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J. HENRY'S
SEEDS AND SEED HOUSES

Quarters for Pacific Coast grown garden, field and flower seeds. Large stock of HOME-GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Trees now matured for planting. No expense, loss or delay of fumigation inspection. SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Spray-Material, Greenhouse Plants, Cutters.

We do business on our own grounds. Want to pay and are prepared to do so. All competition.

M. J. HENRY
Westminster Road, Vancouver, B. C.

FREE
FOR
ROYAL CROWN
SOAP
WRAPPERS

Drop us a post card asking for a sample.

nearly double the acreage sold in 1906. These results, the reports say, should be considered the strongest possible proof for prosecuting with increased vigour the land and immigration policy of the government.

The total revenue from dominion lands in the past decade was \$13,129,951 as compared with \$2,343,824 for the preceding ten years. The homestead entries in 1906 were 9, as compared with 38,818 for 1905. In the entries were 187. The entries in the past year represent a total population of 105,420 souls, over 6,000 of these immigrants, who came to Canada last year settled on government lands. The reports say that a contract was entered into by the Robbins Immigration company of London, England, for the irrigation of 230,000 acres, lying to the west of Medicine Hat. This will greatly assist the district in requiring irrigation to develop its full possibilities. The average price obtained for school lands in Alberta was \$11.55 per acre and in Saskatchewan \$14.32 per acre.

OTTAWA NOTES

Ottawa, Feb. 1.—A conference has been arranged between the department of railways and the C.P.R. to consider the application of the company for running trains over the Intercolonial and the St. John's and Halifax. The meeting will take place on the middle of next week, probably Wednesday. Hon. H. R. Emmerson, minister of railways, will represent the government. Mr. P. J. McFarlane, president of the C.P.R., will represent the company. The matter will be one of terms only, as the railway departments will not refuse the application if it is granted. The whole matter will come before the cabinet before any final action is taken.

At the house today A. C. Macdonnell, minister of finance, learned from minister of the interior that the government had under consideration the question of increasing salaries of all post office employees and that the announcement will be made shortly.

Mr. Fielding has declined to accede to the request of western sheep breeders to claim that the classification of wool was faulty. They were too drastic. Fielding said only the farmers of Canada, in all Canada, had asked for a duty on the wool growers of the west. He would see to see the duty higher than, three cents per pound in the general tariff.

BANK CLEARINGS

Minneapolis, Feb. 1.—For the week ending Jan. 31 the bank clearings were \$8,896,500, as compared with \$8,896,500 for the week ending Jan. 30, 1906. The bank clearings for the month ending yesterday were \$29,386, 1906, \$35,565,200; 1905, \$35,276,193.

Montreal, Feb. 1.—Bank clearings for the week were \$887,942.

ALABAMA

January, Feb. 1.—Bank clearings for the week were \$1,305,854, and for the month, \$4,115.

KILLED BY SNOWSLIDE

Coal Creek Carpenter is
Crushed in Car
Shops

Another Slide, at Sandon, Buries a Woman,
Who is Dug Out by Rescue
Gang

(Special to The Daily News)
Fernie, Feb. 8.—A snowslide occurred at Coal Creek at 10 o'clock this morning with fatal results. Without any warning it came down the mountain side and crushed the car repair shop, killing Charles Douglas, a carpenter, and seriously injuring another man.

Deceased was about 28 years of age, married and resided in Fernie. People living in Coal Creek within the danger zone have been warned by the Coal company officials to vacate their houses for the present, as it is feared more slides will occur owing to the large quantity of snow in the hills above the town.

(Special to The Daily News)
Sandon, Feb. 8.—This morning about 10:30 one of the largest and most destructive snowslides ever known here came down over the lower portion of the town, destroying the hose reel house, James Bell's shack, James Wood's bakery and most of the hotel. The hotel and a house adjoining, occupied by one of the unfortunate class, Kittle Macdonald.

Willing hands went immediately to the work of rescuing the unfortunate woman. After an hour of very hard labor, she was found under 15 feet of snow, so tightly packed that it had to be chopped out. Her life was saved by the wall, which fell, her body being lodged between two scullings. Although she was one of the unfortunate class, men never worked harder to save a life than they did for this woman. She was taken to the hospital and will recover.

The Union hotel was closed on the 15th of January, otherwise there would have been a loss of life. A number of other slides are reported. The Bluebird mine slide came down taking out five lower levels of the mine. The tramway and coming right into Cody, taking everything before it. Five slides are reported opposite the Sloan Star mine, but no damage has been done. Both railways are blocked with bad slides.

Medicine Hat, Feb. 8.—A marvelous change in the weather took place yesterday afternoon, when the mercury jumped up ninety points in a few hours, rising from forty degrees below zero to fifty above with a warm wind blowing from the south. Although the snow was lying from 18 inches to two feet deep on the levels, the hills are already bare and the cattle have easy access to the grass. This means thousands upon thousands of dollars to the ranchers, as, although the dogs, or small Manitoba cattle, have already perished, the native stock has been able to withstand the prolonged cold spell and hopes are now entertained that the situation is saved. Conditions improve hourly, but the chink has already done enough work to make ranchers feel that bankruptcy has been averted.

Two serious snowslides were reported yesterday one at Coal Creek, where a carpenter was killed in the car repair shop, and another at Sandon where several houses were demolished and a woman was saved from instant death by some protecting timbers.

Numerous slides are reported from many other points resulting in the complete tie-up of the Kaslo and Slocan and the Roseberry-Sandon lines, as well as a further temporary block on the line between Roseberry and Nakusp.

Generally the transportation companies are having a hard time of it and are encountering many difficulties. The train for up river points via Slocan lake and Nakusp left here on time in the morning but on reaching Nakusp no steamer was on hand and most of the passengers returned to the city. It was stated at first that the steamer Slocan had been lost, but that the boat had gone down but that she was just missing, probably ice-bound somewhere in the 25 miles of Slocan lake. Later it was learned that the steamer had been held over above Roseberry to act as a floating hotel for storm bound passengers.

In addition to the wreck of the day previous, caused by an engine being derailed on the Roseberry-Nakusp run, a second slide came down on the line making connection with Nakusp impossible. Then the snow plow came to grief and although another engine was sent to the scene from here it was not possible to clear up the line. In trying to force a way through the snow a bunch of fallen timber was encountered, practically lifting the snow plow out of business, so a halt was made and every effort undertaken to clear off the accumulated mass of snow, under the direction of a local laborer. It was difficult to assemble a large force and consequently progress was slow.

No train will leave this morning for the coast via the Slocan-Nakusp route. It is possible that the down passengers and mail may be brought here some time tonight.

By tomorrow morning the officials hope to have restored communication with the north if no more slides happen meanwhile. The line to Sandon will likely not be opened for some days and the same may be said of the Kaslo-Slocan branch. Telegraph communication with Sandon remains intact.

When the Great Northern northbound train ran into the slide at Summit on Thursday evening and subsequently backed down to Ymir, the full extent of the slide was not definitely known, and it was not until it would take two days to clear the line. Later, when the wrecking crew got to work it was found that the slide was not as heavy as at first thought and by dint of hard work, the line was cleared in time to let the express through last evening, the train reaching the station on schedule time. No connection, however, was made at Spokane yesterday, as that was received, was of the lightest. Incidentally, it may be remarked that no coast papers have been received here yet later than last Saturday's issue.

The coast train was marked down at the postoffice to reach here some time this morning and the Boundary train pulled in about 1 a.m. today.

The weather yesterday and last night was spring like, the clouds not reaching to the ground point at any time up to 2 a.m. this morning, and more slides may be expected today if the soft weather continues.

There was a rumor around the streets last night founded on stories brought in by returning travellers from Slocan, that two men had been killed on the Roseberry-Nakusp line, but this was denied by local C.P.R. officials.

THE CANADIAN EXHIBIT

AT NEW ZEALAND'S INTERNATIONAL
EXHIBITION.

IS THE LARGEST DISPLAY ON THE
FAIR GROUNDS.

Ottawa, Feb. 8.—The Canadian commercial agent in Australia, Mr. Larke, in a report to the department of trade and commerce, says that the New Zealand International exhibition, now being held at Christchurch, New Zealand, is of much larger proportions than was anticipated, and the government is well pleased with the response made by governments and firms, to the invitation to participate therein.

The site of the exhibition is Hagley Park, Christchurch, and the grounds contain an area of over 250 acres, while the buildings of the exhibition cover an area of 50 acres. Every inch of available space is occupied, and the general appearance of the exhibition and the accompanying decorations are fully equal to that of any of the large world's fairs held in Europe or America.

The largest court, or section of the exhibition, is that occupied by Canada. It contains a floor space of 17,000 square feet, while the surrounding walls afford a space of 5000 square feet. These walls have been utilized to give a handsome effect to the court, by a covering of burlap and practically every inch of it is a very attractive wall paper effect.

This mural decoration is greatly admired, and is the only one of its kind in the building, and perhaps the first one ever seen in Australia. The walls have been further utilized to carry pictures, charts, etc., all of which are proving a most interesting and educational feature of the exhibit.

About three-quarters of the floor space is devoted to articles manufactured in Canada, and a neat sign in green and gold is attached to each exhibit, impressing on the visitors the fact that the goods are "Made in Canada."

The following Canadian manufacturers are represented in the Canadian court: Canada Carriage company, Wm. Gray & Sons, North American Bent Chair company, National Table company, the Canadian Rubber company, C. Kleopfer, Peterborough Cereal company, Victoria Wheel works, Pacific Coast Pipe company, the Dodge Mfg. Co., Ltd., P. H. Cummings Mfg. Co., Wm. A. Marsh & Co., The Imperial Organ Co., the Gordon Organ Co., the Sherbrooke Manning Organ Co., the Williams Piano Co., L. Richardson & Co., A. F. MacLaren Cheese Co., Christie Brown & Co., Ltd., the Canadian Paper Co., the Montreal Rolling Mills, the E. B. Bedy Co., Ltd., Taylor, Scott & Co., Hiram Walker & Sons, the Empire Typewriting Co., the Hewson Woollen Mills, Ltd., Jas. Harrison & Sons, Abenakis Springs Co., Dawson, Mfg. Co., Berlin Rubber Co., R. Macdonald Co., Ltd., Staunton Ltd., The Raymond Mfg. Co., the Noxon Co., Chestnut & Son, the Peterborough Cane Co., E. T. Wright & Co., the Hamilton Incubator Co., the Maple Leaf Rubber Co., E. Maxwell & Co., Canada Cycle & Motor Co., the McClary Mfg. Co., Truro Condensed Milk Co., Ingersoll Packing Co., Mettall Roofing Co., the Waggoner Ltd., the Canadian Cement Co., the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, Imperial Oil company, Canadian Salt company, Hart Corundum company.

POOL CHAMPIONSHIP

New York, Feb. 8.—In the pool match for the amateur championship of the world between the present holder, Thomas, Heuston of Scranton, and Edwin Dawson of St. Louis, the challenger, in this city last night, Heuston scored 207 against Dawson's 24. The match will be continued for two more nights, 200 points being played each evening. Heuston's high run was 57 and Dawson's 15.

INSURRECTION BEGUN

New York, Feb. 8.—The Tribune tomorrow will say that the long planned insurrection of general Antonio Parag against president Castro of Venezuela, has begun. Nicolas Bole, the local representative of general Parag, received a dispatch yesterday which contained this word: "Assigne." This in cipher code, arranged between the two points, means "Antonio has landed." This landing was effected probably on Wednesday.

NEILSON'S NEWS OF THE DAY

Mayor P. R. McDonald and James Gibson of Roseland will represent that city at the meeting of B.C. school trustees to be held here on Wednesday and Thursday of next week.

ROOSEVELT URGES PACE

Mexico City, Feb. 8.—At the instance of the president of the United States, president Diaz has sent to the president of Guatemala, Salvador and Costa Rica, a request that they use their united influence with Honduras and Nicaragua to induce them to suspend preparations for

war and give full freedom to the board of arbitration which is now in session with the object of deciding the difficulties between Honduras and Nicaragua. The board of arbitration has convened in conformity with the agreement made in 1902 and has under consideration the invasion of Nicaragua by Honduran soldiers.

FEAR YANKEE PREJUDICE

Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 8.—The Brazilian government has decided, in order to avoid possible disagreeable incidents, to exclude negro sailors from the Brazilian squadron which will visit the United States. The opposition newspapers attack the government for this step.

TALK WITH PRESIDENT

FRISCO SCHOOL OFFICIALS IN
WASHINGTON.

WILL DISCUSS THE DISPUTE OVER
JAP SCHOLARS.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The California school officials reached here today. Mayor Schmitt said: "We have come to Washington with a free mind to discuss the school question with the president. The mere fact that we have responded to the president's invitation is sufficient evidence that we stand ready to make concessions if we are convinced that in so doing the entire country will profit by our action. No Californian is willing to stand on any technicality that will work to the detriment of the nation. It would be unfair for us to go into a full and free discussion of the questions involved until we have conferred with Mr. Roosevelt. We have not excluded the Japanese children from the schools of San Francisco, but since we do, the school board has found it necessary to adopt the policy of segregation, not exclusion, in the primary and intermediate departments. The law of California makes the question of segregation a matter of the school boards and the only course to pursue was to take advantage of the state law and establish the separate schools. This was done. The white children took the places of the Japanese in the white schools and the Oriental schools were established for the Japanese. That is the whole story in a nutshell."

AGAINST MODUS VIVENDI

NEWFOUNDLAND'S PREMIER WILL
MOVE A RESOLUTION

WHOLE SUBJECT TO BE DEBATED IN
THE LEGISLATURE

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 8.—The fisheries modus vivendi, arranged last year between Great Britain and the United States, will be discussed at length in the legislature next Tuesday and the following day. The legislature was formally opened yesterday by the governor, Sir Wallace Gregor. In the speech from the throne he recited the negotiations which led to the modus vivendi, the protest of the Newfoundland government and the latter's decision to test its validity in the courts. The speaker who moved and seconded the adoption of the speech from the throne, strongly condemned the modus vivendi and accused the British government of abandoning the colony. Premier Bond gave notice today that when the legislature meets on Tuesday next, he will move an address to the British secretary of the colonies on the subject of the modus vivendi. The motion will permit of a full discussion of the entire issue, which has been the difficulty between the government and the American fishermen.

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JAILED BY A MISTAKE

British Subject Locked up
in State of Wash-
ington

Held Five Days in Error—Embassy De-
mands Reparation From the
United States

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 8.—The British embassy at Washington has demanded of the state department at Washington that King county, Washington, compensate Andrew Hughes, a British subject, for being held five days at the county jail as a witness in a criminal case after the case had been ended. The state department today requested prosecuting attorney Macintosh to at once see what compensation is due the man, and to settle the matter through the department.

Hughes, some three months ago, was robbed of a watch in a saloon in the southern part of the city. James Clem was arrested for the theft, and pending his trial, Hughes was held in jail. Clem was convicted and Hughes, by mistake, was taken back to the county jail. The prosecuting attorney thought that he had been released. He learned that Hughes was still in jail. The end of five days he was released.

USED POISONED BULLET

FIENDISH ATTACK ON YOUNG RUSSIAN TERRORIST

KILLED GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA AND
TWO POLICEMEN

Pennsylvania, Feb. 8.—A. Alexanderovsky, governor of Pennsylvania, was shot and killed by a young man who was leaving the theatre last night. In trying to escape the assassin shot and killed the assistant chief of police and a policeman and wounded the manager of the theatre. The terrorist then shot himself and died in a hospital. The bullet which he used were discovered to be poisoned. Alexanderovsky was well known as chief commissioner of the Red Cross in the field during the war between Japan and Russia.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 8.—The opposition parties have swung further into the lead as a result of the balloting yesterday and today, which have practically determined the make up of the electoral college in six or seven communes. The provinces have 56 representatives in parliament and of this number the opposition has 21 seats assured and probably 23. The conservatives possible may get six seats. The province of Tyver, the cradle of the zemstvo movement, has returned a majority of liberal electors. The province of Kythia will send a solid delegation of 12 radical peasants to the next parliament. The province of Podolia, with 13, the province of Taurida with 6, and the province of Kherson with 10 radicals, probably will belong to the left party.

JAPAN IS DIGNIFIED

WILL TREAT THE UNITED STATES
AS AN EQUAL

AND WILL MAKE NO HUMILIATING
CONCESSIONS

Tokio, Feb. 8.—While ignoring the anti-Japanese feeling in a portion of the American press, the Japanese public is unanimous in demanding that the solution of the San Francisco school question must not involve the labor question. A mutual treaty restricting the immigration of laborers is condemned here as a one-sided concession, reflecting Japanese honor without any recompense. It is felt that nothing derogatory to the nation's honor, however slight, must be admitted in the diplomatic relation of the two nations.

CONSTABLE ACCUSED

Held at Blaine on Suspicion of Having
Committed Murder.

(Special to The Daily News)
Vancouver, B.C., Feb. 8.—The coroner's jury at Blaine, inquiring into the Roper murder mystery, has recommended that constable Dell be held in custody pending further investigation. Dell made a very bad impression during his cross-examination by attorney Westcott and detective Spain. His memory was a blank as to what occurred between 6 and 10 o'clock the night of the murder. Not a single admission as to word or action could be wrung from him, though the incidents were recalled minutely. Cool-headed counsels have prevailed, and the violence at first threatened is not now feared, even if direct evidence of Dell's guilt should be forthcoming.

WOMAN DISAPPEARS

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—Miss Helen E. Anthony, a wealthy young woman of Governor, Lawrence, N.Y., has been reported to the police as missing from her apartment here and her description has been sent to other cities. Miss Anthony

had been under treatment with a nerve specialist. She recently made her home at the fashionable Bismarck apartments. On Wednesday, while shopping with a companion in a department store, she suddenly disappeared and has not since been heard from. She is known to have had a check for \$600 and considerable money with her.

INFERNAL MACHINE

Fairport, N. J., Feb. 8.—Justice of the peace Robert C. Bor-tero was fatally injured in his office tonight by the explosion of an infernal machine sent him by express. The judge it is said will die before morning. The office was wrecked. The judge has actively aided the police in the capture of Italian law-breakers recently.

KILLED IN STOKES HOLE

EXPLOSION ON BOARD NEW FRENCH
TORPEDO BOAT

NINE MEN BURNED TO CINDERS BY
BLAST OF FLAMES

Lorient, France, Feb. 8.—As a result of an explosion on board torpedo boat No. 33 of the French navy today, nine men are dead and two are injured. Torpedo boat No. 33 was launched but a short time ago, and at the time of the accident she was undergoing prior to being placed in commission, her full steam trial in the roads. A technical naval committee was on board at the time. The trial was successful, but as the boat was returning to her anchorage, a safety tube, forming part of the evaporation apparatus, burst and a mass of flames was forced into the stoke hole where the engineer, a quartermaster and nine stokers were at work. The engineer and eight of the stokers were instantly killed. Their bodies were practically reduced to cinders. The other stoker was severely injured. The reason for the accident is that the automatic doors which should have closed to prevent the return of the flames to the stoke hole, did not work.

BITTER AGAINST THE U.S.

CUBAN LIBERALS ADOPT HOSTILE
RESOLUTIONS

SAY ISLAND IS IN DANGER OF AM-
ERICANIZATION

Havana, Feb. 8.—Governor Magoon received a cablegram from secretary Taft today directing the postponement of the decree providing for an increase from 5000 to 12,000 men of the Cuban army pending presentation of the protests by the liberals. Objection to the plan of increase were voiced at a meeting attended by a number of army officers. General Enrique del Castillo bitterly denounced the United States and predicted that the Cubans eventually would be compelled to resist American domination. When the speaker hoped he would have the honor of leading the patriot army, General Estomero, a prominent liberal, was the only speaker to approve the proposed increase, but he demanded recognition of negroes in the ranks of the army and insisted that the negroes be prepared to fight for their political rights.

The meeting adopted resolutions protesting against any increase in the armed force, the formation of a militia of any kind, and the admission of the army of other than native Cubans. General Castillo predicted an influx of American immigration which, he declared, would result in the Americanization of the rural guards and consequent military oppression of the Cubans.

Throughout the entire meeting a strong anti-American sentiment prevailed.

Protest was made against imposing upon Cuba the burden of maintaining the proposed standing army. A number of speakers contended that the fractions members of the rural guard had been enlisted by the police force. A committee was appointed to call on governor Magoon to present to him their protests, but up to a late hour tonight they had not reached the palace.

NEGRO HELD

Denver, Feb. 8.—Zemmy Andrews, formerly private in the 25th infantry, who was discharged by president Roosevelt for participating in the Brownsville riot and who is believed to be the person who sent an anonymous letter to the military authorities at Fort Reno, Okla., stating that the writer knew of a plot to kill captain Macklin, was committed to jail by judge Lewis of the federal court today to await the outcome of the trial of corporal Edwin Knowles, with shooting captain Macklin. A United States deputy marshal has been here for several days awaiting the conclusion of the hearing before Judge Lewis, which was conducted in secret.

PANAMA CANAL

Washington, Feb. 8.—Secretary Taft today appeared before the house committee on appropriations to explain the appropriation of \$5,000,000 which the isthmian commission has asked to have included in the civil sundry appropriation bill. Much of the general discussion concerned the proposed canal. On the hearing it was said that under the present system the contractor would not get a percentage on the cost of supplies or equipment, but only on the estimated cost of labor which had been estimated at \$65,000,000. On that basis W. J. Oliver would be paid \$1,250,000 by the government in case the contract were to be awarded to him on his bid of 67.

CONTINUES TESTIMONY

Mrs. Harry Thaw Tells
the Rest of Her
Life Story

Will Go on the Stand Again on Monday to
be Cross-examined by District
Attorney Jerome

New York, Feb. 8.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw was again today the central figure at her husband's trial. She was still on the stand, her direct examination unfinished, when the usual week end adjournment until Monday morning was taken.

Picking up the threads of her life's story where she had dropped them the evening before, the girl wife of the defendant, always, she declared, telling her story just as she had related it to Harry Thaw from time to time, brought the narrative down to her wedding in Pittsburgh on April 4, 1905, and their return to New York following a honeymoon trip in the west. She declared she had heard White call to her on the street once after this and on another occasion, when she passed him in a cab, she noticed his car turn around and follow her in the direction of a doctor's office where she was going to have her throat treated. Mrs. Thaw had taken up the story at the time of her return from Europe in October, 1903, following her refusal of the offer of marriage on the grounds which she related yesterday. On Monday she may be called upon to finish the relation of events which, it is claimed by the defense, brought on the explosive impulse in the mind of the defendant, and caused the killing of Stanford White.

District attorney Jerome, who had throughout silently listened to the young actress's story, now made a statement from the court room late in the day, by vigorously protesting against "this defamation of the dead." The question that called out the vehement protest from the district attorney was addressed to Mrs. Thaw by Mr. Delmas, and its purport was whether or not Harry Thaw had at any time told her "other girls who had met a fate similar to yours at the hands of this man."

"What man?" snapped Mr. Jerome. "Stanford White," replied Mr. Delmas, with the coolness of voice and manner characteristic of him; and then he added still the same question, "Who else?" Justice Fitzgerald held the district attorney's suggestion was a good one and he thought the defense should lay a broader foundation to show insanity before proceeding along the lines suggested.

"We will proceed to do this as soon as possible," announced Mr. Delmas. Mrs. Thaw said today that Stanford White, during the year following her experience in the room of the mirrored walls, repeatedly sought to have her visit him alone.

"I told Harry," she said, "that Mr. White had begged me, had pleaded and cried and begged and done everything he could to make me come to see him alone. I refused and he told me I was cruel and that I was as cold as a fish and not a human being. I told Mr. White I did not care to trust him."

After her return from Europe and during the months she would not see Harry Thaw, "because of the dreadful things Mr. White and his friends told me about him," she said Thaw accused her of infidelity, and she said she did not love him, after he had gone and demanded money and something to eat. Davis says he is well connected in Canada.

Mrs. Palmer was coming out of her home when Davis confronted her, drawing a revolver and demanding money and something to eat. She expressed sympathy for his distressed circumstances and invited him into the house. When once inside she talked kindly to Davis, asking him to tell her the events leading up to his destitution.

Following his story she gave him a silver dollar and asked him to take the cartridges from the gun. He broke open the gun and took out three bullets. The remaining three, however, were tightly fastened and Davis was unable to remove them.

Mrs. Palmer procured a crochet needle nearby and at her request Davis handed her the revolver. In a short time she extracted the remaining cartridges and giving Davis another dollar he left the house.

Mrs. Palmer immediately called police headquarters on the telephone and told her story. A number of detectives searched for Davis all evening without success.

About 2 o'clock yesterday morning word was sent to headquarters that a man named Davis had robbed his room mate of a gold watch and a sum of money. Several hours after the robbery Davis was arrested and confessed that he had visited the Palmer's home. Mrs. Palmer said last night that if the police ascertained that the story told by Davis was true regarding his unfortunate circumstances, she would not prosecute him.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The newspapers of Paris are devoting much space to the proceedings of the Thaw trial in New York, and, as a result, a number of persons are coming forward anxious to testify to Thaw's alleged escapades in Paris which, they declare, can only be explained on the ground that he was insane. A woman from whom Thaw rented an apartment in this city has visited counsel general Mason and recounted numerous episodes of Thaw's stay.

Another woman, who says she is an American, has informed the newspapers that she figured in the "bath tub incident," to which reference was made in Evelyn Nesbit Thaw's testimony yesterday. This woman makes further allegations of maltreatment at the hands of Thaw, and declares that he gave her \$5000 to compensate her for the injuries she sustained.

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Picking up the threads of her life's story where she had dropped them the evening before, the girl wife of the defendant, always, she declared, telling her story just as she had related it to Harry Thaw from time to time, brought the narrative down to her wedding in Pittsburgh on April 4, 1905, and their return to New York following a honeymoon trip in the west. She declared she had heard White call to her on the street once after this and on another occasion, when she passed him in a cab, she noticed his car turn around and follow her in the direction of a doctor's office where she was going to have her throat treated. Mrs. Thaw had taken up the story at the time of her return from Europe in October, 1903, following her refusal of the offer of marriage on the grounds which she related yesterday. On Monday she may be called upon to finish the relation of events which, it is claimed by the defense, brought on the explosive impulse in the mind of the defendant, and caused the killing of Stanford White.

District attorney Jerome, who had throughout silently listened to the young actress's story, now made a statement from the court room late in the day, by vigorously protesting against "this defamation of the dead." The question that called out the vehement protest from the district attorney was addressed to Mrs. Thaw by Mr. Delmas, and its purport was whether or not Harry Thaw had at any time told her "other girls who had met a fate similar to yours at the hands of this man."

"What man?" snapped Mr. Jerome. "Stanford White," replied Mr. Delmas, with the coolness of voice and manner characteristic of him; and then he added still the same question, "Who else?" Justice Fitzgerald held the district attorney's suggestion was a good one and he thought the defense should lay a broader foundation to show insanity before proceeding along the lines suggested.

"We will proceed to do this as soon as possible," announced Mr. Delmas. Mrs. Thaw said today that Stanford White, during the year following her experience in the room of the mirrored walls, repeatedly sought to have her visit him alone.

"I told Harry," she said, "that Mr. White had begged me, had pleaded and cried and begged and done everything he could to make me come to see him alone. I refused and he told me I was cruel and that I was as cold as a fish and not a human being. I told Mr. White I did not care to trust him."

After her return from Europe and during the months she would not see Harry Thaw, "because of the dreadful things Mr. White and his friends told