
#### Abstract

ST0CK. Transfor of-Power of Attorney to. -See Company, 4.


## TRADE UNION

1. Espionage by-Interference With Business - Inducing Breach of Contract-Injunction - Pleading-Damages. ] -The defendants were a local branch of a trade union, the members thereof, and the president of the whole trade union, who, by means of threats, abusive langnage, intimidation, and a system of espionage, had induced employees of the plaintiffs to break their contracts of employment with them, prevented the plaintiffs from obtaining new men in their places, and had serionsly interfered with the sale of the plaintiffe's goods:-
Held, that the plaintiffs were entitled to an injunction restraining the defendants from unlawfully besetting the plaintiffs' factory, and from all wrongful obstruction of, or interference with the plaintiffs in their business.

Held, further, that the defendants (including the president of the union, though a foreigner), were liable to the plaintiffs in damages for the loss incurred by the plaintiffs in their business due to the defendants' unlawful acts.

Held, also, that the defendants having, without objection, appeared and pleaded in an apparently corporate capacity, could not at the trial raise the objection that they were not a corporate body, and that therefore they could not be sued as such. Before the corporate capacity of a party, suing or being sued in swh capacity, can be questioned. the fact of incorporation must the expressly denied.

Krug Furniture Co, v, Berlin Union of Wooduortiers, 425.
2. Parties-Representation of Clusses-Rule 200-Members of Inincorporated Voluntary Asso-ciation-Trades Unions-Local Organization-Members of Excontive Committee - Ordinary Members Specially InterestedGeneral Foderation-Representation by President. 1- Where a number of persons are bound together by a set of rules by which they are in the habit of considering themselves bound, annually elect an executive committee to act on behalf of the whole body of members; pay regular contributions to a treasurer for carrying out the purposes of the collective body, hold meetings at which the majority of votes cast by the members present determines the action of the executive committee on behalf of the whole body; the executive committee or a majority of it (if all cannot be ascertained) may be joined

