

The Daily Planet

A. STEPHENSON, PROPRIETOR.

Business Office: 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1907.

SUCCESSION DUTY.

On page one of to-day's issue will be found an article based upon the Succession Duty Act which has been amended in the interests of the people of this province since the Whitney Administration came into power.

The object of the publication of this article is to correct a few misleading impressions which have been sent broadcast through the country in reference to this act. It has been alleged that the Conservatives since they came into power have in the case of all estates where the aggregate value of the property exceeds \$10,000, and is less than \$50,000, increased the duty on legacies going to near relatives, from five to ten per cent. Instead of this increase, however, the terms have been made more favorable than they were under the former administration, as explained in the article.

Why such a bold and clearly false statement should be made is a mystery to all who have taken the trouble to look up the amendments made by the Government at Toronto. Why any man would make such a statement when he surely knows that its utter falsity could be proven by merely referring to the printed act, is still a greater mystery. It is indeed regrettable that such tactics should be resorted to in an effort to cast reflection on a blameless record, such as the one established by Prime Minister Whitney and his colleagues. It is surely a sign of weakness in the case of the man seeking support when he is unable to intelligently criticize the acts which have been put through by his political opponents.

It is said that these erroneous impressions have, to a great extent, been caused through certain statements made by Mr. A. B. McCoig, M. P. P. Such a statement could only be made, either through ignorance as to the real facts, or through a direct intention to mislead. We do not wish to accuse Mr. McCoig of making any statement which he knows to be untrue, but even the other only possible excuse for him, if he did make such a statement, places him in a very awkward light.

Mr. McCoig was elected by a majority of the people of Kent to represent them in the Legislature. That he should be ignorant of the legislation passed by the body of which he is a member, is a direct insult to the people who elected him. If this is the extent of Mr. McCoig's knowledge of public affairs, he should at once discontinue discussing them altogether, and stick to his favorite dodge, the smile and the hand-shake, in his efforts to secure votes.

We presume, if Mr. McCoig was really in ignorance of the character of the legislation passed in reference to Succession Duty, that he will, now that the Act has been explained to him, proceed to make amends honorable, by doing his part towards correcting the false impressions which have been instilled into the minds of some of the electors of this county through the before-mentioned misrepresentation.

BOATING IN CHATHAM.

To a person who has had the privilege of accepting the splendid facilities which the Thames offers for boating, it is a matter of considerable wonder that the people of Chatham do not go in more for this sort of pleasure during the summer months. It is the general opinion among those who are enthusiastic over aquatic sports, that the people of this city do not half appreciate the Thames. We have, going right through the centre of the Maple City, a stream of water which, for beauty and artistic scenery, cannot be equalled in the province, and yet there are many citizens who have never interested themselves sufficiently to be able to describe this wonderful advantage to their friends, let alone to enjoy it themselves.

The fault, no doubt, lies in the fact that the majority of the people do not really know of the wonders of the Thames. There are many cities that are not blessed with a stream of any kind, let alone a navigable river, that would consider it a matter for the highest congratulation to have such perfect facilities for boating within such easy access.

The establishment of the Defence Iron Works in Chatham has done much to interest people in the river. The launches turned out by this firm compare favorably with any in the Dominion, and many of them can be seen every day plying

along the river. Canoeing has also taken a boost in popularity during the past few years, so that there are some who are not totally blind to the splendid opportunities at their very doors. No doubt when the season opens next year there will be a material increase in the numbers who already appreciate and enjoy the pleasant, health-giving river boating on the Thames. The city fathers should make some effort to advertise Chatham's superiority in this respect. Chatham is naturally a summer resort city, and there are, no doubt, many outsiders who would prefer spending a short portion of the summer here rather than in some less convenient and much less suitable place.

INDEPENDENT VIEW.

That excellent and really independent journal, the Bobseygon Independent, thus sizes up Mr. Borden's platform:

"Mr. Borden, as leader of the Opposition at Ottawa, is making no mistake in formulating his policy, and placing it fairly before the public, in view of the general election that is expected early next year. His views appear in another column of this issue, and they establish what has so often been stated by this great journal, that the names Liberal and Conservative as applied to the two political parties of this country, are entirely misnomers and misleading. The policy as laid down by Mr. Borden, if it had to be classified, would certainly be placed under the head of Liberal rather than Tory. The weight of the policy is found in paragraphs seven to eleven inclusive, and those could not possibly be classified as Conservative. The whole program is good."

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.

By mutual agreement the partnership between Messrs. H. A. Colville and G. L. Myland no longer exists. The business in the future will be carried on by H. A. Colville, who speaks a continuance of the public favor. Being aware that the "Herald-Record" has not as yet been improved according to our ambition, owing to unforeseen circumstances, yet we are proud to say the prospects for the future are very bright, which will enable us to make the "Herald-Record" a welcome and looked-for visitor to the thousand homes it is mailed weekly. No effort will be spared to obtain all the news in the neighborhood, and without making any such promises, just watch us grow. Our job department is very complete and promptness guaranteed in all work entrusted to our care.—Wallaceburg Herald-Record.

The Herald-Record is one of the brightest county weeklies on the Planet's exchange list, and the new proprietor, Mr. Colville, who is an old Chatham boy, has the very best wishes of this Great Home Journal for his future prosperity.



You know how good Witch-Hazel heals cuts and scratches—soothes chafing and skin irritation?

"Royal Crown" Witch-Hazel Toilet Soap

Is just Witch-Hazel and pure VEGETABLE oils.

Both a toilet soap and medicated soap—for the price of one. Only 50c a cake, 3 for 95c. At druggists and dealers everywhere.

The Sovereign Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE—TORONTO.

Paid Up Capital—\$3,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EMILIE JARVIS, Esq., President
RANDOLPH MACDONALD, Esq., Vice-President
A. A. ALLAN, Esq., and Vice-President
R. D. MCINTOSH
ARCH. CAMPBELL, Esq., M. P.
S. D. DYER, Esq., M. P.
H. E. PETER, Esq., M. P.
W. E. MCNAUGHT, Esq., M. P.
ALEX. BRUCE, Esq., K. C.

F. G. THOMAS, Esq., General Manager
R. CAMPBELL, Esq., Asst. General Manager

Savings Bank Department

Interest at best current rates paid quarterly.
Chatham Branch—R. A. Williams, Manager.

Essex Branch—G. J. Laekner, Manager.

Miner's Lickment cures Burns, etc.

AULD LANG SYNE

FROM PLANET FILES OF HALF A CENTURY AGO

From The Planet files from May 7, 1868, to May 21, 1868.

Mr. H. H. Borden was killed in a runaway accident last Thursday night. He never regained consciousness.

Messrs. Bixter and Reid have dissolved partnership as dry good merchants. Mr. Bixter will continue the business in the old store on King street.

Henry Ward Beecher's income is reported this year at \$32,518, which includes his profits on "Norwood," outside of his ministerial work.

A married lady residing in Brooklyn is reported to be now entirely helpless from paralysis, occasioned by tight lacing.

An interesting youth in attendance at Miami University has been expelled for kissing his sweetheart, a student in Oxford female seminary, and the lady has been expelled for receiving the kiss. The gravity of the offense was increased by committing it in the presence of the governor or somebody instead of on the sly. She wasn't to be aggravated in that manner without her revenge and she had it.

A disastrous case of accidental poisoning occurred in Montreal on Thursday. Some boys returning from school ate a plant called wild parsnip, growing by the road side, and were immediately taken very ill. Two died that night and a third the following day.

Fresh tomatoes are retailing in Detroit at \$1.00 per dozen.

Ten policemen have been detailed as a sanitary force to look after the cleanliness of the city of Detroit.

MONEY SYSTEMS.

The World's Coinage Muddle and the Range of Units of Value.

Twenty-six different monetary units are used by the forty-eight principal countries of the world. Thus Great Britain uses the sovereign or pound sterling, France and six other countries use a unit called the franc, and the United States uses the dollar. In value these different units range from 4.4 to 494.33 cents of money of the United States. They are represented in their turn by coins the values of which are either multiples or fractional parts of the value of their own chief units, and there are no doubt at least 200 such sufficient coins not one of which seems to have a value equal to that of any commonly known unit of weight, as the gram, for example, or the ounce of gold, although forty millions of these forty-eight countries have accepted gold as their standard measure of value.

This lack of logical relation of coins to any widely used unit of weight of the precious metals may be due to the fact that money systems seem to have grown up haphazard, under diverse conditions of life, in different parts of the world.

Such diversity in moneys may have been of little moment when millions of people spent their lives knowing nothing of the existence of other millions, and there was little traffic. But these differences in monetary units are of importance now that international commerce includes millions of tons of products of the toll of all lands and billions of dollars each year to settle its bills, for such differences put upon trade a wholly unnecessary tax. No account is made here of the burden laid on domestic trade by like variation in the value of such units at home, as of the tael of China, which has sixteen different values within that empire.

"Old Hundred" Scores Birds. It is a strange but well authenticated fact that the wild creatures of the woods dislike the sound of that solemn hymn "Old Hundred." Mr. M., the naturalist, proved the truth of this by starting it in the woods of the Sierras to the birds and squirrels, which were very tame from never having been frightened by the report of a gun or other alarming sound. They would come and sit near him upon the branches of trees and listen to any lively tune he might sing, blinking their bright eyes as though they liked it, but at the first sound of "Old Hundred" they would beat a quick retreat to their holes or nests and never appear again until he changed the tune. This experiment was made in different places on various occasions with exactly the same result.

When it Rains in India.

While Jupiter Pluvius reigns in India nothing can be done out of doors. The rain at times is simply a white liquid sheet dropping straight down from the heavens, so that no very great stretch of imagination is required to convince one that a deluge is not an impossible event.—Wide World Magazine.

In Prospect.

"Have you lived here all your life, friend?"

"No, but I don't get money enough to move I reckon I'll have to."

It is not reasonable that are wanted now, for there are books stuffed with eternal reasonings.—Epitaph.

Some of the best places are good to be in but bad to stay in.

The town of St. Catharines pays 50 cents for every tree planted and boxed on its streets.

Among the ashes on the Erie railroad wreck was found a body, and on it an accident insurance card for \$3,000, around which the fire had burned everything away, but leaving this card thus identifying the charred remains.

The death of A. D. McLean, Esq., Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace for the County of Kent, and the oldest practicing lawyer of the County of Kent, occurred yesterday. He was 48 years of age and came to Chatham in 1841.

A farmer in Wisconsin plants a row of trees along the road he is exempt from working on the road, and who ever burns one of the trees is fined \$5, and the State Horticultural Society offer a premium of \$100 for the best ten acres of forest trees and \$50 for the second best.

Eighteen persons were poisoned by arsenic, administered in their food at a boarding house at New Orleans on Saturday.

A young Rhode Islander, known as Professor Sweet, on Wednesday completed a walk of 100 miles in 23 1/4 hours at the Pawtucket Hotel, near Providence, Rhode Island.

Two surgeons of Clinton, Mass., gave David Maynard chloroform the other day to cut off a diseased finger without pain. On recovering his wits he was pained to find a healthy finger lying on the table and the offending member still in good standing. It all had to be done over again.

TALE OF A SEA-GOING MONKEY.

Captain of Steamship Reports a Soid Due to Wounded Pride.

The British freighter Errol recently arrived at the Bush Stores after a 12,000 mile trip from the far East. On board the freighter were a number of Chinamen, members of the ship's crew; a few Chinese chow dogs, Jap speckles, and a lot of monkeys. Capt. Lockhart is the sponsor for this story:

When the good ship was two days out from Singapore a large monkey, one of five aboard ship, escaped from its cage and bolted through the hawse pipe, to the outer rim of which it clung, defying every mother's son of the crew to catch him. The monkey had a good place of refuge, and during the trip and had made friends with only one person, Li Tam, the Chinese steward. Li finally coaxed the simian aboard ship, when one of the officers commenced to belabor it with a stout piece of rope. When the officer had concluded the beating he threw the rope on the deck and as it fell it curled up in the form of a noose—a hangman's noose. The officer noticed it and exclaimed, "What a queer key!" "That's what we ought to give you."

The monkey was put back in his cage with the bit of rope which he had gathered up. The officers thought he wanted to play with it and when he had finished with it and when the Keeper of the animals made the rounds, he noticed that the self-same monkey that had escaped on the previous day had escaped again. A search was at once instituted, but no monkey was to be found, and all hope of finding him was given up. But later in the day, when Li happened to glance up at the rigging, he discovered his simian friend dangling at the end of the rope, just as if a hangman had passed the noose over his head.

"Of course it was done by design," exclaimed the captain to one of the incredulous who were listening. "It was not an accident. The monkey was overcome with humiliation because of the beating and had decided to take the officer who made the remark about the hangman's noose as his word."

HOW FOG AFFECTS THEM.

Birds Become Entirely Confused During Heavy Fogs.

Nothing has such a bewildering effect as fog. Only animals which find their way by scent can get about in it with any certainty says Chum. Birds are entirely confused by it. Tame pigeons remain all day motionless and half asleep, huddled up, either in or just outside their pigeon houses.

Chickens remain motionless for hours during heavy fogs. No bird sings or utters a call, perhaps because it fears to betray its whereabouts to an unseen foe.

During one very thick fog a blind man was found wandering about a certain district in London.

This man was in the habit of coming up every day from the suburb, carrying notes and parcels, and had scarcely ever lost his way before. Asked why he had gone astray (for he was quite blind), and it was supposed that weather would have made no difference), he said that in a fog the ground "sounded quite different."

Henry Elliott, Esq., of Sherbrooke, N. B., Inspector and Supt. of Bridge Construction for Nova Scotia, says:

"A bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT cured me of a very severe sprain of my leg, caused by a fall while building a bridge at Doherty Creek, Cumberland Co."

Some of the best places are good to be in but bad to stay in.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Every pad will kill more flies than 500 sheets of sticky paper.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES 10c. per packet, or 5 packets for 50c. will last a whole season.

MIKEL, NEW PRESIDENT.

Ontario Municipalities Close Convention—Ottawa Wins Meeting.

Toronto, Aug. 30.—The convention of Ontario Municipalities came to a close yesterday afternoon, after a successful session. A vote of thanks was tendered to the mayor and council for their hospitality and all of the delegates were loud in their praises of Toronto. Mayor D'Arcy Scott of Ottawa, however, thought that the convention next summer should come to the Federal capital. The matter will be discussed by the executive.

The same body will decide as to whether the convention will send delegates to the Canadian Union. It was objected that to send five delegates next summer to Medicine Hat would cost \$1,000.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: President, W. Q. Mikel, city solicitor, Belleville; vice-president, Ald. Cooper, London; Mayor Scott, Ottawa; Reeve Locks, Yarmouth; Mayor Kennedy, Owen Sound.

Work for Legislature.

Among the resolutions recommended for consideration by the Legislature are the following:

To permit municipal elections to be held on the first Monday of December.

To repeal the Concess Act and to authorize municipalities to expropriate gas light and power plants.

To exempt municipalities from liability for defective highways.

To permit streets to be extended on local assessment basis against protest vote of the council.

To allow municipalities, at their option, to permit Sunday street cars.

To permit a board of controllers in cities of a population of between 45,000 and 100,000 (Hamilton and Ottawa).

To permit cities to regulate electric wiring.

BE A STRONG MAN.

Increase your vitality and nerve energy, restore vim and vigor to your overworked body. Ferronox will do this for you as it did for Mr. Walter Wood, of Bensport, N. B., who says, "I can say Ferronox has given me a new lease of life. A year ago I suffered so from nervous exhaustion I was scarcely able to drag myself around. My appetite was gone, I had no color or ambition and felt used up. One box of Ferronox restored me back to health. I took a number of boxes and my health was completely restored." For men who are tired, pale, nervous and thin-blooded nothing compares with Ferronox. Fifty cents per box at all dealers.

GOVERNOR APOLOGIZES.

For Invasion of Venezuelan Territory by Capt. Calder.

Georgetown, British Guiana, Aug. 30.—The governor of the colony has sent an apology and expressions of regret to President Castro of Venezuela for the invasion of Venezuelan territory reported Aug. 17 by Capt. Calder, in command of a small frontier force. British Guiana, and the seizure of a quantity of balata gum, which, it was alleged, had been collected on British territory.

London, Aug. 30.—The Standard yesterday says it understands that Capt. Calder, who led the detachment into Venezuelan territory, has been removed from his present post. It has been learned, the paper says, that the captain was unarmed when the affair occurred.

\$100 REWARD \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MADE SURE OF IT.

Junior, he asked, have you ever in all your life felt that you had all the buckwheat cakes you could get away with?

Yes, sir, replied Junior, lots of times I've felt that I had enough. How do you know when you've got enough?

Oh, I just keep on eating till I get a pain, and then I eat one more to make sure.

The world is full of men whose intentions are good.

BABY BOOTS.

Pretty Little Knitted Affairs For Their Majesties.

Materials required, half ounce of white and half ounce of pink Andalusian wool, steel needles No. 15. The little shoe part is knitted first with the pink wool. Cast on forty stitches and knit thirty plain rows. Cast off thirty stitches and knit twenty plain rows on the ten stitches remaining. Cast on thirty stitches and knit thirty plain rows, and cast off.

Take the white wool and knit up ten stitches from the toe, and work twelve rows, alternately purl and plain. This forms the top of the foot. Break off the wool and begin at the heel part of



OF PINK WOOL.

shoe and knit up twenty of the stitches. Cast on, knit ten of the needles and twenty from the second side of foot (beginning on the eleventh stitch), making forty-eight stitches on the needle altogether; work one row of purl and begin the openwork pattern for the leg thus:

First Row—Knit one, * wool forward, knit two together, repeat from * until only one stitch remains on the needle, which is knitted.

Second Row—Purl.

Repeat these two rows eleven times, finish the top of shoe by working ten rows, in ribs of two plain, two purl. To make up the shoe join down the back of leg and on either side of top of foot run a thread of wool into every row of toe part and draw tightly together to bring it into shape. Join at the bottom of foot and slightly contract the heel, says Woman's Life.

With pink wool work a strap a sufficient length to go around the instep in six stitches, always slipping the first stitch in every row; make a loop at one end for buttonhole, and sew a small pearl button on the other end, join to the back of heel and button round the instep.

Warning to the Washwoman.

Warning to incompetent washwomen was conveyed by the laundry exhibition recently held in London. Women who have been worried by badly laundered clothes now have the comforting assurance that "it will all come out in the wash." Many inventions were shown to prove that this is not an age to be stumped by a mere servant problem. "The laundry maid who is not blessed with the artistic temperament is of little value in the world of wash-tubs," said one commentator. "The education of the laundress has been slow but art has found its way into the kitchen and, further, into the region of set tubs. To be a 'good washwoman' in other days it was only necessary to wash clothes well. A far different state of affairs exists today. The old trade has developed into a new profession. There is a vast gulf between the words 'laundry' and 'wash.' Lots of ideas were wrung out at that laundry show. 'The modern laundress has only half finished her task when her spotless linen emerges from the washing, drying and ironing rooms.' It was said. 'She must pack it in nests of rosy paper and sprinkle it with the latest perfumed powder.' When such delightful suggestions are put forth it seems a pity that a show should end as quickly as this particular one did.

A Collar Box.

The fad for fancy collars and turnovers has caused a necessity for two new articles on the dressing table—in fact, three if studs and collar buttons are worn—a long, flat receptacle for the turnovers, a box to hold collars and the dressing table is a most elastic piece of furniture. Like the bookcase, it is always full and yet can be made to hold a little more. Its small drawers are a boon to the woman who lacks bureau accommodations; for, on the whole, a long, narrow compartment or drawer is a much more satisfactory place for gloves than a glove box, which takes up too much space on top, just as wells are much more conveniently and safely preserved folded up and laid away than when left on the bureau twisted about a roll. Too many objects on top of a bureau or dressing table is a mistake both against good taste and comfort. They are in the way when dressing and only too often are not kept as immaculate as they should be. On this account celluloid, china or ivory utensils are better than silver ones, although the latter are more attractive when they are brightly polished. If silver is used, a piece of cotton flannel should be kept near at hand so that they may be rubbed off every morning, while once a week they should be cleaned with silver polish.

Skirts of the Season.

Many of the skirts are long, not trained by any means, but just the drabby