s and suits, criminal proceed in such, by justice and de patch v, and also with the ed for) try all issues matters which relate smuggled goods) as Chicj Justice—Hon. agarty, D.C.L., and b Hayden. Reporter a Department—John Crown Bonds, &c.—Crier and Usher—

d, in cases of fraud, mortgages, awards,

TREETS.

HUGHES, BROTHERS, WHOLESALE CLOTHING, KING STREET EAST.

dower, infants, idiots, lunatics and their estates, waste, specific performance, discovery, and to prevent multiplicity of suits, staying proceedings at law prosecuted against equity and good conscience, and may decree the issue, repeal or avoidance of letters patent, and generally the like powers which the Court of Chancery in England possesses to administer in all cases in which there is no adequate remedy at law. Chancellor—Hon. P. M. S. Vankoughnet, D. C.L. Vice-Chancellors—Hon. James Christie Palmer Esten and Hon. John G. Spragge. Special Ezaminers—John Hector, Q.C., and Wm. V. Bacon. Registrar and Reporter—Alexander Grant. Deputy Registrar—William N. Radenhurst. Clerk in Chambers—John Black. Accountant—John Gray. Ezamining Clerk—Arthur Holmsted. Clerks—Michael Hays and John Irwin. Usher—John Oliver. Messenger—Donald Sutherland.

MASTER'S OFFICE IN CHANCERY.

Master in Ordinary.—Andrew Norton Buell. Taxing Master.—George Hemings. Master's Chief Clerk.—Walter M. Ross. Clerk.—John P. McDonnell.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

This Court has the same powers and jurisdiction as a Court of Record, as the Court of Queen's Bench. Writs of Summons and capias is a alternately from either court. Chief Justice—Hon. William Buell Richards. Pusine Judges—Hon. Adam Wilson and Hon. John Wilson. Clerk of the Crown and Pleas—Mansel B. Jackson. Reporter—Edward C. Jones. O'Connell.

PRACTICE COURT AND CHAMBERS.

One of the Common Law Judges holds a Court during each Term, called the "Practice Court," for hearing matters relating to the adding or justifying bail, discharging insolvent the court, and ministering oaths, hearing and determining matters on motion, and making rules and orders in causes and business depending in either of said law courts. Chambers are held each day in Common Law and Chancery, by one of the judges of the said courts, for such business relating to suits therein as may be transacted by a single judge out of court. Clerk, Common Law—Wm. B. Heward. Clerk Chancery—John Black.

HEIR AND DEVISEE COURT.

Commissioners, the Judges of the Superior Courts, and such other persons as may be appointed by commission under the Great Seal. Their duties are to determine claims to lands in Upper Canada, for which no patent has issued from the Crown in favour of the proper claimants, whether as heirs, devisees or assignees. Sittings at Toronto, first Monday in January and July in each year. Clerk of Commissioners—W. B. Heward.

COUNTY COURTS.

Presided over by a resident Judge in each county. Their jurisdiction extends to all personal actions where the debt or damages claimed do not exceed £50; and to all suits relating to debt, covenant or contract, where the amount is ascertained by the acts of the parties or signature of the defendant, to £100; and to all bail bonds and recognizances of bail given in the County Court, to any amount; but not to cases involving the title to lands, ralidity of wills, or actions for libel, slander, crim. con., or seduction. An appeal lies to either of the Superior Courts of Law. These Courts also possess equity powers, to the amount of £50, subject to an appeal to the Court of Chancery.

SURROGATE COURTS.

The jurisdiction of these Courts relates to all testamentary matters and causes, and to the granting or revoking of probate of wills, and letters of administration of the effects of

W. HEWITT, DEALER IN CALLIPERS.

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