

# The St. John Standard

VOL. XIII, NO. 168.

TWELVE PAGES

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 25, 1921

CLOUDY AND MILD

TWO CENTS

## FRANCE WARNED ITS ATTITUDE ON ARMS LIMITATION SUCH AS WILL STIR UP ENMITY

Peace Will Never be Achieved by One Power Working for Selfish Interests.

### LORD CURZON SPEAKS EMPHATICALLY

Expresses Determination to Bring Germany Into the Comity of Nations.

London, Nov. 24—One of the most outspoken warnings ever addressed by the Foreign Minister of one nation to another friendly nation was delivered publicly today at a luncheon by Marquis Curzon of Kedleston, to France. The British Foreign Minister declared that if France pursued an isolated and individual policy, she would not in the long run injure Germany and would fail to protect herself.

It was a warning couched, if anything, in plainer terms than a similar speech delivered by Premier Lloyd George last May, at the time when France was proceeding to the occupation of Germany's Ruhr towns, which created such a tremendous sensation.

#### Talks Sound Sense.

Lord Curzon's address was directed primarily to the Washington conference on limitation of armaments and Far Eastern questions, but it was clearly an invitation to France of the effect of that country's attitude toward disarmament. It also applied, with equal force, to the French policy in the Near East.

"Peace will never be achieved," said Lord Curzon, "if any one power tries to steal a march on another and concludes an arrangement on its own account. The Foreign Minister bluntly reminded France that her safety lay, not in her own strength, but in the confidence of the world, and he cautioned France that she could not succeed by a revengeful policy toward Germany or be permitted by isolated action to frustrate the work of the nations at Washington."

#### Speech Full of Meaning.

The speech, which occupied only half an hour in delivery, but was filled with striking matter, clearly indicated a determination to bring Germany into the comity of nations and for its enunciation of Great Britain's duty in the new world which succeeded.

After saying the great powers would assist Germany, provided she showed sincerity, Lord Curzon said: "So long as Great Britain, France and Italy hold together I am hopeful of the result."

Alluding to the new struggling nations which have arisen from the ashes of Germany, Austria and Turkey, Lord Curzon said: "We, as one of the great powers, are largely responsible for the creation of these new nations. Therefore, it devolves upon us to do our best to curb their rivalry, help their progress and make them instruments not of renewed disturbance and warfare, but of future peace."

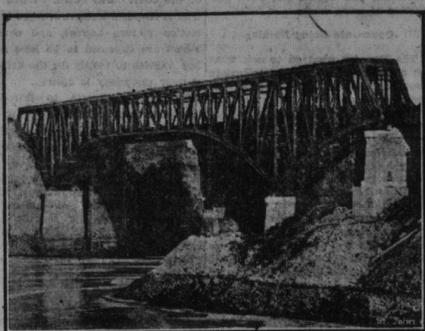
### Hughes' Proposal Receives Further Endorsement

National Liberal Federation, London, Urges British Delegation to Support Project.

London, Nov. 24—The National Liberal Federation, meeting in Newcastle today, adopted a resolution endorsing Secretary of State Hughes' proposal for a ten year naval holiday, urging that the British representatives in Washington be instructed to support all practical projects for the progressive disarmament of all nations, and demanding the publication of all treaties. An attempt to include in the resolution an amendment demanding denunciation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance was defeated on the ground that, considering Japan's hearty cooperation at Washington, it was "inadvisable to give Japan such curt and brusque notices."

### Westminster, B. C. Faces Strike of School Teachers

New Westminster, B. C., Nov. 24—Seventy-four teachers in the high and public schools here, have their resignations ready to present to the School Board of Trustees unless that body puts into effect the award of the Board of Arbitration, of last May, approving the scale of wages sanctioned by the Teachers' Federation. The award means an increase in salaries for the teachers, but the Board has refused to comply. The resignations would take effect the end of the year. The teachers held a meeting recently at which this line of action was approved.



THE NEW C. P. RAILWAY BRIDGE

Soundings for piers taken	April 1920
Piers Commenced	May 1920
Finished by end of year	
Erection of super structure commenced	June 1921
Completed	16 November 1921
Length of Cantilever	700 feet
Length of approaches	560 feet
Weight of metal in cantilevers	4,000,000 lbs.
Weight of metal approach spans	650,000 lbs.
Clearance of river at slack water	84 ft. 7 in.
Height of main pier slack water	43 ft.
Total cost	\$900,000
Opened to traffic	23 November 1921

## GREAT ENTHUSIASM SHOWN AT RALLY OF GOVERNMENT SUPPORTERS IN GLEN FALLS

Colonel MacLaren and Other Prominent Speakers Discussed Campaign Issues in Logical, Sensible, Convincing Manner—Audience Keen to Grasp and Show Appreciation of Meighen Policies.

The meeting held yesterday evening in the Manor House at Glen Falls, in the interests of the Conservative candidates, produced a rousing rally in support of Hon. Dr. J. B. M. Baxter and Col. Dr. Murray MacLaren. Great enthusiasm was manifested at all times on the part of the gathering, who turned out in large numbers, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. Many ladies were present to hear the addresses and the discussions of the political issues of the campaign, and they joined in the applause and approbation of the policy of the Meighen Government which had granted to them full franchise rights. The speakers of the evening were Col. Dr. Murray MacLaren, S. W. Palmer and Lt. Col. W. H. Harrison. The Minister of Customs and Excise, owing to his absence in another part of the province addressing several meetings, was unable to be present. At the conclusion a vote of thanks to the speakers was moved by W. G. Drake and seconded by A. H. Patterson. The chairman for the occasion was J. P. Clayton.

## Woman Beats Up Farmer Who Sold Poor Meat

Heartlessly Fined \$16.85 by Magistrate for Delivering the Knockout Punch.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 24—Because she beat up a farmer named Ball, at Ball's Creek, Mrs. Katcherusky, of Sydney was fined \$16.85 by Judge Mughan today. Evidence showed that the lady in the case purchased some meat from Ball and several days later asked him to take it back on the ground that it was unfit for consumption. Ball refused and the assault followed.

## Youthful Bandit Cuts Up Pranks in Drug Store

Winnipeg, Nov. 24—A youthful bandit, about 22 years of age, entered a drug store at the corner of Gertie and Notre Dame Avenue at six o'clock this evening, shot the proprietor and his assistant, cleaned out the till and escaped. J. Wilder, the proprietor, was shot in the arm and hip and A. Davis, the assistant, was shot in the abdomen and seriously wounded. Both are in the hospital. No "hands up" command was given by the assailant, who simply entered the store and started firing at the two victims. It is not known how much money was stolen.

## Belfast Outrages Continue With Heavy Death Toll

Number of Deaths Since Disorders Began Now Totals Twenty-Five.

Belfast, Nov. 24—Two persons were killed outright and eight were wounded when a bomb exploded this evening in a tram car carrying a load of shipyard workers along Royal Avenue. Throughout the day the city, which has been the scene of several outbreaks of bombing and shooting within the past three days, had been comparatively quiet. Tonight two other tram cars were bombed, three persons being killed and a number seriously injured. This brings the number of deaths since the disorders began to twenty-five. Royal Avenue, where the bomb exploded in the evening, was the scene of one of tonight's bombings; the other occurred in Corporation Street. Both the tram cars attacked tonight were loaded with shipworkers returning from the yards. A man supposed to be responsible for the Royal Avenue bombing was arrested by troops, but he has protested his innocence. The crowd made desperate efforts to lynch him. William Smallwood is the name of the man. His home is in the Sinn Fein quarter of the city. Five shots were fired in O'Kelly's spirit grocery in O'Neil Street tonight, killing the proprietor and a customer.

## Salient Points in Halifax Address of Sir Hibbert

"This charge of autocracy has never been defined, for the obvious reason that it has no definition, no existence, outside Mr. Mackenzie King's brain. I think that Mr. Mackenzie King's fear of autocracy must have been largely induced by his visit to the United States during the war. "I will tell you why I think the women of Canada will vote for Meighen. First, heart never won fair lady, and the women of Canada will vote for Mr. Meighen because he states the principles upon which he is fighting boldly and without fear; and he is the only leader who does so state them. "The tariff is the paramount issue. All other issues are relatively unimportant. "The Liberal Party, or what is left of it, is fighting behind a mask. "What the Liberals say in substance is this: 'Pay no attention to our pretensions or pledges in regard to free trade. We have never kept a pledge in our party history, nor do we intend to do so in the future. "We want to play fair with the United States. We want to be friendly with the United States. The man who would suggest anything other than this would be not less than a lunatic; but—we must have a protective policy which will make sure that there will be no injury to Canada's home industries. "Everybody knows that Mr. Mackenzie King is due to walk the plank. If the Liberal Party were returned to power it would be Mr. Gouin who would lead them, not Mackenzie King. "Mr. Meighen's policies will win in this election because Canada has begun to THINK NATIONALLY."

"Everybody knows that Mr. Mackenzie King is due to walk the plank. If the Liberal Party were returned to power it would be Mr. Gouin who would lead them, not Mackenzie King. "Mr. Meighen's policies will win in this election because Canada has begun to THINK NATIONALLY."

## CANADA TAKING KEEN INTEREST IN CONFERENCE

Dominion Headquarters at Washington Flooded With Telegrams and Letters from People.

### ALL HOPEFUL OF SUCCESS

Public Borden Pledged to Sir Robert Borden in His Work as Delegate.

Washington, Nov. 24—(By Ben Deacon, Staff Correspondent of the Standard.)—A flood of telegrams and letters has been received at the Canadian delegation's headquarters, since the opening of the Armaments Conference, from various organizations and from private citizens in the Dominion. They contain resolutions, endorsing the objects of the Conference and pledging support to the delegates. Some of them offer advice and suggestions as to what the Conference might undertake to accomplish. "These messages arrived by the score in every mail, and hundreds of them are now on file in the Dominion headquarters in the Franklin Square Hotel. "All Hope For Success "Anyone in doubt as to the interest of the Canadian citizens in the great international gathering, at present underway, need only glance through this file to be convinced of a very real, heartfelt interest which extends from ocean to ocean, a unanimity of support for the object which the Conference seeks to achieve, and wide recognition of the responsible part which the Dominion is taking in it through the Canadian representative, Sir Robert Borden. "Most of the resolutions are similar in form. They express hope for the success of the Conference and pledge public support to the Canadian delegate. Some of them urge that full publicity be given to the discussions, and a few declare in favor of all sessions being open. Several contain a plea similar to that sent by the Women's Institute of Lunenburg, N. S., which urges Sir Robert not to allow himself to be influenced by motives unworthy of the people of Canada. "The majority of the messages come from church congregations and societies. They represent practically all creeds and denominations in the Dominion, many having been received from Roman Catholics as well as from Protestant bodies. Various lay organizations are also well represented. "Nova Scotia and British Columbia, if one may judge by the number of these messages, are the provinces in which interest is more active, though there is hardly a corner of the Dominion that has not been heard from. In the Nova Scotia list there are resolutions and letters from Halifax, Trenton, Windsor, Lunenburg, Amherst, Truro, and a score of other towns and cities. "TWELVE ABOVE ZERO "Sydney, N. S., Nov. 24—The mercury dropped to 12 above zero and the wind blew 36 miles an hour here last night, with snow flurries.

## BELFAST LOYALISTS URGED TO KEEP COOL UNDER PRESENT TRYING TIMES

London, Nov. 24—Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, tonight sent a message to the government at Belfast urging defensive measures against "the dastardly outrages upon the loyalists, 'no matter how severe the provocation."

"I have learned with the greatest of horror," said the message, "of the dastardly outrages upon loyalists in the city of Belfast. I am taking drastic action at once."

"I appeal to all those who trust in me to remain strictly on the defensive, no matter how severe the provocation, and when I return Saturday morning I promise to take personal charge of the situation. I hope an actual crisis may be avoided in my absence."

## PREMIER MEIGHEN ISSUES CALL TO WOMEN TO STAND BY THEIR COUNTRY NOW

On the Conscience of Women, He Declares, Rests the Chief Responsibility for Determining What Is To Be Done With Canada—Out of Their Love of Country Is to Come the Decision by Whom This Nation Is To Be Governed.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 24—Canadian Press Staff Correspondent—Premier Meighen this evening handed out the following message to the women of Canada:

"The call is out now to the men of Canada to stand by their country. But the call is still more to the women of this Dominion. "Because of her numbers the voice of woman predominates. On the conscience of our women now rests the chief responsibility for determining what is to be done with Canada. Out of their intelligence, out of their love of country is to come the decision by whom and for what and this nation is to be governed. Make this appeal. Think of the past; think of the hours of trial, think of the peril unspeakable in which we have lived for years. "Is it not the best, the wisest thing to stand by those who, through all those years themselves stood true and strong. Look over the battle array now as it shapes up for this campaign. In which camp do you find a clear, vigorous record of performance? In which camp do you find consistency of policy? From which side do you hear directness of appeal, the voice that calls for unity, candour and confidence among all classes of the state? The voice that rings true to Canada and to the Empire in whose fold we live?"

"Earned Citizenship. "The women of our country rise to their rights by their patience, their exertions, their sacrifices in war. They earned the full measure of citizenship, the most treasured, the most solemn privilege of citizenship they exercise just a few days from now. The women voters of this Dominion will show by their first great assertion of suffrage that they require, first of all and most of all, consistency in public men, fidelity to pledges, frankness from political leaders, honor from political parties. They will show, too, that they prize, as the men through many a test have prized, the commercial integrity of our country, a policy of courage and of spirit, a policy that breathes always fidelity to Canada and all that Canada means, in the great era that is opening of a more secure and happier world."

## Warm Response Given To Charges of James Murdock

Sir Henry Drayton Declares Murdock is Blessed With Convenient and Elastic Memory.

Toronto, Nov. 24—A warm response was given today by Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance and Commerce, candidate in West York, to charges made against him last night by James Murdock, Liberal candidate in South Toronto, and former member of the Board of Commerce. When asked if he had seen his name on Murdock's list, Sir Henry replied: "You are quite right. Now he has me on the list. Mr. Murdock appears blessed with a convenient and elastic memory. He started out with four members of the Cabinet as responsible for his alleged throttling of the Board of Commerce. Categorical denials have already come from every body who knows anything about it; but when it becomes necessary and convenient I am added to the list."

A special despatch to the Telegram from Ridgeway, Ont., says: "W. F. O'Connor, K. C., was the last of five speakers at a big meeting here in support of W. A. Hammond, government candidate in Kent, and made his remarks in reply to the Murdock charges very brief. "I have seen these things so often," he remarked, "that I am getting tired and perhaps by this time people are beginning to believe one of us. I am getting to that stage where I don't care very much which."

## Moncton Has Small Fire Loss

Moncton, Nov. 24—Fire causing damage of seven thousand dollars, broke out this afternoon in the wooden building known as the Dunlop Block, at the lower end of Main Street. The building was gutted, the principal damage being by water. The loss on the building was covered by insurance. A number of the occupants of the building suffered loss, ranging from one to three hundred dollars.

## LOYD GEORGE TO MEET ULSTER PREMIER TODAY

Will Make Effort to Induce Him to Consider Plans for Ulster's Good.

### GRIFFITH RETURNS TO DUBLIN

Ulster Parliament to Hear Reasons Why They Should Treat With Sinn Fein.

London, Nov. 24—Mr. Lloyd George who probably will be accompanied by Lord Chascelor Birkenhead, is scheduled to meet Sir James Craig tomorrow morning, in what may be the last effort to induce him, as Premier of Ulster, to discuss alternative plans devised to protect Ulster's interests to the proposed all-Ireland parliament, which the northern delegates thus far refused to even consider formally.

#### Griffith Goes to Dublin.

Meanwhile, Arthur Griffith, chief of the Sinn Fein delegation, for the first time since the Irish conference opened in October, went to Dublin tonight to consult with Eamonn De Valera, the Irish Republican, and Robert C. Barton, his delegation colleague.

This visit to Dublin is understood to be a result of discussions during the past few days between the Sinn Feiners and members of the British Cabinet, at which Mr. Griffith and his colleagues are said to have made clear that they could not agree to swear allegiance to the British crown, their idea of association with the state of the British Empire being by treaty, as would be the case with foreign powers.

#### Publication of Correspondence.

On Tuesday, the Ulster Premier will submit to his Parliament the reasons, urged by the Prime Minister, why Ulster should consent to treat with the Sinn Fein. It is expected that he will ask Mr. Lloyd George to facilitate the consideration of Ulster's case by publishing the whole correspondence, exchanged thus far, so that Ulster may see the real state of the negotiations. But the discussion with the Sinn Fein have, by the desire of the Government, proceeded on condition that secrecy be observed; no publication of the correspondence is now expected until an agreement or disagreement is finally reached.

The Irish Liberal Federation, an organization in which former Premier Asquith is interested, at its annual meeting today, passed a resolution supporting Dominion Home Rule for Ireland, suggesting that Parliament should be asked to endorse this policy, and recording its conviction that, if the conference fails, there will be no return to the policy of force.

## GENERAL CURRIE CRITICIZES THE SLANDER MONGER

Sir Arthur Writes in Praise of War Record of Conservative Candidate.

Kingston, Ont., Nov. 24—Premier Meighen's two crowded meetings here this evening were, featured by the reading of two letters, the first from Sir Arthur Currie, formerly commander of the Canadian Army Corps in France, and the second from Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Turner, former commander-in-chief of the Second Canadian Division, testifying to the excellency of the war record of Brigadier-General A. E. Ross, candidate in Kingston.

The letters were read by W. E. Greaves, of Kingston Standard, who prefaced their reading by stating that a campaign of slander and insinuation was being carried on against General Ross. It was being stated, said Mr. Greaves, that the Conservative candidate had enjoyed a "cushy job" during the war, and that his record was far from being a creditable one. Hearing these insinuations he had taken it upon himself to write Sir Arthur Currie and Sir Richard Turner as to the war record of General Ross.

Sir Arthur Currie wrote that he was taking no political sides, but that he was going to fight slander-mongering. "I know of no more blackguardly practice engaged in today," he continued. "The slander-monger is a cunning coward, knowing full well that rumors once spread can never be overtaken, and that the man who starts the rumor on its foul way can seldom be definitely placed."

"No higher standard of gallantry or patriotism was set by any man serving in the Canadian corps," Sir Arthur said, referring to General Ross. "Sir Richard Turner wrote that Brigadier-General Ross 'endured himself to everyone by his gallantry,' and that it was 'his organization that made the medical service so efficient in the Canadian corps.'"