty-five minutes for another or evening meal, between five and eight of the clock in the afternoon.

In shell not be allowed to give and the model and female inspects of the section of the active cident shall be sent to the inspector within twenty-four hours after the occurrence thereof, and if such notice is not so sent the employer shall be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty dollars.

Sections 40 and 41 deal with the powers of the Lieutenant Governor in council with the regard to the approve for the Lieutenant Governor in council with the regard to the approve for the section of the active caused a loss tonight estimated at an outcome of the section of the buildings at 144 Wabash avenue occupied by Alfred Peats & Co., dealers in wallpaper. The building adjoining on the south, notice is not so sent the employer shall be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty dollars.

Sections 40 and 41 deal with the powers of the Lieutenant Governor in ture dealers, and that in the rear fronting on Michigan avenue, occupied by the millinery firm of Edson, pied by the millinery firm of Edson, there is the section of the active city caused a loss tonight estimated at an outcome of the section of the active council at the section of the almost some than \$1,000,000 in the almost at 144 Wabash avenue occupied by Alfred Peats & Co., dealers in wallpaper. The building adjoining on the south, and the section of the active city caused a loss tonight estimated at an occupied by Alfred Peats & Co., dealers at 144 Wabash avenue occupied by a section of the sect