## Hymn of Union.

The follonamg the han wav whtecu for tho Mandas Centio Muthenchas sabinth shoul Ahtavasing, loju) La

## Ethanaliciod ' thee we mhure,

 hy name ne 41 passe frums shute tu shore. Hihm-ihy church, I Lord, this bour on enery heart that hews Thy name Kunde the , pret's lang thaneFrom roch - bound Scotia's storms strand, l" white Pdetit + wase evphat 13) suthatithers tlux lug fiet;
 And stug the ghery of the tha.

O Inad! this heratuge dwate. We datha as pumbsed land of thate Gind evervtonler with Hhy mohte. Gutwhal his path with heatobls hight, Inspire each hart, eternal land, With the rich glories of Thy wonl.

Iltudreds of temples then shall tiec, Amilloving hearta bring sacritice Immortal hope-viss? hosts mepres Whate all shall thrall with lose's desure, Atal joy's pure, living fountitus hon Withinthy blorous Church below.

The Stantic's wavee slall (lap their hatals, The liflows roar on western strands The winds neross the prarie sea Swell with triumphant songs to Thee. Whice vale, and hill, and roch bound co

## OUR PERIODICALS.



Rov. W. H. WITHROW, D.O. - Editor.

TORONTO, FEBRUARY 2, 1884.

## The Toronto Railway Dieaster.

Tuere is deep grief-in many homes in the city on account of the terible railwuy accident that occurred on the Grand Trunk. It has been sad ushering in of the new year. :Attle did- the unfortunato fellows who lost their lives think that their end was so near. They started-off to work with happy hearts to begin the new- yoar, and of those on-board the tram ninetoen were-killed and as many wero wounded. The scenes at the aecident are described as-boing of the most terrible character. It is panful oven to-think of fellow beangs, in the-full onjoyment of life and liealti, beng driven to death in this terrible manner. Thoy went out with their diener pails in the carly morning, before-the-great muss of tho merchunts and tradespeople were matir, and before they reached the place of their labours, tho
ond to-many of them had come. What atrunsformation in a fow-shoit hours ' What a solemin-admomtion to be also seady, for there is but a stop betwix. us and-death !

## January 2, 1884.

(ivobast to the wate and chidren-a biss to the labyy last,
As moto the what grey mormang the l.askand and father ghassed--
For the hohday is over, and the wothhay is semitusetut
 twal is dune

- but the earthly twil has over, altho gh he hreen it not.
And a trantuat far, far cuantry, unwattingly he soteght,
White aboie the ticry chariut the pitsing
angels wat angels wat-
 gate!
A- ohout, a slock, a crasli :-ond over the pure, white snow
Is scatiered a mass of ruin,-with-lunun formas leclun, -
Am, ult: fon the whes at bome, and the chiliren that no more
shall welcone home the father when the
daily toil is orer! daily toil is o'er:
Oh, earth, thou art full of sorrow : Oh, life, thou art dark and sash, -
save for the light from Heaven that has come to make us glad
With the hope of the hife immortal that
holds the key of this, holds the key of this,
the Juy of the comme ti
So the jug wi the commg mecting may thrill
-through love's parting hiss! -through love's parting hiss!
And perchance the angels heard the songs of the other shore
Blend with the mortal nusic of the goodbyo at the door.
Geodbye to the wife and children-a kiss oo the baby last.
As inte the sprit world through tho cold grey murn he passed.
-Fidelis, in The Heed.


## A. Melancholy Funeral.

Not-minco the burial of the volunteers who fell at Ridgeway has there been such a funeral in Toronto as when elghteen of the victims of the railway accident were buried -in one day. Floating from the cupola cf St . Lawrence market and other buildings in the-neignbourhood were- lagg, all-at half-mast, with not a breath of wind to unfuri their folds. Twenty thousand human_beloge were crowded together on Front, Esplanade, and East and West Market-atreets. Merecame an Orange bund with drums muflled and their- banner decked with the aombre emblens of mourning. Close in-rear followed some Roman Catholic organization, their emerald grecn- sashes fringed with craje. How true-it is that-dcath-breaks-down-all barriers and-lovels all difforences. Hero for once, orange ani -green met-beneath the brad banner folds of one common brotherhood-that of man-to pay the last tribute of respect to a brother. A stranger passing through the immense crowd could easily seo it was no holiday turnout for pleasure or sport- Men with solemn faces spoke-in-low tones of the terrible disester that has thrown a pall over the glad New Your, and of the destitute condition in which the families of many of the victims have been left. A firing party from the Gronadiers, with arms reversed, pasced with slow and meusured step through the crowd. Their tall bearskins towored above the heads of the dense throng as-they moved along, followed a fow paces in rear by the gun carriage bearing all that was mortal of their late comrade. Cold and brilliant tho sunlight streamed on the bright trappings of their artillery horses and
their drivers, a atriking contrast with tho black pull which hung in sombre =folus over the ironmouthed canmon and swopt the pavement oneach side of the carriage. Then on the- unwouted stillness rose tho grand awe-in-
spiting strains of "The DeadMarch in Saul." lyeads were bared -und lowed as thegun carriago passed, while minuto bells pealed from every tower in the city. Slowly the procession duranced, then with slow and measured stride, playing that tune forever wedded to Mrs. Adams' beautiful hymn, "Nearer, my God, to 'Thee," came the Grenadiers' band. At every step-their playing seemed to meet with a response in the hearts of the people, and although the words were not there, still it seemed as if the instruments fairly spoke out--

Then let the way appear Steps up to heaven, -All that Thou sendest ine In mercy given;
Angels to beckon ine
Nearer my God, to The
Nearer, my God, to Thee, Nearer to Thee.
A chord was atruck that vibrated through-all heartn; women sobbed aloud, while men reverently bared their heads and brushed the tears from the corners of their eyes as the mournful cortege passed by.

## Minsion to tho Jown, New Xork.

We take the siberty-to quote from a letter from the Rev. Jucob Freahman, New York, the following intercesting facts about this mission :-
"The Iord is-leading us wonderfilly ; -without -salary, without-anything substantial to depend upon, we have now lived through nearly two years, and our work is extending on all-hands. Not only ourselves, but three missionary asaistants have to be sustained; and, to the glory of God, let me-say, that I have been able-to hand them sufficient to live every week. Our trust is in the living God. We have opened a-second hall for services every Saturday. The place is crowded-with-Jews. We have-commenced also a second_Sunday-school, with 50 Hebrew children."

Jerome, -writing of the children of Christians, bays:-"Lot the child-bo accustomed, early in the morning, to offer prayer und praise to God; and at evening again, when tho day is past and gone, let him end his labour by binging his evening offering to tho Lord." This beantiful exhortation kears primarily and chielly on parents-working within the fumily circle-" that fairy ring of bliss"-but tho-Sunday temcher, in talking to his pupils on points of Chriatian duty, can assiat their parents by impreming upon the children the idea that the proper way to greet the morning light and to clone the evening hour in to do both with praise, thanks. giving, and prayer.-S. S. Journal.


Ploughing in the East.
Is Egypt and Syria, barley is merely thrown on the Burface, and then pressed into the ground by-means of a log of wood, which is dragged over it. For wheat, amall furrows have to be made, either with a broad; heury hoe or a plough.

The ploughs arg-of the same-make now as they were probably 3000 years or-more ago, being entirely of wood, and still drawn by oxen. Wheat is nover nown on wet land, and it does nos require much irrigation. The man who drives the plough has in his hand a goad, something-like an -English farmer's spud; having a joint-at one end, and a kind of hoe at the other. With the point he goads on the oxen, and with the spud cleans the plough. This- explains the pasamges -about " kicking aguinst the pricks," " having put his hand to the plough."

A NEW feature has been -introduced into the Wednesday evening bervice at the Metropolitan Church, Toronto, in the shape of a "question draver." A number of papers containing queries on topica bearing upon Christian lifo aro thang promiscuounly together into a receptacle, and are then answered by tho pastor. This-interesting feature promises to bo very attractive, and induces-a-large attendance on Wednesday evenings.

There-is nothing that strikes-a stranger-moro forcibly, if be visits Sweden at the time of the year when the daya are the longest, than the ab-sence-of night. Thero is mountain at the head- of-the Gulf of Bothnia, whore on the 21st of June, the sun does not go down at all. It only occurs one night. The sun goes down to the horizon, ycu can-see the whole face of it, and in five minutes it begins torise again.

Like most garments, like most car: pow, overything in lifo has a right side and a wrong side. You can take any poy, and by turning it around,- find troubles on the other side ; or, you may take the grentest trouble, and by turning it around; find joy on the other side. The gloomicst mountain nover casts a shadow on both nides at once, neither does the greatest of life's calamities.

