## EXAMINATION PAPERS, SESSION 1895-1896.

## MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

## LATIN.

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NOTE.—In answering questions 1 to 6, candidates are requested to mark, by the usual sign, all long voucle.

## I. LATIN GRAMMAR.

- 1. Decline index, dies, opus, deus; idem.
- 2. Give the Genitive Singular of filius, ingenium; the Vocative Singular of mcus; and the Locative of Roma, Philippi, Carthago.
  - 3. Decline the adjective niger in the singular; tristis in the plural.
  - 4. Name the adjectives that take—ius in the genitive singular.
- 5. Compare the adjectives brevis, facilis, malerolus, magnus; the adverb digne.
- 6. How are the four conjugations distinguished? Inflect sum in the Imperfect Subjunctive; and in the Fut. Indic. Act; rego in the Pres. Subjunct. Act.; and audio in the Perf. Indic. and Pres. Imper. Act.
  - 7. Give the principal parts of augeo, cresco, tego, tollo, obliviscor.
- 8. What are Final and Consequire Clauses? By what particles are they introduced? Give two examples of such Clauses.
- 9. Translate into Latin:—(1) five, eight, eleven, fifteen, twenty-two, sixty; fourth, ninth. (2) Who is more elequent (cloquentior) than Cicero? (3) The farmer ploughs (aro) his field with great care (cura). (4) Is it written? does he send? will he go? (5) These mountains are very high-
- 10. Translate into Latin:—(1) The bravest of all were the Belgae, who were the farthest away from the Roman Province. (2) Orgetorix prevailed on the Helvetii to go forth from their borders. (3) Peace and friendship were established with the neighboring States. (4) Informers disclosed this conspiracy to the Helvetii. (5) By burning all their dwellings they took away the hope of return.