

POOR DOCUMENT

NOV 20 1906

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14 1906

THREE

Wants a Reefer.

A Coat handy to go skating in. Nothing better for a School Coat. Black or Grey All Wool Frieze, with throat protector and storm collar.

Only \$2.75.

UNION CLOTHING CO.,

26-28 Charlotte Street, ALEX. CORBET, Mgr. Old Y. M. C. A. Building.

THROW DOWN ALL THE TARIFF BARS

J. J. Hill Demands Reciprocity Between Canada and U.S.

New England Glamour for More Generous Trade Relations Along Frontier.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 10.—Speaking on the subject of Chicago's interest in reciprocity with Canada, James J. Hill, at the Merchants' Club tonight, pleaded not for political unity, but for the dropping of the tariff bars between the two countries. Given freedom of commercial intercourse, he averred that the line between the United States and Canada would mean no more than the lines between different states. "Let us for a moment," he said, "forget the political theories and all the prejudices and prepossessions trailing after them, and look at the situation as a plain business problem. North of us lies a country of enormous possibilities for development, inhabited by between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 people. It has over 20,000 miles of railway, with several other great projects actually under way. It has a foreign trade of over \$500,000,000 a year. Its capital invested in manufactures is over \$400,000,000, and the value of its products is \$480,000,000. Its people have deposited in their savings banks \$82,000,000.

A NEIGHBOR WORTH KNOWING. "It has achieved this growth without outside aid, exactly as the United States has grown by its own efforts. It has fertile land, rich mines and noble forests, and by the industry and integrity of its people. And it is only at the beginning of its development."

Its unworked resources are immense. There is land enough in Canada, if thoroughly tilled, to feed every mouth in Europe. There are over 200,000 square miles in each of the two Northwest provinces, and there are 250,000 acres of timberland in the Dominion. There is a neighbor to be taken note of.

GEORGIAN BAY CANAL

"Canada has already one transcontinental railroad system. Others will soon be added. It has a system of waterways which is justly its pride. On this it has spent nearly \$100,000,000. The St. Lawrence Canal system furnishes forty-three miles of artificial channel to the river and lake. The Welland Canal completes the chain. The most ambitious project, and one in which every lake city has a stake, is the proposed canal from Lake Huron to the St. Lawrence River direct. Engineers have examined the scheme and pronounced it feasible. This ship canal would extend from Georgian Bay by way of Lake Nipissing and the Mattawa and Ottawa Rivers, reducing the distance from Georgian Bay to Montreal to 420 miles. This is nearly 300 miles less than the present route by way of Lake Erie and the St. Lawrence River."

CHICAGO'S INTEREST

"What would it mean to Chicago were such a canal constructed with a depth of twenty feet, and one which would enable you to load at your dock and sail direct for Montreal or Quebec, bringing ocean-going ships practically as near the upper lakes and the west as Buffalo is now?"

"Your packing-house products could be landed in Chicago in specially constructed ships and sent direct to any ocean port in the world. Your grain could be delivered alongside ocean ships at Montreal or Quebec for little more than it now costs to Buffalo. Can any practical mind fail to grasp the vast possibilities waiting upon harmonious action upon both sides of this boundary line which worries and taxes commerce now, but which will not forever defeat or impede it?"

"The manufacturing interests of both countries are the first to raise the alarm. It is without rational foundation. Whatever either country may think it has to guard against with respect to the old world, there is no danger here. We have as much reason to dread Canadian competition as Pennsylvania has to fear for protection against North Dakota. Canada would be as much endangered, no more, as Montana is by the competition of Ohio."

CANADA NO SUPPLIANT.

"The time when Canada would grasp the hand offering reciprocity, Mr. Hill continued, would not last forever and might even now be passing. 'Canada,' he said, 'no longer comes as a suppliant. There has been increasing irritation toward us since the average tariff on dutiable articles coming from the Dominion to the United States is 48.3 per cent, while that levied by Canada on dutiable goods coming from the United States is 24.8 per cent, causes comment and suggests reprisals.'

"The situation is not unlike that existing between Great Britain and the American colonies before the revolution, and every turn of the tariff screw by the United States merely creates exasperation and hardens a determination to achieve industrial independence, even though it be purchased at

the cost of industrial isolation. Each year has seen lately a diminution in the Canadian desire for reciprocity. It is still possibly largely because of the downfall of the Chamberlain policy in Great Britain. Had that been ratified, had England really granted to the colonies a preference in its market for their products based on reciprocal advantages, this country would have felt the double thrust in a decline of business with its greatest and its third greatest customers on two sides of the Atlantic.

"The defeat of the plan has not greatly disappointed the dependencies, but it has assured them that for the future they must seek commercial alliances elsewhere. It is, perhaps, the time when reciprocity with Canada may be considered with more favor than it ever can be again. For no man who understands industrial conditions in this country will believe that the issue raised by Chamberlain is permanently settled, or that unrest and distress there will not at some future time bring it again to the front with better prospects of success."

PULL DOWN FRONTIER CUSTOMS HOUSES.

"What is the first practical step? None in this matter, denigrating bias and self-interest, without believing that the consummation most to be wished for is the dropping of the tariff bars between the two countries. Given freedom of commercial intercourse, he averred that the line between the United States and Canada would mean no more than the lines between different states. 'Let us for a moment,' he said, 'forget the political theories and all the prejudices and prepossessions trailing after them, and look at the situation as a plain business problem. North of us lies a country of enormous possibilities for development, inhabited by between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 people. It has over 20,000 miles of railway, with several other great projects actually under way. It has a foreign trade of over \$500,000,000 a year. Its capital invested in manufactures is over \$400,000,000, and the value of its products is \$480,000,000. Its people have deposited in their savings banks \$82,000,000.

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CLASSIFIED ADS.

SITUATIONS VACANT-FEMALE

WANTED-A competent nurse. Apply to MRS. WALTER ALLEN between 11 and 12 mornings, 123 Carmarthen street.

WANTED-A cook. References required. Apply evenings. MRS. WILLIAM McLAREN ANGUS, 161 Leinster street.

WANTED-Girl for general housework in family of two. Apply to MRS. R. T. WORDEN, 198 King Street, East.

WANTED-At once for the best places, with highest wages, nurse-maids, housemaids, cooks, general girls. MISS H. A. FROST, 123 Charlotte street.

WANTED-Three maids, one assistant cook, 15 to 25 per month. Also a farmer and his wife for a manor in Maine, U. S. A. Apply MISS HANSON, care Women's Exchange, 138 Charlotte street.

WANTED-A young girl to assist in housework. Apply MRS. S. L. KERR, 174 Duke street.

WANTED-A girl for general housework, three in family. No washing or ironing. 20 Orange street.

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. J. W. DANIEL, 148 Princess street.

WANTED-A kitchen girl. Good wages. Apply at once CARVILLE HALL, 71 Waterloo street.

WANTED-Girl for general housework in family of three. Apply 219 Duke street.

WANTED-Girl for general housework in family of three. Nurse kept. No laundry work. References required. Apply 104 Carmarthen street, in evening.

WANTED-Girl for general housework, capable housemaid. Apply at once to 75 King Street, room 10.

WANTED-Chambermaid wanted at the DUFFERIN HOTEL.

WANTED-Girls to work on commutating with A. G. B. Star Office. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE & CO., 71 Gormain street.

FOUND.

FOUND-A well-bred brindle terrier, which owner has for sale. Apply to MRS. J. W. DANIEL, 148 Princess street, and paying for this advertisement.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

GEO. ATKINS, Piano and Organ tuner, 136 Gormain street. Special facilities for repairing Pianos and Organs to their original tone.

KING EDWARD

LATE AT CHURCH

"Never So Late Before" He Remarked to His Attendants.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—King Edward, who observes the strictest punctuality in all his appointments, arrived at the church late on Sunday, owing to miscalculating the time it would take to walk across Sandringham Park to the church.

His Majesty never enters until the prayers for the King have been said. When these are done he bell rings five times and the King enters. Approaching the church this morning he discovered that the bell had stopped ringing five minutes before. He said in an annoyed tone to an attendant: "Decide me, I have never been so late before."

THREE RAILROADS PAY

\$1,250,000 EXTRA WAGES

Ten per cent Additional Granted—Many Thousands of Employees Will Be Affected.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—Carry out the action taken by the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the directors of the Northern Central Railway, the West Jersey and Seashore R. R., and the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, which companies are controlled by the Pennsylvania, today authorized an increase of ten per cent in the wages of all permanent employees receiving less than \$200 a month.

On the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington railroad 3,382 men will receive the increase. The increase amounts to \$215,928 a year.

WILL RETURN TO GASPE.

BECAIROUR, Que. Nov. 13.—A political meeting was held here tonight called by Hon. Roderic G. Lacombe, Postmaster General, who has been representing County Nicolet since 1904. He called the meeting to notify his constituents that he had decided to leave the county he had represented for the past two years to return to Gaspe where he was also elected.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A two-story house, 73 Spring street, 13 rooms, large cellar, lawn and several trees in front. Bath in rear. Easy terms. Apply to W. A. STEIPER, 157 Mill street.

FOR SALE—At 71 Waterloo street. Shop Self-Opening Umbrella, \$100 up. Ordinary, 50c up.

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WANTED—Ten Carpenters wanted immediately. Also 3 or 4 laborers. Apply to A. E. HAMILTON, Brunel St., or Ungar's Laundry.

WANTED—An office boy. Apply by letter in own handwriting, naming references, to THE FROST & WOOD CO., P. O. Box 118, City.

WANTED—A good sized boy. Apply to A. GILMOUR'S, King Street.

WANTED—Several junior salesmen, three or four years experience in retail trade. Also boys to learn business. Apply at once MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON, ALLISON, Ltd.

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