muscles and fibrous tissue were stitched with catgut. The wound was filled with gauze and allowed to granulate. The leg was extended and 15 lb. weight applied; extension was kept up for four months. Passive motion was begun in second week. The patient was able to walk on August 1st, the movement is perfect, and the shortening only $\frac{1}{3}$ inch. He attributes the good results to the formation of new bone by the periosteum.

CASE II. Female. age 17, tubercular diathesis; advanced symptoms of hip joint disease. Saw case October, 1902. Extension and systemic treatment failed. Incision, as in case I. Disease involved great trochanter, head, neck, and shaft. The capsule was opened, the head removed and the periosteum preserved as in case I. The treatment and result similar to case I. Photographs and skiographs were exhibited.

The principal points to emphasize are: (1) Thoroughly clean away diseased bone; (2) preserve periosteum and stitch it to margin of acetabulum; (3) stitch muscles and fibrous tissue over periosteum; (4) weight and extension for four months; (5) let wound granulate; (6) let patient sit up in bed in two weeks but not walk for six months.

Dr. James Newell, H. A. Ferguson, Chicago, discussed the paper.

General Evening Session. PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

Dr. W. H. Moorhouse, London, delivered his presidential address. See September issue of THE CANADA LANCET.

EYESTRAIN AND THE LITERARY LIFE.

Geo. M. Gould, Philadelphia, read his paper on the above subject. See page 124.

THE OPEN AIR TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Dr. J. H. Elliott, Gravenhurst, delivered a very interesting lantern lecture on the open air treatment of tuberculosis. He described sanatoria in several different countries, and more particularly the one at Gravenhurst.

MUNICIPAL SANITARIA FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

A paper was read on "Municipal Sanatoria for Consumptives" by E. J. Barrick, Toronto.

Wednesday, 26th August.

Surgical Section.

The public operating theatre at the Victoria Hospital, was crowded by over one hundred physicians. Dr. A. H. Ferguson, of Chicago, first removed a cystic adenoma of thyroid gland in a woman, age 46. He