

Provision if  
personal ser-  
vice cannot be  
effected.

insufficient ; or that a surety is dead ; or that he cannot be found or ascertained from the want of a sufficient description in the recognizance, or that a person named in the recognizance has not duly acknowledged the same. In case service cannot be effected on the respondent either personally or at his domicile, within the time granted by the Election Court or Judge, then it may be effected upon such other person, or in such other manner as the Court or Judge, on the application of the petitioner, may appoint.

Objections to  
security how  
determined.

**13.** Any objection made to the security given shall be heard and decided in the prescribed manner, or if none be prescribed, then by one Judge of the Election Court, in a summary manner :— If an objection to the security is allowed, it shall be lawful for the petitioner, within five days after the day of such allowance, to remove such objection by a deposit in the prescribed manner, if any, and if none, then in the hands of the Clerk of the Election Court, of such sum of money as may be deemed, by the Judge or any prescribed officer having cognizance of the matter, proper to make the security sufficient. If, on objection made, the security is decided to be insufficient, and such objection is not removed in manner hereinbefore mentioned, no further proceedings shall be had on the petition ; otherwise, on the expiration, without objection made, of the time limited for making objections, or after objection made, on the sufficiency of the security being established, the petition shall be held to be at issue, unless preliminary objections or grounds of insufficiency be urged under the following section, within the time thereby limited.

If objections  
allowed be  
not removed.

When the  
petition shall  
be at issue.

Preliminary  
objections to  
petition, and  
how decided.

**14.** Within five days after the expiration of the time limited for objecting to the security, or after the security has been established, the respondent may present in writing any preliminary objections or grounds of insufficiency which he may have to urge against the petition, or against any further proceedings thereon, and shall, in such case, at the same time, file a copy thereof for the petitioner. The Election Court, or any Judge thereof, shall thereupon hear the parties upon such objections and grounds, and shall decide the same in a summary manner.

Answer to  
petition.

**15.** Within five days after the decision upon the preliminary objections, if presented and not allowed, or on the expiration of the time for presenting the same, if none be presented, the respondent may file a written answer to the petition, together with a copy thereof for the petitioner ; but whether such answer be or be not filed, the petition shall be held to be at issue, after the expiration of the said five days, and the Election Court shall, upon the application of either party, fix some convenient day and place for the hearing of the case and the production of evidence.

List of peti-  
tions at issue  
to be made by  
the Clerk,

**16.** The Clerk of the Election Court shall, as soon as may be, make out a list of all petitions presented under this Act, and which are at issue, placing them in the order in which they were presented ; and shall keep at his office a copy of such list (hereinafter