W. E. WILSON,
Locator.
toria, B. C., March 26th, 1907.

TIMBER LIMIT.

give notice that within sixty date I intend to apply to the missioner of Lands and Works al license to cut and carry r from the following described ted on Saturna Island: ginning at a stake marked L. being approximately and by e northwest corner of section east 20 chains, thence south hence east 20 chains, thence ains, thence east 80 chains h 40 chains, thence west 120 nce north 20 chains, thence ains, thence north 20 chains, 40 chains, thence north 20 oint of commencement.

ginning at a post marked L. being approximately and by he northwest corner of the uarter of section ten, thence ains, thence south 80 chains, st 80 chains, thence north 80 oint of commencement.
1907.
L. S. HIGGS,
Agent for A. J. Garesche.

NOTICE.

s from date I intend to apply f Commissioner of Lands and a lease of the following de- d, as under Sec. 41 (1) (b) of the for the purpose of cutting and way timber, said land being Crown land of the peninsula een Forward Inlet, Winter nd the Lagoon on the west, east side, and the entrance to ound on the south side: Com- t a post on the shore at the erly point, entrance to Forward a copy of this notice thereon, the shore line south and east d of the Government trail at Harbor, thence following the t trail to the south end of the ence following the lines of the nted and pre-empted lands and Lagoon and Winter Harbor west and south to point of ment.
is 20th day of January, 1907.
J. L. LEESON.

OF JAMES EVANS, OF HAN DISTRICT, V. I., ER, DECEASED.

ons having claims against the who died 22nd January, 1907, e of whose will was, on the 21st ebruary, 1907, granted by the Court to the undersigned, are tified to send full particulars laims in writing, duly verified, dersigned on or before the 1st ay, 1907, after which date the d will proceed to pay the ainst the estate and distribute s, having regard only to the which they shall then have re- ce. All persons indebted to the requested to pay their debts to ing and forthwith.
e 22nd day of February, 1907.
JOHN NEWELL EVANS,
ELIAS CASTLEY,
Executors of Said Will.
. B. C.

s hereby given that, 30 days I intend to apply to the Hon- ief Commissioner of Lands and a special license to cut and y timber from the following de- nd, situated in the Coast Dis- rting from a post ¼ mile back obson's Crown Grant claim on side of North Bentinck Arm, dianis Creek, commencing from corner post, thence north 160 re or less, thence west 40 chains, uth 160 chains more or less, 40 chains more or less to post ncement, containing in all 640 e or less.
th day of February, 1907.
B. A. M'BETH,
F. Jacobson, Agent.

is hereby given that, 30 days I intend to apply to the Hon. mmissioner of Lands and Works ission to purchase the following and in Range V., Coast Dis- ated on the west side of Alwyn out four miles from the old bley telegraph cabin: Commenc- stake planted at the northwest J. Hodder's pre-emption, thence chains and 20 links to Alwyn nce along the shore of Alwyn theasterly 85 chains more or less planted on the west boundary of r's pre-emption, thence north 47 nd 33 links more or less to the commencement, containing 130 re or less.
J. A. HODDER,
A. W. Harvey, Agent.

otice that, 30 days after date, I apply to the Hon. Chief Com- of Lands and Works for a spe- se to cut and carry away timber following lands, situated in District: Commencing at a post at about 10 chains east of N. E. T. L. No. 10383 and on west line No. 8868, thence west 80 chains, orth 40 chains, thence east 40 thence north 40 chains, thence hains, thence south to the north Sarita Lake, thence following point north of initial post, thence point of commencement.
R. S. HUGHES.
Per E. J. Conner.
lberni, March 18th.

notice that, 30 days after date, I o apply to the Hon. the Chief mmer of Lands and Works, Vic- C., for special timber licenses to carry away timber from the fol- described lands, situate in Ren- strict, in the Province of British a:
mencing at a post planted at the orner of H. M. Hills' No. 5 locat- ence W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 thence E. 80 chains, thence N. 80 o point of commencement.
mencing at a post planted at W. corner of H. M. Hills' No. 5 alongside No. 7 initial post. N. 80 chains, thence W. 80 chains, S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 chains of commencement.
mencing at a post planted at the corner of No. 7, thence W. 80 thence S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 thence N. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted along- initial post of No. 9, thence N. 80 thence W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 thence E. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted at the corner of No. 9, thence W. 80 thence S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 thence N. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted along- initial post of No. 11, thence N. 80 thence W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 thence E. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted at the corner of No. 11, thence W. 80 thence S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 thence N. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted along- initial post of No. 13, thence N. s, thence W. 80 chains, thence S. s, thence E. 80 chains to point of cement.
mencing at a post planted at the corner of No. 13, thence N. 80 thence W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 thence E. 80 chains to point of cement.
mmencing at a post planted at the corner of No. 11, thence W. 80 thence S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 thence N. 80 chains to point of cement.
mmencing at a post planted at the orner of No. 9, thence W. 80 chains, S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 chains, N. 80 chains to point of commence-

mmencing at a post planted at the orner of No. 7, thence W. 80 chains, S. 80 chains, thence E. 80 chains, N. 80 chains to point of commence-

mmencing at a post planted at the orner of No. 3, thence N. 80 chains. W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 chains, E. 80 chains to point of commence-

mmencing at a post planted at the orner of No. 8, thence N. 80 chains, W. 80 chains, thence S. 80 chains, E. 80 chains to point of commence-

Victoria, B. C., 28th March, 1907.
H. M. HILLIS.
Per A. Deakin.

$1.00 Per year, strictly in advance, to any a in Canada, United States or Great B

To all Other Countries, (postage prepaid) payable invariably in advance, per year $2.00

The Victoria Times.

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ARTFUL MOVE OF PREMIER M'BRIDE

Announcement Foreshadows Attempt to Claim Merit for Establishment of Smelter Decided Upon Months Ago.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Premier McBride has a reputation for being t tricky politician. Before leaving for London, he made an announcement in the legislature last evening which entitles him to first rank among that class of public men. This was on the subject of iron ores.

There is every prospect that a smelter will be built on Vancouver Island. This announcement, it will be remembered, was made in the Times some months ago, on the authority of the prime mover in the project, J. A. Moore, of Seattle, who stated that he had in view the erection of a smelter somewhere on Vancouver Island which would convert the ore which he controls into pig iron. Mr. Moore at that time informed the Times that with the rapid development of Canada in the way of railways, etc., there would soon be a market for a vast quantity of iron. The enterprise would therefore be a profitable one. He was then in negotiations with the Ottawa government relative to bounties and was willing to accept even smaller ones than had formerly been paid. Mr. Moore had every hope of being able to proceed with the work and has apparently decided to carry out the scheme.

He was in the city a few days ago and saw members of the government in company with one who is very close to the premier. Immediately afterwards W. H. Hayward advocated in the legislature that it would be a good thing for the government to take a stand in connection with the Iron ores of Vancouver Island which were controlled by residents of the U. S. similar to what had been done in the matter of timber, and put a stop to any chance of the ores being sent to the United States to be treated and ensure the smelting of it in the province.

Then the House knew that something was coming from the government, and that Mr. Hayward was but preparing the way. Last evening the announcement came from the premier just before he bid adieu to the House for the session. The premier is to build the smelter. At least he is to take the honor for it, although the smelter has been practically agreed upon by Mr. Moore.

Without a smile on his face the premeir solemnly made the announcement in the legislature that the information had come to the government that very extensive deposits of iron ore had been acquired by residents of countries outside of British Columbia and that these persons had in view the erection of large smelting works in a foreign country for the handling of these ores. The government had decided that if it were necessary next session there would be legislation introduced by which the royalty on the iron ore mined in the province would be largely increased with a provision that if mined in B. C., the royalty would be largely remitted. This was done, the premier said, to give the parties fair warning.

This all sounded very fair and it is questionable whether if the premier introduces the legislation foreshadowed, there will be any opposition to it. But the premier is seeking by this annuncement honor which does not belong to him. He makes the announcement one year before the legislation is to be introduced not to give the persons interested warning, for he could have done that the other day when he saw Mr. Moore personally. He gave the early warning in order that he might get credit for something he was assured was going to take place and with which he had nothing to do before the opportunity to secure the honor for it passed.

The definite announcement of Mr. Moore that he is going ahead with the scheme may be expected at any time.

With the statement of the premier on record the credit for having established the smelter on this side of the line will be taken by the government. Had the natural order of events been followed, no honor could go to the government and the smelter would just as assuredly be established.

There can be no doubt that Mr. Moore will be willing to give to the premier the honor of establishing the smelter for political reasons, for in return he will, by the legislation promised, be given a decided advantage over any rivals who may seek to build in the United States and take ore from Vancouver Island. Mr. Moore, while he controls a large area of iron deposits, does not by any means control all that there is on Vancouver Island.

In proximity to the claims of bog iron he has at Quatsino, there has been located recently other vast deposits of a similar character which are in the hands of the prospectors.

The royalty, or more strictly the tax on the iron ore mined, may be placed high enough that any purchasers of these deposits may find it impossible to ship to the U. S. for smelting purposes and successfully compete with the works of Mr. Moore located on Vancouver Island.

The promise that a smelter for iron is to be built on Vancouver Island is indeed satisfactory to residents of this city. It is to be hoped that the works may be located somewhere near Victoria.

It would be reasonable to expect that those interested in the undertaking would make a move like this so that the best shipping facilities could be afforded, while at the same time the proximity of this city to the raw materials used in the works, iron ores and coal, would make Victoria the natural place for it.

STEAMER WENT ASHORE IN FOG

PASSENGERS REMAIN ABOARD THE VESSEL

Another Mishap to One of the Great Eastern Railway Company's Fleet.

(Associated Press).

London, April 11.—The Great Eastern Railway Company's steamer Brussels went ashore in a dense fog off Harwich at 11 o'clock last night while outward bound for Antwerp. She remained fast all night long with about sixty passengers on board, but was not considered to be in any danger as she was resting on a soft bottom.

It is expected that the vessel will be hauled off at high water to-day.

This is the third of the company's steamers to be in trouble recently, including the Berlin, which was wrecked off the Hook of Holland on February 21st with the loss of over 100 lives.

Destroyers Collide.

Dover, Eng., April 11.—The British torpedo boat destroyers Colne and Falcon put in here to-day having been badly damaged in a collision off this port.

BANISHED TO SIBERIA.

Three Hundred Russian Political Prisoners Leave the Capital

(Associated Press).

St. Petersburg, April 11.—A train bearing 300 political prisoners left here yesterday for Siberia.

This is the largest consignment of political exiles sent to the Far East for several years past and is the result of efforts to clear the prisons in view of the expected raising of the martial law.

RAISULI'S WIVES IN JAIL.

Were Captured After Being Abandoned by the Bandit Leader.

(Associated Press).

Tangier, Morocco, April 11.—Kaid Mehalla, acting for the minister of war, has captured five negresses, wives of Raisuli. The women were abandoned by the bandit leader. They have been brought into Tangier and imprisoned.

CASE INTERESTING TO REALTY AGENTS

Judgment Given in Favor of Dealer Who Sued for His Commission.

Judgment in the case of Featherston vs. Peden was handed down this morning in the County court by Judge Lampman in favor of the plaintiff. In November last the defendant listed his property with the defendant for sale at a gross price of $2,000. The latter gave it to one, Mrs. MacNaugton, who tried to make a sale to Dr. Ernest Hall. She, however, made a mistake in the price and the deal fell through. A young practitioner who was with Dr. Hall at the time, Dr. McMillan by name, then went to the plaintiff and made inquiry as to the property, and sold it to one Burnett, with Dr. Ernest Hall financing the deal. Featherston claimed that the sale was made through his instrumentality, inasmuch as it was through him that Dr. McMillan became aware of the property being for sale. The judge said that agency was clearly established, and that the defendant had only himself to blame for having to pay two commissions. He therefore gave judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of $100 commission and costs.

MET TRAGIC DEATH IN AN EXPLOSION

Son of Roland Machin of This City Perished in Disaster on Southern Pacific.

Oliver Rush Machin, son of Roland Machin of this city, was killed in a wreck on the Southern Pacific on Tuesday evening last, as announced in a brief dispatch to the Times, which appeared last evening. A telegram notifying him of the accident was received by Mr. Machin yesterday.

As engineer on the Southern Pacific, the late Mr. Machin belonged to the special corps who were reserved for the worst run on that road whose curves and grades are known all the world over. It was his mission to take his train from Bakersfield to Mohavi around the terrible Tehacipi grade. Though only 28 years of age, Mr. Machin had been in the employ of the railway for over ten years, and was one of the road's most trusted engineers. On Tuesday evening as the heavy freight to which his egine was attached was proceeding up the grade, the boiler exploded and Mr. Machin was instantly killed as well as his fireman.

What renders the affair additionally tragic arises from the fact that Mr. Machin was to have been married this summer. He had not visited his father for ten years, as he found it impossible to get away from his duties. He had only recently had himself transferred to the freight service as the passenger service upon this grade occupied so much of his time that he found it impossible to obtain a holiday.

The first intimation that Mr. Roland Machin received of the calamity was from a son-in-law, Dr. Loomis of Los Angeles, who wired briefly informing him of the affair.

Much sympathy is expressed for the bereaved parents, who were looking forward to a visit from the young man this coming summer.

THE GRAND TRUNK.

Retiring Members of the Board of Directors Have Been Re-Elected.

(Associated Press).

London, April 11.—The shareholders of the Grand Trunk railroad of Canada at the semi-annual meeting to-day unanimously adopted the report of the board of directors and re-elected the retiring members of the board.

SHOT HER HUSBAND.

Engineer Killed by Wife While He Was Using the Telephone.

Salt Lake, April 11.—W. T. Hooley, a mechanical engineer employed by the United States Mining Company at Bingham, was shot and killed by his wife at their home in Waterloo, a suburb of Salt Lake. Mrs. Hooley fired two shots at him as he was using the telephone, one taking effect in the neck and the other in the heart causing instant death. Mrs. Hooley had been under treatment for melancholia several years ago at a sanitarium. Lately she had shown symptoms of a return of the malady. The county attorney is taking steps to secure a commission to inquire into her sanity.

PORTLAND SOCIETY WOMAN'S SUICIDE

Jumped From Bridge and Was Instantly Killed--Domestic Trouble the Cause.

(Special to the Times).

Portland, Ore., April 11.—Mrs. Ignatz Lowengat, wife of a prominent wholesale millionaire and a well-known Portland society woman, being particularly conspicuous in leading Jewish circles, jumped from Ford Street bridge as the sun rose above Mount Hood this morning. She fell over one hundred feet and was killed.

Domestic trouble is believed to have been responsible for the woman's act. The exact facts are not known, as prominent Jews are making every effort to suppress the details.

THAW'S FATE STILL IN THE BALANCE

JURY HAVE NOT YET RETURNED VERDICT

Not Likely To Be Discharged Until All Hope of Reaching Decision Vanishes.

(Associated Press).

New York, April 11.—After what is believed to have been a fruitless night of discussion and balloting, the jury in the case of Harry K. Thaw was liberated from its conference room at 7 o'clock and taken out to breakfast. The night had been a hard one for many of the jurors and the strain of the long trial and the longer hours of deliberation upon a verdict painfully showed on their pale faces and reddened eyes. A jury locked up to consider a case is given no comforts. The Thaw jury have been a cheerful body of men, but to-day their countenances wore the serious look of men at issue with one another. There was nothing to denote that they had reached any sort of conclusion. Justice Fitzgerald's charge of yesterday gave the jury the choice of four verdicts and it was said this morning that the disagreement of the jury may have had to do with the degree of their verdict as much as with the broader question of guilt or innocence.

If the jury should come into court to-day and report their disagreement, there is little doubt that Justice Fitzgerald will send the twelve men back to continue their deliberations.

The trial which began January 23rd, has cost New York county many thousands of dollars, has blocked the criminal calendar more than at any time for many years and has kept the jurors away from their business interests for an interval which in several cases has meant a serious financial loss to them. All these things being taken into consideration, will, it is believed, induce Justice Fitzgerald to hold the jury at its task until all hope of a verdict is gone. In the event of a mistrial, Thaw would have to be remanded to the Tombs to await a second trial.

When the newspaper men called at the Tombs this morning the guards said Thaw was packing up his effects ready to leave the prison at a moment's notice should the hoped-for acquittal become a fact.

Jury Ask For Ehibits.

New York, April 11.—Members of Thaw's family began to arrive at the court room shortly after 10 o'clock. The judge arrived a few minutes later. He was told that no word had come from the jury room. At 10.30 a. m. the newspaper men were admitted to the court room, but the public was excluded.

Attorney Jerome and the lawyers for the defence were summoned, and the judge took the bench and the jury was called. A minute later an officer was sent to the Tombs to bring Thaw to the court room.

The jury asked the judge to give them six exhibits in the case, including the plan of the roof garden. The jury asked that the testimony of Cohen, one of the eye witnesses, be read to them, and Justice Fitzgerald ordered that this be done. The following exhibits were called for: The plan of the Madison Square Garden, the letters from Thaw to Attorney Longfellow, the Thaw will and codicil, the Comstock letter, Delmas' hypothetical question, Jerome's questions.

Thaw to-day sent this note to the newspaper men: "I am told that it is impossible to tell what the jury will do, so I am attending to my ordinary affairs and preparing for the best, as it is simpler to unpack my things, if necessary, than it would be to return here for them if the verdict is favorable."

Meyer Cohen is the witness whom Mr. Delmas quoted as having testified that Thaw threw his arms out in the figure of a cross after killing White. The jury also asked that the testimony of Harry S. Blaze, another witness of the tragedy, be read to them, and this was ordered done.

As to the exhibits Foreman Smith said the jury demanded the originals of Thaw's letter, will and codiciles as well as the typewritten copy. All were furnished.

The testimony of Paul Byrudr, the fireman, who took the revolver from Thaw immediately after the killing, was read to the jury.

THE PURE FOOD BILL.

(Special to the Times).

Ottawa, April 11.—On Hon. W. Templeman's bill to amend the Adulteration Act yesterday some of the opposition members thought the act too stringent. R. G. Macpherson pointed out that the bill was a fair one. Nothing but pure food should be sold. The purchaser should know what he was biying. If a man wanted to buy cream of tartar he should get it, not an adulterated article.

Geo. Sallaway, son of Principal F. Sallaway, who underwent an operation on Saturday in St. Joseph's hospital for a poisoned hand, is reported to be progressing favorably.

LORD CROMER RESIGNS.

Ill-Health Compels Him to Give Up Post as British Agent in Egypt.

(Associated Press).

London, April 11.—Foreign Secretary Grey announced in the House of Commons to-day that Lord Cromer, the British agent and consul-general in Egypt, has resigned his post for reasons of ill-health, and Sir Eldon Gorst has been appointed to succeed him.

SOCIALISTS PROTEST.

Against Attitude of French Government Regarding Unions Among State Employees.

Paris, April 11.—The national council of the Socialist party has issued a spirited address to the workmen of France protesting against the attitude of the government in the matter of unions among employees of the state. It tells them that they must clearly organize and thus make the ministers and deputies tremble before the indignation of all toilers.

WELLMAN HOPES TO FIND NORTH POLE

Expects to Be Able to Start From Spitzbergen Before Middle of August.

(Associated Press).

New York, April 11.—Walter Wellman bade his friends in America farewell this morning and said when he greets them again he hopes they will hail him as discoverer of the North Pole. He expects to leave for Tromsoe, Norway, about June 1st, and before the middle of the month to be at his winter quarters in Spitzenbergen. It will not be possible, however, to begin his trials of his air-ship before the second week in July, and it is likely to be the last of July or early in August before a start can be made.

NOT CONFIRMED.

Dominion Government Has No Information Regarding Reported Anglo-American Treaty.

(Special to the Times).

Ottawa, April 11.—In the House yesterday Hon. W. S. Fielding said the government had no advice of any Anglo-American treaty. He said it was safe to assume that the newspaper report of the character mentioned was not reliable.

DISCUSS QUESTION OF MORAL REFORM

Felt That Some Action Should Be Inaugurated By Citizens of Victoria.

Recent developments in the city which have been aired in the police court have stirred the better portion of the city to the core. At the recent meeting of the Ministerial Association it was a subject of much comment. On Monday evening at the Y. M. C. A. banquet, Mr. Lugrin made reference to it and the kindred evil of the homelessness of young men in the city. Again on Monday afternoon it was discussed by the Women's Council at their meeting, and a meeting was held this afternoon at Mrs. Spencer's, 288 Yates street, to discuss the problem.

Speaking of the present phase of affairs, Rev. Gibson, a man of much experience in the reclamation of the fallen, states that the actual condition of affairs is much worse than people realize, and, said he, the sad part of it is that it is not the gray beards who are being corrupted, but those who are to be the future stay of the city.

Many are of the opinion that things cannot be remedied by legislation. As in an ancient nation the only way by which to make them good is by a moral regeneration. There is nevertheless a general feeling that something must be done. Whether it can be done wholly through the Y. M. C. A., through the aid of the Citizens' League or through the instrumentality of the Women's Council, or by means of all three—is a matter for future decision.

Meantime it is understood that Ald. Gleason will, as chairman of the health and morals committee, make some recomendation to his colleagues regarding the remedial measures.

"If something is not done," said a prominent citizen, "the future expansion of the city will mean nothing but moral disintegration. It is the experience of all cities that as they grow, those evils which shun the light of day, become more and more rampant."

"What," said a man well-known in the saloon business, "are the Christian people doing. They go after us, and we are not one-half as bad as others whose evil doing they wink at."

Parliamentary electors for the United Kingdom number, according to a return made recently, 7,446,632 this year, against 7,264,608 in 1906.

IMMIGRANTS KILLED IN RAILWAY WRECK

Fifteen Persons Reported to Have Lost Their Lives---Victims Included Several Women and Children.

(Special to the Times).

Chapleau, Ont., April 11.—A disastrous wreck occurred twenty-two miles west of this place at noon to-day.

Fifteen lives are reported to have been lost in the disaster, which was caused by a broken rail.

The special immigrant train which conveyed the settlers who arrived by the Dominion steamship Kensington in Montreal, and which left Montreal Tuesday morning, was proceeding westward when five cars were hurled from the tracks down the embankment, which at this place is very steep.

Of the dead a number were women and children.

Nearly one hundred were injured, the disaster occurring while the passengers were at dinner.

Wrecking trains were immediately dispatched from this place, which is a divisional point, and doctors and nurses from North Bay, Bartier and Fort William were rushed to the scene.

When the cars had crashed to the bottom of the embankment, they took fire from the stoves, which are placed in the immigrant coaches, and upon which the passengers do their cooking. So fierce were the flames that the rescuers found it almost impossible to approach the burning debris beneath which the victims were pinned.

FAVOR INCREASE FOR TEACHERS

MATTER LAID OVER UNTIL SATURDAY

Delegation Made Stirring Appeal for a Living Wage--To Consider Matter.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The regular session of the school board was last night, considerably lengthened by the presence of a deputation from the local Teachers' Institute, consisting of Messrs. L. Tate, G. Dean, W. Winsby, J. P. Campbell and Miss L. Lawson. Fear lest one of their number should fail to make all possible and impossible points in their favor, compelled them all to speak, and so each said his little say. By the time they had finished it was a bored-looking lot of officials who sat at the table. They were, however, so convinced, at least of the desirability of drawing the scene to a close, that all breathed a sigh of relief when Chairman Jay, on behalf of the board, arose and promised "the deepest consideration to the plea put forward."

Even then the deputation persisted in thrusting the matter still further into the foreground. Mr. Winsby wanted "it put up to the council" if the trustees couldn't grant them an increase. Mr. Tate pled for his beloved colleagues in the profession, and Miss Lawson was not silent.

It will be remembered that the question was first mooted after the Vancouver teachers had received an increase in salary. A meeting of the teachers of the city was called and thereafter a petition was presented to the board. This received a cool reception. Some of the trustees were indignant at the bare thought of the teachers asking for increased pay.

The teachers, however, were persistent. They raked the Dominion from Cape Breton to Point Scott in an effort to gather information to support their contention. They called another meeting of the City Teachers' Institute, and passed resolutions deprecating the hasty action of the board. Last night they returned again to the "charge," and if they didn't carry the trustees by storm they at least metaphorically carried them off their feet for an hour and a half. In fact Mr. Jay was obliged to support himself by resting his hands on the table when he arose to reply.

Mr. Tate, on behalf of those present, stated that they were there as a deputation from the Teachers' Institute of the city to request that salaries be placed on a footing commensurate with the cost of living. They were asking for simple justice, not favor. He referred to the lowering of salaries 12 years ago. They had then been promised an increase as soon as circumstances warranted it. That time had now come. He pointed out that public sentiment favored an increase; that the by-law for Victoria West school had now passed, and, if as previously hinted, this was a stumbling block in the way of a salary increase, it was now removed. He referred to the action of the Vancouver School Board and the provincial governments in raising the salaries of teachers under their control. He referred to two cases in which teachers had been long on the staff, but were to-day receiving less than 12 years ago. With self-abnegation he announced that he did not ask for himself, but for others in the profession.

He was followed by W. W. Winsby, who had a "grievance which he felt capable of stating," even if he was not an orator. Mr. Winsby confined himself largely to the statistics of the case. He pointed out that unskilled labor received from $2.25 to $2.75 per day, while the skilled laborers' wage ran from $3.50 to $5 per day and upwards, according to occupation. In school teaching experience must be added to training, and it was only fair that salaries should be increased.

To Miss Lawson was delegated the delicate task of appealing to the board's aesthetic side, and she did it with characteristic feminine skill. She drew a picture of the sad fate of the teacher who by reason of the lack of material things was cut off from the ennobling influence of art, literature, music and technical schools. She was thankful they still had the sky and sea and air. These could not be taken from them. In conclusion she made it very plain that the teachers wanted more cold cash.

Mr. Dean, in an able address, pointed out that none of the teachers owned the house in which they dwelt. He called attention to an editorial in the Toronto Globe in favor of increased pay for the teaching profession.

Mr. Campbell briefly outlined the teachers' needs, and then Chairman Jay, on behalf of the board, assured them of sympathetic consideration.

He pointed out, however, that the estimates were now passed, and it might be a difficult matter to get the increase asked for.

Mr. Tate thereupon wanted "supplementary" estimates submitted to the council, as was done in Vancouver. Mr. Jay intimated that the trustee board might be left in the lurch. They would see what could be done.

Mr. Winsby wanted it put up to the council, and hinted that then the teachers would go after them. In conclusion they thanked the board for its courteous hearing.

It was suggested by Mr. Jay that the teachers should submit to the board a regular scale on which increases should be based. The deputation declined to do this. They did not care to usurp the functions of the board.

After their departure, Trustee Riddle suggested a committee of three from the trustees and three from the teachers to arrange a scale of increase.

This did not meet with approval, and on motion of Trustee Huggett, seconded by Mrs. Jenkins, it was decided to increase teachers' salaries by 10 per cent all round on August 1st.

Trustee Lewis at first dissented from the scheme, and with thunderous eloquence proclaimed that the teachers got as much as they were worth. But in the end he too assented to the resolution, which carried.

Then the trustees decided they had been too precipitate, and the matter was left over until Saturday at 2 p.m.

THE BASEBALL SEASON.

(Associated Press).

New York, April 11.—Baseball with a winter setting will characterize the opening game of the National League season at the Polo grounds to-day. Despite the warm sunshine the grounds were wet and slippery. The Brooklyn-Boston game was postponed on account of cold weather. In the west St. Louis will play at Chicago and Pittsburg at Cincinnati.

In the American League New York plays at Washington, Boston at Philadephia, Chicago at St. Louis and Cleveland at Detroit.

BEQUEST TO M'GILL.

Mrs. Grace Redpath Leaves One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars to University.

(Associated Press).

London, April 11.—Mrs. Grace Redpath, of Montreal, who died here recently, left $150,000 to McGill University, Montreal.