Advice to Boys.

Whatever you are, be brave, boys!
The lad's a coward and slave, boys;
Though clever at cricket,
And sharp at marbles,
He's a snubbing and pitiful knave, boys.

Whatever you are, be frank, boys;
'Tis better than money and rank, boys.
Still cleave to the right;
Be honest of light;
Be open, above-board and frank, boys.

Whatever you are, be kind, boys;
Be gentle in manner and mind, boys.
The man gentle in mind,
Words, and temper, I ween
Is the gentleman truly refined, boys.

But whatever you are, be true, boys;
Be visible through and through, boys.
Leave to others the shamming,
The "groaning" and "cramming;"
In fun and in earnest be true, boys.

Why Women Marry.

The question which we considered last week, "Why Men Marry," is an interesting one; but it must be pronounced inferior in interest to the question "Why Women Marry" in the degree in which men are in all respects less interesting than women. The willingness of women to marry is greater and more patent than that of men; and, we will add, that it is a great deal more wonderful. That women have, to use a colloquial phrase, the worst of it all through life, we entertain no doubt, and that the matrimonial state, as understood by experience, has, as a rule, fewer attractions for them than for men, we also believe to be true. Yet, while there are many men who from choice abstain from marrying, and still more who put off marrying till the last practicable moment, we doubt if there are any women worth mentioning who refuse the married state from option and deliberation, and not many who postpone marrying till a late period of life from a general repugnance to having a husband. That women refuse individual men, and sometimes go on refusing man after man, is true enough; but then their objection is to the man and not to the condition of life the man proposes; or, not unfrequently, their refusal arises from mere shittishness, from a feeling they may do better, or from a cheerful conviction that there is plenty of time to "think about it." As a rule, however, women who have the chance of marrying, marry; and they would marry yet more promptly than they do, were it not that they are frequently held back from taking a foolish step by wise parents or by friends. How is this apparent paradox to be explained. There is less to induce women to marry than to induce men; yet men hesitate to marry and women jump at marriage. Some will answer that man is a rational and woman an irrational animal, but over and above the distinction being too uncomplimentary to be true, it is one of those plausible explanations that explain nothing. Again, it is sometimes affirmed that in marrying, man sacrifice liberty, whereas women, in marrying, acquire it. But this is an epigram easily disposed of. When man sacrifice what is called their liberty by marrying, they are already tired of their liberty, or that particular form of it which bachelorhood enjoys; and were the point thoroughly examined, we suspect it would be found that they abandon a form of liberty of which they are weary for another form they have not yet possessed.—*Vanity Fair.*

A Kill of Reptiles:

(*From the Atchison (Kan.) Patriot, Jan. 28.*

Mr. J. H. Beeson, the well-known Central Branch contractor, gave the *Patriot* a pleasant call this morning, and from him we learn the particulars of the most remarkable snake story we have heard. In the extension of the Central Branch road from Beloit to Cawker City the line passes through the town of Glen Elder. A short distance from Glen Elder, on the Solomon River, is a steep and rocky bluff, about fifty-five feet high, a large portion of which had to be blasted away to make room for the road bed. A few days ago, while the excavation was in progress, a blast of nitro-glycerine caps and giant powder tore of an unusually large part of the bluff, and down the declivity there came writhing and rolling a bunch of snakes, which Mr. Beeson assures us was almost as large as a barrel. They were of different varieties, rattlesnakes predominating, with racers, adders, garters, &c. When first disturbed from their warm bed they were active and dangerous, but coming out into the severe cold they were soon comparatively harmless, and were killed by the men without much trouble, or covered up in the dump by earth and stone. But this is a very small portion of the story. Every day and every blast, since this first batch appeared, has brought another huge bundle of reptiles. Every hour a moving, writhing lump comes rolling down the hills, only to separate at the foot, and what escape the laborer's pick and shovel crawl off to get covered up in the dump. Thousands of them have been unearthed and killed, and every blast brings thousands more, rivaling in number the famous snake den of Concordia. Not a single case of snake-bite has yet occurred, not withstanding it is many times almost impossible to avoid stepping on them. Mr. Beeson says there are no unusual monsters among them, the great majority being as large round as a man's wrist, and about three or three and a half feet long. He also says that farmers for five miles around tell him that this is the regular winter den for these venomous creatures, and that during the fall the snakes in that country which are discovered are headed in the direction of the bluffs, and the only way they can be turned from their course is to kill them. It is said to be one of the most remarkable sights ever looked upon, and hundreds from the surrounding country visit the quarries to see the snakes.

Cool Impudence.

For downright cool impudence commend us to the following from *Wilkes' Spirit*:

"Our Champion Sculler.—Edward Hanlan sailed from this city January 31 by the steamer City of Montreal. He spent a very pleasant week in the Metropolis and found many thing which interested him greatly. He carries with him the best wishes of all Americans, irrespective of party feeling or personal prejudice, and is certainly the most proper representative of American sculling that ever visited England." We like cheek, but this suits us too well. That Hanlan is champion of America no one denies, but that he is an exponent of American style any one but a fool would laugh at the idea. Our Yankee friends have still to learn that the reason he beat their overrated men so easily was he would have nothing to do with their ridiculous bucket of fatiguing arm work, but adhered as closely as possible to that form which brought every muscle of the body into work, which is the English theory. Whether Hanlan will win or lose in England is a question, but it is certain it is no trial of English and American styles, but simply, with almost similar form to English scullers, whether Canada or England can produce the better man.

IRISH FRATERNIZATION.—Rev. James Carmichael is known to our readers as a Protestant of Montreal. His Irish sympathies proved him, while in that city, to be superior to the absurdity of hating any one for the love of God. The affection for everything and person Irish which distinguished him in Montreal is beginning to tell at the scene of his present duties—Hamilton. Always interesting to Irishmen, the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society of Hamilton promises to become still more so under the elevating inspiration of that excellent clergyman's presence.—*Irish Canadian.*

Our country exchanges frequently contain announcements that certain young Canadian boys fallen heir to valuable estates in England. While occasionally these statements are correct, yet, in the majority of cases they prove to have no foundation beyond the assertions of tricksters, who thereby obtain considerable payments in advance for services to secure possession. An Imperial Act which went into operation on the first January should effectually put an end to such cases. This Act makes it impossible hereafter for any person to bring an action to recover land or rent after twelve years from the date when the right of action accrued. The exceptions are in case of infancy or lunacy, and even then only six years more are allowed. The period of grace formerly allowed to persons living beyond the limits of the kingdom is entirely abolished. If a man mortgages his land, and permits the mortgagee to retain possession of it for twelve years, no matter from what cause or how great the hardship, at the end of that period it will become absolutely the property of the mortgagee, and this can be avoided only by the written obligations of the latter. This Act was passed so far back as 1874, and its provisions made public; but, in order that no one might be taken unaware, its operation was postponed until the 1st of January, 1879. There is a sweeping clause that will put an end to the operations of the lawyers and agents engaged in such cases as those of the Jennings and Townley estates, viz: that under no circumstances can any one be disturbed in the possession of estates which he has held for thirty years. After the lapse of that period not even the grossest fraud will be allowed to militate against his right, on the ground that such fraud might could or should have been discovered before.—*Mail.*

A novel case was heard before Recorder White, Ogdensburg, on the 24th ult., the history of which is as follows: A young man named Fritz fled from Pennsylvania some time since, having, it is said, been charged with attempting abortion. He first went into New Jersey, and from there to Canada. Meantime requisitions were obtained from the Governor of this State and Pennsylvania, and a detective set on Fritz's track. He was traced to Oakville, Ont., where he was working for a carriage maker named Harper. The detectives then entered into negotiations with Harper, and an arrangement was made by which the latter was to receive $75 if he would get Fritz to Ogdensburg. Harper had no difficulty in hoodwinking Fritz, Making him believe that he (Harper) had a suit pending in regard to the sale of a carriage, that Fritz's testimony was all important, and that Ogdensburg was in Canada. Accordingly they left Oakville on the 23rd, reaching Ogdensburg the following day, the detective having come on the same train. Soon after their arrival the detective procured a policeman to arrest Fritz.—Fritz soon procured a counsel, and an application was made for warrant for the arrest of detective Johnson and Harper on a charge of inveigling and kidnapping. Counsel for Fritz have applied for a writ of *Habeas Corpus.*

A Scotchman's Prayer.

What do you think of this for a prayer at family worship? Adam Scott gives the following as a prayer once offered by a shepherd, and grandmother has herself heard prayers almost as plain, in their comments on people around, from the lips of Scotch and Scotch Irish folks:—

'We particularly thank Thee for Thy great goodness to Meg; and that it ever cam into Thy heid to take any thocht of sic a useless girl as her. For the sake o' Thy puir sinfu' creature now addressing Thee, in their ain shilly way; and for the sake of mair than we dare weel name to Thee, hae mercy on our Rab. Ye ken, he's a wild, mischievous callant, and thinks nae mair o' committin sin than a dog o' lickin a dish. But put thy hook intil his nose, and Thy bridle intil his mouth, and gar him come back to Thee, wi' a jerk that he'll no forget the longest day he has to live. Dinna forget puir Jamie, who's far away frae us the nicht. Keep Thy arm o' power about him, and I wish ye wad endow him wi' a little spunk to act for himself; for if ye dinna he'll be but a bauchle i' this warld, and a back setter the next. Thou hast added yea to our family (one of his sons has just married against his approbation). So has been Thy wull. It wad never ha' been mine; But, if it is o' Thee, do Thou bless the connection. But, if the fule hath done it out o' carnal desire, against a' reason and credit, may tee cold rain o' adversity settle in his habitation. Amen.—*Christian at Work.*

The New Ambassador to Russia.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—It is officially announced that Lord Loftus has resigned the Embassy to St. Petersburg, and accepted the Governorship of New South Wales. Lord Dufferin has been appointed his successor to St. Petersburg. The press are unanimous in their praise of the appointment. The *Times* says it is unnecessary to re echo Lord Dufferin's praises, which are in all men's mouths. Few public men have been covered with eulogies so unanimous and so well deserved. His fame has grown to remarkable proportions during the later years of his Vice-Royalty in Canada, chiefly by the witchery of his tongue. No doubt Lord Dufferin's last is as perfect as his temper. Nature has endowed him with quick perceptions, and he will now be guided to results by a ripened judgment and an enlarged knowledge of men and affairs. In Russia Lord Dufferin will have much to observe well worth observation. Beyond the circle of Imperial and Ministerial authority, there are elements now in Russia which, peacefully or violently, must have an influence upon its policy. Lord Dufferin will not miss the meaning of the pregnant events which must happen in Russia, and the value of his observations to a Government which will be able to use them will thus be multiplied many times.—*Globe Cable.*

Polygamy and Porridge.

When we made an excursion in Southern Utah not long ago we were hospitably entertained by the Mormon Bishop at Richfield. He was a Scotchman, and had been brought up a rigid Presbyterian. "Ah, well," said he, "they think ill of me at home for changing my religion; but there was my brother, Aleck, who took it most to heart. He was on his way last year to California, and turned off the road a bit to see me and try to bring me back into the fold. When he got here he spent the whole evening in lecturing me and then went to bed. In the morning I gave him the best breakfast the country would afford—coffee and rolls, trout, beef, and venison steak, and such like. Poor Aleck! he looked all over the table, and then turned upon me his sorrowful face blurting out: 'Oh Jamie, mon! Jamie, mon! did I ever think it would come to this? I could hae forgion ye a' yer polegamy, but hae ye gien up yer porritch?'"—*Harper's.*

It has been fairly settled that in Ireland a clergyman can marry himself—that is to say, can bind himself in lawful matrimony to a woman, without any assistance, or even witnesses. The Rev. Mr. Beamish married a girl privately, performing the ceremony, but, it seems, did not suppose he was contracting a valid marriage. He died three years later, leaving a child, and the question of the legitimacy of the marriage was brought into Court through the suit of a brother of Beamish claiming the estate of the deceased, on the ground of the illegitimacy of the alleged heir. After a contest lasting three years the marriage was adjudged legal and binding.—This method of tying the knot, however, though economical and simple, was not recommended by the Court to young clergymen as a common practice. There are many grave objections to it.

Statistics.

A single instance: A bachelor.

Early eye-sign: Old topers.

A house-orderer: The veterinary surgeon.

A man must be sick to throw up a situation.

Miss-behavior: A young lady's deportment.

Looking a boy up to correct his faults is faults imprisonment.

Has whisky wings? Certainly; else how could it fly to a man's head?

The tailor who alters the shape of your trousers is your only true reformer.

A stomach-ache doesn't make a man of a little boy, but it certainly makes a group person of him.

"Time is money." Time is more than money, because the wealth of a world cannot redeem lost moments.

Nowadays, stories are written about lownecked dresses. Shall we call the authors of these romances "neck-romancers?"

"Who is the Father of Lies?" asked the Sunday school teacher. And a good little boy on the front row replied:—"Please, sir, Deacon Pillsbury is the father of 'Lise."

"Fie! Mollie," quoth Reuben to Mary; "'tis a pity we two can't agree." "Fie Mollie, 'is good, sir," she answered: "but you'll find you can't Mell-fie me."

"The rissin' gineration is it yo cahl 'em?" says Mrs. Molonay, "begorra, the lazy young shpalpeens 'll lay in bed till they wear through, so they will."

"Go to the d—l," said an irate householder to the tenth man who had pulled the bell within a half hour to inquire if he wanted "his sidewalk shovelled off." "Be gorra," said the Hibernian applicant, "I'm afeared he has no snow to shovel." He was engaged.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said an Irish barrister, "it will be for you to say whether this defendant shall be allowed to come into court with unblushing footsteps, with the cloak of hypocrisy in his mouth, and draw three bullocks out of my client's pocket with impunity."

A learned clergyman in the State of Maine was accosted in the following manner by an illiterate preacher, who despised education: "Sir, you have been to college, I suppose?" "Yes, sir," was the reply. "I am thankful," rejoined the former, "that the Lord has opened my mouth to preach without any learning." "A similar event," replied the clergyman, "took place in Balaam's time, but such things are of rare occurrence in the present day."

MYSTERY OF THE LAKES.—An exchange calls attention to what has long been a mystery regarding our great lakes. Lake Erie is only 60 to 70 feet deep, But Lake Ontario is 592 feet, deep, 230 feet below the tide level of the ocean, or as low as most parts of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the bottom of Lakes Huron, Michigan and Superior, although the surface is much higher, are all from their vast depths on a level with the bottom of Ontario. Now, as the discharge through the river Detroit, after allowing for the probable portion carried off by evaporation, does not appear by any means equal to the quantity of water which the three upper lakes receive, it has been conjectured that a subterranean river may run from Lake Superior, by Huron, to Lake Ontario. This conjecture is not impossible, and accounts for the singular fact that salmon and herring are caught in all the lakes communicating with the St. Lawrence, but no others. As the Falls of Niagara must have always existed, it would puzzle the naturalist to say how these fish got into the upper lakes without some subteranean river; moreover, any periodical obstruction of the river would furnish a not improbable solution of the mysterious flux and reflux of the lakes.

TEMPERANCE.—Last week the little School Room of the Ascension Church Hamilton, was very much overcrowded on the occasion of the regular public meeting of the Total Abstinence Society connected with the church.

Rev. James Carmichael presided as usual, and the programme was interesting.

Rev. Mr. Cook delivered an address on temperance, after which there was an intermission of five minutes.

Rev M. Carmichael then delivered one of his stirring addresses, and in concluding, stated that the Society had only been in existence since the 23rd of September last; that five public meetings had been held and that the membership amounted to 192.

The Rev. gentleman also announced that in future admission to the meetings would be by ticket only. This is with a view to prevent the overcrowding of a room already to small. We may suggest that the ticket system is not likely to effect the desired object; a larger room will be about the only thing to prevent a painful amount of standing upon the part of the audience.

The Order-in-Council recently passed in re the importation of American cattle has been amended, and it is ordered that from and after the 6th of February the importation or introduction into the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, of cattle from the United States, be prohibited for three months.

A Really Good Article.

We would call the attention of a interested to an article of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood, and removes from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effect is soon apparent in the improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it, as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP can now be purchased right at home, it is the most successful preperation over introduced to our people. It works like a charm in all cases of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhages, Asthma, severe Coughs, Croup and all other Throat and Lung Diseases. No person has ever used this medicine without getting immediate relief, yet there are a great many poor, suffering, skeptical persons going about our streets with a suspicious cough, and the voice of consumption coming from their lungs, that will not try it. If you die, it is your own fault, as you can go to your Druggist and get a Sample bottle for 10 cents and try it; three doses will relieve any case. Regular size only 75 cts. 1669

An article of Canadian production, and a really valuable preparation for coughs, colds, and all throat affections is GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM. Canadian travellers have already opened up a demand for it in England and France, while on this Continent it can be met with from Manitoba to Nova Scotia, and from Montreal to New Orleans. Try it. See advertisement.

☞ Is your throat sore, or are you annoyed by a constant cough? If so, use promptly "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers." They will give you instant relief. They relieve the air passages of phlegm or mucous, and allay inflammation, and no safer remedy can be had for coughs, colds, or any complaint of the throat or lungs, and if taken in time their efficacy will soon be proved. Sold by all druggists and country dealers at 25 cents a box.

Miscellaneous.

It is very well to talk about economy, but the difficulty is to get anything to economize. The little baby who puts his toes in his mouth is almost the only person who in these times manages to make both ends meet.

Cool Burgess, the famous minstrel, who has been thirty years in the profession signed the pledge recently at a meeting held in the Cooper Institute, New York.

Babcock, the inventor of the fire extinguisher bearing his name, is reported to be a drunken bartender at Oakland, Cal. Ten years ago he was worth $10,000. It is a pity his "extinguisher" could not put out the fire of whisky.

A woman cured her husband of staying out late at night by going to the door when he came home and whispering through the key hole, 'Is that you, Willie?' Her husband's name is John, and he stays at home now, and sleeps with one eye open and a revolver under his pillow.

The Rev. F. W. Ellis, a Roman Catholic priest, was recently publicly admitted into the communion of the Church of England, after evening prayer in the pro-cathedral at Truro, according to the form drawn up by Archbishop Wake in 1714, and sanctioned by Convocation. Mr. Ellis read aloud a recantation of the errors and superstitions of the pescent Church of Rome, professed penitence, and received absolution.

Two young women of Ganaocque being inspired with a desire to ascertain the character of their future husbands, went through various ceremonies and incantations, winding up with placing knives under their pillows on retiring. During the night one of them sprang out of bed, shrieking "murder," and declaring that an attempt was being made to cut her throat. A fit of hysterics of several hours' duration followed, leaving the system so exhausted that the poor girl has been under constant medical treatment since.

GIANTS.—A few weeks ago the wife of Capt. M. V. Bates, the famous Kentucky giant, who lives on a farm about one-half mile east of this town, gave birth to a child, the second since her union of marriage with her present husband, and in both instances the child was still-born. It is to be greatly regretted by all that life should have been extinct from this child body, which is nothing less than a wonderful prodigy of nature for its remarkable size.—If the child should have lived and grown up to maturity, we would have beheld a being beside which we would be nothing but mere dwarfs. The child, fully developed in every feature on the day of its birth, measured thirty inches, a length which many children of normal growth have not attained in two or three years of age; it weighed twenty-two lbs.; its chest measure was sixteen inches, and its feet six inches long.

A NEW DISEASE AND A NEW CURE.—The *Tagblatt*, of Vienna, gives some details of the singular cause of a persistent and violent earache, and the not less singular manner in which the sufferer from it has just been cured. The patient, a Viennese peasant, it appears had suffered for many weeks from excruciating pains in the ear and head, which all the remedies he successively applied failed to alleviate. Ultimately his case was brought under the notice of Dr. Kastner, who, upon examination, discovered that the man's ear was literally plugged up with maggots hatched from the eggs of a common bluebottle fly. It was conjectured that these eggs had been deposited in the patient's ear whilst asleep, but so firmly were they fixed in the orifice that that neither the syringe, pincers, nor other applications succeeded in dislodging the invaders. As a last remedy the medical attendant proposed that his patient should set a trap for the enemy. Upon retiring to rest a morsel of strong-smelling cheese was carefully placed over the ear. He kept this on the whole night and woke on the morrow entirely free from pain. The maggots, of which, it is stated, there were something like four hundred, smelt the cheese, and, preferring that comestible to the patient's ear, were successfully lured from their stronghold.—*Evening Standard.*

How the National Debt is Paid.

Few are aware that several million dollars are annually paid the Government for Revenue Stamps by the manufacturers of Proprietary Medicines. Prominent, if not first on the books of the Internal Revenue Department at Washington, stands the name of R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. A. The names, "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," "Favorite Prescription," "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy," are nearly as well known in the United States Revenue Office as in the Doctor's extensive Laboratory, in Buffalo, N. Y. Although the Doctor's orders for stamps amount to many thousand dollars per annum, yet from this source no exact estimate of the magnitude of the Doctor's business could be formed, as the frequent heavy shipments to Europe and South America, are made from his bonded warehouse.—*Washington Exchange.*

MARRIAGE is a solemn thing—a choice for life; be careful in the choosing. And be careful in choosing a remedy for female complaints. Be sure to ask your dealer for VICTORIA BUCHU and UVA URSI. It is now extensively prescribed by all respectable physicians. Bright's decease of the kidneys, diabetes, etc., may be overcome by the Buchu if taken in time. For sale by Messrs. J. R. Bond & Son, Goderich.

"Do you mean to call me a liar?" asks a ferocious old gentleman. "Well, no, not exactly," temporizes his young friend: "but if I saw you in the company of Ananias and Sapphira, I should say you were in the bosom of your family."

If you are suffering with a cold, do not fail to try HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM; it is daily relieving its hundreds throughout our Dominion. It is pleasant and palatable. For sale by Mr Jas. Wilson, Goderich.

Special Notices.

[illegible]

A Card.

TO all who are [illegible] from the errors and indiscretions of [illegible] nervous debility, premature decay, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Address, enclosed envelopes to the Rev. [illegible] Inman, Station D, Bible House, New York.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

FOUR lots in the town of Goderich in the Menzies addition to Huron Road. Apply to MRS. H. HINCKS, Goderich. 1656 1f.

LAND TO BE LEASED.

TOWN LOTS [illegible] from One to Seventeen, inclusive, in the survey, lately occupied by W. Bennett. The [illegible] and others, adjoining the Collegiate Institute. In a [illegible] state of cultivation.

MOWAT & WINCHESTER, Solicitors Toronto. 1659L.

50 ACRES OF LAND

50 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE, being S½ of W½ of Lot 4, Con 5, E. D. Ashfield, [illegible] cleared, good fences, small frame house, [illegible] on the Lot. $200 cash, balance on time to [illegible] quantity of cedar posts for sale. Apply to

R. T. HAYNES, Shearerton P O. 1647 tf

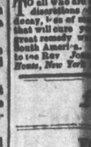
FOR SALE.

WEST half of Thomas Weatherald, P. L. Surveyor, [illegible] (one acre more or less to suit purchaser) [illegible] stocked with choice grape vines and fruit trees in full bearing.

Also a certain Park Lot and thirty ¼ acre Lots in different [illegible] of the Town of Goderich. Terms 50 per cent down at time of sale and balance to extend over [illegible] years (if required) with interest at seven per cent per annum. Apply to

THOMAS WEATHERALD, Engineer and Surveyor, Goderich.

GREAT BARGAIN.



THE subscriber will dispose of his property consisting of a house and outbuildings and two acres of land, at a sacrifice, and on easy terms. The house is 28x32 feet, 1½ story high, well finished in every way. The land is well cultivated and there is a first class assortment of fruit trees and small fruits and good water on the premises. Further particulars can be had by applying to the undersigned on the premises, Victoria St., in rear of Capt. Gibson's residence, or at the SIGNAL OFFICE.

ISAAC CASSIDY, Proprietor.

To Let.

HOUSE TO LET.

HOUSE in East Street, at present occupied by C. C. Andrews. Possession given 15th Dec. Good cellar. Good water, and good garden. Apply to

W. CAMPBELL, Booth Shoe Emporium.

TO LET.

THAT [illegible] Store with large dwelling house [illegible] Kingston street, Goderich lately in the occupation of Thomas Johnston as a Grocery and Provision store. Apply to

G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer. 649

SEED WHEAT.

McNair Has it.

THE SILVER CHAFF, VICTOR AND THE CLAWSON.

—ALSO—

Timothy Seed and Rye

At his store Hamilton Street, Goderich. Goderich Aug. 19, 1878. 1644tf.

Harness.

NEW Harness Shop!

THE subscriber having opened out in the above line, next door to S. Sloan's Warehouse, and directly opposite Bailey's Hotel, Hamilton St., Goderich, is now prepared to furnish Town and County with all kinds of work in his line as such,

Heavy Team Harness

CARRIAGES AND BUGGY HARNESS, WHIPS, BRUSHES, SURCINGLES, CURRY COMBS, HORSE BLANKETS, BUFFALO ROBES, BELLS, &c.,

And everything that is to be found in a first class shop. The best of material is used, and the best of workmen employed, and let it be distinctly understood that he can not and will not be undersold.

REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch.

All Work Warranted.

Please call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere, as you will save from 10 to 15 per cent by so doing.

I. HALLIDAY.

Nov. 14, 1878. 1657

To Farmers!

FOR SALE at the Market House

WHITE LAND PLASTER,

in Barrels or Bags,

ALSO

Calcined Plaster

CHEAP.

C. H. PARSONS,

Cheap Hardware Store. 1629

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. The Great English TRADE MARK Remedy. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or six packages for $5 or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

Before. After.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont. Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by all druggists and everywhere in Canada and the United States by all wholesale and retail druggists. 1665 1 yr.

Rheumatism Cured in 12 Hours.

BRUNTON'S

Rheumatic Absorbent.

DYSPEPSIA.

Brunton's Digestive Fluid cures Dyspepsia in a short time, and is the best Blood Purifier known to science.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CLUBS.

Globe and Signal.

CLUB RATES

FOR 1878

One year $2.50

Call on or address

Signal Printing Co.,

GODERICH

Western Advertiser and Signal.

CLUB RATE FOR 1878

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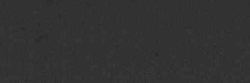

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