

DARED KING TO PRODUCE 1919 TARIFF

H. H. Stevens Declares Lib-
eral Tariff Places With
Men and Places

LIVELY CLASH WITH MR. DUFF

Speaker Had to Interfere, Be-
tween Members to Restore
Order in Debate.

(Continued from page 1.)
Mr. H. H. Stevens, minister of
justice, continued the debate on the
address in the House this afternoon.
He referred to the speech made last
night by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. Mr.
Lemieux had argued, he said, that
there should be an election because
there was going to be what he called
an imperial conference.

The drift of Mr. Lemieux's speech
was to give the impression that the
achievements of Canada in the direc-
tion of achieving a national status
amounted to practically nothing.

Mr. Stevens, in his
speech, endeavored to establish the position
that Canada was merely a colony.
Mr. Lemieux was apparently ready to
count as much the life work of his
great leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Mr. Doherty said that Mr. Lemieux
appeared to accept as final the pro-
nouncement of the Rt. Hon. Herbert
Asquith in 1911 that the British Do-
minions could not be allowed a voice
in the foreign affairs of the empire.
At that time the British prime min-
ister had slammed the door in the face
of Sir Joseph Ward, prime minister of
New Zealand.

Mr. Lemieux's attitude would seem
to indicate a willingness to be gov-
erned from Downing street, because
of his absolute acceptance of this pro-
nouncement, by Mr. Asquith.

Opening the Door
There were some Canadians, how-
ever, who were not prepared to accept
this attitude, and among these was
Sir Robert Borden. Sir Robert toured
England, telling the Mother Country
that Canada would never accept this
dictum. In 1919 the prime minister re-
voked his statement and abandoned the
attitude he had taken the previous
year. He agreed that the dominions
were entitled to be heard
and to have a voice in the direction
of imperial affairs. They must be con-
sidered partners with the Mother Coun-
try.

Lloyd George's Policy
There was a great difference be-
tween the uncompromising refusal to
recognize Canada in 1911 and the atti-
tude which Mr. Lloyd George adopted
when Canadian delegates went to the
peace conference. To those who
challenged the right of the dominions
to speak as nations, the British prime
minister had retorted that these were
independent nations. The signature
to the peace treaty, on behalf of the
British Empire, was not considered
complete until all the dominions had
signed it. Mr. Doherty pointed out.

Canada's Ambassador
In justification of the Government's
desire to have a diplomatic representa-
tive at Washington, Mr. Doherty ar-
gued that the United States stood in op-
position to Canada as to make it ad-
visable to establish a more direct
means of diplomatic communication
than the present route by London. He
could not understand why Mr. Lem-
ieux should find fault with such an ar-
gument. That gentleman, he said, se-
verely found to condemn the
tendency, which professed to find
in Great Britain, to centralize control of
colonial affairs. Mr. Doherty said that
he did not think anybody else believed
that such a tendency existed. He asked
what representative Englishmen had
ever given cause for this fear of
centralization. Mr. Lemieux replied
from his seat: "Lord Bunsen and
Lord Curzon."

Canada to Decide
In the course of an exchange be-
tween the Minister of Justice and
Hon. Mr. Lemieux regarding the ap-
pointment of a minister at Washing-
ton, Hon. Mr. Doherty said the state-
ment that Canada would not be al-
lowed to have a minister at Wash-
ington was untrue. It was entirely
for Canada to decide. The measure
of Canada's nationhood was the meas-
ure of the determination of Canadians
that she should have that nationhood.
Canada's nationhood had no enemies
outside of Canada.

What About Election?
Mr. Doherty, continuing declared
that the position taken by Hon. Mr.
Lemieux that the House must dis-
solve before the Prime Minister could

Maritime Nail Co.
In The Limelight

Ask Council for Head Tax
Refund—Trades and Labor
Want Fares Returned.

The Maritime Nail Co. was very
much in the limelight at City Hall
yesterday afternoon. A request was
received from the Trades and Labor
Council for payment by the city of
the fares of the nine men who came
here from Montreal and were perma-
nently employed by the Union to that
city, and one from the Nail Company
for a refund of the amount paid into
the city as head tax on these men.

A request was received from the
Board of School Trustees for an
answer to their application for a lot
on King Square, West Side, as a site
for a school building, and the Com-
munity Club sent a resolution passed
by that body calling on the city council
to stop bidding on the West Side
dock.

Committee For The Whole.
The committee for the whole re-
commended that the city council
should order the payment of the
debt of Newman Brook at an
estimated cost of \$9,000, and the lay-
ing of 180 feet of culvert at an es-
timated cost of \$2,700, and tenders
be called for the work; that a bill be
passed at the coming session of the
legislature to prohibit stalls in the
city restaurants; that the tenders of
the Municipal House at Milford be
accepted; that Harold McKeown be
appointed a constable on his furnish-
ing the necessary bonds; that a lot in
Park Place, Lancaster, be sold to
George McKeown for the sum of
\$200. Adopted.

West End School Site.
A communication was received from
the Board of School Trustees asking
that an answer to their request for
a lot on King Square, West, on which
to erect a school building, be given
them. On motion of Commissioner
Bullock the communication was laid
on the table to be taken up in com-
mittee.

Commissioner Frink called atten-
tion to the fact that if the council
granted the request, special legisla-
tion would have to be obtained and
time was passing rapidly.

Liquor Piling.
A communication from the Com-
missioner of the Imperial
Conference, was presented and read.
Hon. Mr. Lemieux stated that the
naval defence of the British Empire
was so important that the Prime Min-
ister should get a mandate from the
people before attending the confer-
ence.

Hon. Mr. Doherty retorted that the
meeting would be of a purely consult-
ative nature.

Refuses to Dissolve
The Minister of Justice characterized
the argument of the Opposition
that the Government should go to the
country as rash assertions. "The British
constitution provided for a Govern-
ment by the representatives of the
people. The mandate given by the
electors was a mandate to the mem-
bers of Parliament. The Government
held office by that right. The Govern-
ment, Mr. Doherty added, was in power
by the votes of the people.

The vote in West Peterboro was not
an indication that there was a demand
for an election throughout the Do-
minion, said Mr. Doherty. The leader of
the Opposition placed no issue before
the House in his statement. He sim-
ply demanded an immediate election
calling shame upon the man who would
suffer any other issue.

C. A. Fournier.
C. A. Fournier, Bellefleur, con-
demned the Government's failure to
bring forward a definite policy. It had
promised smoking factory chimneys,
he said, and a full dinner pail. It had
brought the country dangerously near
the edge of ruin. He remarked that
the last time that Sir Thomas White
had spoken in the House he had
begged parliament to remain bound-
ed to Sir Joseph Flavel and Mac-
kenzie and Mann. Now that song was
ended and the harp which had twang-
ed so sweetly on parliament's walls
was silent. The nightingale from the
East was dead, and only business of
provision remained to bear witness to
the "folly of a carry-on adminis-
tration."

Denounces L. J. Gauthier.
Mr. Fournier referred in scathing
terms to L. J. Gauthier, who deserted
the Liberal party, he said, and was
creeping about the land of the Na-
tional Liberal and Conservative party
looking for grasshoppers with which
to stay his hunger.

P. J. E. Fulton, Kamloops, denied
that the Government was usurping
any power of the people. This charge,
however, if it was repeated by Mr.
King often enough, would come to be
believed. The war was not the only
issue in 1917, although it was the
paramount one. It was not expected
in 1917 that the war would end in
1918, but in any case the Government's
mandate was not exhausted. He
quoted at great length British preced-
ent in support of this argument.

Tabling The Reports.
The order-in-council appointing Sir
George Foster, Hon. O. J. Doherty
and Hon. N. W. Howells as Canadian
representatives of the Assembly of the
League of Nations at Geneva, asked
for in the House last evening by
Hon. W. S. Fielding, was tabled this
afternoon by Mr. George Foster.

Order-in-council approving the tariff
of fees to be paid election officers
under the Dominion Elections Act,
were tabled by Sir Henry Dwyton.
These tariffs are required under the
act to be tabled in the House within
fifteen days of the opening of parlia-
ment.

Regulations passed under the De-
structive and Post Act during the past
year, were tabled by Sir Henry
Dwyton for Hon. S. F. Tolmie, min-
ister of agriculture, who is absent
from Ottawa at present. The regula-
tions in question are all measures de-
signed to prevent the introduction or
spread of plant diseases in Canada.

The First and Original
Cold and Grip Tablet

Grove's
Laxative
Bromo
Quinine
tablets

Be sure you get
BROMO

E. J. Brown

"JUST SEND THEM TO SEE ME," SAYS BOURQUE

"If Anybody Wants to Know
What I Think of Tanlac I'll
Tell Them Pretty Quick,"
Says Moncton Man.

"If anybody wants to know what I
think of Tanlac, just send them to
see me and I'll tell them pretty quick
why I think it's such a good medi-
cine," said Edward E. Bourque, of 347
Laurier street, Moncton, N. B., a well-
known bricklayer and life long resi-
dent of the city.

"I had indigestion for years, but
last spring I got into worse. I got to
a point where everything seemed like
poison to me and I suffered agony
after almost every meal. I got nerv-
ous and out of sorts generally, but
worried me most of all was the pain in
my side. I actually thought I had ap-
pendicitis. I had no energy and tired
merciful Club enclosing a resolution
passed by the executive of that body,
calling on the city council to take
some action to stop the piling of
liquor kegs on at the West Side
dock, was read and on Commissioner
Bullock's motion filed. In moving
his resolution the commissioner voiced
his objection to these letters from
parties 'coming in' and thought
those with any grievance should com-
municate in person.

Trades and Labor Council.
A communication was read from
the Trades and Labor Council asking
that the city pay to the council the
sum of \$130, which amount had been
spent by them to pay the return fare
of nine skilled laborers who had come
here to work on the Maritime Nail
Works, but on representations from
the union had returned to their homes
instead. It was contended the action
taken was in the interest of the city
as a whole, and the city treasury
should bear the burden. They also
asked that a committee composed of
F. A. Campbell, A. D. Colwell and G.
H. Levesque be heard on the matter.
It was decided to table the matter
on the table until Monday when
the committee would be asked to at-
tend.

An application was received from
Forrestal Brothers for permission
to install a sidewalk pump and gaso-
line outfit in front of their premises
on the corner of the Bank and
Commissioner Frink, on motion of
Commissioner Bullock, decided to
notify them that the permission
could not be granted.

A letter of thanks from the St. John
Branch of the Branch of the Branch
of Canada for the use of the committee
room at City Hall was received and
read.

Maritime Nail Co.
Mayor Schofield presented a request
from the Maritime Nail Co. for a re-
fund for the amount of \$150 paid by
the company as head tax on nine men
who had come here to work and left
the city without entering their names
in the city directory. The mayor
said there was a matter of principle
involved, and before any action
was taken the opinion of the city
council should be obtained, and on
motion it was referred to the Mayor
and City Solicitor. Commissioner
Frink said the head tax had always
been a bone of contention, and it was
just a question whether it was just-
ified.

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cleaning of the Free Public Library
interior was awarded to James H.
Patten, the lowest tenderer.

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Natty Defendant In Police Court

Couple from Pine Tree State
Charged With Theft—Man
Arraigned for Wife Beating

It works with a jury but not with
a judge. Young and pretty Mrs. Emma
Pelky, and her husband Arthur
Pelky were charged in the police
court yesterday with stealing clothing,
bedding, and furnishings to the value
of \$100, the property of Frank A.
Adams, 21, Dorchester street.

The beauty of the female defend-
ant had no other effect than to draw
forth some pointed remarks from the
magistrate on the audacious styles
favored by the women of today.

When the case was continued in
the afternoon, both the accused insist-
ed that it was postponed until the U. S.
Consul had been summoned to ap-
pear, a request similar to that made
in the morning. They were informed
by the court that their consul had
been advised of their request and said
he would have nothing to do with them.

Mrs. Violet Adams, wife of the
complainant, testified in the after-
noon, her evidence being much simi-
lar to that given by her husband in
the morning. She stated that she
had rented a furnished room to the
accused about a month ago, and that
up to the week of their departure,
they had always paid their rent
promptly. She said Mrs. Pelky a bill
for \$30 on condition that she do
fancy work for her to that amount,
but the defendant never carried out
her part of the contract. She had
also given her money to buy the ma-
terial and the defendant kept the
money.

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Its Down Right Tea Goodness looms up conspicuously above a hundred Rivals

Black for Black Tea Drinkers
Natural Green for those used to Japan's

Reds Enter Teheran
Paris, Feb. 22.—A despatch from
Teheran, Persia, to the Temps today
says 2,000 Persian conscripts, com-
manded by General Reza Khan, com-
ing from Kavin, entered Teheran,
the capital, the night of February 20-
21 without meeting opposition. They
captured the public buildings and ad-
ministrative offices, removing the
cabinet of Sepahdar-Asan from power.

Wife Beating Charged.
William McAleer was charged with
assaulting his wife, on February 19, in
their home, 129 Erin street. Com-
plainant said that accused had been
drinking for several weeks and on
Saturday morning demanded money
to get a bottle of liquor, she replied
that there was not enough money in
the house. Accused then struck her
on the chest and arm and pulled her
hair. Cross-examined by her husband,
she said she had thrown a kettle of
hot water and an axe at him after the
assault. McAleer denied that he had
struck her or that he was under the
influence of liquor. He was remanded
to jail, His Honor remarking that
in future men charged with assault
on their wives would go to jail with-
out the option of a fine.

AIRMAN FORCED DOWN
Dallas, Texas, Feb. 22.—Lieutenant
Wm. D. Caney, transcontinental flyer,
was forced to earth at Bronte, Coke
County, Dallas, early today by engine
trouble, according to reports received
at Love Field. The aviator who was
attempting a Pacific to Atlantic Coast
flight was not injured, according to
the reports.

Little babies
are happy if
their food is right.
Since 18