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been "everlasting punishment" to the one class and "life eternal" to the other v. 46. Now, will you please state whether these nations will ever be raised from the dead? e. g. will the wicked nations who are driven into "eyerlasting fire" without dying, be raised from the dead more than a thousand years afterwards, and judged again, as in Rev. 20: 12 etc., and "cast into the lake of fire" again, v. 15? If so, what proof do you offer?

- 28 Q. Will you also be so kind as to indicate what particular sins the "living knowledge, they would be judged twice. nations" of that day are charged with that they should be deserving of two judgments and being twice visited with "everlasting punishment," while sinners of other ages escape with but one?
- 29 Q. And will those "righteous" living nations who are judged at this time and go into "life eternal" ever die, or ever be raised, or what process will they undergo?
- 30 Q. Is not the ground of this which will be necessarily recognized in general judgment? What necessity, therefore, exists for a separate judgment of a particular generation of men on this principle when all men during all generations, must needs be judged on the same principle? Would it not be a rational interpretation of this passage to regard it as an illustration of the fact that this principle would constitute an important element, not the only

28 A. No one ever said, to our

29 A. We find no revelation on these questions. They belong to the age beyond this.

32 A. Opinions have differed with judgment, viz.—The treatment of Jesus judicious expositors of both schools, in the person of His ambassadors-a pre and post, as to the object and subprinciple distinctly taught in the gospel, jects of the judgment in Matt. 25: 30; But we think it plain from the words of the Holy Ghost, that no dead persons are raised for judgment at this time, because there is no reference to them nor to resurrection. The scene is upon the earth—the nations, are living persons in mortal bodies, because the dead are never referred to in this way. Equally true is it, that the great whitethrone judgment in Rev. 20: 12, makes mention of no living persons present element, but an important one-in the in mortal bodies. The subjects of the general judgment, so as to afford an two judgments, are therefore entirely incentive on the one hand, and an ad-different. A careful comparison of monition on the other, to a proper treat- Scriptures concerning the Church, the ment of His servants, the Christian Body and Bride of Christ, will show