

CONJUNCTIONS.

A **Conjunction** is a word used to connect words or sentences in construction ; as, James and John are happy *because* they are good."

In the above example, *and* connects the parts of the sentence, *James and John are happy*, and *they are good* ; the words *and* and *because* are, therefore, *conjunctions*.

CLASSES OF CONJUNCTIONS.

Conjunctions may be divided into two general classes ; *Copulative* and *Disjunctive*.

I. A **Copulative Conjunction** is one which denotes an addition, a consequence, a purpose, a reason, or a supposition.

The copulative conjunctions are *also*, *and*, *as*, *because*, *both*, *even*, *for*, *if*, *seeing*, *since*, *so*, *that*, *then*, and *therefore*.

II. A **Disjunctive Conjunction** is one which denotes a choice, a comparison, a separation, or a restriction.

The disjunctive conjunctions are *although*, *but*, *either*, *else*, *except*, *lest*, *neither*, *nevertheless*, *nor*, *notwithstanding*, *or*, *provided*, *than*, *though*, *unless*, *yet*, *whereas*, and *whether*.

EXERCISE I.—Write eight sentences containing copulative conjunctions :—eight, containing disjunctive conjunctions.

EXERCISE II.—Parse the conjunctions in the following sentences :—

MODEL.—"Edward and Frank are happy, because they are good."

And is a conjunction, because, etc.; it is a copulative conjunction, because, etc.; it connects the two nouns *Edward* and *Frank*, between which it is placed.

Because is a conjunction, because, etc.; it connects the two sentences *Edward and Frank are happy*, and *they are good*, between which it is placed.

1. If we cannot remove pain, we may at least alleviate it. 2. Let your character be pure and upright, that you may deserve the