MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is an effective remedy, as numerous testimonials conclusively prove. "For two years I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and liver complaint. I doctored a long time and the medicines prescribed, in nearly every case, only aggravated the disease. An apothecary advised me to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and was cured at a cost of $5. Since that time it has been my family medicine, and sickness has become a stranger to our household. I believe it to be the best medicine on earth." —P. F. McNulty, Hackman, 29 Summer st., Lowell, Mass.

FOR DEBILITY,
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is a certain cure, when the complaint originates in impoverished blood. "I was a great sufferer from a low condition of the blood and general debility, becoming finally, so reduced that I was unfit for work. Nothing that I did for the complaint helped me so much as Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a few bottles of which restored me to health and strength. I take every opportunity to recommend this medicine in similar cases." —C. Evick, 14 E. Main st., Chillicothe, Ohio.

FOR ERUPTIONS
And all disorders originating in impurity of the blood, such as boils, carbuncles, pimples, blotches, salt-rheum, scald-head, scrofulous sores, and the like, take only
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

THE EVENING GAZETTE
is published every evening (Sunday excepted) at No. 21 Canterbury street, by
JOHN A. BOWES,
for the GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO. (LIMITED).

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
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THREE MONTHS	$1.00
SIX MONTHS	2.00
ONE YEAR	4.00

The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.
We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found, and Wants, for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion, and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable Rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, April 10, 1891.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

THE EXPECTED EUROPEAN WAR.

For several years past a general European war has been predicted every spring as likely to take place during the summer, and the same reports are current now that have been heard regularly ever since the Berlin treaty. It must however, be admitted that these reports are more definite and menacing this year than they have been for some time and it is by no means impossible that the year 1891 may be the period of the greatest European conflict of the century. The parties to the expected struggle are Russia and France on one side and Germany, Austria and Italy on the other, the three last named powers being members of the Triple Alliance which has for some years past existed in Europe. It may be proper therefore to present the readers of the GAZETTE with afew figures showing the forces of the belligerents on land and sea and also their population and revenue: The population and revenue of the combatants may be stated as follows:—

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

	Population.	Revenue.
France	38,218,903	$ 617,091,676
Russia	113,317,115	444,449,525
Totals	151,536,018	$1,061,457,201

TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

	Population.	Revenue.
Germany	46,855,704	$ 226,129,177
Austro-Hungary	41,676,804	410,000,000
Italy	30,947,000	370,047,000
Totals	118,879,508	$1,006,176,177

Here we have a large superiority in population for the Franco-Russian alliance and a slight superiority in revenue but against the first must be put the fact that a considerable proportion of the population of the Russian empire would not be available for a sudden war. As to the question of revenue that given for Germany only includes the imperial revenue and does not take any account of the revenue of the several German states. The strength of the armies of the two alliances is as follows on a war footing:—

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

	Army on war footing.	Reserves.
France	2,500,000	1,200,000
Russia	2,220,000	250,000
Totals	4,720,000	1,500,000

TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

	Army on war footing.	Reserves.
Germany	2,000,000	1,000,000
Austro-Hungary	1,318,000	2,600,000
Italy	1,220,000	1,630,000
Totals	5,038,000	5,230,000

It is evident from these figures that in military strength immediately available for the purposes of war the triple alliance has the advantage but the Franco-Russian alliance having the larger population to draw upon, might acquire the superiority should the war be a protracted one. The naval strength of the two alliances is as follows:—

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

	Sea-going ironclads.	Coast defence ironclads.
France	32	18
Russia	19	18
Totals	51	36

TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

	Sea-going ironclads.	Coast defence ironclads.
Germany	12	15
Austro-Hungary	11	2
Italy	16	17
Totals	49	34

These figures do not tell much in regard to the naval strength of the two alliances, but there can be little doubt that the superiority is with France and Russia, although some of the Italian ships are very large and swift.

THE CHILIAN REVOLUTION.

Of the Chilian revolution until quite recently we have had but very meagre accounts, particular care having been taken that details with regard to its origin and progress should not get abroad. The question on which the people were first divided appears to have been whether the members of the president's cabinet were the agents of the Chilian Congress, or had authority to act as the advisers of the president, independent of that body. If the agents of Congress, they were bound to be of the same complexion, and if their measures were voted down it was their duty to resign, so that new ones might be appointed whose views should harmonize with those of that body. Last summer the measures of the cabinet were not supported in Congress, but its members refused to resign and a vote of consure was passed by the Congress. The Congress refused to make any appropriations until a ministry more suitable to it was appointed. The deadlock remained unbroken, and for lack of appropriation the civil service of the country was brought to a standstill. This at last forced the ministry to resign, and it was then that President Balmaceda sent to the leader of the opposition a request that he form a cabinet to his liking. This was done, and the President made the appointments.

Congress then resumed its work, and made appropriations for all branches except the army and navy, leaving those until Jan. 1, 1891, as those already made did not expire until then.

Then the Congress began to make constitutional amendments restricting the power of the president, making the ministers responsible to Congress, and its approval a condition of their appointment. Among the President's powers is that of proroguing a special session of Congress at will, and this the President proceeded to do, when amendments to this extent had been made. He then dismissed the cabinet approved by Congress, and reappointed the old and objectionable one. The appropriations for the army and navy ran out on the first of January last, when the latter went over in a body to the Congressional party, taking the entire fleet, with the exception of a few vessels that were not manned. Most of the prominent army officers went with the congressional party or retired to private life. On the 7th of January a blockade of the coast was instituted; it is reported that at the March elections the presidential party was sustained by a large majority; also that the members of the congressional party, who have fallen into the President's hands have been treated with extreme rigor, but the blockade is so strict that of the actual condition of affairs is that republic little is positively known. Hitherto the nitrate exports of Chili have amounted to about $40,000,000 a year, chiefly to European ports. The province of Taranca, where the principal nitrate deposits are found, as well as almost all the ports of export, is in the hands of the congressional party, or insurgents as they are called, and it is supposed the nitrate works have been destroyed. If this is true it will cause future trouble for Chili in England for nearly all of the works were capitalized in that country.

The Chilian navy is at present composed of about 20 vessels, of which some half a dozen are steamers, and these the insurgents have in their power, and by them they hope to revolutionize the government. There are two swift iron steamers building in France for the government.

The destruction of the nitrate business, in which many Canadian vessels have been engaged, is of considerable significance to ship owning firms here as well as elsewhere. We believe that several Canadian vessels are now waiting in South American ports for a change in Chilian affairs, or returning in ballast.

LOVELL'S HISTORIC REPORT.

Mr. John Lovell, the veteran Montreal publisher, has sent the GAZETTE his Historic Report of the census of Montreal, taken January, 1891; in the preparation of which it appears that he had many difficulties to encounter, some of which, would have been appalling in the eyes of other men. In gathering his statistics he employed 60 sworn enumerators, each of whom spoke and understood French and English, and he has published the result of their labors, with a well written historical sketch of Montreal from 1535 to 1891, in a handsome paper covered volume, which is sold at 50 cents a copy. There is something almost pathetic in Mr. Lovell's remark in his preface, that "after an urgent appeal I soon saw that sufficient subscribers at 50c each, could not be secured to meet half the cost of publication. This being the case I applied to patriotic citizens to aid me by becoming 50 ct. line contributors, and thereby save me from loss, as otherwise I should be forced to abandon the work I had cheerfully undertaken, and to disappoint my generous and true friends. I am proud to say that 50 ct. line contributors enabled me to carry out my project." Again Mr. Lovell says: "I appealed to seventeen municipalities in the neighborhood of Montreal to aid me to take the census of each separately, by subscribing for fifty copies of Lovell's Historic Report of census of Montreal, at 50 cents each. It is distressing to say that only six consented." Mr. Lovell's experience is no uncommon experience; good work of this character is often unrecognized, until the worker has ceased to work. Many men like Mr. Lovell have gone to their graves unrecognized, but their work has been appreciated in after years as his is sure to be. At this moment the GAZETTE is able to give its readers a mere summary of Mr. Lovell's Historical Report.

In January, Montreal had a population of:

Males	101,204
Females	110,098 211,302.

Of Roman Catholic females there were 81,189; and of Roman Catholic males, 74,322. Of Protestant females 27,896, of Protestant males 25,939; and 28 Chinese, 923 Jewesses, 1005 Jews, making a total population of 211,302. This population of 211,302 occupied 34,455 houses, or something more than 6 persons to every house in the city. Montreal had in January, 1891, 25 Roman Catholic churches, 35 Roman Catholic chapels, and 23 convents; it had 17 Anglican churches; 25 Presbyterian churches; 16 Methodist churches; 8 Baptist churches; 3 Congregational; 1 New Jerusalem; 1 German Lutheran; 1 Catholic Apostolic; 1 Reformed Episcopal; 1 Plymouth Brethren; 1 Advent Christian; 11 Unsectarian; 1 Unitarian, and 5 Jewish synagogues.

Mr. Lovell says:

According to Garneau's History of Canada, there were only 584 persons in Montreal in the year 1666; and in 1734 the whole population of Canada, of European descent, amounted to 37,633 souls; but, in 1851, there were, according to the census of that year, 57,715 souls in Montreal alone. In 1861 the number had increased to 90,323, in 1871 to 107,225, and in 1881 to 140,747—a gain in these successive decades, of respectively 56, 15 and 31 per cent. Elsewhere in these pages will appear the advancement within the last decade. As early as 1861 Montreal held the tenth place among the cities of North America, as shown by the following table:

Cities.	Population.
New York	814,277
Philadelphia	268,034
Brooklyn	273,425
Baltimore	214,037
Boston	177,902
New Orleans	170,766
St. Louis	162,179
Cincinnati	160,060
Chicago	109,420
Montreal	101,602
Buffalo	81,132

Montreal was merely an outport of Quebec until 1832, when it was constituted a port of entry.

In the year 1800, the number of vessels cleared at the port of Quebec was 64, and their total tonnage was 14,293 tons. They carried 20,271 barrels of flour, 217,128 bushels of wheat, 3,512 bushels of peas, 1,555 bushels of barley, and 6,896 bushels of oats.

In 1816, the number of vessels cleared had risen to 288, and their total tonnage to 61,211.

On the 17th of February of the following year (1817), as appears by the journals of the House of Parliament of Lower Canada, one Francois Page petitioned the House, representing that he had, after a long time, perfected a machine (steamboat) for navigating the St. Lawrence and other rivers; and, considering the inclination of the House to reward public benefactors, he prayed to be granted the exclusive right to build and use such machines (steamboats) built upon the said model, which petition was deemed of so much importance, that the late Andrew Stuart, by command of the governor, stated to the House that His Excellency, having been informed of the purport of the petition, gave his consent to doing therewith as the House should see fit.

On the 28th day of the same month (February, 1817), John Goudie represented to the House that two American steamboats occasionally ran into that part of Lake Champlain which lies in Canadian territory, and successfully competed for Canadian trade; and apprehending very evil results from such free intercourse, he asked the House for a monopoly of commerce by steam power in the Canadian portion of Lake Champlain.

In 1833, when Montreal had become a port of entry, the total number of seagoing vessels which cleared from Montreal and Quebec was less than the number which had cleared from Quebec alone in the previous year, and their tonnage was also less, the number sailing from Quebec in 1832 having been 1,053, of a total burthen of 281,598 tons, against 969 in 1833, of 247,923 tons burthen, and 133 vessels from Montreal of 30,769 tons burthen; yet, for some cause, neither the number nor the tonnage of vessels clearing from Montreal increased in 6 years following 1833; but the year 1840 showed a slight improvement up to 137 vessels of 31,266 tons burthen.

In 1890 there arrived at the port of Montreal 624 ocean going steamers, with a tonnage of 889,189 tons; 122 ocean going sailing vessels with a total tonnage of 41, 143; 5,162 inland vessels, with a tonnage of 966,959, making the total of the tonnage arriving at that port in 1890, 1,189,291.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The Globe is delighted to think that England will not be able to keep out of the great European contest which seems impending. Nothing would please the Globe better than that England should be dragged into a war which might be ruinous to British trade and British interests and which would build up the commerce of the United States at our expense.

The unfortunate Telegraph and Globe had a terrific time amending the official report of the debate in the House of Assembly of the night before last, so as to cut all reference to the GAZETTE out of it. The GAZETTE was so often referred to by the honorable members in the course of the debate that the reports of these papers as amended were shorn of half their interest. The ostrich like policy of these two played out papers is very amusing.

THE GAZETTE is not the only individual or institution that is never to be mentioned in the silly Telegraph. The editor of that ignorant and absurd paper long ago issued an order to the effect that the name of James G. Forbes was never to be mentioned in the Telegraph. Consequently this thing which pretends to be a newspaper constantly omits the the name of Mr. Forbes from the Court reports of cases in which he is counsel. A similar edict was issued, prior to the elections, in regard to the names of Messrs. Alward, Stockton, McKeown and the Solicitor General, but it is now in abeyance owing to the impossibility of reporting the House proceedings without mentioning their names. Yet the Telegraph calls itself a newspaper.

The Globe said last evening in an editorial paragraph:—

Large headings in the Boston papers announce the defeat of "the Canadian bantam-weight champion, Jack Fitzpatrick by Bobby Burns;" and there are the usual accounts of how Bobby got in "left handers" and scored with the right, and how the Canadian's head "wobbled," how he was in a few rounds left perfectly "helpless," and much more of the same kind; all of which with a little alteration might describe Tupper's condition after his last encounter with Blaine at Washington.

The account of the fight referred to would apply with much more force to the recent encounter in the city of St. John between Mr. John V. Ellis and Mr. Ezekiel McLeod. In that celebrated set-to Mr. Ellis's head "wobbled" so badly that it has been wobbling ever since and leading him into all sorts of absurdities.

The Sun points out to-day, a fact which had escaped our notice that in an editorial which appeared in the Telegraph on Tuesday. The following statement was made:—

A bill has been introduced in the legislature to rearrange the St. John constituencies. The existing order of things is altogether exceptional and anomalous. At present the constituency known as the city of St. John only includes a part of the city and returns two members. Clearly the city constituency should include the whole city.

It is incredible that after the voters' lists have been twice revised and one general election run in this constituency any St. John newspaper writer should be so densely ignorant as not to be aware that the present city constituency for the election of members to the House of Assembly includes the entire city as enlarged by the Union act. It is no wonder the Telegraph is on the down grade.

OF DRAMATIC INTEREST.

Olive Gates Was Leading in the Popular Actress Contest Last Week.

Benjanin F. Jenkinson assistant editor of the New York Dramatic News died in Philadelphia on Tuesday morning 31st ult. of quick consumption. The News of last week has a very appropriate obituary notice of the deceased.

* * *

The frontispiece in the News of last week is a picture of Alice Hosmer, who is pretty and clever.

* * *

Ida Mulle has brought a suit, in Chicago, against her husband, Ben Tuthill, for divorce on the ground of desertion and non-support.

* * *

The Dramatic News gives currency to the report that Mrs. Jennie Kimball, the manageress of the Corinne opera company, has secured, in a western state, a decree releasing her from the marital ties which, until recently, bound her to Thomas Flaherty, of Boston.

* * *

A new play entitled "A Lucky Man" was recently produced, with much success in Hartford, Conn.

* * *

When "Dr. Bill" was being performed in Boston recently, Miss Nellie Lingard, who was playing the part of the Maid, accidentally threw a feather pillow into the grate, where it took fire. Very coolly Miss Lingard recovered it, extinguished the flames and went on with her lines as though nothing had happened. She was warmly applauded.

* * *

"Thou Shalt Not" was produced at the Union square theatre on the 30th ult. The News says if an English censorship existed in New York, it is a question if it would have been accorded the right of representation, "some of the incidents of the play are startingly realistic and some of the situations piquantly risky."

* * *

Geraldine Ulmer and Ivan Caryll were married in London, England on the 30 ult. Miss Ulmer is a Charlestown, Mass., girl, born on Bunker Hill street. Her father is a well-known jeweller there who is still living. She was a sweet singer from childhood. She was a member of the Pinafore Company that was such a success in Boston, and a report was current then she was to marry Sir Arthur Sullivan. Miss Ulmar is reported to be rich, handsome, sensible and good. She will retire for a season now.

* * *

"Love's Labor Lost" will finish the season at Daly's (N. Y.) theatre. When this season closes Mr. Daly will have completed his twenty-seventh, and most successful year, as a theatrical manager.

* * *

The entire rights of "The Last Word" for the United States and Canada have been secured by Frank Dietz. New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia and San Francisco are not included in this.

* * *

Emily Edwards will create a special character part in "His Nibs the Baron."

* * *

"Betrothed" was produced at the Garden (N. Y.) theatre on 30th. by fine actors and with sumptuous settings, but it is said to be doubtful if it will meet with prolonged success in New York.

* * *

Lavinia Shannon, who has been the successful leading lady with Thomas W. Keene the past season, has been engaged to go with "The Power of the Press" next season.

* * *

A new play by Herbert Hall Winslow, entitled "Birds of a Feather" will be produced by Charles F. Weber the coming season.

* * *

"Karl's promise" is the name of a German comedy in which John R. Cumpson intends starring shortly.

* * *

"O'Dowd's Neighbors" was most successfully produced at Yonkers Music Hall on the 30th, ult. It is a farce comedy with a plot. "O'Dowd is an unquestionable go" say the Dramatic News.

* * *

Portraits of John Archer now playing in "Lights and Shadows" of P. T. Barnum of circus fame; of the Cheos, the Videllas, the Meers sisters and William Showles of the circus; and of Miss Eloise Mortimer one of the shapely and attractive four of "A Strait Tip" company appear in last week's News.

* * *

Kate Castleton is quite ill in Philadelphia, suffering with peritonitis. She is in a private hospital there.

* * *

Patti Stone, on the 30th. inst. will join Rice's company at the Bijou, N. Y. in "A Natty Thing."

* * *

Joe Jefferson was suffering from la grippe while in Wilmington, Del., recently.

* * *

Dixey's "Seven Ages" played an engagement in Holyoke, Mass., recently, and Mae Bronson, a member of the company, is said to be "very much Clemenceau, and is a perfect dream in the last scene. Her costume is—very much a case of where it isn't."

* * *

"The Pay Train" is the name of a new play to be done next season with Florence Bindley, as the star. The train to be used will be 173 feet long and 10 feet high.

* * *

Miss Irene Kent a well known Brooklyn lady who is endowed with a very pretty face and figure, and who is said to possess unusual talant, will open a season, 6th Sept, next, appearing in "Only a Farmer's daughter," "The Hunchback" and "Strongly Tempted."

* * *

Lillie Hamilton, a clever soubrette, who has an indefinite engagement in San Francisco, has been detained by illness in Ogden, U., for several weeks and is the guest of Pearl Ardine, who is caring for her.

* * *

Rillie Devaes, who has been a great sufferer for the last year, is now in New York completely restored to health. She will be the guest of Bessie Sanson in Europe this summer.

* * *

"A Texas Steer," is doing great business in the west, and will clear $50.000 or more on the season. The season closes May 8th in New York.

* * *

The attractions theatrical in Boston this week are: Richard Mansfield in "Beau Brummell", at the Globe; "Poor Jonathan" comic opera, at the Tremont; Redmond and Barry in "A Cure for the Blues" at the Grand opera house;" W. H. Crane's company in "The Senator" at the Hollis; "A Midnight Bell" at the Boston and Lotta at the Park.

THE MACHIAS UNION doesn't think much of the St. John Telegraph's opinion that the result of the Canadian elections was a death blow to the Shore Line railway enterprise. If the Union knew the Telegraph as well as some of its provincial contemporaries do, Brother Drisko would not allow his editorial mind to be disturbed by any opinion expressed by the Telegraph.—St. Croix Courier.

Makes the Weak Strong
The marked benefit which people in run down or weakened state of health derive from Hood's Sarsaparilla, conclusively proves the claim that this medicine "makes the weak strong." It does not act like a stimulant, imparting fictitious strength from which there must follow a reaction of greater weakness than before, but in the most natural way Hood's Sarsaparilla overcomes

That Tired Feeling
creates an appetite, purifies the blood, and, in short, gives great bodily, nerve, mental and digestive strength.
"I derived very much benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I took for general debility. It built me right up, and gave me an excellent appetite." ED. JENKINS, Mt. Savage, Md.

Fagged Out
"Last spring I was completely fagged out. My strength left me and I felt sick and miserable all the time, so that I could hardly attend to my business. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it cured me. There is nothing like it." R. C. BEGOLE, Editor Enterprise, Belleville, Mich.

Worn Out
"Hood's Sarsaparilla restored me to good health. Indeed, I might say truthfully it saved my life. To one feeling tired and worn out I would earnestly recommend a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. PIERRE MOSHER, 90 Brooks Street, East Boston, Mass.
N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy anything else instead. Insist upon having
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

ESTEY'S COD LIVER OIL CREAM
CURES
Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Whooping Cough.
IT IS AS PLEASANT AS MILK.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, Tonic and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from Poor and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.
EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.
EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.
YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.
YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.
For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing
THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO. Brockville, Ont.

Bermuda Bottled.
"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." "But, doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money." "Well, if that is impossible, try
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.
I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of
CONSUMPTION, *Bronchitis, Cough or Severe Cold*
I have CURED with it; and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it! Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's, in salmon wrapper. Be sure you get the genuine.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

A S— TIP.
You've never thought of saving by spending—Well, here it is—You save time, trouble, expense, help, and most of all, health, by sending your Laundry to UNGAR'S. Did this ever occur to you? If not before it does now. Try it. Let UNGAR call for and deliver your wash.

NOTICE.
By order of the Common Council of the City of St. John:
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Bill will be presented at the next session of the Provincial Legislature for enactment to authorize the City of St. John to grant annual subsidy payable upon the construction of certain wharves and other harbor improvements at Carleton on the western side of the harbor of Saint John.
The objects desired to be attained by this Bill are:
1. To empower the City of Saint John to enter into a contract with James D. Leary for the construction by him at his own cost of wharves, warehouses, grain elevator and other works of harbor improvement at Carleton, according to plans and specifications and upon such terms and conditions as shall be approved by the Common Council, and to agree to pay a subsidy of *five thousand dollars* a year for *twenty years* from the completion of the works.
2. To authorise an annual assessment upon the City of St. John to raise such sum of five thousand dollars to provide for the payment of such subsidy in each year.
March 3, 1891.

Hubbard's Vegetable Disenfectant Deodorizer and Germicide.
It has proved the most effective Antiseptic, Disinfectant and Deodorizer ever discovered. A spray from an atomizer instantly destroys all germs of disease, or thrown about a sick room, or urinals and bowls in toilet rooms destroys all offensive odors. It is also effective in destroying Moths, Ants, Vermin, and every kind of insects. Price complete with Atomizer $1.40.
FOR SALE BY
PARKER BROS., MARKET SQUARE.

All Lovers of the Weed
—SHOULD CALL AT—
S. H. HART'S, King Street,
where nothing but finest imported Havana Cigars are sold.
Fresh importations every few weeks.

BOSTON SHOE STORE
211 Union Street.
JUST RECEIVED.
—FULL LINE OF—
Men's Working Bals, Pegged and Brass Rivited. Also, Boys' and Youths' Grain Leather waterproof Bals in all sizes at reasonable prices.

NOW FOR BUSINESS!
Spring and Summer, 1891.
JAS. S. MAY & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
(Domville Building,)
Prince William Street.
Beg to announce that they are receiving their new spring stock, consisting of
West of England and Scotch Suitings, Diagonals, Pant Goods and Overcoatings.
These goods are from the best markets, and we are prepared to offer our customers and the public generally good value for their money. Prices subject to 10 per cent. for net cash. Samples sent by mail.

HANGING LAMPS.
READ! A big bargain in HANGING LAMPS; a special line just opened at $2.50 each, at
FRED BLACKADAR'S CROCKERY STORE,
166 Union Street.

JAS. A. ROBINSON
begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has opened a
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
at 35 DOCK STREET,
where he hopes to secure a fair share of the trade.

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of the City of Saint John:

A T the request of a large number of the electorate, I will, at the election for the office of

MAYOR,

to be held on Tuesday, the 14th of April next, be a candidate for your suffrages.

Trusting that my record at the Council Board during my long service as a representative of Wellington Ward, is such as to justify me in asking your support.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Respectfully yours,
THOS. W. PETERS.

To the Electors of the City of Saint John:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

A T the request of many of the citizens I will again be a candidate for the office of

MAYOR,

at the coming election on the 14th April next, and shall be pleased to receive your support.

Yours Faithfully,
W. A. LOCKHART.

Twenty years experience in business
You may be sure has made ours one of the best houses in the United cities to deal with.
Nowhere in the province can goods be bought at the prices.
Clothing in extra qualities for Men and Boys, lower than ever before offered.
Large assortment of Gents Furnishings.
Unequalled value in custom work.
Stock large and well selected.
City Market Clothing Hall,
51 CHARLOTTE STREET,

THE PRESIDENT.
THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
HAS just introduced SOMETHING NEW, and SOMETHING NEW for working men, and young business men, whereby the poor man can protect his family as well as the rich, and whereby the business man can easily carry five, ten, or twenty thousand without drawing excessively on his capital. The rates are from THIRTY TO THIRTY FIVE PER CENT. LOWER than the usual whole life rates.
The Manufacturers by confining its business to Canada, and by careful selections maintains a very low death rate. It will pay Canadians and Citizens to insure in the Manufacturers'. No other company doing business in the Dominion of Canada ever attained such splendid success in so short a time. For further information call on H. CHUBB & CO., Agents, St. John, or address "MANUFACTURERS," Box 374, St. John, or Halifax.
Soliciting Agents wanted.
J. B. PATON,
Manager in Maritime Provinces.

LAURANCE SPECTACLES
are the only ones I can see properly with.
These Spectacles are positively the BEST goods made, and can be obtained at
W. C. Rudman Allan's
CHEMIST and DRUGGIST,
WEST ST. JOHN.
—OR AT—
JOSHUA STARK'S,
WATCHMAKER,
31 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN.
A. CHIPMAN SMITH & CO.,
DRUGGISTS, Charlotte Street, St. John.

St. John Oyster House
No. 5 King Square, North Side.
OYSTERS, OYSTERS.
400 Bbls Choice Selected Oysters XX and XXX Large and Fat, for sale cheap to the trade, also shelled to order for family use.
5 Bbls Large Clams; 20 Gallons Clams.
Jackson's Celebrated Chowders served at counter or by the quart or gallon.
PERRIWINKLES.
C. H. JACKSON.
Telephone 16.

PIANOS — MENDELSSOHN & EVANS BROS.' PIANOS, UNSURPASSED IN Tone, Touch and Durability. A Large Stock to select from. PRICES LOW. GOOD BARGAINS FOR CASH. A. T. BUSTIN, 38 Dock Street. — ORGANS

SPRING LAMB, LETTUCE and RADISHES
"FOR SATURDAY."
THOMAS DEAN,
13 and 14 City Market.

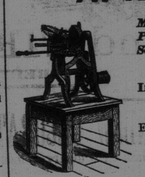
'91. SPRING STYLES. '91.
NOW OPEN.---All the Latest Shapes
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
Fine Soft and Flexible Stiff Hats.
—ALSO—
Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, etc.
LOWEST PRICES.
Robert C. Bourke & Co.,
61 Charlotte Street.

MIRRORS. MIRRORS.
To get the Best MANTEL and SHOP MIRRORS at lowest rates go to
GORBELL ART STORE, - 207 Union Street,
PICTURE FRAMING AND GILDING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 469.

FURNITURE.
Bedroom Suits, Parlor Suits, Bed Lounges, Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Matresses, Springs, Baby Carriages.
Prices low as any, and on easy payments if desired.
F. A. JONES, - - 34 Dock Street.

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock St., St. John, N. B
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating Supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND,
REPRESENTING
The Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Co. in the World.
J. SIDNEY KAYE,
GENERAL AGENT FOR NEW BRUNSWICK,
Office, No. 8 Pugsley's - - - Building, Saint John, N. B.

A. ROBB & SONS

Machine Shop Undisturbed (Running Full Blast)
Pattern Shop " " "
Salesroom " Heavier stock than ever.
HEAVY STOCK ON HAND OF
Iron Pipe, Steam Fittings, Hose, Belting, Packing, Oils, etc.
ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY FOR
Engines, Boilers, Rotary Mills, Shingle Machines, Lath Machines, Turbine Wheels, Saw-filers, School Desks, Fence Railings, Crestings, Church and Fire Bells, Bone Mills, Steam Pumps, Emery Wheels, Governors, Copperine, Portable Forges, etc.
Boiler Shop and Foundry Burned March 27th,
Contract for New Building Let March 28th,
and Both Shops will be in Operation Again in a Week or 10 days. Machine Tools and Boilers not injured as the building was light. Loss Heavy but Health and Pluck Left Yet!
Send Along Your Orders and Remittances and Thus Help Us Out and Up.

MANUFACTURERS.

S. R. FOSTER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WIRE, STEEL and IRON-CUT NAILS
and SPIKES, TACKS, BRADS, SHOE NAILS, HUNGARIAN NAILS &c.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

1828 Established 1828
J. HARRIS & CO.
(Formerly Harris & Allen).
Paradise Row, Portland, St. John.
NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY
—AND—
Railway Car Works,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Railway Cars of Every Description,
"FEARLESS" STEEL TYRES.
CHILLED CAR WHEELS.
—ALSO—
Steam Engines and Mill Machinery
The Improved Lowell Turbine Water Wheel, Ship Castings, Pumps, Bridge and Fence Castings, etc., etc

Portland Rolling Mill,
STRAIT SHORE, PORTLAND.
Tapered and Parallel Bars for Ships' Knees Nail Plate, Hammered Railway Car Axles, Shafting, and shapes of all kinds.

1841. ESTABLISHED 1841.
Eagle Foundry and Machine Shop,
MANUFACTURE
Steam Engines,
High, Low or Compound, (for marine and land purposes), high or low speed.
CASTINGS of any size made.
BOILERS MADE and REPAIRED,
—ALSO—
MILL and SHIP WORK.
All sizes of WINDLASSES and PUMPS, PIPES, STOVES and PLOWS.
PLANING and TURNING done to order.
All work done here to order in a thorough workmanlike manner.
Jack Screws for sale or hire on easy terms. All kinds of Blacksmith Work done.
PROPELLERS MADE.
JOHN SMITH,
Practical Engineer and Mill Wrigh
St. Davids St., St. John, N. B.

TO MASONS.
We can supply you with
Hods, Hawks and Darbies.
2 Builders Derricks for sale Cheap.
A. CHRISTIE, W. W. CO.,
City Road.

EDGECOMBE!
WHO IS HE?
THE TAILOR
who satisfies all his customers.
104 KING STREET.

RUBBER CLOTHING.
General attention is directed to our stock of
TWEED
—AND—
RUBBER CLOTHING
for gents, ladies, misses, boys and children.
Special Low Prices.
ESTEY & CO.
MILL SUPPLIES AND RUBBER GOODS.
68 Prince Wm. street.

ROYAL TONSORIAL ROOMS.
(OPPOSITE ROYAL HOTEL, KING STREET.)
Shop fitted up second to none.
First-class barbers in attendance.
Please call and test our skill.
D. J. McINTYRE, - - - - Prop't.
D. B. S.

A. G. BOWES & CO.,
wish to inform their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to attend to all work in
Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Steam Heating, Hot Water, or Hot Air Heating.
Ranges fitted with Hot Water Connections; Stoves Fitted Up; Stoves Taken Down, Removed, Repaired, or Stored on our premises.
All work in the Plumbing line personally attended to by MR. CODNER.
REPAIRS A SPECIALTY.
LOW PRICES.
Telephone 192.
21 Canterbury St., St. John, N. B.

NOTICE.
A Special general meeting of the stockholders of the New Brunswick Electric Company (Limited) will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Saint John, on THURSDAY, the sixteenth day of April next at three o'clock in the afternoon, to consider and pass a bye-law authorising the Directors of the company to borrow money upon the credit of the company, and issue the bonds, debentures or other securities of the company, and sell and dispose of the same, and also to mortgage the real and personal property of said company to secure the sums so borrowed, and to transact such other business as may legally come before the said meeting.
Dated this 31st day of March, A. D., 1891, at the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John.
By Order,
GEO. F