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Our London Price.	Our London Price.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills..... 35c 50c	Ayer's Pills..... 15c 25c
Dodd's Kidney Pills..... 35c 50c	Belladonna Plasters..... 15c 25c
Dr. Ward's Pills..... 35c 50c	Strengthening Plasters..... 10c 25c
Doan's Kidney Pills..... 35c 50c	Dutch Drops..... 5c 10c
Chase's Pills..... 15c 25c	Electric Oil..... 15c 25c
Carter's Pills..... 15c 25c	Stedman's Powders..... 15c 25c
Clarke's Female Pills..... 75c \$1	Hoffman's Headache P'd's..... 15c 25c

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Sample Bottles, regular price 10c for 8c
Large Bottles, regular price 25c for 15c

Quinine Pills or Capsules.

Our London Price.	Our London Price.
1-grain, 5c dozen, or 6 dozen..... 25c	Chase's Catarrh Snuff..... 15c 25c
2-grain, 10c dozen, or 3 dozen..... 25c	Kellogg's Asthma Cure..... 15c 25c
3-grain, 15c dozen, or 2 dozen..... 25c	Diamond Dyes..... 8c 10c
W. & R. Butter Color..... 15c	Chase's Ointment..... 50c 60c
Ayer's Hair Vigor..... 65c	Agnew's Catarrh Power..... 50c 60c
K. D. C..... 75c	Dodd's Tablets..... 35c 50c

ROSS MEDICINE COMPANY,

798 Queen St. East, Toronto.
All goods forwarded free of charge to any address.

DR. ROSS' KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

Are the best family kidney
And liver tonic.
Gentle, reliable, sure.

PRICE

10c

DRUGS

For the Queen's Plate

List of Entries for Canada's Stellar Turf Event.

Interesting Russian Ideas Regarding Horse Racing.

T. A. Shaw Wins the Canadian Racquet Championship.

Catcher Downey, of Boston, Signed by Hamilton—Variety of Other Sporting News.

TURF.

THE Ontario Jockey Club secretary makes public the entries for the Queen's Plate, and several other stake events, and in every case the entry list is more extensive than heretofore. The Queen's Plate has 30 entries, against 27 in 1927 and 22 in 1926; the Juvenile Plate, 24, against 22 and 15 respectively; the Breeders' stake, 15, against 12 and 12 respectively, and the Maple Leaf stake, 14, as compared with 8 and 9.

The Queen's plate entry list, with breeding and weights, is:

Job Dickinson's b. h. Horatius, 5, by Manitoba-Lady Dayrell..... 126	Job Dickinson's b. h. Flying Scud, 5, by Manitoba-Lady's Maid..... 126
Job Dickinson's b. h. Japanee, 5, by Mikado-Aibani..... 126	Robert Davies' ch. g. Carter, 5, by Regent-Buckle..... 123
John E. Swort's b. g. Springbok, 5, by Springbok-Straightway..... 123	J. J. Davies' ch. g. Investigator, 4, by Parisian-Aibani..... 123
J. E. Seagram's b. g. Dalmoor, 4, by Louis XIII-Lady Dalmore..... 123	Job Dickinson's b. m. Lady Dickinson, 4, by King Alfonso-Lady Dayrell..... 121
J. E. Seagram's b. g. The Tar, 4, by Marauder-Lady May..... 119	Job Dickinson's b. g. Abbottford, 4, by The Abbot-Lady's Maid..... 119
Wm. Hendrie's ch. f. Leading Lady, 4, by Cavalier-Minnie Palmer..... 117	J. E. Seagram's b. f. Bon Ino, 4, by Marauder-Bon Ino..... 117
Doran & Phipps' ch. f. The Bird, 3, by Running Bird-Alice R..... 106	F. W. Brooke's b. c. Donnybrook, 3, by Sam Wood-Miss Mohican..... 106
W. F. Maclean's b. g. Retriever, 3, by Marauder-Lady's Maid..... 106	D. A. Boyle's b. g. Dumfries, 3, by Uncas-Arbiter..... 106
D. A. Boyle's ch. g. Toronto, 3, by Favorite-Duplicité..... 103	Robert Boyle's b. g. Scottish Chief, 3, by Admiral, Thistle..... 103
Wm. Hendrie's ch. g. Disorder, 3, by Order-Irish Queen..... 103	J. E. Seagram's ch. g. Sardonyx, 3, by Saragossa-Bon Bon..... 103
M. Meagher's b. f. Canadienne, 3, by Marauder-Terrabonne..... 101	Miss Elsie Queen, ch. f. Winsome, Maid, by Wickham-Fanny Carter..... 101
Wm. Hendrie's ch. f. Night Alarm, 3, by Norwegian-Scottie Reel..... 101	N. Dymont's b. f. Marlanna, 3, by Courtown-Annie D..... 101
N. Dymont's b. f. Jessamine Fox, 3, by Courtown-Annie D..... 101	

A HEALTHY WOMAN.

It is said that nine-tenths of all the suffering and disease in the world comes from the kidneys. Yet how few people there are who take any care of these delicate little organs. Backache, lame back, headaches, listlessness, all signs of kidney trouble, are almost universal.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Tone and regulate the kidneys. Have cured hundreds of people. Will cure you.

Mrs. J. A. Pick, Delhi, Ont., says: "I have been ailing with weak and painful back for about two years—having so much about Doan's Kidney Pills as a cure for these troubles—I got a box. They relieved my great suffering, for all pain and weakness was promptly removed by their action."

Price 50c. a box or 3 for \$1.25, at all druggists or sent by mail by addressing The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

Ter. 3, by Courtown—Edith C..... 101

F. H. Dole's ch. f. Lady Whitefoot, 3, by Ravello—Ada M..... 101

AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, March 14.—May Hempstead romped in an easy winner in the Lightning stakes for 2-year-olds at 5 furlongs, Saturday. Four favorites were successful. The other winners were Ernest, Dinsmore, J. A. Gray, Lakeview Place and Harna.

RUSSIA HAS SOME IDEAS.

In Russia laying up of heats in harness races is not practiced, for each horse is timed separately, and in a dash race the horse making the fastest time gets first money, while in a race of heats the horse making the fastest average time is declared the winner. American racing managers could evidently take a lesson from the Russians in more ways than one. For instance, a Russian racing association taxes the betting men 10 per cent of the money handled; and charges an entrance fee of 2 per cent of the purse from members of the association, and 4 per cent from non-members. This is exactly opposite to the way business is done in this country.

BASEBALL.

SAGINAW'S CRACK TEAM.

Saginaw Courier-Herald: Manager George Black, of the Saginaw baseball team, last evening called a meeting of a special committee appointed by him. The committee was instructed to canvass the business district of the city, in order to secure \$500 on which to start the season's work. This amount will be required to make necessary repairs on grand stand, fences, and to rent the ball grounds at Union Park, to furnish the players with advance money, to buy new uniforms and a hundred and one incidentals. The Saginaw City team have \$1,800 with which to start their season's work. The players will be in Saginaw by April 15, and there will be given a series of practice games with the Rapids and Detroit preliminarily to the regular opening of the season's work. Mr. Black will have absolute control of the team, but insists that some competent business man be determined upon as treasurer.

ATLANTA, FLA.

Billy Clymer has been sold by Buffalo to Rochester.

Wiley Davis now says he may get into the big \$500 contract with Indianapolis.

YACHTING.

WON THE FRENCH CUP.

Cannes, March 14.—The English challenger Gloria won the third and decisive heat in the contest with the defender Estel for the French cup. As a result of the first international yachting event of this kind in France, the trophy, which is held by Baron Edouard Rothschild's yacht Bettina, will remain with Mr. Harrison Lambert until a challenge is sent to the Royal Temple Yacht Club, to which the Gloria belongs. After sailing away in the first heat, and running neck-and-neck in the second, the Estel was only defeated by 15 seconds, not counting the 45 seconds allowed her.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, MARCH 14.—In a wrestling match at the People's Theater Saturday night, best two in three, Grace Roman and Duncan Ross, Wittmer won straight, the first fall in 15 minutes, the second in 14 minutes.

MCCOY WILL FIGHT TWICE A YEAR.

New York, March 14.—Richard K. Fox received the following telegram from Kid McCoy, who signs himself as "champion of the world." The dispatch is dated at Fort Wayne, Ind.: "Thanks for congratulations. Will accept all challenges and fight two championship battles if necessary every year with legitimate challengers to defend the title and keep the honors and the Police Gazette championship belt here."

THIRTY-FIVE BOUNDS.

Pittsburgh, March 14.—Jack McClelland and "Yock" Henniger, well known light-weight pugilist, fought 35 rounds on a boat in the Ohio River, near Shannopin, Pa., Saturday morning, the bout resulting in a draw. Both men displayed wonderful ability, and staying qualities, and were so evenly matched that after fighting two hours and a half, with no possibility of either winning, the referee declared the contest a draw. The mill was for \$200 a side and the gate receipts.

A DRAW.

San Francisco, Cal., March 12.—The fight between Tom Sharkey and Joe Chynowski, at the Woodward Pavilion last night, began and ended as all fights have started and finished that Sharkey has been engaged in, that is, in a disgraceful row. Squabbling over a referee delayed the beginning of the fight nearly two hours. Chynowski wanted to let the newspaper man name a referee, but this did not suit the sailor. George Green was finally selected, and proved himself to be about as bad a man as could possibly have been chosen. Until the fifth round the fight was a fairly decent one, with the honors about even. In that round, however, Sharkey began his dirty work. He struck Joe twice at close quarters, and sent him down, and then tried to force him over the ropes. It took the referee and two policemen to

drag him away. Chynowski claimed a foul, but it was not allowed. In the sixth Sharkey got the worst of it. He fouled his opponent, and repeated fouling in derision, but the referee did not say a word. In the eighth Sharkey rushed at Chynowski like a mad bull, and pushed him clean through the ropes, falling on the platform himself. The crowd was so disgusted at this performance that the referee declared the fight a draw. Sharkey's attitude as he rushed across the ring towards Green was so threatening that the police flooded the roped arena and escorted him out of it, much to his chagrin. Indeed, he wept from sheer disappointment. It is not thought possible that Sharkey will ever be given a chance to fight in this city again. Even his friends have gone back on him.

THE AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

Montreal, March 14.—T. A. Shaw, Jun., of Boston, won the amateur racquet championship of Canada Saturday, defeating A. J. McTier in the last game of the series, by 3 to 1.

TEN EYCK'S PARTY GOES TO ENGLAND.

Worcester, Mass., March 14.—The en-

try of Edward H. Ten Eyck, of this city, for the diamond skulls at the Henley regatta was drawn up Saturday, and will be immediately forwarded. He will row under the name of the Wachusett club, as he did last year.

BALFOUR IN SECOND PLACE.

Montreal, March 14.—In view of the coming C. W. A. elections, the Star has taken a poll of the delegates, with the following result: Balfour, 715; Balfour, 610; Howson, 204. For vice-president: Rubenstein 735, Beaton 610, Bruce Walker 162, Dufresne 157, Campbell 40. This is outside of the fact that the 1,642 votes represented by the clubs representing 33 votes, have dropped out of the C. W. A. Two clubs, representing 7 votes, have been suspended for non-payment of dues. Five clubs, representing 51 votes, for various reasons refuse to vote. Three clubs, representing 75 votes, have no choice for president. One club, representing 75 votes, has no delegates to send, and one club, representing 75 votes, will let its delegate go to the convention untrammelled by any pledges or instructions.

Mr. Howson, on Friday, resigned in favor of Dr. Balfour.

Situation in Europe.

Outlined by Cable Correspondents—The Queen Striving to Preserve Peace—The Anglo-American Entente.

Her Majesty Going to France Not Liked—Britain Not To Be Bulldozed Out of North China—Her Immense Naval Force—Cape Colony's Elections Awaited With Interest—Letter to the Children from the Princess of Wales.

The London correspondent of the New York Herald says: A general topic of gossip is to the effect that Queen Victoria is using her personal influence to keep peace between France and England and Spain and the United States.

Another correspondent says: Great political importance is still attached to the visit of Queen Victoria to France at this juncture. The Spectator dwells on this point with great emphasis, saying: "The Queen's health and contentment are both of high interest to her subjects, but her majesty has been well counselled in this matter. The greatest difficulty between London and Paris is not the Hanotiaux does not believe us in earnest. It is simply impossible to make resolved to fight rather than yield he would permit the Queen to spend her holiday in French territory. Even in the event of a declaration of war, President Faure would not venture to arrest a lady so revered in Germany and Russia as the Queen. But there is popular emotion to be reckoned with, and the situation would be one of extreme embarrassment, or, at the best, a humiliating compromise."

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Spain. It is now almost true that nothing short of a distinct and decisive Anglo-American endorsement of the British policy in the far east can avert a collision between England and her continental rivals. I say almost, because it is not yet quite clear whether Russia and France are convinced that Great Britain is in earnest in her open declaration that she will go to war rather than permit the closing of the British markets there. Their doubt, if it exists, will soon be removed by the Salisbury Government has taken means to carry conviction to the most skeptical of our statesmen.

THE FEELING IN ENGLAND.

It should be said unreservedly that there is not the slightest expectation in England that any alliance will be made at the present moment for the present situation. It is hardly necessary to add the English denials to those from Washington in case the Salisbury Government has taken means to carry conviction to the most skeptical of our statesmen. It is probably true that English public opinion is more well-disposed than American toward the Anglo-Saxon countries, but even this country is by no means unanimous in favor of such a consummation. The English view of the subject is not altogether selfish, for it is believed that the United States, by its rapid expanding foreign trade, will benefit fully as much as England by co-operation in keeping open the markets of the world. On the other hand, with regard to immediate policy in China, there is probably some danger of retaliatory action by the continental powers in the Spanish-American controversy against the United States in case the latter supports Great Britain in the far east. Any such action, no doubt, would lead Great Britain openly to take the American side; but it is impossible to estimate the complications which might arise from such a course. The English feeling, therefore, is one of great difficulty, as well as far-reaching consequences, in the estimation of Europe.

ANOTHER VIEW.

Cabling to the New York Tribune on the same subject, Mr. Ford says: The reason for the Anglo-American era of good feeling, so far as England is concerned, is easily understood. It is not based on race affinities, nor sentimental vagaries, nor selfish interest, either in the far east or anywhere else. It is grounded on the fact that Americans have displayed in the Cuban crisis the same traits on which the English plume themselves. These are coolness, self-restraint in time of danger, ardent love of country, and inflexible courage in defense of the national interests.

The spectacle which a united country has presented under the leadership of President McKinley has commanded the respect of England, excited the warmest feeling of sympathy, and silenced cavilling criticism. The touch of Anglo-Saxon fellowship is here, but imagination is lacking for following all the speculations with which the cables have been treated during the last few days. The conjectures respecting the Queen's intervention in the Cuban affair, Sir Julian Pauncefote's mysterious errand to the White House, the hypothetical questions addressed by the state department to the European powers, and the American eagerness for alliance with England and Japan, are all so many of the discarded. One fact that causes general satisfaction is the complete and radical change of feeling in America toward England since the Venezuelan affair

NOT TO BE FRIGHTENED.

"The strained attention with which a crowded House of Commons listened to the few fragments of information which fell from Under Secretary Curzon's lips is indicative of the anxiety with which the whole British people is watching the Anglo-Russian duel in the far east," says the London correspondent of the Evening Post. "Thanks chiefly to the repeated alarms of the Times newspaper, they have been worked up into a state of active anxiety most embarrassing to the government, without having also to combat unnecessary alarmists at home. The generally accepted idea in the highest circles here is that Russia, finding the Russian revolutionaries in Pekin in confidential relations with a high Chinese official member of the court of the Yamen, managed to get hold of this official, and through him has stuffed the guileless correspondent with whatever suited Russia's game, which game at this moment is to frighten England out of North China. But England does not mean to be frightened out of North China. The fact that the new Chinese loan is an Anglo-German loan, suggests another card that of joint action with Germany in defense of equal commercial opportunity for all in the far east. The reports of Japan's resolution to cling to Wei Hai Wei suggest yet another card, namely, that of joint action with Japan."

NEGOTIATIONS TRANSFERRED TO ST. PETERSBURG.

There is a strong, possibly over-powering, section of the cabinet who hold that the future of England and this British Empire is so bound up with the question of freedom of trade in the developed regions of the world that it is not yet very far off the safe side to stand sure for very life's sake be made sometime, and never was a better hand, Lord Salisbury's strong desire for Anglo-Russian rapprochement, and it is reasonable to hope now that the negotiations have been transferred to St. Petersburg, and now that England is making such a determined national stand, that diplomacy will work out a equitable compromise between the two powers in whose hands the future of Asia really rests.

THE SUN'S IMMENSE NAVY.

The Sun's London correspondent says: "It is important to point out again the unobtrusive but vast augmentation of the British naval force in the far east and at other points which is proceeding as rapidly as men can be found to equip the fleet. The Admiralty, which has now kept its word during Mr. Goschen's recent speech in the House of Commons was that the channel squadron, now more than 100 ships strong, would be limited to channel defense. The shores of Great Britain in war time would be entrusted to the reserve ships now kept in commission. Those reserve ships were placed in commission at the beginning of the year, and they are nearly a score of useful battle-ships, capable of taking the seas in an emergency. The ability to utilize the channel squadron, or a part of it, away from home, adds immensely to the British power in Europe, and Mr. Goschen's announcement is likely to cause a great sensation in France, Russia and Germany when the responsible experts in those countries have had time to digest it."

JAPAN'S POSITION.

Harold Frederic, in cabling to the New York Tribune, says: "The really brought the far eastern question round again to where it was when the commotion began in the middle of December. It is once more pre-eminently a question of what Japan will do. On that point the British have very high hopes, but extremely little information. In the struggle for influence it can be seen that England and Japan are pulling in one direction, while Russia and France are tugging in the other, and when Germany interposes on one side or the other, that side which Germany, however, is doing nothing for sentimental reason, but cuts into the game when she sees clear gain for herself."

IN RHODESIA.

Next Thursday's elections in Cape Colony are being awaited with keen interest here. To official minds the state resolves itself into a struggle between Mr. Cecil Rhodes on the one hand, and President Kruger on the other. Mr. Rhodes tells his friends here that he is confident of winning, and so securing British predominance in South Africa. Should he lose, the South African question would be likely again to become acute, for the movement to oust Britain from her supremacy there would have behind it a British colony, with all its constitutional powers.

BRITISH SAILORS IN THE UNITED STATES SERVICE.

The Liverpool Journal of Commerce is responsible for the statement that since the Maine disaster at least a dozen British sailors have called at the American embassy in London, asking for news of relatives, who were serving aboard the Maine. The Journal proceeds to say that American ships of war are crowded with Englishmen and other foreign sailors, and it is not safe for a British ship or merchant vessel to allow its crew at liberty when an American ship of war is anywhere in the world. The Journal quotes anonymous authority for the statement that British bluejackets, when deserting, have actually been received aboard American warships in full uniform and enlisted in Uncle Sam's name. The Journal intimates that the real attraction is the lax discipline which is said to prevail on the American warships.

WALES IN LUCK.

The Welsh colliery owners are having a good time. The British admiralty continues to place large contracts and orders are rolling in from

private steamship owners. British

coaling stations all along the long route to the far east are now overflowing with coal. The Italian Government has just contracted with British firms for the entire coal supply of the Italian fleet for the remainder of this year.

PRINCESS OF WALES' LETTER.

The Princess of Wales, in a picturesque letter, which is published in fac simile, in support of the Prince of Wales' hospital fund, applying to every child in the United Kingdom to assist, concludes as follows: "I need hardly say what real pleasure it would give both my husband and myself to know that all the children are taking equally a share in the great and good work. I feel sure, too, that the blessing of God will rest upon each little child which now stretches a willing hand to bring help and healing to the sick-beds of poor afflicted brothers and sisters."

PARLIAMENTARY INDIFFERENCE.

There is grave cause for reflection in that part that parliament is content to play at this momentous period in the nation's history. England in our time has not faced anything like the number of menacing and imminent complications now confronting her, and the country is profoundly aroused. But parliament somehow does not get into the picture at all. Individual members ask sporadic questions about foreign crises and sometimes Mr. Curzon answers them; sometimes he does not; but as for exerting any influence on them or illustrating them in great debates, the House of Commons does not dream of it. English history used to be written in parliament's debates, but the question now is, after the Easter recess, the assumption being that neither the army reform nor the Irish local government measures will be delayed very long in passage, that the government does not now care to pursue its scheme of legislation against the London county council, and that thus by the process of exhaustion the ministerial programme is in collapse.

THE NEW WATER-TUBE BOILER.

During the course of the debate on the Naval Estimates in the House of Commons, Mr. Goschen, in sending to the Admiralty a letter of inquiry, made a bitter attack upon the new water-tube boiler in use in the British navy. He called attention to the breakdown of the first-class cruiser Powerful, which, he said, had not traveled to China as fast as many sailing ships. America, he said, was making a rapid advance in the navy, adding that it did not dare to run the ships at top speed, and invited the first lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Goschen, to send the first-class cruiser Terrible, when commissioned, across the Atlantic at full speed in order to test the Belleville boilers.

Mr. Goschen said it was as impossible to return to cylindrical boilers as it would be to return to muzzle-loaders. The water-tube boilers had been adopted by Russia, France, Germany, Austria, and Italy, and all naval authorities indorsed them.

A Scottish diver in the Clyde recently excelled all European records by remaining untended for 40 minutes at a depth of 136 feet.

More than a third of the French crown jewels have been bought by Americans.

Free Trial To Any Honest Man

The Foremost Medical Company in the World in the Cure of Weak Men Makes This Offer.

HEALTH AND ENERGY ASSURED. HAPPY MARRIAGE, GOOD TEMPER, LONG LIFE.

In all the world to-day—in all the history of the world—no doctor nor institution has treated or restored so many men as has the famed ERIE MEDICAL CO. of Buffalo, N. Y. This is due to the fact that the company controls some inventions and discoveries which have no equal in the whole realm of medical science.

SCIENCE TRIMMING THE LAMP OF LIFE.

So much deception has been practiced in advertising that this grand old company now for the first time makes this startling offer: They will send their costly and magnificently effective appliance and a whole month's course of restorative remedies, positively on trial without expense to any honest and reliable man. Not a dollar need be advanced—not a penny paid until the man is known to and acknowledged by the patient.

The Erie Medical Company's appliance and remedies have been talked about and written about all over the world, till every man has heard of them. They restore or create strength, vigor, healthy tissue and new life. They quickly stop drains on the system that sap the energy. They cure nervousness, despondency and all the effects of evil habits, excesses, overwork, etc. They give full rest and sleep, and restore the body to every portion and organ of the body. Failure is impossible and age is no barrier. This "Erie" without expense is offered in short, by the company to a short time, and application must be made at once.

No C. O. D. scheme, no bogus philanthropy nor deception, no exposure—a clean business proposition by a company of high financial and professional standing. Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, BUFFALO, N. Y., and refer to seeing the second of their offer in this paper.