

RATES OF ADVERTISING
—IN—
Tri-Weekly Star.

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
A Column.	One Year.	\$100
Half do.	"	50
Quarter do.	"	25
4 Inches.	"	12
A Card.	"	6

Of the above spaces, half the amount set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Single insertion not more than one inch, 50 cents; Subsequent insertions (each) for same space 25 cents.

Advertisements will be charged for the time of insertion if not ordered to be suspended in writing.

Advertising rates (outside the transient advertisements) payable every three months. Solid advertisements, ten cents a line. Orders for the discontinuation of advertising contracts, after the time agreed upon, must be given in writing; else all continued "ads" will be charged at the regular rates.

WEEKLY STAR.

The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly. Special arrangements, may be made with the Editor or Publisher, at the office Sterling's Building, (up stairs), Corner Queen and Regent Streets.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers promptly and regularly will please send in word to the office.

THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR.

is published Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from the Office, corner of Queen and Regent Streets.

Terms: \$2.50 per annum, payable in advance. Address "Star," Fredericton.

This paper may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Service St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

Mr. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building), New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the WEEKLY STAR at our best rates.

The Evening Star.

J. E. COLLINGS, Editor. FREDERICTON JUNE 3 1880.

The readers of this journal are hereby informed, that Fredericton is the Capital of New Brunswick, and that York Point, and Marsh Bridge, and Reed's Castle, and MacEvoy's, and the old Bell Tower, and Partridge Island, all remain just as they were!

THE FORTUNES OF CANADA
—AND ITS N. P.

PROVINCIAL politics with one or two unhappy exceptions, have come to lose the vital element of Principle. The tendency for many years past has been to Union—Union first of the Provinces themselves, then of the political principles of each Province. We have here the first danger threatening Res-

no such thing as party-men—and men without party feeling, are men without principles. It is not enough a man should say,—whether he sits at the Council, or only at the desk,—that he supports this Government or opposes that,—but there should be some principle in his "politics," to him an Article of political Faith, and to which he owed a higher and more sacred allegiance than to any Government. In New Brunswick, we have not yet regret to say it, such an element in our politics as "party." The last principle in our New Brunswick politics was, The right or the wrong of minorities in certain matters, not essential—(it was contended)—to the well being of the state, to control their own matters. It was decided in the adoption of the Free School Law, that minorities had no such right: and that principle found form as a law of the land. Then the Bible was every man's guide and it told "Whoso resisteth the power resisteth the ordinance of God,"—opposition ceased, the old lines faded away, and one party merged into the other. There is no party now, for that distinction has been lost through a process as in chemistry: where you mix sand, and lime and soda in a vessel—three substances unlike in every way—and the result is a fourth, glass; a substance as unlike any of its component parts as any can be. Who can see the characteristics of a Young, reflected in an Adams, or the "ways" of a Kelly mirrored in a Landry?

THE NATIONAL POLICY.

It is less than two years ago since two great parties appeared upon the scene, as unlike in this age of ours when parties have a tendency to blend, as parties could well be. The one claimed the salvation of the country depended upon the fostering of its native industries,—that these industries could not be conserved to the people without political protection. The other side contended that trade should be free as the wind that blows, and that every man should have the right to buy where he thought best. The latter party styled themselves Liberals, the former aptly called themselves Conservative. The people had tried the Liberals so called for five years and they were not pleased with them. They talked of reforms, but they never made any reforms. Things went on from bad to worse, because times pressed hard on every hand, but in these same dark

days the phlegmatic unimpassioned men of the Mackenzie-Brown school looked on, unmoved considering it impious to try by legislation to stop the current of depression. The manufacturers sat down on the steps of their idle factories with broken hearts, and looked out and saw the American Drummer sell his wares under their very windows. Still Mr. Brown said and Mr. Mackenzie echoed it, "This can't be helped—bide in patience, better times will come."

But the other party said, The time has come when we must stand together and protect ourselves. The material and the ability to make for ourselves, exist in this Dominion, and we must have such a policy as will protect from outside aggression, what we can make to advantage at home. This party were the champions of the National Policy. They expounded that policy before the country, and with an overwhelming majority, put the other side to rout.

THE EFFECTS OF THIS POLICY.

As was quite natural the hired exponents of Free Trade cried down the new policy, and every evil that has since fallen upon individuals or communities they have traced up to the N. P. as they call it. Every man who has left the country for the past two years, they declare was driven away by the N. P.; and one of them, not knowing the circumstances, attributed to the N. P. the departure of a notorious rogue who cleared out to Leadville with his pockets full of his neighbor's money. They have told us the unfortunate state of trade over the Dominion, is due to the N. P., though they know very well that the last year Mr Mackenzie held power, a deficit of \$2,000,000 stared us in the face. They made war against the National Policy, because in one year it could not turn the downward course of trade, forgetting that for the five years their party held power there was no progress, but towards the end a sad falling away.

It is only a madman or a knave that will say a public policy in one year can make a general improvement; Sir Leonard Tilley, nor Sir John ever contended there would be any appreciable improvement till the leaven of the Policy had time work. The farmer does not plant his corn to-day, and shell it to-morrow,—it requires its season to propagate.

But a year and a little better has gone round now, and the change predicted has come. This Custom House in the Dominion, and examine its receipts for May, and compare them with the receipts of last year. Do they tell a story of a decreasing trade, or a deteriorating population? We shall see. Here is a return for the month just passed, and note what this dreadful N. P., has been doing:

	1879.	1880.
Halifax,	\$ 54,034	\$ 92,104
St. John,	40,224	81,993
Montreal,	275,127	536,877
Kingston,	20,129	10,400
Quebec,	3,300	5,334
Toronto,	119,064	134,539
Belleville,	4,236	6,931
London,	20,190	25,235

Or an increase for the above ports for the month ended, this year, over the corresponding month of last year, of \$382,518. The lesser ports which all tell the same story, are not included it will be seen. Upon these figures the Opposition press is dumb.

THE GRAND SOUTHERN.

The Province will be pleased to learn that the Government have considered its honor and its good faith, rather than the stupid veto of the Legislative Council. The Attorney General has given his opinion to the Government that under the terms of the Law the Company's charter is not void, the Council has approved of that decision, and the Lieut. Governor has ratified it. Mr. Greene will receive at once \$80,000 subsidy on Mr. Buck's estimate, and the guarantee of the Government for the conclusion of the work which he will give the company in round numbers about \$200,000 more. It will be seen how much of public sentiment those blatant St. John organs who leased themselves for the time being to Mr. Murray Kay to cry down the road represents: it will be seen how much attention intelligent men, and wholesome public opinion pay to the deliberations of women like the Jones and the Robinsons. Finally it will be seen that when an important question comes up before the Council to decide upon, if their decision is not in accord with the popular sentiment it is not worth a brass button and will be neither feared by those against whom it is given, nor respected by the men who govern this country.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

This is the name of a meeting convened for the purpose of nominating a President for the present campaign. The convention is a Republican one. The following candidates have been put up—Grant, Blaine, Sherman, Edmunds, Washburne, Windom, Garfield, Harrison.

The 28th ballot stood as follows: Grant.....307 Blaine.....278 Sherman.....92 Edmunds.....31 Washburne.....35 Windom.....10 Garfield.....2

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As will be seen by our despatch in another column, Garfield, the lowest on the count, has received the nomination. He will probably be the salvation of the Republicans.

when the grass will grow along that track which he ruled like an empty-headed autocrat. He has squandered money so lavishly in his silly schemes, that those who had the misfortune of sending him to take charge of a business in which he has made a laughing-stock of himself, must either be great simpletons as himself or possessing the wealth of Croesus. All railroad men who can do so without injury to themselves will join in league against this now doomed railroad: the traffic that passed to St. John over the Western Extension will go by the Grand Southern. It serves but right the company who so fatally trusted in Mr. Murray Kay.

"A PUBLIC POSITION THAT SHOULD BE FILLED."

UNDER the above heading the Quebec Telegraph has the following:—

In common with many other of our fellow citizens, we are at a loss to understand why the Ottawa Government hesitates to fill up the vacant appraisership connected with the Quebec Customs, which was successively held by the late Messrs. Macpherson and H. Plamondon. It cannot be that the office is considered useless or superfluous. At least, such is manifestly not the opinion of our importers, who are not at all pleased at the delays and inconvenience they have now to be long subjected to. We have more than once pointed out the forcible claims of Mr. Giblin to this vacant office, and trust now that certain other claimants have been satisfied, that the Government, in the interest of the Quebec trade, will not delay a moment longer in appointing to it a gentleman who has the sympathy, as well as the support of all classes of our citizens. Of Mr. Giblin's exceptional fitness for the position, there never has been and there never can be the slightest question. His experience in the connection is large—indeed, we doubt very much whether the ancient capital includes another citizen better qualified to give the public every satisfaction in it, and we are convinced that his selection for the office would be not only a most judicious one on the part of the Government, but would be extremely popular in the community. Our friends at Ottawa would do well, too, to remember that, in all fairness, the office rightly belongs to the English speaking element and that the late Mr. Plamondon was only named to it by the Liberal party upon the demise of the original occupant, M. Macpherson, because his application was signed and supported by all our leading English speaking merchants. Of Mr. Giblin's claims upon the party actually in power in Canada, it seems altogether needless to speak, but we will say that as ingratitude to their old, long-tried and valuable friends has seldom or never in the past been a characteristic of the grand old Conservative party, the present leaders of that party will not begin this late in the day to make, in its

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A correspondent who does not do us the honor of sending us his name, sends us in instead a short communication attacking Sir Leonard Tilley. Had this correspondent who writes an "aristocratic" hand, who spells well, and tries to sting to me account been reading the Star? If he had we should have thought that it must have occurred to him, that even the name which he holds back would not have insured the publication of his letter.

Perhaps a word further to that large body in every community, correspondents in general, would not be amiss. We have made it a rule not to accept anonymous correspondence. We shall not be induced anymore to break that rule. But we shall now tell our anonymous correspondents what we will do, and let them understand too that we are in earnest: Every communication from this day forth which reaches this office without the name of the writer accompanying it, unless the familiarity of the writing to the editor make the name unnecessary, we shall paste upon the wall, that all who come in may see it. If we are not worthy the confidence of those writers, conversely they are not worthy of ours. It is a mean person and we do not care who he or she may be, whether high or low, whether parson or private, who will write against another, and have not the courage to own the authorship to one whose honor binds him to keep it a secret. Let this be sufficient.

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THE condition of his Honor the Governor, was yesterday considered quite serious, but to-day, the Doctors say, he is out of danger. His illness is congestion of the lungs.

We publish in another column a letter which states some appalling facts. On this subject a word another day.

WELLAND CANAL.

SEALD TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates, Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 5th day of JUNE next, for the construction of Gates, and the necessary machinery connected with them, for the new locks on the Welland Canal.

Plans, Specifications and General Conditions can be seen at this office on and after THURSDAY, the 20th day of MAY, next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.

Parties tendering are expected to provide the special tools necessary for, and to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to \$250, for the gates of each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.

WELLAND CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. The construction of Lock Gates advertised to be let on the 3rd of JUNE next, is unavoidably postponed to the following date:—

Tenders will be received until Tuesday, the 22nd Day of June Next. Plans and Specifications, etc., will be ready for examination on and after TUESDAY, THE 8th DAY OF JUNE. By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

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Gentlemen, Keep Cool!
—:—
BRACE UP,
—AND COME TO THE—

"ALBION HOUSE"
And get a suit of UNDERWEAR in "India Gauze," "Balbriggan," or "Summer Merino," and then take a lingering look at the New White Dress and Fancy Shirts. Socks, easy on the feet. SCARFS, TIES, SUSPENDERS, COLLARS and CUFFS, HANDKERCHIEFS, TWEEDS, COATINGS, &c.

The above Stock will be found seasonable, stylish, and at rock BOTTOM PRICES.

F. B. EDGECOMBE.

Fredericton, June 3, 1880.

CLOSING BUSINESS!

CASH SALE
Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods, &c.

The subscriber intends closing his Business in this City on the

First Day of May next.

Goods will be sold at prices that will insure a **COMPLETE CLEARANCE** of the whole stock by that date. Gentlemen who may require

CUSTOM CLOTHING
Made in the best manner have an opportunity

TO PROCURE THE SAME AT LOW PRICES
All who are owing the subscriber are requested to call and pay and all who hold accounts against will please present the same for payment.

P. McPEAKE.

P. S.—Shop Furniture including Plate Glass Mirrors, Reflecting Mirrors and a very large Fire Proof Safe will be sold at a Bargain.

Fredericton, February 17, 1879.

JANUARY 15, 1880.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS
A. A. MILLER & CO.,

Will Offer their whole Stock of **DRY GOODS AT BANKRUPT PRICES**
—FOR CASH ONLY.—

Great Bargains may be Expected.
Fredericton, January 15, 1880.

New Christmas Goods.

We have just received our new Holiday Goods. Everything Clean and Fresh. Personally selected within the last few days, and have now just opened:

The "Boss" Place
—TO BUY—
CHRISTMAS GOODS
—IS AT—
McMurray & Fenety's

M'MURRAY & FENETY.
P. S.—Our stock of School Books will be sold, in future as in the past, at the lowest prices.
Fredericton, December 9, 1879.



SPRING!
1880

JUST RECEIVED:
22 BALES AND CASES
NEW WALL PAPERS!

TINTS, GILTS, MARBLES, OAKS, AND COMMON.
A FEW PATTERNS
HANDSOME GILT DADOS.

JOHN McDONALD.
From April 1, 1880—3 mos.

New Carpets.
IN ALL THE LATEST COLORINGS AND DESIGNS.
TAPESTRY CARPETS, from 55 cents to \$1.00 per yard.
BRUSSELS CARPETS from 90 cents to \$1.50 per yard.

REMOVAL.
THE Subscriber has removed to Wil-

BOOTS, SHOES
Ready-Made Clothing
HATS, CAPS
Gent's Furnishing Goods,

all of which will be sold at his usual LOW PRICES.
DANIEL LUCY.
Fredericton, May, 1880.

N. B.—CUSTOM WORK made on the premises as usual.
Milk Pans, &c.

Daily expected to arrive from Hamilton Stamping Works:
50 DOZ. Milk Pans, assorted, 2 to 14 quarts; 1 doz. Dish Pans; 4 doz. Wash Basins; 6 doz. Tin Ollers; 3 Toilet Sets; 3 doz. Flue Stoppers;

For sale Wholesale and Retail, by **JAS. S. NEILL**

GEO. T. TAYLOR.
New Series of Photographic Views of the Grand Falls and Upper St. John

at **Babbitt's Jewellery Store!**
OPP. NEW POST OFFICE.

These Views cannot be surpassed either in finish or artistic treatment. Call and see them; they include Views of the Grand Falls, the Narrows below the Falls, the "Wells," the Suspension and Railway Bridges, also Views on the St. John between Grand and Little Falls, Edmundston, and some splendid Views of the Temiscouata and Squatou Lake Scenery. Stereoscopic and larger sizes.

Dept. of Rys. and Canals, Ottawa, March 29, 1880. Fredericton, 6th April, 1880.—lawt June 3.

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