

For Half an Hour

Mr. Gladstone Talked to Her Majesty the Queen.

Secretary Littleton Says the Premier Has Not Resigned.

The Lords Deal Further With the Parish Councils Bill—Dramatic Death of a Famous Singer.

The Lords.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—In the House of Lords to-day the Parish Councils Bill, as amended by the House of Commons, was considered. On motion of Lord Salisbury the minimum of population making parish councils compulsory was altered from 200 to 300. The motion was passed by a majority of five. Several other amendments of the bill of the House of Commons were agreed to.

Death Silenced the Singer.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Mme. Janet Monach Patey, the distinguished contralto singer, died at Sheffield to-day, aged 52 years. Mme. Patey was closing at Sheffield a tour of the provinces, and last night, after singing unusually well, was twice recalled and sang "The Banks of Allan Water." She had barely finished the song when she expired.

Further particulars show that while she was singing the last lines of "The Banks of Allan Water," she was suddenly seized to lean over the piano, and she finished the song in this position, the closing words being, "There is a conspiracy."

The physicians who examined the body of Mme. Patey have certified that her death was caused by paralysis of the brain, due to the excitement induced by the enthusiastic applause of her audience.

Mr. Gladstone's Intentions.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Edinburgh Evening News emphasizes its assertions that Mr. Gladstone will retire, and says positively that the Earl of Rosebery will succeed him as Premier.

The St. James' Gazette says that already widely-published comments upon the statements made have diminished the weight of official denials, and the increasing reiteration of his entourage in regard to the matter is an actual intimation of the possibility of Mr. Gladstone's withdrawal at any moment.

That Mr. Gladstone's eyesight has grown so much worse that an operation will soon be necessary almost everybody now believes, and it is understood he informed his colleagues that for this reason he would be compelled to retire, though he hoped his retirement would only be temporary.

The Liberal papers insist that in the event of his retirement, Home Rule will survive, but the Conservative papers take the opposite view.

The Times declares Home Rule will be dropped no matter who may become the Liberal leader, and expresses the belief that neither Lord Rosebery nor Sir William Harcourt will be likely to take it up.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Queen left Buckingham Palace for Windsor at 6 o'clock this afternoon.

After Mr. Gladstone's return to Downing street the Associated Press correspondent called at his residence and was received by Mr. Littleton, the secretary. Mr. Littleton informed the correspondent that Mr. Gladstone had not resigned, and that the situation remained unchanged.

The Associated Press correspondent then asked Mr. Littleton if the situation is at present exactly the same as when Sir Algernon West telegraphed from Biarritz, after the Pall Mall Gazette first started the report that Mr. Gladstone intended to resign. After some hesitation Mr. Littleton replied that the situation of affairs was the same as when the much-discussed Biarritz dispatch was sent.

Caught in the Act.

PARIS, March 1.—The police arrested a man last night while in the act of placing a bomb in front of a house in the Rue Oberkampf. The prisoner made an air of bravado, and boasted he had a quantity of bombs at his lodgings.

That Canadian Present.

LONDON, March 1.—The Countess of Derby, wife of the former Governor-General of Canada, presented yesterday to the Duke and Duchess of York the wedding gift of the Canadian women. The gift consists of two fine horses and a sleigh. Sir Chas. Tupper, Canadian High Commissioner, was absent from the presentation ceremony on account of illness.

Blondin's Birthday.

LONDON, March 1.—Blondin, the famous rope-walker, celebrated his 70th birthday yesterday, and a reception was tendered him in the Crystal Palace, his venerable wife and their five children sharing in the honors of the day. During the reception Blondin walked a tight rope, carrying one of his children, who tipped the beam at 150 pounds. He said that he expected to be still walking the rope when his 80th birthday is reached.

The Irish Party Issue a Statement.

LONDON, March 1.—The following statement of the committee of the Irish party in Parliament was given out late last night. The purpose of the statement is to define the attitude of the party on the main Irish question, home rule, in the event of Mr. Gladstone's withdrawal from office:

"So much excitement has been created by rumors concerning the position of Mr. Gladstone that it may be well to point out that the Irish members remain calm because in their judgment there really is no mystery in the matter—no occasion for surprise or sensation.

"Everyone, especially every politician who is not blind to the manifest facts, must have been well aware for some considerable time that the retirement of Mr. Gladstone from the office of Prime Minister, or at least some modification of his position resulting in lighter labors, if not in lighter responsibility, had to be kept in view as an event that could not be long deferred.

"The one wish among the Irish members is that Mr. Gladstone may continue in the post of supreme direction as long as he finds it possible to do so. They believe he will so continue until he finds himself unable further to persevere.

"But at his great age, with its burdens of infirmity, the time when he can no longer discharge to his own satisfaction the

arduous duties of the Premiership may suddenly arrive, and the fact that it may arrive without notice is what constitutes the peculiarity of the present situation. The Irish members believe no conclusive step has been taken, so the situation remains at this time substantially the same as it has been for some time past.

"The reconstruction of the Cabinet, in its most vital part by a change in the Premiership should be an event affecting so materially the whole political position that the Irish members are confident (regard being had to the state of parliament and political forces and of the position of home rule as the foremost issue to be submitted at the next election) that no definitive, or at any rate irrevocable step, would be taken by Mr. Gladstone without an opportunity being given them to present the expression of their views."

An Imperial Defense Ministry.

LONDON, March 1.—All this morning's newspapers give prominence to a long letter, urging that the War and Admiralty Offices be combined in a Ministry of imperial defense, which shall command the services of responsible members of the army and navy. This letter is signed by Sir Chas. Dilke, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Geo. Chesney, Hugh Arnold Foster and Chas. Spencer, all members of the House of Commons. Copies of it were sent to Mr. Gladstone, Lord Salisbury, the Duke of Devonshire, Arthur J. Balfour and Joseph Chamberlain. Mr. Balfour, in a diplomatic reply to the letter, admits that the existing system is imperfect and that the reform suggested is likely to attract the consideration of the nation. Mr. Chamberlain says he is warmly inclined to the principle of the reform.

Crispi Creates a Sensation.

ROME, March 1.—In the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Signor Crispi, the Prime Minister, explained the Government's reasons for proclaiming a state of siege in Sicily. Documents which came into possession of the authorities at Messina Di Carraia proved the existence of Socialist and Anarchist plans to reorganize and repeat their uprising on a scale approaching the proportions of a revolution. With this view foreign Anarchist leaders were flocking to Sicily. At a meeting of foreign and Italian Anarchists recently held in Marseilles it was resolved to foment an uprising among the peasants in Sicily. Promises were to be made to the peasantry to divide the lands among them. This outbreak was to occur during 1894, when, according to the representation of the conspirators, a foreign war would break out, Piedmont would be invaded and a Russian fleet would occupy Italian waters. These revelations having been discovered, the Government decided to seize all Anarchist property and documents to be found and proclaimed a state of siege.

The statement of Premier Crispi, together with the submission of documents he mentioned, made a profound impression upon the Chamber.

THE POWER TO PROHIBIT.

Fixing the Date for Hearing the Test Case.

The Matter to Come Up on the First Day of the May Term.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—Solicitor-General Curran appeared this morning at the Supreme Court to have a date fixed for hearing the case to decide the power of the different Provinces to enact prohibition laws.

It was at first proposed to place the case at the head of the Ontario list, but Mr. Curran objected on the ground that as it had been decided to notify the Attorney-General of the different Provinces in order that they might be present, it would be advisable to have a fixed date, and it was impossible to tell what day the Ontario list would be taken up. He proposed that the first day of the next term be fixed as the date.

After some discussion this was agreed to, so that the case come up on the first day of the May term.

ESCAPES THE GALLOWES.

Wherry's Death Sentence Commuted to Life Imprisonment.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—Lord Aberdeen has signed an order in council, commuting the death sentence on Ed. Wherry, of Fredericton, N. B., a deaf and dumb mute convicted of murder, to imprisonment for life. Wherry was tried by Judge Barker. The jury recommended the youth to mercy. Wherry killed his sister-in-law with an axe. In view of all the circumstances surrounding the case Wherry's life has been spared. He was to be hanged on April 20.

AFFLICTED RIO.

The Horrors of Yellow Fever Added to War—Foreign Grows Stricken.

MONTREAL, March 1.—The sanitary state of the city of Rio de Janeiro is now appalling, and yellow fever is rampant. For several days the burials have numbered 90 a day, and it is impossible to state the number of new cases. Dr. H. Hansen, a medical authority here, thinks the number of those seriously ill with the disease averages about 200 a day. Many more of the foreign crews in the harbor are stricken with the disease, and many have died. Intercourse between all the warships has been stopped.

The Leamington Scandal.

WINDSOR, Feb. 28.—In Judge Horne's court, at Sandwich, to-day, Joseph and John Munger, of Leamington, were tried for grossly mistreating four or five little girls under 13 years of age. Joseph Munger, who is 61 years old, was tried first, and no defense was offered. The court took the matter under advisement. The case of John Munger was then taken up; the evidence did not appear to be of serious nature. Judge Horne will conclude the case tomorrow. The full penalty is imprisonment for life with lashes.

Adolph Jones, also of Leamington, will be tried at the assizes.

Thrift.

Kello, Kiljordan! Buying a new overcoat.

"No. Don't give it away, Shadob, but it's my old chinchilla. I paid a barber fifty cents to run his clippers over it."

PATRONS OF INDUSTRY.

Annual Meeting of the Grand Association.

The President's Address—The Platform of the Order Reviewed Briefly.

Representative Patrons of Industry from almost every county in Ontario and from a few in Quebec were in Toronto on Tuesday afternoon, when the third annual convention of the Grand Association of Ontario and Quebec was called to order by Grand President C. A. Mallory.

Besides the president the grand officers present were: T. O. Currie, Stratford, grand vice-president; J. Kennedy, Cambricht; J. L. Wilson, Alexandria; A. Gifford, Meaford, grand trustees; L. A. Welch, Stratford, grand secretary-treasurer; John Miller, Glenora, grand lecturer; Wm. Valens, Lucknow, J. G. Adams, Alexandria, grand auditors; D. Dwyer, West Flamboro, grand sentinel.

The delegates reported from Middlesex, J. H. Alexander and B. J. Donaldson; Northumberland, J. B. Ewing; Norfolk, Dent Dalton; Oxford, E. J. Pearson; Ontario, W. F. Weir; Prince Edward, W. V. Pettit; Perth, S. W. Robinson; Peel, Robert Lightheart; Peterborough, B. Tudhope; Prescott, J. McCaig; Russell, Howard V. Russell; Stormont and Dundas, John McCabe; St. Lawrence, J. A. Cameron and Alex. Fraser; Grenville, J. F. Hicks; Glengarry, D. M. McPherson and Peter T. Holm; Hastings, J. M. Farley; Huron, S. M. Sanders; Elgin, J. H. Johnston; James C. Wood; Lincoln, Robert Thompson; Lanark, Fred. Hyslop; Lennox and Addington, George A. Aylesworth; Argenteuil, Walter Smith; Bruce, Peter Corbett; Carleton Place, East Durham, John Sedden; West Durham, Thomas M. Powers; Dufferin, David Stewart and William Dwyer; Dundas, James Moodie; East Elgin, W. McCredie; West Elgin, D. C. McColl; Essex, P. Imann; Grey, William Allen; J. M. Davis and Robert Jamieson; Simcoe, John Benson and D. Anderson; Victoria, Robert Campbell; Waterloo, John M. Sipes; Wentworth, James M. Sipes; Wellington, George A. Darby; Welland, H. B. Beam; York, A. Forster.

GRAND PRESIDENT MALLORY'S ADDRESS.

The grand president, in his annual address, said:

"In reviewing the work of the past year, I am happy to inform you that great success has been achieved by our efforts for the spread of Patronage principles. At our last annual convention we were pleased to report an increase of 600 sub-associations to our list. It is now my pleasure to announce that 300 additional organizations have been formed during the past year, and, further, that a greater enthusiasm is manifest among our members than at any time during our past history. But our influence has increased, until, at the present time, Patronage is recognized as an important factor in Canadian politics."

"The Grand Association, finding that our petitions in the interest of the masses received but scant courtesy at the hands of the legislatures, decided a system by which candidates should be placed in the field on the Patron platform in the several rural constituencies. Our people have responded nobly, and the greatest enthusiasm is manifest at the prospect of being able to enforce our demands on the floor of Parliament by a sufficient number of Patron representatives to hold the balance of power between the existing parties. We now find the press and representatives of both political parties claiming to stand upon our platform, and vying with each other to be recognized as the Patrons' friends."

"In view of the approaching general elections, and also of the fact that different interpretations have been given by our legislatures to the clause of our platform, it may not be amiss that I should take this opportunity of giving what is generally accepted by Patrons of Industry as the proper system for the election of county officers, except judges. Patrons hold that all county officers paid by the people should be elected by them. We consider that electing county officers to the legislature to choose from themselves the law-makers of our land may safely be trusted to elect those whose duty it is to enforce the laws. It is said that by this we are introducing the American system, and, further, that thorough inspection must cease when officers become elective. In reply, we may say that the election of county officers every four years, as prevails in some of the American States, nor does it necessarily follow that a general inspection shall cease. County officers may be elected for a period of time consistent with proficiency and good behavior, subject to clearly defined Governmental inspection. This system, we believe, will result in more thorough inspection than where officers are appointed by and removed at the pleasure of the legislature, which is too often repeated that officers receive appointments as a reward for party service."

"Upon the fee system the Patrons have made no pronouncement, but in the interest of economy we contend that no greater sum should be retained by county officers than reasonable remuneration for services rendered."

"It will be observed that your grand board has not caused petitions to be circulated during the past year to either of the legislatures asking consideration at their hands in the interest of the masses. The serious consideration with which our former petitions were greeted by both Governments has resulted in nothing practical in our interest, and the action of the Grand Association of last year led us to conclude that the time for petitions was past, and that it was necessary for the industrial democratic country the people must rule, and that the greatest number must be recognized by our legislators dispensing the greatest good."

"It is gratifying to observe that monopolists and combiners are beginning to tremble at the strength of an organization formed to do battle with them. We are not a little amused at their frantic efforts to resist the wave of independent thought which is spreading over the land. Capital has always claimed the right to combine. Manufacturers meet and determine prices in spite of the law of supply and demand. Capitalists, by united effort, strive to control the Legislature, the judiciary, and the executive. The departments of the Government are too apt to bow to their commands. Have the masses no right to consult or to combine? When tollers com-

bine it is a conspiracy. If they defend themselves it is treason. Why should the monopolist and combiner assume to control the destinies of the land? The industrial classes are largely in the majority. Why should not the tollers combine to advance the interest of the masses?

"Will the time ever come when the masses will appreciate their strength, when, for the common good, petty differences will be bridged and the long-suffering majority will stand together to obtain the greatest good for the greatest number? The time will come when men must stand up for the right, and the groaning protests and threatening taunts of pampered monopolists will avail little in stemming the tide of united effort for legislative reform, which the masses believe to be in the interest of our land."

Two noted members of the order were introduced at the evening session, and were cordially welcomed. The first was Grand President Charles Braithwaite, of the Grand Association of Manitoba, who delivered a spirited address, indicating the rapid growth of the Patron movement in the Northwest. Bro. Braithwaite was made an honorary member of the Grand Association of Ontario and Quebec. Mr. P. McNaughton, M.P.P., who won the first political victory for the Patrons, was introduced as the conquering hero of Bruce. He delivered an address in which he invited the delegates with hopefulness for the future.

The grand president's address was discussed and adopted.

ALTERING AN UGLY VISAGE.

A Toronto Man Having His Face Made Over.

His Mouth Enlarged and the Nose Operated On—A Singular Feat in Surgery—The Man Was So Ugly That He Became Melancholy and Tried to End His Life.

TORONTO, March 1.—On Nov. 25 last a young man of 24, named Wm. Foster, was admitted to the Toronto General Hospital suffering from the effects of an unsuccessful attempt to end his life with opium. Foster lived at 36 Division street, and his story is peculiar.

He was a man of unique and somewhat homely appearance. He had a very large nose, very wide and flat at the bridge, and having an unenviable, tapering end. His mouth was uncommonly small, and the conjunction of the two features produced such a peculiar effect that Foster, like Richard III., was not made to court the amorous looking-glass.

He grew so sensitive about his personal appearance that he decided to end his earthly existence, and pass to the undiscovered country, where most of us hope to wear a fairer shape than that which envelops our spirits in this life.

After the young man was taken to the hospital his case was brought to the notice of Dr. James Thorburn, jun., a successful surgeon, who has the combined experience born of study in England and Germany. Dr. Thorburn decided that the unique features which were such a grief to Foster could be rebuilt and molded to a more conventional form.

He first operated on the young man's mouth, and widened it by cutting into the cheeks at either corner. To produce a proper curve for the lengthened lips he made a few temporary stitches and looped up the delicate flesh until it was solidified in the proper position.

He next set to work on the nose, cutting flesh from the wide portion of it at the bridge and grafting it on the pinched and narrow apex. This portion of the operation is still in progress, but complete success is anticipated, and Foster will emerge from the hospital with a face entirely altered for the better, in form and expression, and it is hoped will make no more attempts on his own life.

Dr. Thorburn, when interviewed on the matter, refused to talk about it. In his opinion it was a case for discussion solely among medical men.

"I am thoroughly of the opinion that the operation which Dr. Thorburn is said to have under way can be brought to a successful issue. Fifty years ago such an experiment would have been looked upon as preposterous, but in the light of modern surgical research it has become entirely possible. No man need be ugly nowadays."

Late Canadian News.

A Yardsman Instantly Killed While Coupling Cars.

The Brantford Board of Trade has re-elected A. R. Bunnell president, S. Cock-shutt vice-president, and George Hatley secretary.

A young man named Andrew Hearle, yardsman, while coupling cars at River du Quesne, on Wednesday, slipped, and the link of the coming car passed over his chest, instantly killing him.

Mr. James Smith, engineer St. Thomas car wheel works, died on Wednesday morning at his residence, Victoria avenue, in his 46th year, of grip. Deceased was born in Dundas, and had lived in St. Thomas for about three years.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess of overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, omission of sleep, pain in the back, kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face, and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids sore elsewhere, baseness, deposits in the urine, loss of power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, loss of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases of the nervous system, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont. Please mention this paper.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Sixty prisoners, principally military, were shot Monday in San Salvador. William Frederick Pole, LL.D., the celebrated Chicago librarian, is dead.

Right Rev. Bernard O'Reilly, Roman Catholic bishop of Liverpool, Eng., is critically ill. Congressman Wilson, of Wilson Bill fame, is making progress towards recovery in Mexico.

At Lynchburg, Va., Gen. Jubal A. Early is gradually sinking and cannot survive many days.

In the province of Shang Tung, China, 450 men were recently killed by an explosion in a coal mine.

The Delaware and Lackawanna Railway has already paid out \$45,000 to the heirs of those killed in the Hackensack accident.

The American sealing schooner Emma Juma has been seized and confiscated by a Russian man-of-war 500 miles north of Japan.

The California Mid-winter Exposition has been open one month, during which time 500,000 people have passed through the turnstiles.

J. C. Wilmerding, a late San Francisco liquor merchant, leaves \$2,000,000 to relatives in his will, except \$400,000 for the University of California.

At Lancaster, Pa., Wednesday night, an exploding bomb destroyed the front part of J. E. Baker's residence. The police are searching for the bomb thrower.

Mountain lions ravenous with hunger are prowling about the streets of Salt Lake, a city of 65,000 inhabitants. These wild coyotes and other wild animals have been driven down from the mountains by extraordinary snows.

Jackson Park is now being patrolled at night by Columbian guards, armed with rifles, to protect the World's Fair buildings from incendiaries.

The Dublin branch of the Irish National League passed a resolution declaring that Mr. Morley and the Government have failed to keep the promises made to Ireland. John Barry, M.P., characterized Mr. Gladstone as a Grand Old Humbug.

THE ONTARIO ESTIMATES.

The Government Figure Them at \$3,415,663—Evidence of Stringent Economy.

TORONTO, March 1.—The estimates of the expenditure for 1894 were laid on the table of the House to-day. There is every indication of the exercise of stringent economy in the various departments of Government service. The estimated expenditure for the year is \$3,415,663. Of this sum \$3,058,386.23 will be for current expenditure, \$333,962 on capital account and \$23,314.86 for other purposes. Last year the estimates were put at somewhat less than this year, and the expenditure on capital account at considerably more. The total expenditure last year, aside from that on account of railway and drainage debentures and other matters not included in the appropriation, was \$3,371,748.98. The details of the estimated expenditure are as follows:

Civil government.....	\$ 244,005.00
Legislation.....	134,300.00
Administration of justice.....	414,322.00
Public institutions and maintenance.....	635,142.16
Immigration.....	713,322.00
Hospitals and charities.....	177,775.01
Maintenance and repairs of Government and departmental buildings.....	176,159.07
Public buildings—	
(1) Repairs.....	14,100.00
(2) Capital account.....	207,290.00
Public works.....	
(1) Repairs.....	14,000.00
(2) Capital account.....	22,302.00
Count.....	104,570.00
Charges on Crown lands.....	125,309.00
Grants and accounts.....	23,314.86
Miscellaneous expenditure.....	173,322.00
Unforeseen and unprovided.....	50,000.00
Total.....	\$3,415,663.00

THE W. C. T. U.

Regular Meeting Wednesday—Work Among the Lumbermen—A Prohibition Meeting.

On account of the meetings addressed by Dr. Gordon and Pierson, in the interests of mission work, the regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. was postponed to Wednesday, Feb. 28. Some 85 members were present. Mrs. Carson, corresponding secretary of the union, led in the devotional exercises and gave a profitable Bible reading. Two nominations were made and three new members were received. An interesting letter was read from the Provincial superintendent of "Work Among Lumbermen" telling of the good work being done by this missionary sent out by the Ontario W. C. T. U. among the lumbermen in the eastern part of the Province. Encouraging news has also recently been received of work done in the Lake Simcoe and Georgian Bay districts, one of our valuable members, Mrs. Sage, having removed from London to that vicinity. She is working heartily and with success, visiting some of the camps weekly. The need for good reading matter for distribution is very great and "comfort bags," which have been sent to many of the camps, are in great demand.

A communication was read from Mr. T. W. Casey, corresponding secretary of the London and Western Ontario Prohibition Union, inviting the co-operation of the W. C. T. U. at the first public meeting of the said association which is to be held in Somerset Hall on Friday evening, March 2, at 8 o'clock. This was received with approbation and Mrs. Thornley was appointed to give a ten-minute address.

Rev. Dr. Mackay, of Woodstock, and Rev. Principal Austin, of St. Thomas, are expected among the speakers of the evening.

After the business for the day was disposed of, School Inspector Carson was introduced, and gave an exceedingly interesting talk on scientific temperance, explaining the present regulations for instruction of this subject in the schools.

It was announced that the next meeting would be a "mothers' meeting," and that Dr. Allison Jamieson will present some slides of the physical training of children, and another lady is expected to touch on some other side of the same thought.

Sudden Death at Goderich.

GODERICH, Feb. 28.—This evening Miss Connel, of this town, died on the street of hemorrhage of the lungs. The young lady had been out shopping and was about starting for home when passersby noticed something wrong with her and in a moment she fell on the street a corpse.

Witch-Hazel

Almond Cream.

A RELIABLE AND EXQUISITE TOILET LOTION For Chapped Hands, Face, Lips or any Irritation of the Skin, Sunburn, Wounds, Chafing, etc.; prevents tendency to wrinkles, keeps the face smooth and preserves the complexion. Gentlemen after shaving will find it a superior lotion to allay irritation and soreness.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

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HERBALINE RESOLVENT, the great diffu-

sible tonic for the stomach and blood. Price \$1. Samples by traveling agents only. James A. Kennedy & Co., London, Ont., are wholesale agents for the above goods for the city and tributary towns.

TALKS THROUGH HER HAT.

Mrs. Lease is Romancing When She Says She is a Mason.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 1.—To a reporter who called his attention to Mrs. Mary E. Lease's statement that she gained knowledge of the Masonic secrets and ritual by looking through a window in a lodge room in this city, John Dodge, deputy grand master of the State lodge, said: "This is the vilest booby. For over 30 years no Masonic lodge door in this city has had a wicket. Mrs. Lease betrays her romancing in nearly every statement she makes, one instance being her claim to have seen three degrees worked on one candidate in one evening. Her talk is too silly to notice."

A MATRIMONIAL BOOM.

Pittsburg Men Searching Wives in Order to Get Work.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 1.—Owing to the great demand for public work in the parks at \$1 per day, the city employment committee issued an order some time ago to employ only married men. This had the effect of causing a big boom in business at the marriage license clerk's office. Unmarried Italian and Pole in Pittsburg seems to be hunting a wife. The order made by Andrew Carnegie to duplicate every dollar raised for the relief of the poor expired yesterday. It was made good for two