by the sliminess or sudsing of the whey. The quantity of butter which passes off unseen in the American system is certainly more than contained in the small quantity of white whey which comes from the

cheese when pressing, in the Cheddar system,

During the past season, notwithstanding the general complaint that the milk did not yield well, and the fact that over half of the cheese made at Smith Creek Factory was from tainted milk, we used only $9\frac{9}{16}$ pounds of milk for one pound of cured cheese. And the reason why the Cheddar cheese will appear more rich and buttery, with the same solidity, is that when the whey is drawn from the curd before the acid is detected, the action of the sour milk spores is retarded, and the rennet, at work in the mass of warm curd, is allowed full play. And as the rennet cures the cheese, it will therefore cure sooner, and, curing sooner, will be rich and more buttery at the same

I might state other advantages which are claimed for the Cheddar process, but I have already consumed too much of your time, and

exhausted your patience, if not the subject,

wise (C) Bosin

om tainted milk ne nutty aroma, l at all. But I curds, in several close, rich, and ot one expert in nore milk when ot. One reason cases; and, of Creek Factory, pound of cheese

s the same with

f the whey from ain on the curd

ats or not. The

If the curd is the vat, it will

e action of yeast,

exact degree of

most important,

whole manage.

he curd and the

and, in a great e developed just

notwithstanding eese. After the

n, and the curd nen not tainted).

possible, before

nding curds. I st place, I think ; in the second ker so much, or d place, I think oser, and at the cure faster. It whey is drawn n the American to sixty minutes cheese, and you n anv substance longer the curd whey becomes, nd, in fact, some

ip into the sink